

2021 Update to the Site Discharge Pollution Prevention Plan, Revision 1

NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 May 1, 2022

Water/Cañon de Valle Watershed

Receiving Waters:

Cañon de Valle, Potrillo Canyon, Water Canyon, and Fence Canyon

Volume 4



CONTENTS

| 180.0 | CDV-SMA-1.2: SWMUs 16-017(b)-99 and 16-029(k) | 4 |
|-------|---|-----|
| 181.0 | CDV-SMA-1.3: SWMUs 16-017(a)-99 and 16-026(m) | 9 |
| 182.0 | CDV-SMA-1.4: SWMUs 16-020, 16-026(I), 16-028(c), and 16-030(c) | 15 |
| 183.0 | CDV-SMA-1.45: SWMU 16-026(i) | 24 |
| 184.0 | CDV-SMA-1.7: SWMU 16-019 | 30 |
| 185.0 | CDV-SMA-2: SWMU 16-021(c) | 37 |
| 186.0 | CDV-SMA-2.3: SWMUs 13-001, 13-002, 16-003(n), 16-003(o), 16-029(h), and 16-031(h) | 45 |
| 187.0 | CDV-SMA-2.41: SWMU 16-018 | 54 |
| 188.0 | CDV-SMA-2.42: SWMU 16-010(b) | 60 |
| 189.0 | CDV-SMA-2.5: SWMUs 16-010(c), 16-010(d), and 16-028(a) | 67 |
| 190.0 | CDV-SMA-2.51: SWMU 16-010(i) | 76 |
| 191.0 | CDV-SMA-3: SWMU 14-009 | 84 |
| 192.0 | CDV-SMA-4: SWMU 14-010 | 90 |
| 193.0 | CDV-SMA-6.01: SWMU 14-006 and AOC 14-001(g) | 93 |
| 194.0 | CDV-SMA-6.02: SWMUs 14-002(c), 14-002(d), and 14-002(e) | 100 |
| 195.0 | CDV-SMA-7: SWMU 15-008(d) | 107 |
| 196.0 | CDV-SMA-8: SWMU 15-011(c) | 114 |
| 197.0 | CDV-SMA-8.5: SWMU 15-014(a) | 122 |
| 198.0 | CDV-SMA-9.05: SWMU 15-007(b) | 125 |
| 199.0 | F-SMA-2: AOC 36-004(c) | 132 |
| 200.0 | PT-SMA-0.5: SWMU 15-009(e) and AOC C-15-004 | 140 |
| 201.0 | PT-SMA-1: SWMUs 15-004(f) and 15-008(a) | 149 |
| 202.0 | PT-SMA-1.7: SWMUs 15-006(a) and 15-003 | 159 |
| 203.0 | PT-SMA-2: SWMU 36-003(b) and AOCs 15-008(f) and 36-004(e) | 166 |
| 204.0 | PT-SMA-2.01: AOCs C-36-001 and C-36-006(e) | 177 |
| 205.0 | PT-SMA-3: SWMU 36-006 and AOC 36-004(a) | 186 |
| 206.0 | PT-SMA-4.2: SWMU 36-004(d) | |
| 207.0 | W-SMA-1: SWMUs 16-017(j)-99, 16-026(v), and 16-026(c2) | 201 |
| 208.0 | W-SMA-1.5: SWMUs 16-026(b2) and 16-028(d) | 210 |
| 209.0 | W-SMA-2.05: SWMU 16-028(e) | 218 |
| 210.0 | W-SMA-3.5: SWMU 16-026(y) | 224 |
| 211.0 | W-SMA-4.1: SWMU 16-003(a) | 227 |
| 212.0 | W-SMA-5: SWMUs 16-001(e), 16-003(f), 16-026(b), 16-026(c), 16-026(d), and 16-026(e) | 230 |
| 213.0 | W-SMA-6: SWMU 11-001(c) | 241 |
| 214.0 | W-SMA-7: SWMUs 16-029(e) and 16-026(h2) | 247 |
| 215.0 | W-SMA-7.8: SWMU 16-031(a) | 254 |
| 216.0 | W-SMA-7.9: SWMU 16-006(c) | 260 |
| 217 0 | W-SMA-8: SWMUs 16-016(g) and 16-028(h) | 263 |

| 218.0 | W-SN | //A-8.7: SWMUs 13-001, 13-002, 16-004(a), 16-026(j2), 16-029(h), and 16-035 | 272 |
|---------|-------|--|-----|
| 219.0 | W-SN | ЛА-8.71: SWMU 16-004(c) | 280 |
| 220.0 | W-SN | ЛА-9.05: AOC 16-030(g) | 286 |
| 221.0 | W-SN | ЛА-9.5: AOC 11-012(c) | 292 |
| 222.0 | W-SN | ЛА-9.7: SWMUs 11-011(a) and 11-011(b) | 298 |
| 223.0 | W-SN | ЛА-9.8: SWMU 11-005(c) | 305 |
| 224.0 | W-SN | ЛА-9.9: SWMU 11-006(b) | 308 |
| 225.0 | | MA-10: SWMUs 11-002, 11-005(a), 11-005(b), 11-006(c), 11-006(d), and 11 011(d) | 314 |
| 226.0 | W-SN | ЛА-11.7: AOC 49-008(c) | 324 |
| 227.0 | W-SN | ЛА-12.05: SWMU 49-001(g) | 331 |
| 228.0 | W-SN | ЛА-14.1: SWMU 15-014(I) and AOC 15-004(h) | 334 |
| 229.0 | W-SN | ЛА-15.1: SWMU 49-005(a) | 341 |
| Attac | hme | nts | |
| Attachm | ent 1 | Amendments | 347 |
| Attachm | ent 2 | Vicinity Map | 427 |
| Attachm | ent 3 | Precipitation Network | 428 |
| Attachm | ent 4 | Physical Characteristics | 435 |
| Attachm | ent 5 | Sampling Requirements and Plan | 438 |
| Attachm | ent 6 | Additional Compliance Status Details for SMAs/Sites in Corrective Action | 442 |

180.0 CDV-SMA-1.2: SWMUs 16-017(b)-99 and 16-029(k)

180.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with V001, CDV-SMA-1.2: Sites 16-017(b)-99 and 16-029(k).

SWMU 16-017(b)-99 is a former HE machining building (former structure 16-93) that was located at TA-16. Constructed in 1950, the wooden building measured 20 ft wide \times 60 ft long \times 11 ft high and was surrounded by an earthen berm that was packed against steel pilings. The building was originally used for HE machining and later was used as an electroplating facility. By 1970, the building was used only for storage. Building 16-93 was removed in 1996.

SWMU 16-017(b)-99, along with numerous other SWMUs and AOCs, was investigated and remediated under the Consent Order as a single Site. Consent Order investigations are complete for SWMU 16-017(b)-99. NMED granted the Site a COC without controls on August 1, 2016.

SWMU 16-029(k) consists of two former HE sumps that served the former electroplating building 16-93 at TA-16. Constructed in 1950, the 5-ft-wide \times 15-ft-long \times 5-ft-deep concrete sumps were situated on the northeast and southeast corners of the building. Two VCP drainlines extended north from each sump and eventually merged into a single drainline that continued for approximately 500 ft to an outfall located north of the K-Site Road. In the 1960s, the sumps were filled with gravel. The building, sumps, and drainlines were removed during D&D operations in 1996.

SWMU 16-029(k), along with numerous other SWMUs and AOCs, was investigated and remediated under the Consent Order as a single Site. Consent Order investigations are complete for SWMU 16-029(k). NMED granted the Site a COC without controls on August 1, 2016.

The project map (Figure 180-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

180.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 180-1).

Table 180-1 Active Control Measures

| | |] | Control | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V00102040012 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V00103020008 | Base Course Berm | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| V00104060001 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | СВ |
| V00106010007 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

180.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 16-017(b)-99 and 16-029(k) are monitored within CDV-SMA-1.2. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 12, 2013 (Figure 180-2). The HE analytical results for this sample were rejected because of holding times. The remaining analytical results yielded no TAL exceedances.

An additional baseline storm water sample was collected on August 2, 2015 (Figure 180-2). In Figure 180-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this monitoring sample yielded no TAL exceedances.

CDV-SMA-1.2 is currently in continued baseline confirmation monitoring to collect a second complete sample with all results below the applicable MTAL or ATAL.

180.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG253 recorded 10 storm events at CDV-SMA-1.2 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 180-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85936 | 6-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86841 | 7-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87347 | 7-30-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88384 | 8-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-89501 | 10-13-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-1.2 in 2021.

180.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CDV-SMA-1.2 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 180-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 180-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SWMU 16-017(b)-99 | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Initiated 4-21-2020. In 2016, NMED issued a COC without controls. |
| SWMU 16-029(k) | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Initiated 4-21-2020. In 2016, NMED issued a COC without controls. |

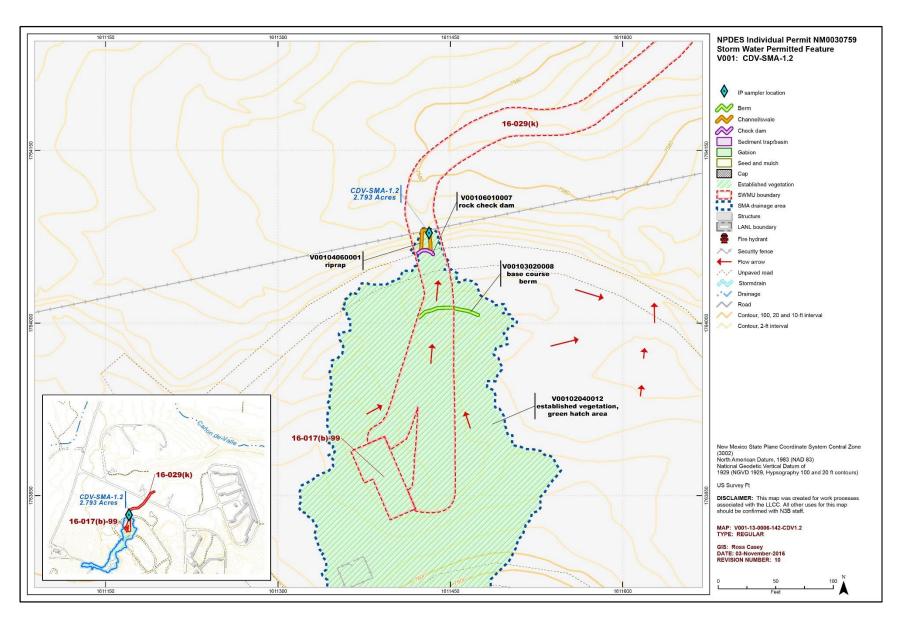
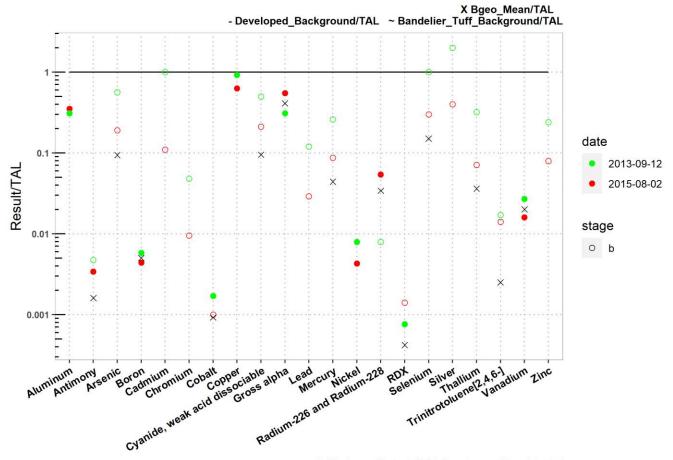


Figure 180-1 CDV-SMA-1.2 location map





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 180-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-1.2

| | | | | | | | | CE |)V-S | MA- | 1.2 | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|----------|------------------------------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|-------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.094 | 0.0050 | NA | NA | 0.00092 | NA | 0.095 | 0.41 | NA | 0.044 | NA | 0.034 | 0.00042 | 0.15 | NA | 0.036 | 0.0025 | 0.020 | NA |
| 2013-09-12 d | 0.31 | NA | NA | 0.0058 | NA | NA | 0.0017 | 0.92 | NA | 0.31 | NA | NA | 0.0079 | NA | 0.00076 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.027 | NA |
| 2013-09-12 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | 0.12 | 0.26 | NA | 0.0079 | NA | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.017 | NA | 0.24 |
| 2015-08-02 d | 0.35 | 0.0034 | NA | 0.0044 | NA | NA | NA | 0.63 | NA | 0.55 | NA | NA | 0.0043 | 0.054 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.016 | NA |
| 2015-08-02 nd | NA | NA | 0.19 | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | 0.0010 | NA | 0.21 | NA | 0.029 | 0.087 | NA | NA | 0.0014 | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0.014 | NA | 0.079 |
| | Bold | font indi | icate T | AL exce | eedar | ice; d=d | letected_ | resul | t/TAL, | nd=nc | ndete | cted_re | esult/TA | L | | | | | | | |

Figure 180-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-1.2

181.0 CDV-SMA-1.3: SWMUs 16-017(a)-99 and 16-026(m)

181.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with V002, CDV-SMA-1.3: Sites 16-017(a)-99 and 16-026(m).

SWMU 16-017(a)-99 consists of a former HE machining building (structure 16-92) that was located at TA-16. Constructed in 1950, the wooden building measured 20 ft wide × 60 ft long × 11 ft high and was surrounded by an earthen berm that was packed against steel pilings. The building was originally used for HE machining and was later used to clean and refurbish HE-contaminated equipment. By 1970, the building was used entirely for storage. The building was removed in 1996. This Site was originally a component of SWMU 16-017, which consisted of a group of 24 structures within TA-16. During the 1999 Annual Unit Audit, SWMU 16-017 was split into 24 separate SWMUs to facilitate investigation. Structure 16-92 was given the individual SWMU identification of SWMU 16-017(a)-99 at that time.

SWMUs 16-017(a)-99 and 16-026(m), along with numerous other SWMUs and AOCs, were investigated under the Consent Order as a single Site. The same surface sampling data set applies to both Sites.

Consent Order investigations are complete for SWMU 16-017(a)-99. NMED granted the Site a COC without controls on August 1, 2016.

SWMU 16-026(m) consists of two outfalls from two sumps [SWMU 16-029(I)], located near the 90s Line Pond area at TA-16, that served former HE machining building 16-92. The sumps were located on the east and west sides of building 16-92. The eastern sump discharged to a VCP drainline that extended north and west to its discharge point approximately 260 ft north of the building. The western sump discharged to a VCP that extended north and then west of the building where it discharged to an open drainage channel. Constructed in 1950, the building was used for machining HE until 1955. Subsequently, the building was used for cleaning and refurbishing HE-contaminated equipment. The sumps were filled with gravel during the mid-1960s, and by 1970, the building was devoted entirely to storage. The building, its sumps and drainlines were all removed in 1996. SWMUs 16-017(a)-99 and 16-026(m), along with numerous other SWMUs and AOCs, were investigated under the Consent Order as a single Site. The same surface sampling data set applies to both Sites.

Consent Order investigations are complete for SWMU 16-026(m). NMED granted the Site a COC without controls on August 1, 2016.

The project map (Figure 181-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

181.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 181-1).

Table 181-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V00202040003 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V00203020002 | Base Course Berm | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

181.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 16-017(a)-99 and 16-026(m) are monitored within CDV-SMA-1.3. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 13, 2013 (Figure 181-2). In Figure 181-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (34.7 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 181-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-017(a)-99:

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 16-026(m):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 181-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 181-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-1.3 receives storm water run-on from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2013 gross-alpha result is less than this value.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

181.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG253 recorded 10 storm events at CDV-SMA-1.3 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 181-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85937 | 6-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86830 | 7-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87348 | 7-30-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88385 | 8-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-89502 | 10-13-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-1.3 in 2021.

181.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CDV-SMA-1.3 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 181-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 181-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| SWMU 16-017(a)-99 | Corrective Action Complete | Corrective Action Complete | LANL, September 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Completion of Corrective Action for Two [2] Sites [16-017(a)-99 and 16-026(m)] in CDV-SMA-1.3 Following Certificates of Completion from the New Mexico Environment Department." |
| SWMU 16-026(m) | Corrective Action Complete | Corrective Action Complete | LANL, September 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Completion of Corrective Action for Two [2] Sites [16-017(a)-99 and 16-026(m)] in CDV-SMA-1.3 Following Certificates of Completion from the New Mexico Environment Department." |

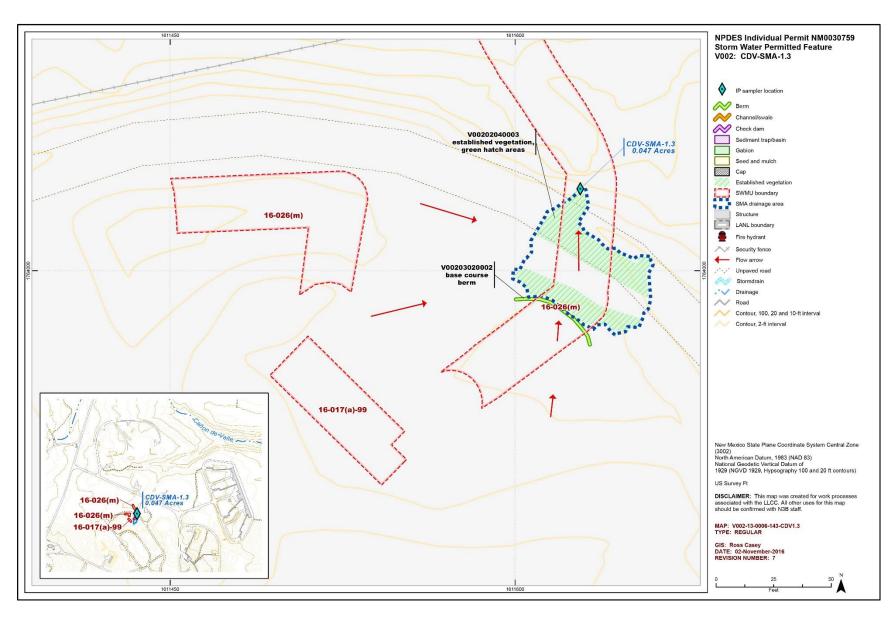
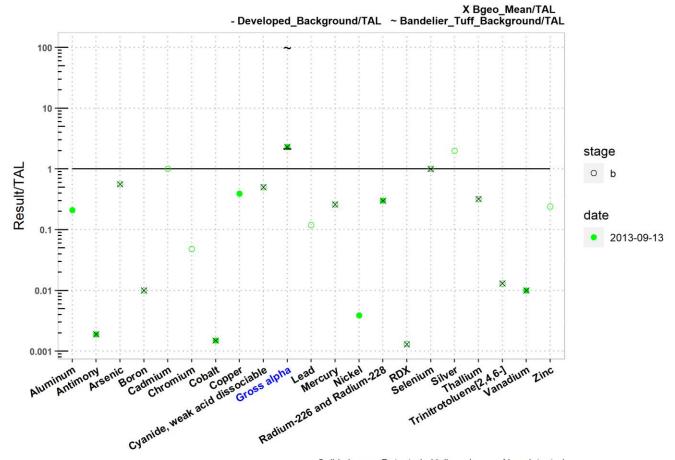


Figure 181-1 CDV-SMA-1.3 location map





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 181-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-1.3

| | | | | | | | | CD' | V-SI | ЛA-1 | 1.3 | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|--------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|---------|------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0019 | 0.56 | 0.010 | NA | NA | 0.0015 | NA | 0.50 | 2.3 | NA | 0.26 | NA | 0.30 | 0.0013 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.013 | 0.010 | NA |
| 2013-09-13 d | 0.21 | 0.0019 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0015 | 0.39 | NA | 2.3 | NA | NA | 0.0039 | 0.30 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.010 | NA |
| 2013-09-13 nd | NA | NA | 0.56 | 0.010 | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | 0.12 | 0.26 | NA | NA | 0.0013 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.013 | NA | 0.24 |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL ex | ceed | lance; | d=detec | ted_i | esult/ | ΓAL, n | d=noi | ndetec | ted_res | ult/TAI | L | | | | | | |

Figure 181-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-1.3

182.0 CDV-SMA-1.4: SWMUs 16-020, 16-026(l), 16-028(c), and 16-030(c)

182.1 Site Descriptions

Four historical industrial activity areas are associated with V003, CDV-SMA-1.4: Sites 16-020, 16-026(I), 16-028(c), and 16-030(c).

SWMU 16-020, known as the Silver Outfall and described as such in the 1990 SWMU Report, is a former operational release area where untreated spent photo-fixing bath solutions were discharged from former building 16-222 to an outfall for a period of 20 years at TA-16. Former building 16-222 was part of the 16-220 Complex, which was a complex of connected buildings used for radiography of HE parts for nuclear weapons for approximately 43 yr. According to the 1990 SWMU report, between 1959 and 1970, photo-processing liquids were discharged to an outfall on the south side of former building 16-222 directly to the environment without treatment. The outfall and drainage downgradient of the outfall received significant quantities of silver (>12 g/L) as silver thiosulfate complexes in untreated, spent x-ray fixing solutions. Soil and sediment downgradient of this outfall was contaminated with photo-processing chemicals, including silver and chromium, as well as PAHs from asphalt roofing materials. In 1979, a silver recovery unit was installed in former building 16-222 to remove silver from the photo-processing effluent before discharge. The outfall was added to the LANL NPDES permit as outfall 06A-037. Discharges to the outfall ceased when building 16-222 was decommissioned in 1995, and the outfall was removed from the LANL NPDES permit in 1997. During the 2000 IA, approximately 200 yd³ of soil was removed from around the former outfall drainline to an area approximately 15 ft downgradient of the former outfall. After soil removal, the outfall and a portion of the drainage channel were stabilized with rock pavements, check dams, and straw wattles. Building 16-222 underwent D&D in 2003.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun for this Site; however, decision-level data are available from confirmation samples collected following the 2000 IA conducted at SWMU 16-020. SWMU 16-020 will be sampled during the future Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-16 investigation.

SWMU 16-026(I) is described in the 1990 SWMU Report as consisting of three inactive outfalls and associated outlet drainlines that served former building 16-220 at TA-16. The 1990 SWMU Report states the outfalls were located on the northeast, southeast, and south sides of former building 16-220, a former x-ray building. According to the 1998 replacement of Chapter 6 of OU 1082 RCRA RFI work plan, Addendum 2, SWMU 16-026(I) consists of three outlet drainlines from the east wall and the northeastern and southeastern corners of building 16-220. The 1992 Santa Fe Engineering Wastewater Stream Characterization report #7 for TA-16, as-built drawings ENG-C 15660 (pg. 57 of 121) and ENG-C 15605 (pg. 2 of 121), and engineering drawing ENG-R 855 (pg. 2 of 38) show two 4-in.-diameter cast iron roof drainlines, one coming off the northeast corner of former building 16-220, and one coming off the southeast wall of former building 16-220 and discharging to outfalls located approximately 20 ft east of the former building. The third outfall discharged via a 4-in.-diameter cast iron outlet drainline from a steam pit that exited the middle east wall of former building 16-220 to an outfall located approximately 120 ft east of former building 16-220, as shown on as-built drawings ENG-C 15660 (pg. 57 of 121) and ENG-C 15605 (pg. 2 of 121), engineering drawing ENG-R 855 (pg. 2 of 38), and the 1992 Santa Fe Engineering Wastewater Stream Characterization report #7 for TA-16. The 2006 investigation work plan incorrectly states that the drainage area from these three outfalls is commingled with the outfall drainage from SWMU 16-028(c); they have separate drainage areas. Building 16-220 was removed in 2003. The 1991 orthographic GIS layer and a 1988 site photograph confirm the correct locations of the three former outfalls and the three associated outlet drainlines. Consent Order investigations have not yet begun for this Site; no decision-level data are available for SWMU 16-026(I). SWMU 16-026(I) will be sampled during the future Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-16 investigation.

SWMU 16-028(c) is a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA 04A-070) and outlet drainline that received discharges from eight floor drains in former building 16-220 at TA-16. The effluent contained noncontact cooling water, chiller condensate, periodic discharges from an HE vacuum pump, and wash water from cleaning building floors. The 4-in.-diameter cast iron outlet drainline tied to a 6-in. VCP outlet drainline before discharging to a rocky ditch on the east side of the building and effluent flowed to a relatively flat grassy field southeast of the building as shown in engineering drawing ENG-C 29835 and a 1988 site photograph. The 2006 investigation work plan incorrectly stated that the drainage area was commingled with the outfalls from SWMU 16-026(I); they have separate drainage areas. The floor drains in former building 16-220 were plugged in 1991 and building 16-220 was removed in 2003. The outfall was removed from the Laboratory's NPDES permit on September 19, 1997. Former rest houses within S-Site stored finished packaged HE components before and after they were radiographed in the x-ray buildings. The HE components were transported between the rest houses and the x-ray buildings in enclosed walkways. When the components arrived at the x-ray buildings, they were removed from their packaging, x-rayed, repackaged, and returned to the rest houses. Small HE chips were historically observed in the floor drains. Site workers stated that HE dust and small chips would break off during the x-ray process and could have entered the building 16-220 floor drains. Because SWMU 16-028(c) is associated with floor drains in the former x-ray building, HE contamination could be present at the outfall.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun for this Site; no decision-level data are available for SWMU 16-028(c). SWMU 16-028(c) will be sampled during the future Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-16 investigation.

SWMU 16-030(c) consists of three former outfalls from four roof drains at a former rest house (former structure 16-222) at TA-16. The 1990 SWMU report describes SWMU 16-030(c) as consisting of two outfalls originating from roof drains located on the northwest and northeast corners of building 16-222. Engineering drawings show that building 16-222 had four roof drains located at each roof corner that discharged to three outfalls. The roof drain on the northeast corner of the building discharged via a 6-in. VCP to an outfall located approximately 65 ft southeast of building 16-222. The northwest corner roof drain discharged via a 6-in. VCP to an outfall located approximately 20 ft west of building 16-222. The southeast and southwest corner roof drains were connected to a 6-in. VCP that discharged to an outfall located approximately 15 ft southwest of building 16-222. Building 16-222 was constructed in 1953 and underwent D&D in 2003. All surface and subsurface structures were removed in 2003.

Consent Order investigations were not conducted at SWMU 16-030(c). Based on the available data, no COPCs were identified. Therefore, NMED issued a COC without controls for SWMU 16-030(c) in January 2008.

The project map (Figure 182-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

182.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 182-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on May 12, 2014, and submitted to EPA on May 30, 2014, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 182-1 Active Control Measures

| | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | |
| V00302040069 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | |
| V00303010066 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00303010070 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC | | | |
| V00303010071 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | |
| V00303010072 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | |
| V00303020017 | Base Course Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| V00303120087 | Rock Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00305020068 | Sediment Basin | Х | - | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00305020073 | Sediment Basin | Х | - | - | Х | EC | | | |
| V00305020074 | Sediment Basin | Х | - | - | Х | EC | | | |
| V00305020075 | Sediment Basin | Х | - | - | Х | EC | | | |
| V00305020076 | Sediment Basin | Х | - | - | Х | EC | | | |
| V00306010012 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| V00306010039 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | X | В | | | |
| V00306010040 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00306010043 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | X | В | | | |
| V00306010057 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00306010058 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00306010059 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00306010060 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00306010061 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00306010062 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00306010063 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00306010064 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| V00306010065 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В | | | |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

182.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 16-020, 16-026(I), 16-028(c), and 16-030(c) are monitored within CDV-SMA-1.4. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 10, 2012 (Figure 182-2). In Figure 182-2, cadmium and selenium are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for silver (7.86 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 182-2.

In addition, weak acid dissociable cyanide analysis was not performed on the September 10, 2012, sample. The sample bottle for cyanide was not correctly preserved, and the cyanide test was cancelled. Future storm water samples collected at CDV-SMA-1.4 will be analyzed for weak acid dissociable cyanide.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-020:

Silver is known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Silver
was detected above BVs in 20 of 20 shallow IM confirmation samples at a maximum
concentration 720 times the soil BV.

SWMU 16-026(I):

• Silver is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Decision-level data are not available for SWMU 16-026(I).

SWMU 16-028(c):

• Silver is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Decision-level data are not available for SWMU 16-028(c).

SWMU 16-030(c):

• Silver is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Decision-level data are not available for SWMU 16-030(c).

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 12-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 12-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-1.4 is primarily located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is minimal from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedance.

• Silver—A UTL could not be calculated because of the insufficient number of detections.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2012 Annual Report.

182.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG253 recorded 10 storm events at CDV-SMA-1.4 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 182-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85938 | 6-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86843 | 7-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87349 | 7-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88386 | 8-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-89503 | 10-13-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-1.4 in 2021.

182.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CDV-SMA-1.4 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 182-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 182-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|---|--|--|
| SWMU 16-020 | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 5-12-2014. LANL, May 30, 2014, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas (CDV-SMA-1.4, CHQ-SMA-1.03, Pratt-SMA-1.05, T-SMA-1)." |
| SWMU 16-026(I) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 5-12-2014. LANL, May 30, 2014, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas (CDV-SMA-1.4, CHQ-SMA-1.03, Pratt-SMA-1.05, T-SMA-1)." |
| SWMU 16-028(c) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 5-12-2014. LANL, May 30, 2014, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas (CDV-SMA-1.4, CHQ-SMA-1.03, Pratt-SMA-1.05, T-SMA-1)." |
| SWMU 16-030(c) | Corrective Action Complete Request to remove Site from the Permit | Corrective Action Complete Request to remove Site from the Permit | Initiated 10-14-2015. LANL, October 14, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Request Deletion of Six Sites Planned for Deletion from the Individual Permit for Storm Water." LANL, November 29, 2012, "Submittal of Completion of Corrective Action for Twelve Monitoring Sites." Initiated 8-21-2013. LANL, August 21, 2013, "Resubmittal of Completion of Corrective Action for Twelve Site Monitoring Areas." |



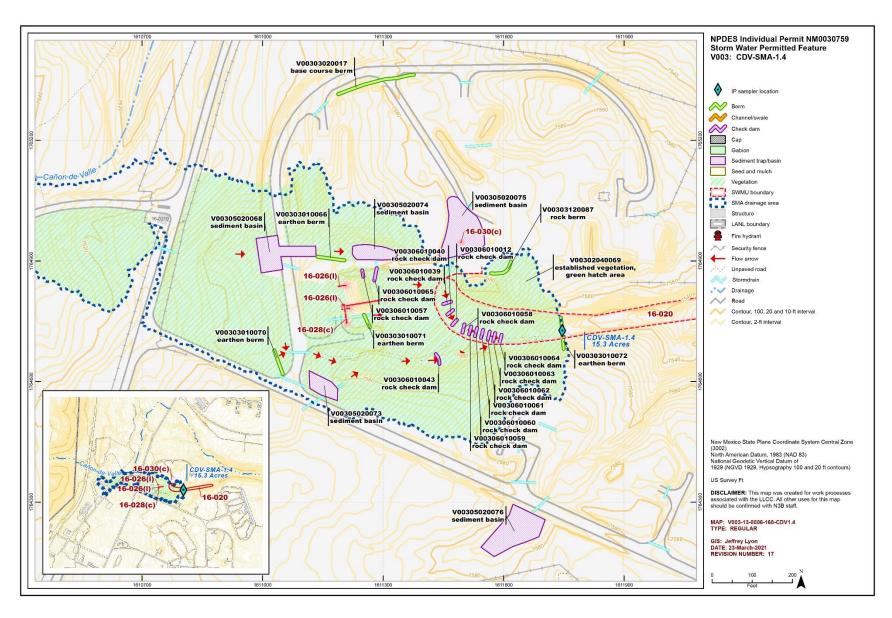
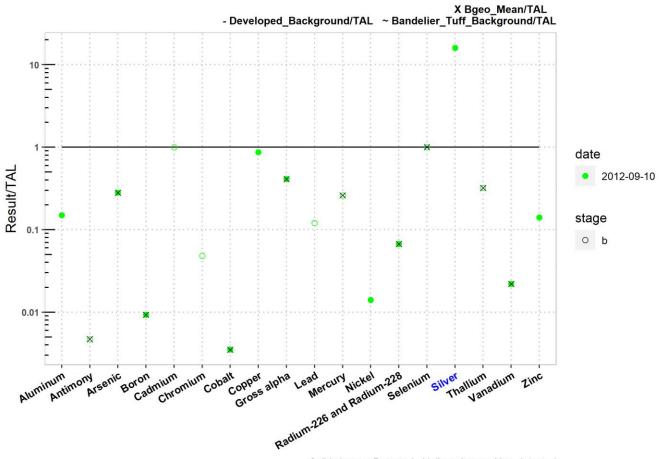


Figure 182-1 CDV-SMA-1.4 location map





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 182-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-1.4

| | | | | | | | DV-SI | | | | | | 7 0 | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-------------|-------|---------|---------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.28 | 0.0093 | NA | NA | 0.0035 | NA | 0.41 | NA | 0.26 | NA | 0.067 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.022 | NA |
| 2012-09-10 d | 0.15 | NA | 0.28 | 0.0093 | NA | NA | 0.0035 | 0.87 | 0.41 | NA | NA | 0.014 | 0.067 | NA | 16 | NA | 0.022 | 0.14 |
| 2012-09-10 nd | NA | 0.0047 | NA | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | NA | 0.12 | 0.26 | NA | NA | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font ind | icate i | TAL exc | eeda | nce; d | =detect | ed re | esult/T | AL, n | d=non | detecte | ed res | ult/T/ | ۸L | | | |

Figure 182-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-1.4

183.0 CDV-SMA-1.45: SWMU 16-026(i)

183.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V004, CDV-SMA-1.45: Site 16-026(i).

SWMU 16-026(i) consists of an inactive outfall and associated floor drains and drainlines from former building 16-224 within the northern portion of S-Site at TA-16. Floor drains in former building 16-224 were connected to two drainlines located at the northeast and northwest corners of the building. The drainline tied into a single 6-in. VCP outlet drainline, which discharged to the outfall approximately 40 ft northeast of the building. Building 16-224 was an x-ray building constructed in the early 1950s and measured 58 ft × 44 ft × 10 ft. Former rest houses within S-Site stored finished packaged HE components before and after they were radiographed in the x-ray buildings. The HE components were transported between the rest houses and the x-ray buildings in enclosed walkways. When the components arrived at the x-ray buildings, they were removed from their packaging, x-rayed, repackaged, and returned to the rest houses. Small HE chips were historically observed in the floor drains. Site workers stated that HE dust and small chips would break off during the x-ray process and could have entered the floor drains. Because SWMU 16-026(i) is associated with the floor drains in the x-ray building, HE contamination could be present at the outfall. The floor drains were plugged in 1991 and building 16-224 was removed in 2003. The outfall was characterized by low flow onto a shallow, grassy slope northeast of the building.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun; no decision-level data are available for SWMU 16-026(i). SWMU 16-026(i) will be sampled during the future Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-16 investigation.

The project map (Figure 183-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

183.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 183-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on July 15, 2012, and submitted to EPA on July 25, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 183-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | | | | |
| V00402040005 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | | |
| V00403010004 | Earthen Berm | - | X | - | Х | EC | | | | | | |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

183.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 16-026(i) is monitored within CDV-SMA-1.45. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline confirmation sample was collected on August 21, 2011 (Figure 183-2). Analytical results from this baseline sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (17.8 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 183-2.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-026(i):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

The TAL exceedance was also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 183-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 183-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-1.45 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedance. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

• Gross alpha—The gross-alpha background UTL for locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2011 gross-alpha result is less than this value.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2011 Annual Report.

183.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG253 recorded 10 storm events at CDV-SMA-1.45 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 183-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85940 | 6-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86845 | 7-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87351 | 7-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88388 | 8-25-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-89505 | 10-13-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-1.45 in 2021.

183.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-1.45 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 183-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

25

Table 183-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|--|--|---|
| SWMU 16-026(i) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | July 25, 2012, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Twelve Site Monitoring Areas." |

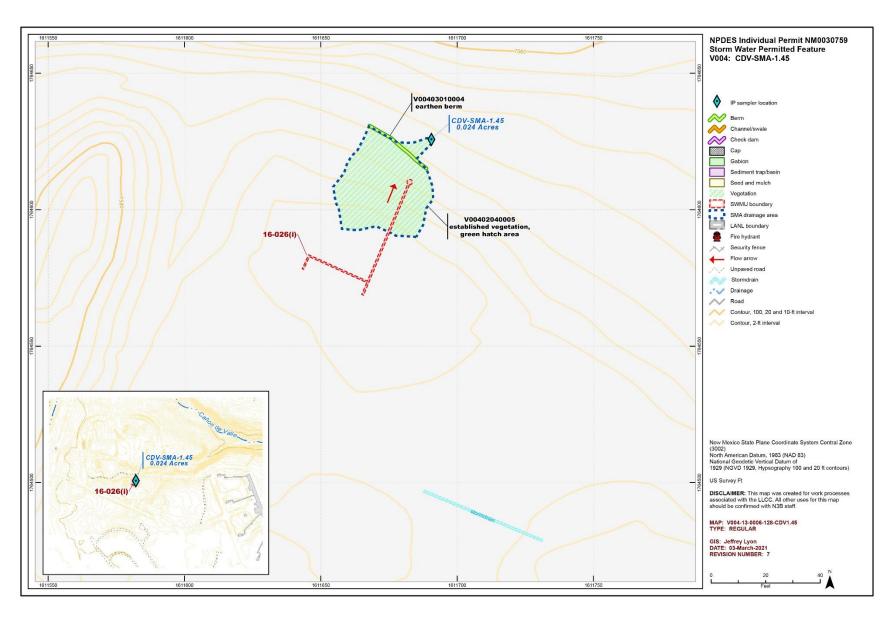


Figure 183-1 CDV-SMA-1.45 location map

28



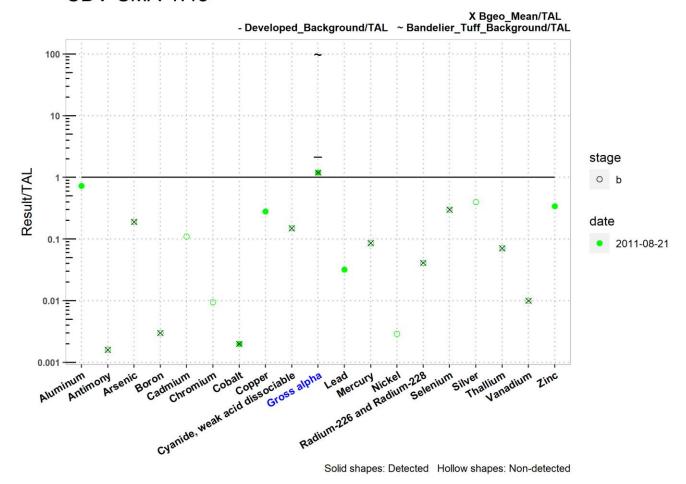


Figure 183-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-1.45

| | | | | | | (| CDV- | SM | A-1. | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|----------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | NA | NA | 0.0020 | NA | 0.15 | 1.2 | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.041 | 0.30 | NA | 0.071 | 0.010 | NA |
| 2011-08-21 d | 0.73 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0020 | 0.28 | NA | 1.2 | 0.032 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.34 |
| 2011-08-21 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | 0.15 | NA | NA | 0.086 | 0.0029 | 0.041 | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0.010 | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | icate i | TAL exc | eeda | nce; d= | detecte | d_res | sult/TA | L, nd= | nonde | tected | _result/ | TAL | | | | | |

Figure 183-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-1.45

184.0 CDV-SMA-1.7: SWMU 16-019

184.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V005, CDV-SMA-1.7: Site 16-019.

SWMU 16-019, known as MDA R, is located north of building 16-260 and south of Cañon de Valle at TA-16. MDA R lies within relatively flat terrain with a moderate slope to the north, dropping off approximately 80 ft into Cañon de Valle. MDA R consists of the original World War II S-Site Burning Ground and associated waste disposal site. MDA R was constructed in the mid-1940s and used as a burning ground for waste explosives until the early 1950s, probably 1951, when building 16-260 was constructed. Initially, HE were burned in the open; later, three bermed U-shaped pits, each measuring approximately 75 ft × 75 ft, were used for burning scrap HE. The three burn pits were placed roughly parallel to and approximately 150 ft from the edge of the canyon and constructed side-by-side such that adjacent sides were common. Thus, the total footprint of the burn pits within MDA R was approximately 225 ft × 75 ft. A road encircled the burn pits and the area was fenced. The total area of MDA R is estimated as 2.25 acres. During the construction of building 16-260, the berms and surface soil were graded northward into Cañon de Valle. The area has not been used for any waste management activities since the early 1950s, and is currently covered with grasses and small trees and shrubs, many planted following the May 2000 Cerro Grande fire.



In May 2000, the Cerro Grande fire burned over MDA R and continued to burn underground within the MDA for several weeks. As part of emergency response and efforts, SWMU 16-019 underwent an ACA, including fire-suppression activities and soil stabilization. The area was robotically excavated to suppress the smoldering underground fire. To suppress the fire, a flat bench was excavated along the top slope of the landfill, on which materials from smoldering areas were placed. Fire suppression involved excavating and staging approximately 800 yd³ of clean soil and 1500 yd³ of contaminated soil and

debris. Subsequently, these materials were moved to the mesa top and staged in piles south of the landfill. Approximately 600 yd³ of soil was removed and field-screened for metals using XRF instrumentation. The removed soil was determined to be "clean" because the metals concentrations were measured at background levels. The clean soil from the bench excavation was returned to the upper slopes of the site and contoured to control erosion. The excavated area was stabilized and erosion control measures were installed.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun for SWMU 16-019. Decision-level data are available from investigation sampling conducted during 1997, 1998, and 2000. SWMU 16-019 will be sampled during the future Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-16 investigation.

The project map (Figure 184-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

184.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 184-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 4, 2015, and submitted to EPA on September 10, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 184-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V00501060035 | Erosion Control Blanket | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V00502040016 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V00503010027 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V00503010028 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V00503020034 | Base Course Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00503060025 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V00503060032 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00504010018 | Earthen Channel/Swale | Х | - | Х | - | EC |
| V00504040017 | Culvert | Х | - | Х | - | EC |
| V00504040036 | Culvert | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V00504060015 | Rip Rap | - | - | Х | - | СВ |
| V00504060026 | Rip Rap | - | - | Х | - | EC |
| V00504060039 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V00504080033 | TRM-Lined Swale | Х | - | Х | - | В |
| V00506010006 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| V00506010008 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Χ | СВ |
| V00506010009 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V00506010010 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | X | СВ |
| V00506010013 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V00506010014 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | X | СВ |
| V00506010019 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| V00506010020 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| V00506010022 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| V00506010029 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V00506010030 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V00506010031 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V00506020023 | Log Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V00506040038 | Energy Dissipater | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00507010037 | Gabion | - | Х | - | Х | В |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

184.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 16-019 is monitored within CDV-SMA-1.7. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 13, 2013 (Figure 184-2). In Figure 184-2, cadmium and selenium are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for copper (11 μ g/L), cyanide (0.0175 μ g/L), gross-alpha activity (36.9 μ g/L), and RDX concentration (908 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 184-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-019:

- Copper is potentially associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above soil BV in 20 of the 44 shallow RFI samples collected at the Site at a maximum concentration 88 times the soil BV.
- Cyanide is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 None of the 44 shallow 1998 and 2000 RFI samples were analyzed for cyanide.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
 the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.
- RDX is known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. RDX
 was detected in 16 of 44 shallow soil samples at a maximum concentration 2577% of the
 residential SSL.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 184-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 184-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-1.7 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. Metals, including copper, are associated with the Bandelier Tuff, as well.

- Copper—The copper UTL from background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μ g/L. The copper result from 2013 is greater than this value.
- Cyanide, weak acid dissociable—A UTL could not be calculated because of the insufficient number of detections.

- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2013 gross-alpha result is less than this value.
- RDX— A UTL could not be calculated because of the insufficient number of detections.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

184.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG253 recorded 10 storm events at CDV-SMA-1.7 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered seven post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 184-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-86077 | 6-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86844 | 6-30-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86964 | 7-8-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87350 | 7-22-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87484 | 8-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88387 | 8-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-89504 | 10-14-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-1.7 in 2021.

184.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-1.7 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 184-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 184-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|-------------|---|---|---|
| SWMU 16-019 | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, September 10, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Six Site Monitoring Areas (2M-SMA-3; CDB-SMA-1; CDV-SMA-1.7; PJ-SMA-1.05; STRM-SMA-1.5; and W-SMA-1.5)." |

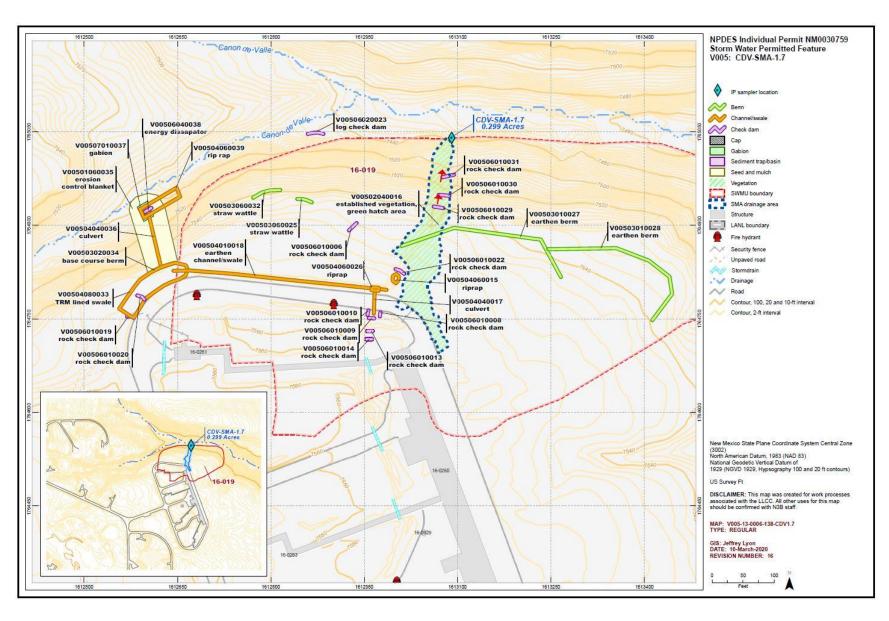
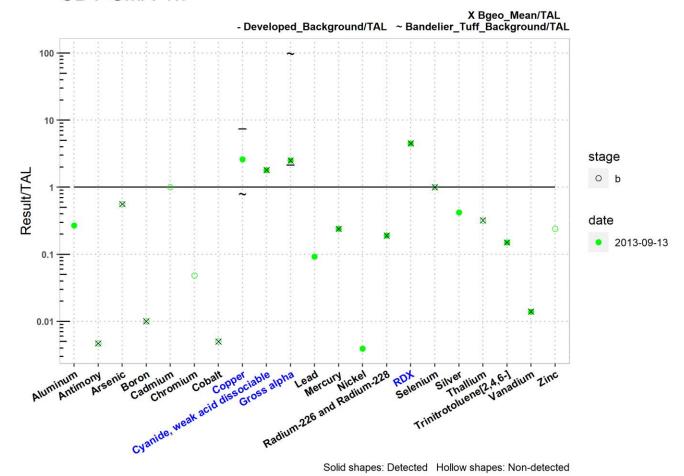


Figure 184-1 CDV-SMA-1.7 location map





| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid O O dissociable | Gross alpha | . read . | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|--------|---------|----------|---------|--------|--|-------------|----------|---------|---------|------------------------------|------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | NA | NA | 0.0050 | NA | 1.8 | 2.5 | NA | 0.24 | NA | 0.19 | 4.5 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.15 | 0.014 | NA |
| 2013-09-13 d | 0.27 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 0.092 | 0.24 | 0.0039 | 0.19 | 4.5 | NA | 0.42 | NA | 0.15 | 0.014 | NA |
| 2013-09-13 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | 1.0 | 0.048 | 0.0050 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | NA | NA | 0.24 |
| | Bold | font indi | icate ' | TAL ex | ceed | lance; | d=detec | ted_i | result/ | ΓAL, n | d=non | detecte | ed_resu | lt/TAL | | | | | | | |

Figure 184-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-1.7

185.0 CDV-SMA-2: SWMU 16-021(c)

185.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V006, CDV-SMA-2: Site 16-021(c).

SWMU 16-021(c) received discharges of HE-contaminated wastewater from the building 16-260 HE sumps [SWMU 16-003(k)] that were located along the northeast side of the building in the southwest corner of TA-16. SWMU 16-021(c) consists of three sections; the building 16-260 Outfall (260 Outfall) and an upper drainage channel fed directly by the outfall, a former settling pond, and a lower drainage channel leading to Cañon de Valle. The former settling pond was approximately 50 ft long and 20 ft wide and was located in the upper drainage channel, approximately 45 ft below the 260 Outfall. The drainage channel runs approximately 600 ft northeast from the 260 Outfall to the bottom of Cañon de Valle. A 15-ft near-vertical cliff is located approximately 400 ft from the 260 Outfall and marks the break between the upper and lower drainage channels. HE-contaminated water from the 260 Outfall entered the former settling pond and drained into the 260 Outfall drainage channel, which was a substantial pathway for contamination identified in downgradient components of the SWMUs 16-003(k) and 16-021(c) hydrogeologic system, including the SWSC cut. The SWSC cut is next to SWSC spring and SWSC pipeline and derived its name because it is a roadcut for the SWSC pipline. Building 16-260 had been used since 1951 to process and machine HE. Water was used during the machining of HE, which is slighlty water-soluble; wastewater from machining operations contained dissolved HE and potential entrained HE cuttings. Wastewater treatment consisted of routing the water to 13 settling sumps [SWMU 16-003(k)] to recover entrained HE cuttings. From 1951 to 1996, the water from these sumps was discharged to the 260 Outfall. In 1994, outfall discharge volumes were measured at several million gallons per year. The discharge volumes were probably higher during the 1950s when HE-production output from building 16-260 was substantially greater than it was in the 1990s. In the past, barium had been a constituent of certain HE formulations, and thus barium was also present in the outfall wastewater from building 16-260. Discharge to the outfall continued until 1996 when the sumps were plugged. The outfall was removed from the NPDES permit in January 1998.

During an IM conducted in 2000 and 2001, more than 1300 yd³ of contaminated soil was removed from the former settling pond and drainage channel. Approximately 90% of the HE in the SWMU 16-021(c) source area was removed. A low-permeability cap consisting of a 20-in.-thick crushed tuff/bentonite mixture was installed on top of the former settling pond during the IM. A CMI conducted in 2009 and 2010 included the removal of soil and tuff contaminated with HE and other constituents in the former 260 Outfall channel and in the alluvial systems of Cañon de Valle and Martin Spring Canyon, confirmation sampling, and installation of four HE treatment systems. Risk-assessment results for the 260 Outfall drainage channel indicate the Site meets residential risk levels. Groundwater contamination continues to be assessed, monitored, and treated.

Consent Order soil investigations for the SWMU 16-021(c) drainage channel are complete. Corrective actions for SWMU 16-021(c) are now being addressed under the Consent Order as part of the CME/CMI for the 260 Outfall.

The project map (Figure 185-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

185.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 185-1).

Table 185-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V00602040013 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V00603010006 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| V00603010007 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V00603010008 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V00603010009 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V00603010010 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V00604060003 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | СВ |
| V00606010002 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| V00608020012 | Rock Cap | - | Х | Х | - | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

185.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 16-021(c) is monitored within CDV-SMA-2. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 12, 2013 (Figure 185-2). In Figure 185-2, cadmium, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (18.2 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 185-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-021(c):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 185-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 185-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-2 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedance. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2013 gross-alpha result is less than this value.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

185.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at CDV-SMA-2 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered seven post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 185-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85790 | 6-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86697 | 6-30-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87277 | 7-22-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87538 | 8-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87983 | 8-12-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88261 | 8-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88634 | 9-3-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-2 in 2021.

185.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-2 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 185-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 185-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SWMU 16-021(c) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 19 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels for Gross- Alpha Radioactivity." |

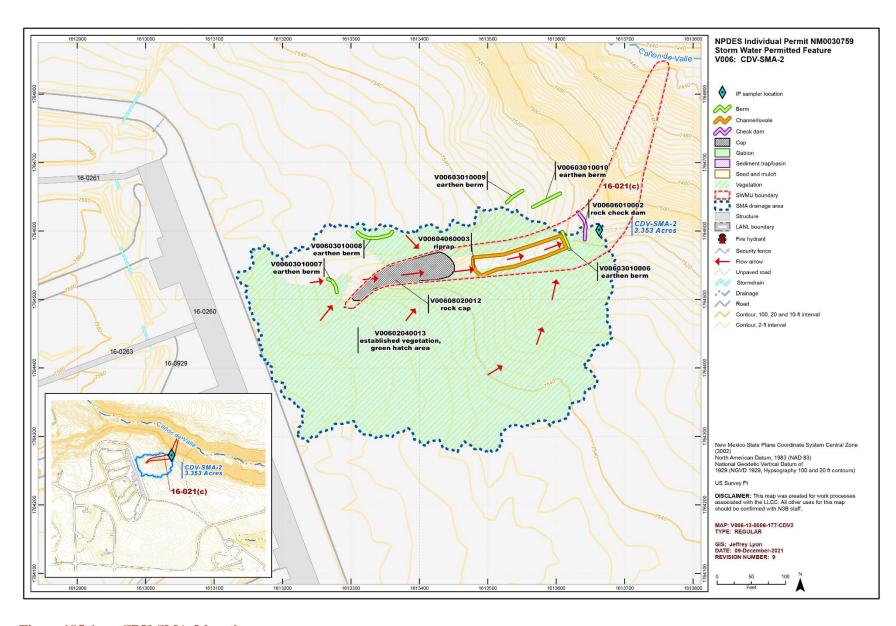
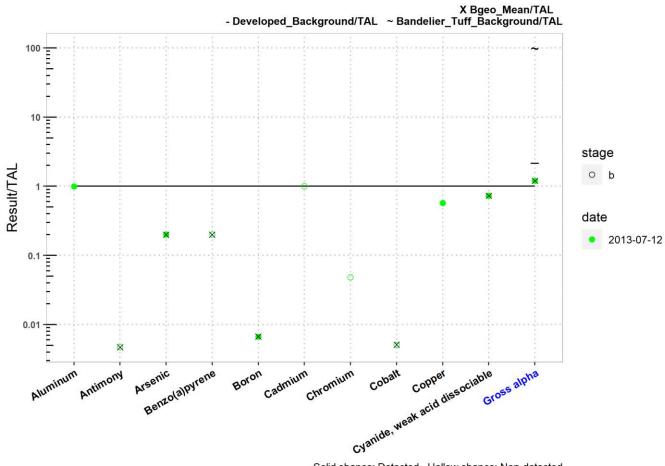


Figure 185-1 CDV-SMA-2 location map





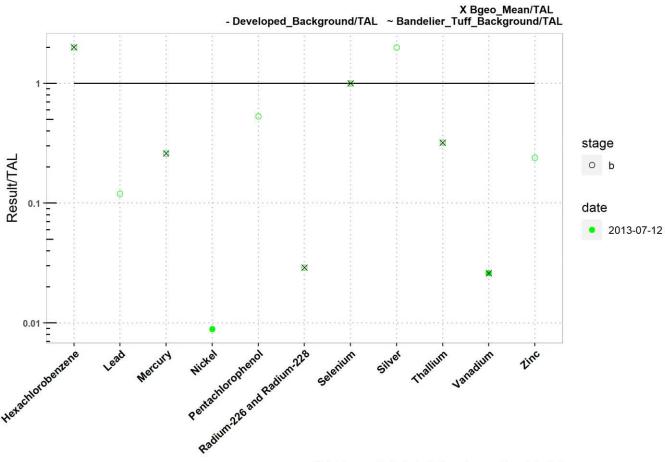
Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 185-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2

| | CDV-SMA-2 | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|----------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|----------|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Benzo(a)pyrene | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.0067 | NA | NA | 0.0051 | NA | 0.73 | 1.2 |
| 2013-07-12 d | 0.99 | NA | 0.20 | NA | 0.0067 | NA | NA | NA | 0.57 | 0.73 | 1.2 |
| 2013-07-12 nd | NA | 0.0047 | NA | 0.20 | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | 0.0051 | NA | NA | NA |
| Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 185-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 185-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2

| | _ | | |)V-SI | | | _ | | _ | _ | |
|----------------|-------------------|---------|---------|--------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Hexachlorobenzene | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Pentachlorophenol | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 5 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 19 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 5 | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | 5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | 5 | NA | 0.77 | NA | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | 19 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | 2.0 | NA | 0.26 | NA | NA | 0.029 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.026 | NA |
| 2013-07-12 d | NA | NA | NA | 0.0089 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.026 | NA |
| 2013-07-12 nd | 2.0 | 0.12 | 0.26 | NA | 0.53 | 0.029 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | NA | 0.24 |
| | Bold | font ir | ndicate | TAL ex | ceed | ance; | | | | | |

d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL

Figure 185-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2

186.0 CDV-SMA-2.3: SWMUs 13-001, 13-002, 16-003(n), 16-003(o), 16-029(h), and 16-031(h)

186.1 Site Descriptions

Six historical industrial activity areas are associated with V007, CDV-SMA-2.3: Sites 13-001, 13-002, 16-003(n), 16-003(o), 16-029(h), and 16-031(h).

SWMU 13-001 is an inactive firing site located east of former building 16-340, between battleship bunker buildings 16-477 and 16-478 at the eastern end of TA-16. The firing site was associated with firing activities conducted at P-Site (former TA-13) and operated from 1944 to 1949. The battleship bunker buildings 16-477 and 16-478 housed x-ray and magnetic equipment and were capped with steel nose cones to protect this equipment from explosive detonations that occurred at the firing site between the two bunkers. Debris from firing site experiments includes shrapnel and debris, including firing cables, lead balls, and chunks of steel and copper.

Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 13-001. All detected inorganic and organic chemical concentrations and radionuclide activities from Consent Order samples were below residential SSLs except for two detections of arsenic in two subsurface tuff samples. SWMU 13-001 has been recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, which was submitted to NMED in 2019.

SWMU 13-002 is an inactive surface disposal area located east of former building 16-340, and south and east of the SWMU 13-001 firing point at eastern end of TA-16. The disposal area contains debris and shrapnel associated with firing activities conducted at P-Site (former TA-13) and, based on a 1948 aerial photograph, the site includes the two battleship bunkers (buildings 16-477 and 16-478) and extends approximately 500 ft south of the SWMU 13-001 firing point. A portion of the TA-16 WWTP is located on top of the southern tip of the surface disposal area. The SWMU 13-001 firing site was decommissioned in 1949. It is not known if contaminated materials were removed from SWMU 13-002 at that time.

Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 13-002. All detected inorganic and organic chemical concentrations from Consent Order samples were below residential SSLs. SWMU 13-002 has been recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, which was submitted to NMED in 2019.

SWMU 16-003(n) consists of a former sump that was located on the exterior northeast wall of former building 16-342 at TA-16. Installed in the early 1950s, the sump was constructed of reinforced concrete and measured approximately 3.5 ft wide × 6.5 ft long × 3 ft deep. The sump received effluent from building 16-342, an HE-processing building, and discharged to a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA 05A062) located in Fishladder Canyon, a tributary of Cañon de Valle. The outfall was removed from the Laboratory's NPDES permit effective July 31, 1996. Building 16-342, the sump, and drainlines were decommissioned in 1999 and underwent D&D in 2004 and 2005.

Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 16-003(n). SWMU 16-003(n) meets industrial risk levels. The Site was recommended for corrective action complete in the approved 2009 Phase II investigation report for the TA-16-34 complex.

SWMU 16-003(o) consists of the six former HE sumps and an outfall associated with the former explosives synthesis building (structure 16-340) at TA-16. The sumps were connected to the former NPDES-permitted outfall via a 10-in. VCP, which originally discharged to a hill slope east of building 16-340. Building 16-340 was used to produce the plastics explosive PBX. VOCs were used in this preparation, but most VOCs were distilled during the processing. The remaining solvents historically

were discharged with the wastewater to the sumps. In the late 1980s, a trough functioning as an air stripper was installed at the outfall and was designed to trap and volatilize residual solvents in the wastewater. The air stripper resembled a fish ladder, and it discharged approximately 250 ft east of the sumps into Fishladder Canyon, a tributary of Cañon de Valle. The outfall was removed from the Laboratory's NPDES permit on July 20, 1998. Building 16-340, the sumps, and drainlines were decommissioned in 1999 and underwent D&D in 2004 and 2005, when all aboveground and subsurface structures and contaminated soil were removed. Approximately 100 yd³ of soil was removed from SWMU 16-003(o).

Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 16-003(o). SWMU 16-003(o) meets industrial risk levels. Alluvial wells downgradient of SWMU 16-003(o) continue to be monitored. The Site was recommended for corrective action complete in the approved 2009 investigation report.

SWMU 16-029(h) consists of a former NPDES-permitted outfall and two inactive drainlines (one known and one alleged) from an inactive HE sump [AOC 16-003(p)] located on the south side of former structure 16-478 at TA-16. The known drainline exits the southeast corner of the sump and extends 80 ft east of the sump to the rim of Cañon de Valle. This 6-in. VCP drainline discharged directly into Cañon de Valle before it was plugged in 1987. A second drainline possibly existed until the late 1960s and reportedly was a French drain that extended approximately 125 ft south of the sump. It was believed to be an 8-in. cast-iron pipe connected to an 8-in. VCP that intersected a drainage channel. Former structure 16-478 was used as a bunker, utility room, control room, and high-speed machining room for tests on experimental HE. When the structure was removed in 2005, the sump was left in place. During the investigation activities conducted in 2009 and 2010, no evidence of the French drain was found. SWMU 16-029(h) was identified as an HE sump (structure 16-487) in the 1990 SWMU report. The SWMU report identified this sump twice: once as an inactive HE sump designated as SWMU 16-029(h) and also as an active HE sump designated as AOC 16-003(p). Addendum 2 to the OU 1082 Work Plan redefined SWMU 16-029(h) to be the drainlines and outfall associated with the sump adjacent to former structure 16-478. Currently, the boundary of SWMU 16-029(h) is adjacent to, and receives runoff from, an old paved roadway and parking area associated with former structure 16-478, and also includes areas impacted by the 2000 Cerro Grande wildfire.

Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 16-029(h). All detected inorganic and organic chemical concentrations and radionuclide activities from Consent Order samples were below residential SSLs, except for two detections of arsenic in two subsurface tuff samples. SWMU 16-029(h) has been recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, which was submitted to NMED in 2019.

SWMU 16-031(h) is a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA 04A134) and associated outlet drainline that served a utility room in former building 16-478 at TA-16. The outfall received discharges from the sink, vacuum pump, and a floor drain in the utility room and was located 30 ft northwest of former building 16-478. Former building 16-478 was initially used as a bunker for photographing explosives testing. The utility room was added to the northwest corner of the building in 1950 when it was modified to test the effects of machining on HE products. The floor drain and sink in the utility room in building 16-478 discharged to the outfall via a 4-in. VCP. A water-sealed/water-cooled vacuum pump was located in the utility room and served a vacuum system in another area of the building. The vacuum system in the other part of the building held HE pieces in place for machining. The vacuum line contained a water filter to prevent HE from reaching the vacuum pump lines. Building 16-478 was decommissioned in 1995 and underwent D&D in 2005.

Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 16-031(h). All detected inorganic and organic chemical concentrations from Consent Order samples were below residential SSLs. The supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2019, recommended SWMU 16-031(h) for a COC without controls. NMED approved the report in October 2019, and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

The project map (Figure 186-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

186.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 186-1).

Table 186-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | | Control | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V00702040021 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V00703010027 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00703060028 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00703060030 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00703060032 | Straw Wattle | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00703120026 | Rock Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00706010019 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00706010020 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00706010024 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00706010025 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00707010002 | Gabions | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

186.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 13-001, 13-002, 16-003(n), 16-003(o), 16-029(h), and 16-031(h) are monitored within CDV-SMA-2.3. As part of extended baseline monitoring, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 20, 2015 (Figure 186-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (54.4 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 186-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 13-001:

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 13-002:

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically
managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA
and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 16-003(n):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 16-003(o):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 16-029(h):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 16-031(h):

 Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedance was also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 186-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 186-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-2.3 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium-and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha background UTL for locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2015 gross-alpha result is between these two values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2015 Annual Report.

186.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at CDV-SMA-2.3 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 186-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85791 | 6-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86698 | 7-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87278 | 7-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87984 | 8-11-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88262 | 8-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88635 | 9-3-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modification affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-2.3 in 2021.

186.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CDV-SMA-2.3 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 186-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 186-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| SWMU 13-001 | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 13-002 | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-003(n) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-003(o) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SWMU 16-029(h) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-031(h) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |

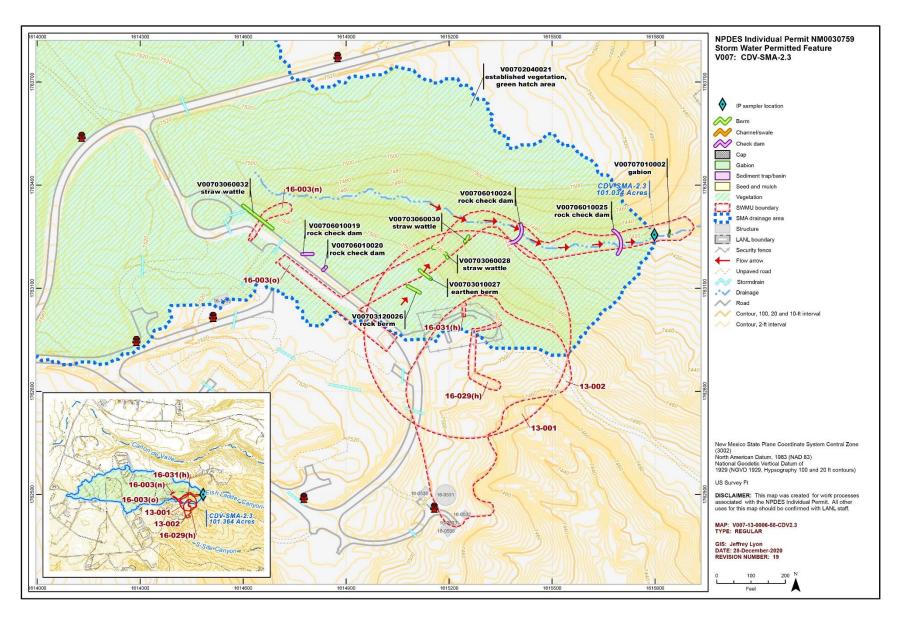


Figure 186-1 CDV-SMA-2.3 location map



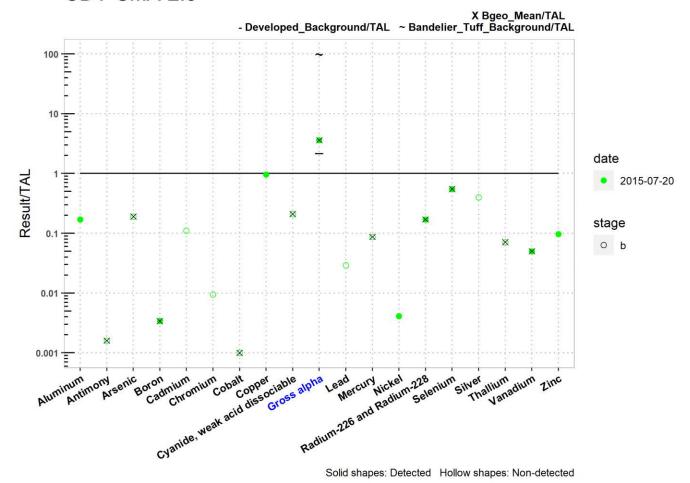


Figure 186-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.3

| | CDV-SMA-2.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|----------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|-------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0034 | NA | NA | 0.0010 | NA | 0.21 | 3.6 | NA | 0.087 | NA | 0.17 | 0.55 | NA | 0.071 | 0.050 | NA |
| 2015-07-20 d | 0.17 | NA | NA | 0.0034 | NA | NA | NA | 0.96 | NA | 3.6 | NA | NA | 0.0041 | 0.17 | 0.55 | NA | NA | 0.050 | 0.097 |
| 2015-07-20 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | 0.0010 | NA | 0.21 | NA | 0.029 | 0.087 | NA | NA | NA | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL exc | eeda | ince; d= | detecte | d_res | sult/TA | L, nd= | nonde | tected | _result/ | TAL | | | | | |

Figure 186-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.3

187.0 CDV-SMA-2.41: SWMU 16-018

187.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V008, CDV-SMA-2.41: Site 16-018.

SWMU 16-018 is the former location of MDA P, north of the TA-16 Burning Ground near the south rim of Cañon de Valle. MDA P operated from 1950 to 1984 as a disposal site for debris remaining from burning HE and HE-contaminated material at TA-16. Concrete and construction debris were deposited directly on the slopes leading down into the canyon. Other materials were burned at one of the nearby openburn units, and the resulting debris or residue was pushed over the mesa rim into the canyon. The western area of MDA P primarily received construction debris from the demolition of World War II—era buildings; the eastern area received debris and residue from the open-burn units. MDA P underwent RCRA closure between 1999 and 2005. During closure, approximately 55,000 yd³ of soil, rock, metal, and concrete debris was excavated from MDA P. Of this quantity, 21,506 yd³ of soil was disposed of as hazardous waste. The remainder of this quantity consisted of industrial waste soils, concrete and metal debris that was recycled or managed as industrial waste, and rock that was decontaminated and then



CDV-SMA-2.41, Rip Rap, V00804060010 (photo ID 8793-4r)

used as riprap within TA-16. Other excavated waste included 3947 lb of asbestos-containing material; 888 containers of unknown content; 95 miscellaneous metal objects; 3240 lb of LLW; 5389 lb of mixed waste; and various smaller quantities of HE, HE-contaminated debris, and residuals from treating HE. Scrap metal and concrete were shipped to recycling facilities. Contaminated soils and industrial wastes were shipped to off-site solid waste landfills. Solid, nonhazardous wastes were disposed of at MDA J.

Consent Order sampling has not been conducted at SWMU 16-018; however, decision-level data are available from confirmation samples collected during the RCRA closure of MDA P Site. The Site was segregated into zones (biological and exposed tuff) for cleanup and confirmation sampling purposes and a 30- × 30-ft sampling grid was placed over the entire Site.

The approved 2005 MDA P Site closure certification report concluded the nature and extent had been defined for chemicals and radionuclides detected at SWMU 16-018. The Site meets residential risk levels. NMED approved the SWMU 16-018 RCRA closure report in 2005. SWMU 16-018 was removed from the Laboratory's Hazardous Waste Facility Permit in 2010; therefore, this unit is no longer subject to the Consent Order.

The project map (Figure 187-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

187.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 187-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on June 26, 2014, and submitted to EPA on July 11, 2014, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 187-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | | Control | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V00802040015 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V00803010013 | Earthen Berm | - | Χ | - | Χ | EC |
| V00804010014 | Earthen Channel/Swale | Х | - | Χ | - | EC |
| V00804040011 | Culvert | Х | - | X | - | СВ |
| V00804060010 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | СВ |
| V00806010012 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

187.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 16-018 is monitored within CDV-SMA-2.41. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline confirmation sample was collected on August 21, 2011 (Figure 187-2). Analytical results from this baseline sample yielded TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (231 pCi/L) and PCB concentration (24 ng/L) and are presented in Figure 187-2.

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at CDV-SMA-2.41, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on July 8, 2014 (Figure 187-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (94.2 pCi/L) and PCB concentration (25 ng/L) and are presented in Figure 187-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-018:

- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
 the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.
- PCBs were potentially associated with industrial materials historically managed at SWMU 16-018. The PCB mixture (Aroclor-1260) was detected in one of seven shallow soil confirmation samples collected at a concentration 2.8% of the residential SSL.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 187-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 187-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-2.41 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from samples containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with the storm water

exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium-and thorium-bearing minerals.

- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha background UTL for locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2011 and 2014 gross-alpha results are less than this value.
- PCB—The PCB baseline storm water UTL for locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 11.7 ng/L. The 2011 and 2014 PCB results are greater than this value.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011 and 2014 Annual Reports.

187.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at CDV-SMA-2.41 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 187-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date | | |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85792 | 6-7-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86699 | 7-7-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87279 | 7-29-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87985 | 8-11-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88263 | 8-24-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88636 | 9-3-2021 | | |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-2.41 in 2021.

187.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-2.41 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 187-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 187-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|-------------|---|---|--|
| SWMU 16-018 | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, July 11, 2014, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Five Site Monitoring Areas (CDV-SMA-2.41, F-SMA-2, LA-SMA-5.51, PT-SMA-1.7, S-SMA-0.25)." LANL, October 21, 2015, "NPDES Permit |
| | Request to Delete Site from the Permit | Request to Delete Site from the Permit | No. NM0030759 - Request for Permit Modification Removal of Sites 16-010(b) (CDV-SMA-2.42), 16-010(c) (CDV-SMA-2.5), 16-010(d) (CDV-SMA-2.5), and 16-018 (CDV-SMA-2.41)." |

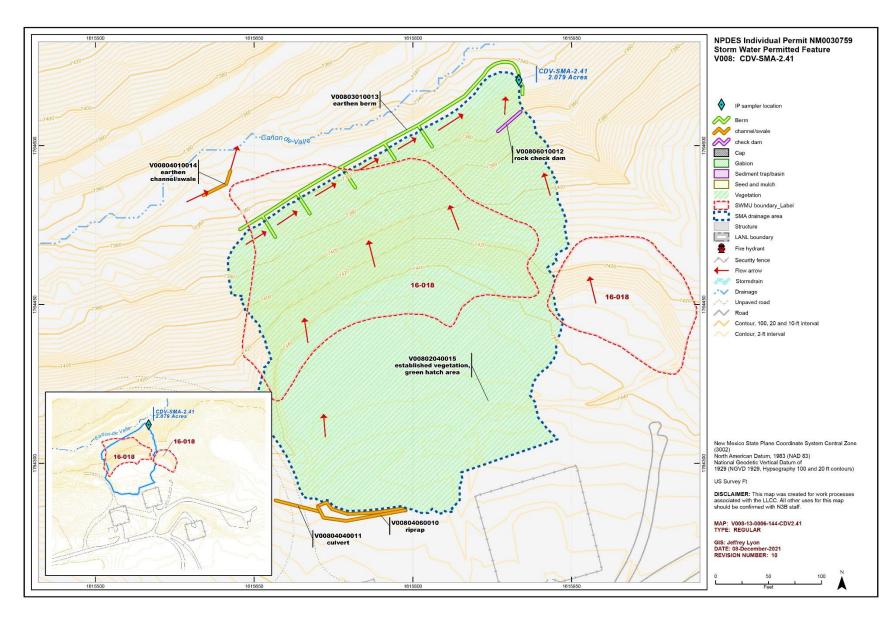


Figure 187-1 CDV-SMA-2.41 location map



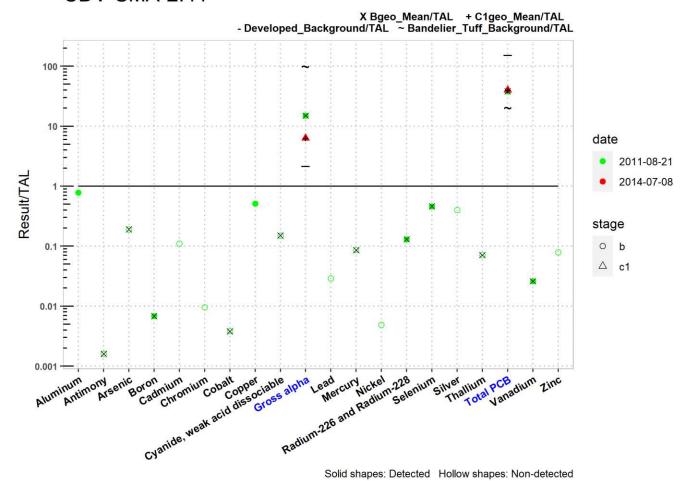


Figure 187-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.41

| | | | | | | | | >.∨C | | -2.4 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|----------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|-----------|----------|-------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Total PCB | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 0.00064 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 0.00064 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0068 | NA | NA | 0.0038 | NA | 0.15 | 15 | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.13 | 0.46 | NA | 0.071 | 38 | 0.026 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 6.3 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 40 | NA | NA |
| 2011-08-21 d | 0.78 | NA | NA | 0.0068 | NA | NA | NA | 0.51 | NA | 15 | NA | NA | NA | 0.13 | 0.46 | NA | NA | 38 | 0.026 | NA |
| 2011-08-21 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | 0.0038 | NA | 0.15 | NA | 0.029 | 0.086 | 0.0049 | NA | NA | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | NA | 0.079 |
| 2014-07-08 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 6.3 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 40 | NA | NA |
| 2014-07-08 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL exc | eeda | ınce; d= | detecte | d_res | sult/TA | L, nd= | nonde | tected | _result/ | ΓAL | | | | | | |

Figure 187-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.41

188.0 CDV-SMA-2.42: SWMU 16-010(b)

188.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V008A, CDV-SMA-2.42: Site 16-010(b).

SWMU 16-010(b) consists of a former flash pad (structure 16-387) that was located at the TA-16 Burning Ground. The flash pad was enclosed within a 100- × 100-ft fenced area and consisted of a layer of sand several inches thick over a soil base. The pad was built in 1951, and was used to flash-burn solid and scrap HE, HE-contaminated equipment and debris, and HE-contaminated combustible material. Sands and residues from flash pad operations were disposed of at MDA P (SWMU 16-019). The flash pad operated as a hazardous waste treatment unit under RCRA interim status and underwent RCRA closure between 1999 and 2005. Closure activities included removing the flash pad and associated debris and removing soil and bedrock below and next to the former pad. The former flash pad and MDA P were closed and remediated together along with adjacent SWMUs for cleanup and closure purposes, the Sites were referred to as MDA P Site. Confirmation samples were collected as part of the closure of MDA P Site and included SWMU 16-010(b). The Site Closure Certification Report was approved by NMED on November 10, 2005. SWMU 16-010(b) has been removed from the list of corrective action units in the Laboratory's Hazardous Waste Facility Permit; therefore, this unit is no longer subject to the Consent Order.

The project map (Figure 188-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

188.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 188-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 28, 2015, and July 14, 2021, and submitted to EPA on September 29, 2015, and July 15, 2021, respectively, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at

https://ext.emla.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 188-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | |
|---------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V008A01030022 | Hydromulch | - | - | Х | - | EC |
| V008A02040020 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V008A03010021 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V008A03010024 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| V008A04040023 | Culvert | - | - | Х | - | EC |
| V008A04050025 | Water Bar | Х | - | Х | - | В |
| V008A04060002 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | СВ |
| V008A04060005 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | СВ |
| V008A04060018 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | В |
| V008A04060019 | Rip Rap | - | X | Х | - | В |

| | | | Control | | | |
|---------------|----------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V008A06010004 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| V008A06010017 | Rock Check Dam | X | - | - | Х | В |
| V008A07010003 | Gabions | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| V008A08050026 | HDPE Cap | - | Х | Х | - | EC |

CB: Certified baseline control measure. B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

188.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 16-010(b) was monitored within CDV-SMA-2.42. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 12, 2013 (Figure 188-2). In Figure 188-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for copper (4.37 μ g/L), gross-alpha activity (89.3 pCi/L), and PCB concentration (33 ng/L) and are presented in Figure 188-2.

Following enhanced controls installation, two corrective action monitoring storm water samples were collected on June 25, 2017, and October 5, 2017 (Figure 188-2). Analytical results from these samples yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (3470 μ g/L), copper (5.51 μ g/L), gross-alpha activity (136 pCi/L and 29.2 pCi/L), and PCB concentrations (34 ng/L and 26 ng/L) and are presented in Figure 188-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-010(b):

• There are no Consent Order soil sampling data available for this Site.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 188-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 188-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-2.42 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals, including aluminum and copper, are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles, as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

• Aluminum—The aluminum UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 245 μ g/L; the aluminum UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μ g/L. The aluminum result from 2017 is above these values.

- Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μ g/L; the copper UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μ g/L. The copper results from 2013 and 2017 are between these two values.
- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2013 and one of the 2017 gross-alpha results are between these two values. One of the 2017 gross-alpha results is less than both these values.
- PCBs—The PCB UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 98 ng/L; the PCB UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 11.7 ng/L. The PCB results from 2013 and 2017 are between these values.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2013 and 2017 Annual Reports.

188.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at CDV-SMA-2.42 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 188-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Verification | BMP-82659 | 4-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85796 | 6-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86703 | 7-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87283 | 7-28-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87989 | 8-11-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88267 | 8-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88640 | 9-3-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-2.42 in 2021.

188.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-2.42 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 188-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 188-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|--|---|--|
| SWMU 16-010(b) | Building Enhanced Controls Request to Delete Site from the Permit | Enhanced Corrective Action Control Monitoring Request to Delete Site from the Permit | N3B, July 15, 2021, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for 3M-SMA-0.2, CDV-SMA-2.42, LA-SMA-5.2, PT-SMA-2, and STRM-SMA-1.5." LANL, October 21, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Request for Permit Modification Removal of Sites 16-010(b) (CDV-SMA-2.42), 16-010(c) (CDV-SMA-2.5), 16-010(d) (CDV-SMA-2.5), and 16-018 (CDV-SMA-2.41)." |

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

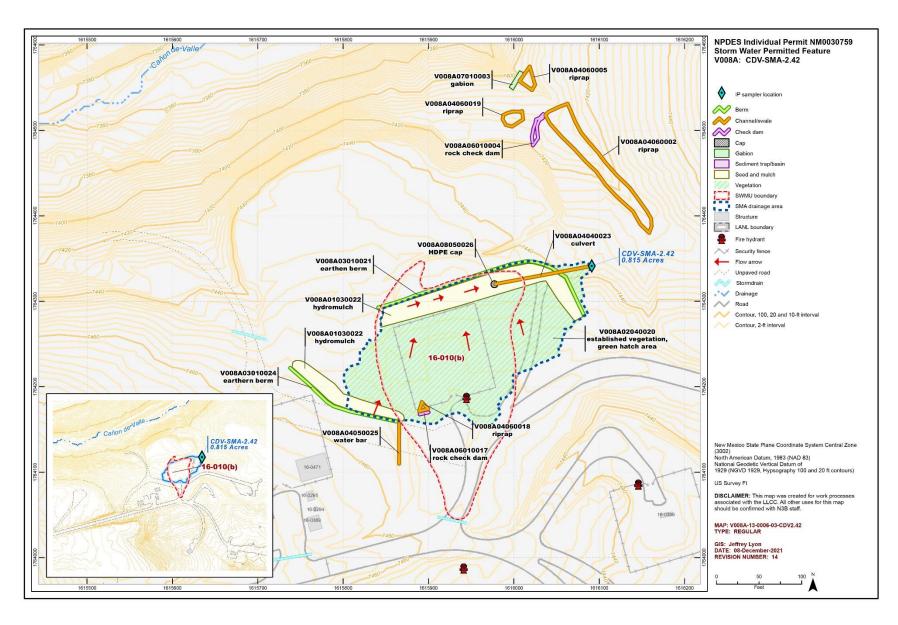


Figure 188-1 CDV-SMA-2.42 location map



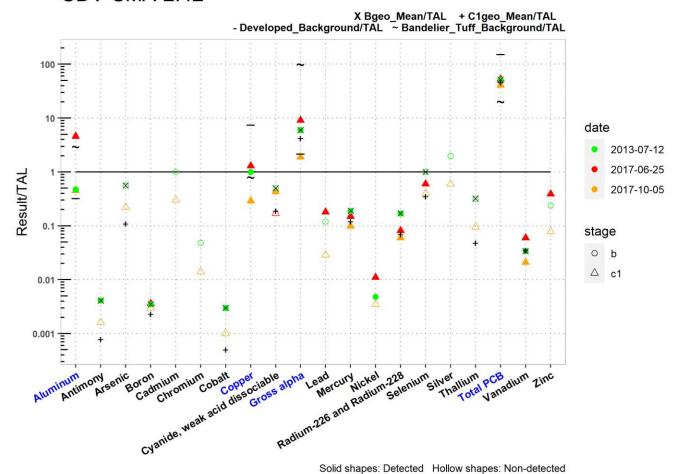


Figure 188-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.42

| | | | | | | | CE |)V-S | SMA: | -2.4 | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------|----------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|-----------|----------|-------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Total PCB | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 0.00064 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 0.00064 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0041 | 0.56 | 0.0035 | NA | NA | 0.0030 | NA | 0.50 | 6.0 | NA | 0.19 | NA | 0.17 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 52 | 0.034 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.00078 | 0.11 | 0.0023 | NA | NA | 0.00050 | NA | 0.19 | 4.2 | NA | 0.12 | NA | 0.070 | 0.35 | NA | 0.048 | 46 | 0.035 | NA |
| 2013-07-12 d | 0.47 | 0.0041 | NA | 0.0035 | NA | NA | 0.0030 | 1.0 | NA | 6.0 | NA | 0.19 | 0.0048 | 0.17 | NA | NA | NA | 52 | 0.034 | NA |
| 2013-07-12 nd | NA | NA | 0.56 | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | 0.12 | NA | NA | NA | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | NA | NA | 0.24 |
| 2017-06-25 d | 4.6 | NA | NA | 0.0036 | NA | NA | NA | 1.3 | NA | 9.1 | 0.18 | 0.15 | 0.011 | 0.081 | 0.60 | NA | NA | 53 | 0.060 | 0.39 |
| 2017-06-25 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | NA | 0.30 | 0.014 | 0.0010 | NA | 0.17 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.60 | 0.095 | NA | NA | NA |
| 2017-10-05 d | 0.45 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.29 | 0.43 | 1.9 | NA | 0.099 | NA | 0.060 | NA | NA | NA | 41 | 0.021 | NA |
| 2017-10-05 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0030 | 0.30 | 0.014 | 0.0010 | NA | NA | NA | 0.029 | NA | 0.0035 | NA | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.095 | NA | NA | 0.079 |
| | Bold | font indic | ate T | AL exce | eedar | ce; d= | detected | _resu | ılt/TAL | , nd=r | ondete | ected_ | result/T | AL | | | | | | |

Figure 188-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.42

189.0 CDV-SMA-2.5: SWMUs 16-010(c), 16-010(d), and 16-028(a)

189.1 Site Descriptions

Three historical industrial activity areas are associated with V009, CDV-SMA-2.5: Sites 16-010(c), 16-010(d), and 16-028(a).

SWMU 16-010(c) is a former burn table that was converted to a flash pad/burn tray (structure 16-388) located at the TA-16 Burning Ground. The burn table was used to treat HE scrap. The 100- × 100-ft enclosed area consisted of a concrete pad that was used to unload explosives and a 16- × 4-ft metal tray that was approximately 2 ft above the ground surface. Scrap HE was placed on the tray and burned. The current flash pad consists of a 22- × 22-ft concrete pad set on a secondary containment area and surrounded on three sides by a concrete wall. Before treatment, the HE-contaminated wastes are placed on steel pallets or steel trays. Propane burners are used as heat sources to treat the wastes at the flash pad, which can be covered with a movable steel roof when the pad is not in use. The current burn tray consists of a stainless-steel kettle that is 30 in. in diameter and 24 in. high. Propane burners are used to treat HE-contaminated liquid wastes at the burn tray. The entire assembly, which can be covered with a retractable cover, is provided with secondary containment.

No investigations have been conducted at this Site. SWMU 16-010(c) is a formerly dual-regulated corrective action unit that was removed from the list of corrective action units in the Laboratory's Hazardous Waste Facility Permit in November 2010; therefore, this unit is no longer subject to the Consent Order.

SWMU 16-010(d) is a former burn table that was converted to a burn tray (structure 16-399) located at the TA-16 Burning Ground. The 100-ft² enclosed area consists of a concrete pad, a burn table that is approximately 2 ft above the ground surface, and a 16- \times 4-ft metal tray situated on the table. Scrap HE is placed on the tray and burned. A metal-covered rain guard can be rolled back to expose the tray.

No investigations have been conducted at this Site. SWMU 16-010(d) was removed from the list of corrective action units in the Laboratory's Hazardous Waste Facility Permit in November 2010; therefore, this unit is no longer subject to the Consent Order.

SWMU 16-028(a) is the south drainage channel that drained the southern half of the TA-16 Burning Ground. The drainage is associated with SWMUs 16-005(g) and 16-010(h-n), the former filter basket wash facility, and discharges from a carbon filter/treatment unit renumbered from structure 16-228 to 16-363 [SWMU 16-010(g)]. The site provides the only surface water drainage for approximately half the TA-16 Burning Ground and marks the southern edge of historical Burning Ground activities.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun for this Site; however, decision-level data from 1995 and 1997 RFIs are available for SWMU 16-028(a). Several inorganic chemicals were detected above BVs in shallow RFI samples, and PAHs and HE were detected at concentrations below residential SSLs. SWMU 16-028(a) will be sampled during the future Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-16 investigation.

The project map (Figure 189-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

189.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 189-1).

Table 189-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V00902040036 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V00903010011 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| V00903010043 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00903120034 | Rock Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00903120035 | Rock Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00903120038 | Rock Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00903120039 | Rock Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00903120040 | Rock Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00903120041 | Rock Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00903120042 | Rock Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00904060005 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | СВ |
| V00904060006 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | СВ |
| V00904060007 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | СВ |
| V00904060009 | Rip Rap | X | - | Х | - | СВ |
| V00906010029 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00906010030 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00906010031 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00906010044 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00906010045 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00906010046 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00906010047 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00906010048 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V00906010049 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V00906010050 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

189.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 16-010(c), 16-010(d), and 16-028(a) are monitored within CDV-SMA-2.5. Following the installation of baseline control measures, baseline confirmation samples were collected on September 1, 2011, October 12, 2012, and July 26, 2013 (Figure 189-2). In Figure 189-2, cadmium, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from these baseline samples yielded no TAL exceedances. Baseline confirmation is complete for CDV-SMA-2.5 and the associated SWMUs 16-010(c), 16-010(d), and 16-028(a) because all applicable sampling results are below the applicable MTAL or ATAL. No further sampling is required for CDV-SMA-2.5 for the duration of the IP.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2012 and 2013 Annual Reports.

189.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at CDV-SMA-2.5 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 189-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85793 | 6-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86700 | 7-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87280 | 7-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87986 | 8-11-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88166 | 8-18-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88264 | 8-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88637 | 9-3-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90137 | 11-30-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90387 | 12-7-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90424 | 12-14-2021 |

In August of 2021, the SWPP team was notified by LANL that soil excavations in the location of the former TA-16-399 Burn Tray [SWMU 16-010(d)] would be performed within CDV-SMA-2.5. Excavation depths were guided by HE spot tests and were planned with the intent of reducing the concentration of contaminants of concern in specific areas. In August of 2021, SWPP team members conducted an assessment to determine potential impacts from the activities, which began in November 2021. Upon notification of start of activities in November, the SWPP team members began conducting weekly inspections of controls in areas of soil disturbance. The excavations activities were completed in December 2021, with no impacts to the SMA, Site(s), or controls observed. No maintenance activities were conducted at CDV-SMA-2.5 in 2021.

189.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CDV-SMA-2.5 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 189-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 189-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|--|---|---|
| SWMU 16-010(c) | WMU 16-010(c) Baseline Confirmation Complete Confirmation | | Completed 8-29-2013. All baseline confirmation monitoring results are less than TALS. No further confirmation monitoring is required for this Site. |
| | Request to Delete Site from the Permit | Request to Delete Site from the Permit | October 21, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Request for Permit Modification Removal of Sites 16-010(b) (CDV-SMA-2.42), 16-010(c) (CDV-SMA-2.5), 16-010(d) (CDV-SMA-2.5), and 16-018 (CDV-SMA-2.41)." |
| SWMU 16-010(d) | Baseline Confirmation Complete | Baseline Confirmation Complete | Completed 8-29-2013. All baseline confirmation monitoring results are less than TALS. No further confirmation monitoring is required for this Site. |
| | Request to Delete Site from the Permit | Request to Delete Site from the Permit | October 21, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Request for Permit Modification Removal of Sites 16-010(b) (CDV-SMA-2.42), 16-010(c) (CDV-SMA-2.5), 16-010(d) (CDV-SMA-2.5), and 16-018 (CDV-SMA-2.41)." |
| SWMU 16-028(a) | Baseline Confirmation Complete | Baseline Confirmation Complete | Completed 8-29-2013. All baseline confirmation monitoring results are less than TALS. No further confirmation monitoring is required for this Site. |

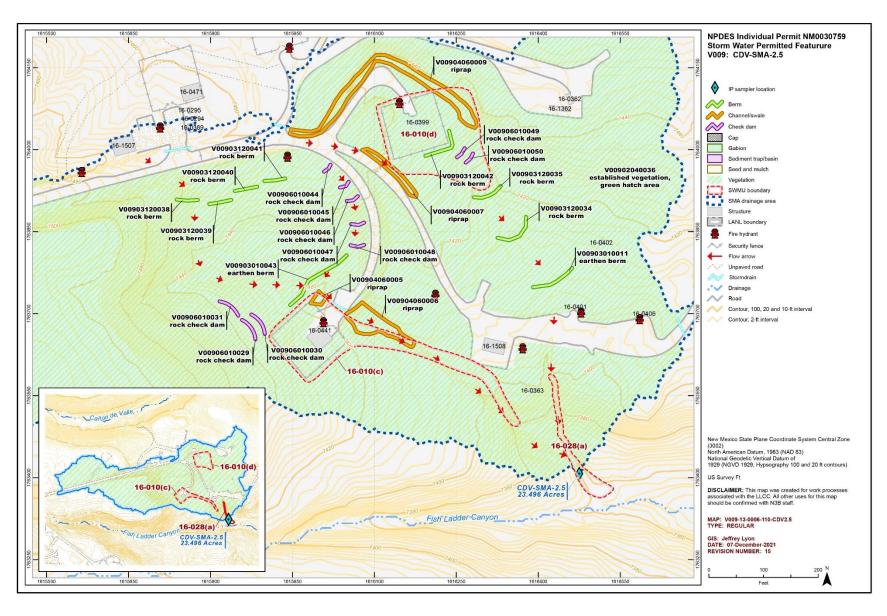


Figure 189-1 CDV-SMA-2.5 location map



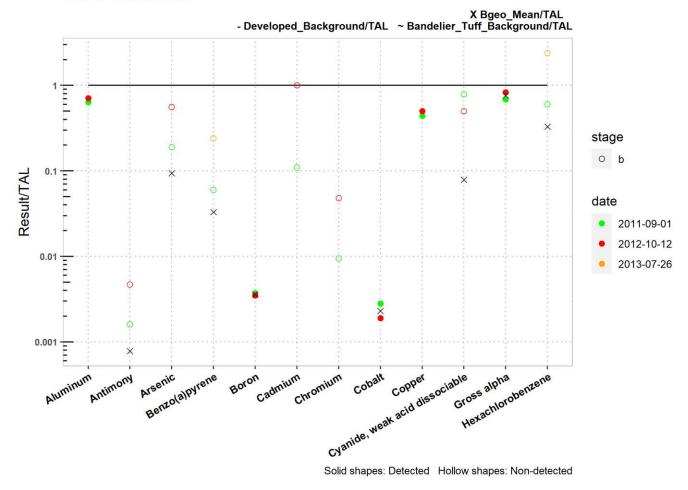


Figure 189-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.5

| | CDV-SMA-2.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|------------|---------|----------------|---------|------------|----------|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Benzo(a)pyrene | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Hexachlorobenzene |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 5 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | NA |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.00078 | 0.094 | 0.033 | 0.0036 | NA | NA | 0.0023 | NA | 0.079 | 0.76 | 0.33 |
| 2011-09-01 d | 0.64 | NA | NA | NA | 0.0037 | NA | NA | 0.0028 | 0.44 | NA | 0.69 | NA |
| 2011-09-01 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.060 | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | 0.79 | NA | 0.60 |
| 2012-10-12 d | 0.71 | NA | NA | NA | 0.0035 | NA | NA | 0.0019 | 0.50 | NA | 0.83 | NA |
| 2012-10-12 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | NA | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | NA |
| 2013-07-26 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2013-07-26 nd | NA | NA | NA | 0.24 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.4 |
| | Bold | font indic | ate TA | L exce | eedance | ; ; | | | | | | |

d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL

Figure 189-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.5



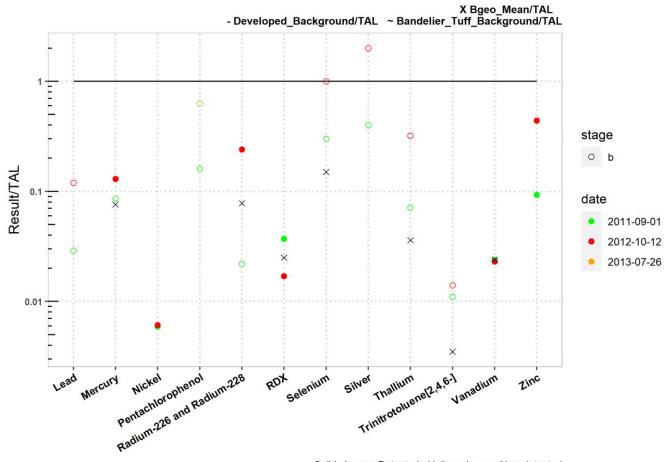


Figure 189-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.5

| | CDV-SMA-2.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|---------|--------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|-------|
| | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Pentachlorophenol | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 19 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | 5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 0.77 | NA | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | 19 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.076 | NA | NA | 0.078 | 0.025 | 0.15 | NA | 0.036 | 0.0035 | 0.024 | NA |
| 2011-09-01 d | NA | NA | 0.0059 | NA | NA | 0.037 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.024 | 0.093 |
| 2011-09-01 nd | 0.029 | 0.086 | NA | 0.16 | 0.022 | NA | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0.011 | NA | NA |
| 2012-10-12 d | NA | 0.13 | 0.0061 | NA | 0.24 | 0.017 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.023 | 0.44 |
| 2012-10-12 nd | 0.12 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.014 | NA | NA |
| 2013-07-26 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2013-07-26 nd | NA | NA | NA | 0.63 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 189-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.5

190.0 CDV-SMA-2.51: SWMU 16-010(i)

190.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V009A, CDV-SMA-2.51: Site 16-010(i).

SWMU 16-010(i) consists of a former filter bed and former burn pad (former structure 16-392) located at the northeast corner of the burning ground within the northeast portion of TA-16. Filter bed 16-392 was constructed in 1951 approximately 250 ft east of the former basket-wash house (former structure 16-390 [SWMU 16-010(h)] and measured 12 ft × 12 ft × 1 ft. Filter bed 16-392 received suspected uranium-contaminated HE washdown water from the basket-wash house through an elevated, open steel V-shaped trough (former structure 16-1136) [SWMU 16-010(n)]. Solid HE accumulated on and around the filter bed was burned on the bed. After burning, the filter-bed sand was removed for disposal at MDA P from the early 1950s to 1984, and then to MDA G at TA-54 thereafter. Filtered wash water from the basket-wash house collected within perforated piping along the bottom of the SWMU 16-010(i) filter bed and drained via gravity through a drainline to an outfall south-southeast of the filter bed. In 1988, filter bed 16-392 was modified to a burn pad to burn HE-contaminated uranium objects and structure 16-1136 was decommissioned; the burn pad is still in place. It is not known if the drainline from the filter bed was removed. The basket-wash house and troughs underwent D&D in 2003.

Consent Order sampling has not been conducted at SWMU 16-010(i); however, decision-level data are available from soil samples collected under the 1995 RFI. SWMU 16-010(i) will be sampled during the future Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-16 investigation.

The project map (Figure 190-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

190.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 190-1).

Table 190-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | | Control | | |
|---------------|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V009A02040029 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V009A03020005 | Base Course Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V009A03020012 | Base Course Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V009A03060032 | Straw Wattle | Х | - | - | Χ | В |
| V009A03060033 | Straw Wattle | Х | - | - | Χ | В |
| V009A06010003 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| V009A06010004 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Χ | СВ |
| V009A06010006 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V009A06010013 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| V009A06010014 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|--------|---------------------------|---------|----------|--------|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status | |
| V009A06010015 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | |
| V009A06010016 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ | |
| V009A06030017 | Juniper Bales | Х | - | - | Х | СВ | |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

190.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 16-010(i) is monitored within CDV-SMA-2.51. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 13, 2013 (Figure 190-2). In Figure 190-2, cadmium, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (16.4 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 190-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-010(i):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically
managed at the Site. Shallow 1995 RFI samples collected at the Site were not analyzed for
gross-alpha radioactivity or alpha-emitting radionuclides. However, samples were analyzed for
uranium, which has alpha-emitting isotopes. Uranium was detected above soil BV in 14 shallow
samples at a maximum activity of 6 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt
from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha
radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 190-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 190-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-2.51 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including roads, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2013 gross-alpha result is less than both these values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

190.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at CDV-SMA-2.51 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 190-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85797 | 6-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86704 | 7-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87284 | 7-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87990 | 8-11-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88268 | 8-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88641 | 9-3-2021 |

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 190-3 Maintenance during 2021

| Maintenance | Maintenance Conducted | Maintenance | Response | Response |
|-------------|--|-------------|----------|---|
| Reference | | Date | Time | Discussion |
| BMP-87284 | Removed and disposed of floatable garbage and/or debris from area at inspection. | 7-29-2021 | 0 day(s) | Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable. |

190.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-2.51 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 190-4 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 190-4 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| SWMU 16-010(i) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 19 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels for Gross-Alpha Radioactivity." |

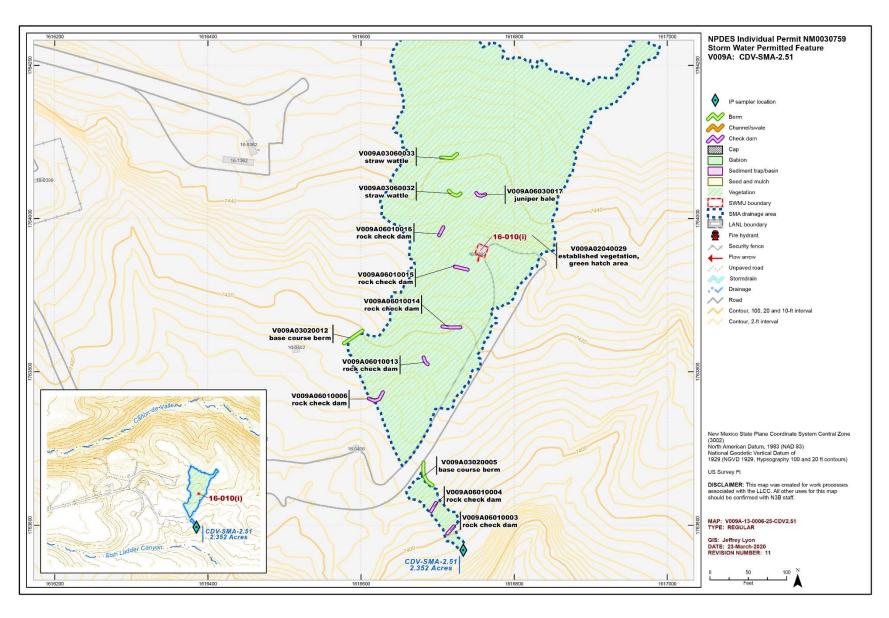


Figure 190-1 CDV-SMA-2.51 location map



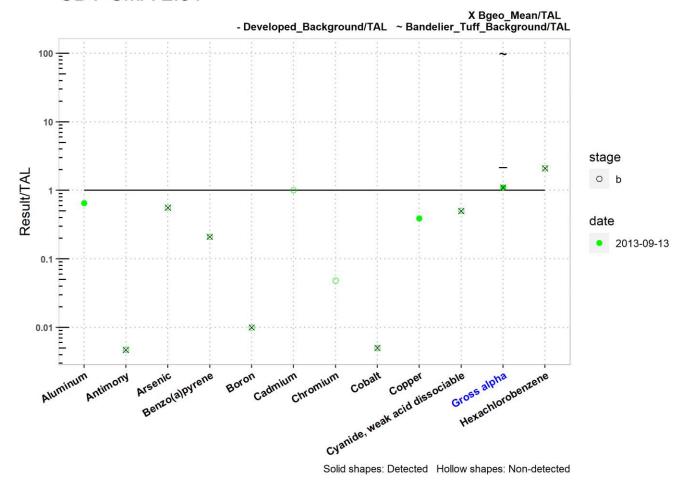


Figure 190-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.51

| | CDV-SMA-2.51 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|----------|---------|----------------|-------|---------|----------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Benzo(a)pyrene | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Hexachlorobenzene |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 5 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | NA |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.21 | 0.010 | NA | NA | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | 1.1 | 2.1 |
| 2013-09-13 d | 0.65 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.39 | NA | 1.1 | NA |
| 2013-09-13 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.21 | 0.010 | 1.0 | 0.048 | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | NA | 2.1 |
| Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 190-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.51



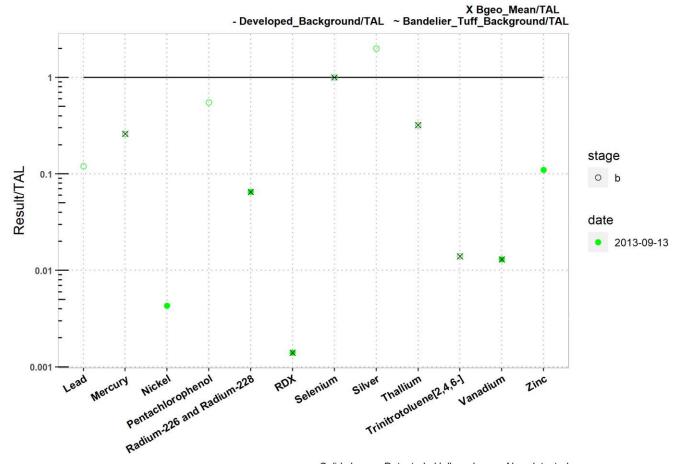


Figure 190-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.51

| | CDV-SMA-2.51 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|---------|--------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Pentachlorophenol | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 19 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | 5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 0.77 | NA | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | 19 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.26 | NA | NA | 0.065 | 0.0014 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.014 | 0.013 | NA |
| 2013-09-13 d | NA | NA | 0.0043 | NA | 0.065 | 0.0014 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.013 | 0.11 |
| 2013-09-13 nd | 0.12 | 0.26 | NA | 0.55 | NA | NA | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.014 | NA | NA |
| Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 190-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-2.51

191.0 CDV-SMA-3: SWMU 14-009

191.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V010, CDV-SMA-3: Site 14-009.

SWMU 14-009 is an inactive surface disposal area located south and west of building 14-43 at TA-14. The disposal area measures approximately 30×140 ft and consists of sand and ruptured sandbags used during explosives tests performed at nearby firing sites [SWMUs 14-002(a) and 14-002(b)]. During explosives tests, sandbags were placed around firing sites to contain detonations. When the sandbags ruptured, the sand was used for erosion control around the firing sites. The sand from ruptured bags at SWMU 14-009 was placed over the hillside south of building 14-43 and is approximately 1 ft deep.

Phase I Consent Order investigation is complete for SWMU 14-009. The supplemental investigation report for Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-14, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2016, recommended SWMU 14-009 for corrective action complete without controls. NMED approved this report in November 2020, and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted in January 2021.

The project map (Figure 191-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

191.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 191-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on July 18, 2012, and submitted to EPA on July 25, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 191-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | | Control | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V01002040013 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V01003010010 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V01003010011 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V01003120005 | Rock Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V01003120009 | Rock Berm | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| V01006010004 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

191.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 14-009 is monitored within CDV-SMA-3. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline confirmation sample was collected on August 21, 2011 (Figure 191-2). Analytical results from this baseline sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (33.4 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 191-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 14-009:

• Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-234 was detected above soil BV in 3 of 31 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 8 times the soil BV. Uranium-235/236 was detected above soil BV in 7 of 31 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 14 times the soil BV. Uranium-238 was detected above soil BV in 10 of 31 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 71 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

The TAL exceedance was also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 191-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were



derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 191-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-3 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from samples containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with the storm water exceedance. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha background UTL for locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2011 gross-alpha result is less than this value.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2011 Annual Report.

191.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at CDV-SMA-3 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 191-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85794 | 6-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86701 | 7-1-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87281 | 7-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87987 | 8-10-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88265 | 8-26-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88638 | 9-1-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-3 in 2021.

191.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-3 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 191-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 191-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|-------------|--|--|---|
| SWMU 14-009 | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, July 25, 2012, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Twelve Site Monitoring Areas." |

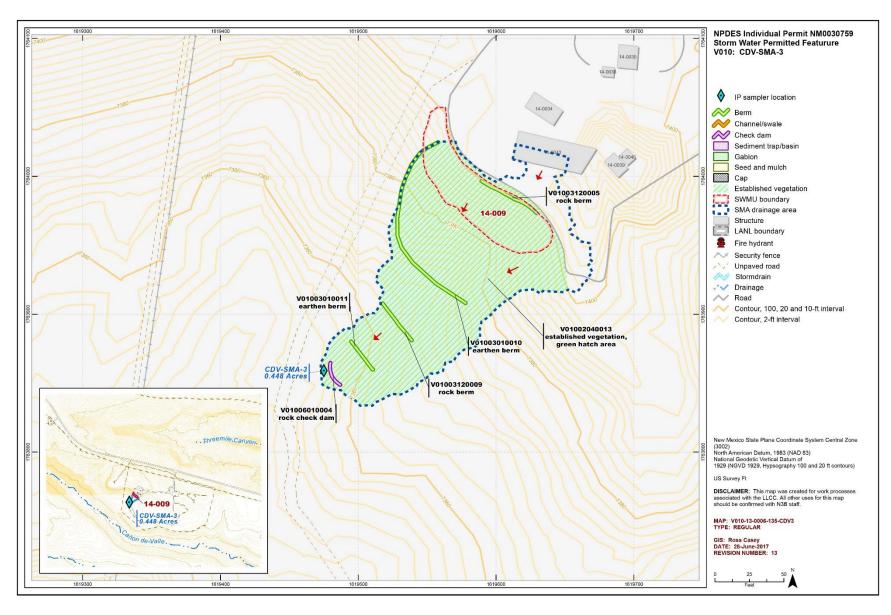
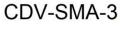


Figure 191-1 CDV-SMA-3 location map



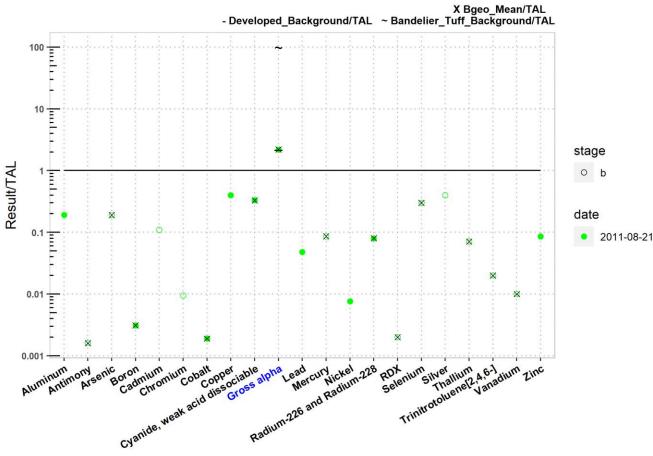


Figure 191-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-3

| | | | | | | | | CI | DV-S | AM6 | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|----------|------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|-------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0031 | NA | NA | 0.0019 | NA | 0.33 | 2.2 | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.080 | 0.0020 | 0.30 | NA | 0.071 | 0.020 | 0.010 | NA |
| 2011-08-21 d | 0.19 | NA | NA | 0.0031 | NA | NA | 0.0019 | 0.40 | 0.33 | 2.2 | 0.048 | NA | 0.0076 | 0.080 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.086 |
| 2011-08-21 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.086 | NA | NA | 0.0020 | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0.020 | 0.010 | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | icate ' | TAL exc | eeda | nce; d= | detecte | d_res | sult/TA | L, nd= | nonde | tected | _result/ | TAL | | | | | | | |

Figure 191-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-3

192.0 CDV-SMA-4: SWMU 14-010

192.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V011, CDV-SMA-4: Site 14-010.

SWMU 14-010 is a former HE sump located on the exterior south wall of a former firing chamber [structure 14-2, SWMU 14-002(a)]. The sump received waste from an associated floor drain in the closed firing chamber 14-2 and discharged through an associated drainline to an outfall located approximately 24 ft southeast of the sump. In 1973, the HE and radioactive-contaminated portions of structure 14-2 were removed and disposed of at TA-54; Also in 1973, the contents of the SWMU 14-010 sump were removed and disposed of and the sump, floor drain, and drainline from the floor drainline to the sump were excavated by hand and removed. The remainder of the structure was then burned in place. The bullet test facility was constructed over a portion of the area and the remainder was paved. The outlet drainline from the sump remains in place. During the 1997 VCA conducted at the Site, contaminated sand and sediment were removed from the drainage downgradient of the Site.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 14-010. The supplemental investigation report for Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-14, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2016, recommended SWMU 14-010 for corrective action complete without controls. NMED approved this report in November 2020 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted in January 2021.

The project map (Figure 192-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

192.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 192-1).

Table 192-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | | | | |
| V01102040010 | Established Vegetation | - | - | Х | - | В | | | | | | |
| V01103010008 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | | | |
| V01104060007 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | В | | | | | | |
| V01104060011 | Rip Rap | - | - | Х | - | В | | | | | | |
| V01106010009 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | | | |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

192.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2021, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at CDV-SMA-4. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

192.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at CDV-SMA-4 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 192-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85795 | 6-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86702 | 7-1-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87282 | 7-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87988 | 8-10-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88266 | 8-26-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88639 | 9-1-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-4 in 2021.

192.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-4 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 192-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 192-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SWMU 14-010 | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Initiated 4-30-2012. No samples have been collected since the initiation of the Permit. |

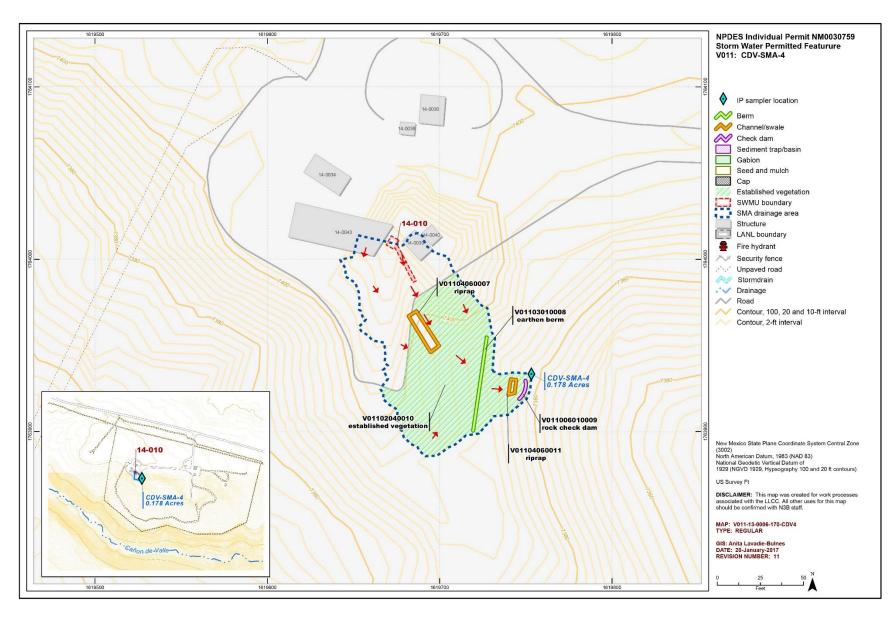


Figure 192-1 CDV-SMA-4 location map

193.0 CDV-SMA-6.01: SWMU 14-006 and AOC 14-001(g)

193.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with V012, CDV-SMA-6.01: Sites 14-006 and 14-001(g).

SWMU 14-006 is a decommissioned HE sump (structure 14-31), associated drainline, and outfall located at TA-14 approximately 45 ft east of control building 14-23. Installed in 1952, the steel-lined sump is constructed of reinforced concrete and measures approximately 4.5 ft wide \times 8 ft long \times 5 ft deep. The sump received discharges from sink and floor drains in building 14-23 and discharged to an outfall approximately 55 ft southeast of the sump. The sump has been filled with concrete and its outlet is plugged (date not known). Currently, the outfall receives only storm water.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 14-006. The supplemental investigation report for Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-14, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2016, recommended SWMU 14-006 for corrective action complete without controls. NMED approved this report in November 2020 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted in January 2021.

AOC 14-001(g) is an active firing pad (structure 14-35) located south of control building 14-23 at TA-14. Installed in 1964, the reinforced concrete pad is 5 ft 2 × 2 ft thick and is surrounded on three sides with a blast shield. At the base, the shield is a 6-ft 2 × 2-ft-thick concrete pad overlain by a neoprene shock pad, a 4.5-in.-thick steel plate, and several inches of sand. The shield directs the force of detonations away from nearby control building 14-23. The AOC 14-001(g) firing pad is used to conduct test shot experiments. AOC 14-001(g) was referred to as SWMU 14-001(g) in historical documents.

Since AOC 14-001(g) is an active firing point, Consent Order samples were collected in sediment catchment areas in the drainage downgradient of the Site to determine if contaminants are migrating from the Site. Consent Order sampling data indicate all detected inorganic and organic chemical concentrations and radionuclide activities are below residential SSLs and confirmed that contaminants are not migrating from the Site. Consent Order investigations will not be conducted at AOC 14-001(g) until firing point activities cease.

The project map (Figure 193-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

193.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 193-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on October 15, 2015, and submitted to EPA on October 16, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 193-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | | | | | | |
| V01202040013 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | | | | |
| V01203010016 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | | | | | |
| V01203010017 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | | |
| V01203010018 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | | |
| V01203020003 | Base Course Berm | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | | | | | | |
| V01206010022 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | | | | | |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

193.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 14-006 and AOC 14-001(g) are monitored within CDV-SMA-6.01. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 31, 2014 (Figure 193-2). In Figure 193-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for copper (10 μ g/L), gross-alpha activity (140 pCi/L), radium-226 and -228 activity (46.3 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 193-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 14-006:

- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above soil BV in three of seven shallow Consent Order samples at a maximum concentration 5.6 times the soil BV.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides may have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. However, radium-226 and radium-228 are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or radium isotopes but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. No alpha-emitting radionuclides were detected or detected above BVs and/or FVs. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

AOC 14-001(q):

Copper is known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above soil BV in 1 of 30 shallow Consent Order samples at a concentration 2 times the soil BV.

• Alpha-emitting radionuclides may have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. However, radium-226 and radium-228 are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or radium isotopes but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. No alpha-emitting radionuclides were detected or detected above BVs and/or FVs. Alpha-emitting radionuclides exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 193-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features,



and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 193-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-6.01 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles, as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

- Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μ g/L; the copper UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μ g/L. The copper result from 2014 is between these two values.
- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2014 gross-alpha result is between these two values.
- Radium-226 and radium-228—The radium-226 and radium-228 UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 52.7 pCi/L, and the radium-226 and radium-228 background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 8.94 pCi/L. The 2014 radium-226 and radium-228 result is between these two values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2014 Annual Report.

193.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at CDV-SMA-6.01 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 193-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85799 | 6-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86706 | 6-28-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87286 | 7-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87993 | 8-10-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88270 | 8-26-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88644 | 9-1-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-6.01 in 2021.

193.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CDV-SMA-6.01 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 193-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 193-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|---------------|---|---|---|
| AOC 14-001(g) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, October 16, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Five Site Monitoring Areas." |
| SWMU 14-006 | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, October 16, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Five Site Monitoring Areas." |

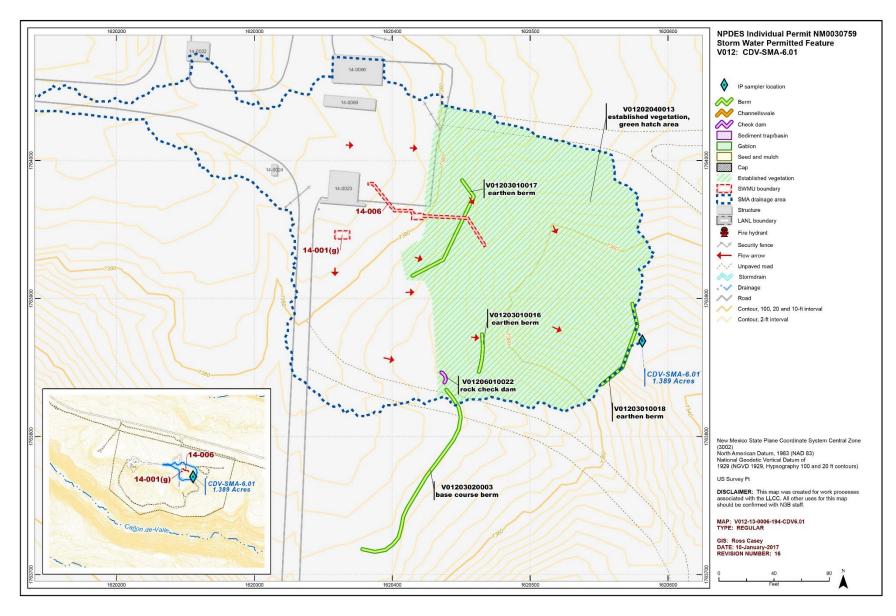


Figure 193-1 CDV-SMA-6.01 location map



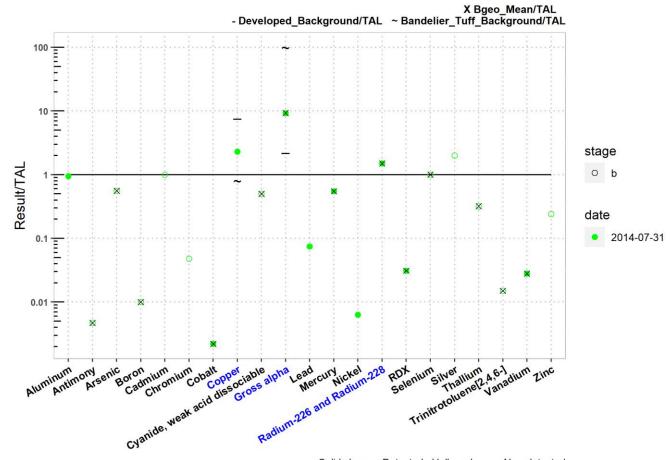


Figure 193-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-6.01

98

| | CDV-SMA-6.01 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|---------|--------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|---------|------------------------------|-------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | NA | NA | 0.0022 | NA | 0.50 | 9.3 | NA | 0.55 | NA | 1.5 | 0.031 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.015 | 0.028 | NA |
| 2014-07-31 d | 0.95 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0022 | 2.3 | NA | 9.3 | 0.075 | 0.55 | 0.0063 | 1.5 | 0.031 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.028 | NA |
| 2014-07-31 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.015 | NA | 0.24 |
| | Bold | font indi | icate i | TAL ex | ceed | lance: | d=detec | ted i | esult/ | ΓAL, n | d=non | detecte | ed resu | lt/TAL | | | | | | | |

Figure 193-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-6.01

194.0 CDV-SMA-6.02: SWMUs 14-002(c), 14-002(d), and 14-002(e)

194.1 **Site Descriptions**

Three historical industrial activity areas are associated with V012A, CDV-SMA-6.02: Sites 14-002(c), 14-002(d), and 14-002(e).

SWMU 14-002(c) is a decommissioned firing site (structure 14-5) located in the southeastern portion of TA-14. Structure 14-5 consisted of a control building and firing pad. Constructed in 1944, the woodframed control building measured 11 ft wide \times 18 ft long \times 10 ft high and was surrounded on three sides by an earthen berm. A 10-ft² \times 8-ft-high concrete firing pad faced with a 0.5-in. steel plate was attached to the exterior south wall of the control building. The firing site was used to conduct small-scale explosive tests until the mid-1950s. Structure 14-5 was converted to a storage area in 1961 where cyanogen gas cylinders were stored from 1965 to the 1970s. In 1980, a 5-ft-diameter metal sphere was installed on the firing pad at the south side of building 14-5. The sphere was used to conduct slowcombustion experiments, which continued until 1985, when building operations ceased. The firing pad was removed at an unknown date. Structure 14-5 was partially destroyed by the Cerro Grande fire in 2000; only the concrete portions of the roof and walls remain.

Before implementation of the 2011 sampling for Sites in the Water/Cañon de Valle watershed, the historical information was thoroughly reviewed. The review determined that SWMU 14-002(c) should be added to CDV-SMA-6.02. Accordingly, the Site description and project map (Figure 194-1) have been updated to include SWMU 14-002(c). SWMU 14-002(c) is located within the current SMA boundary, and no changes to the SMA boundary are required. The sampler location did not change, and samples previously collected are representative of SWMU 14-002(c). An explanation of the error was incorporated in the IP renewal application. The information and evaluation of Site 14-002(c) provided below and in other sections of this SDPPP update are for informational purposes only.

Phase I Consent Order investigation is complete for SWMU 14-002(c). The supplemental investigation report for Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-14, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2016, recommended SWMU 14-002(c) for corrective action complete without controls. NMED approved this report in November 2020 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted in January 2021.

SWMU 14-002(d) is an x-unit chamber (structure 14-14) located at TA-14, approximately 7 ft southwest of structure 14-5 at TA-14. Constructed in 1944, the x-unit chamber was one of two voltage distribution systems installed at the SWMU 14-002(c) firing site. The x-unit chamber was constructed of reinforced concrete and measured approximately 3 ft wide × 4 ft long × 3 ft high. The x-unit housed the firing voltage distribution system used for the remote detonation of small-scale explosives tests at structure 14-5. The x-unit was used from 1944 to the mid-1950s when explosives operations ceased. It is not known whether the chamber is still in place. Investigation of SWMU 14-002(d) is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order. The 1994 RFI work plan for OU 1085 incorrectly identified SWMU 14-002(d) as a firing pad associated with former control building 14-5 [SWMU 14-002(c)]. Engineering drawings reviewed during planning for Consent Order investigations confirmed the firing pad was actually part of SWMU 14-002(c), and SWMU 14-002(d) is an x-unit chamber (ENG C-365).

100

SWMU 14-002(e) is an x-unit chamber (structure 14-15) located at TA-14, approximately 7 ft southeast of structure 14-5 [SWMU 14-002(c)]. Constructed in 1944, the x-unit chamber was one of two voltage distribution systems installed at the SWMU 14-002(c) firing site. The x-unit chamber was constructed of reinforced concrete and measured approximately 3 ft wide × 4 ft long × 3 ft high. The x-unit housed the firing voltage distribution system used for the remote detonation of small-scale explosives tests at former structure 14-5. The x-unit was used from 1944 to the mid-1950s when explosives operations ceased. It is not



known whether the chamber is still in place. Investigation of SWMU 14-002(e) is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order. The 1994 RFI work plan for OU 1085 incorrectly identified SWMU 14-002(e) as a firing pad associated with former control building 14-5 [SWMU 14-002(c)]. Engineering drawings reviewed during planning for Consent Order investigations confirmed the firing pad was actually part of SWMU 14-002(c), and SWMU 14-002(e) is an inactive x-unit chamber.

The project map (Figure 194-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

194.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 194-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on July 18, 2012, and submitted to EPA on July 25, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 194-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | | | | | |
| V012A01010005 | Seed and Wood Mulch | - | - | Х | - | EC | | | | | | | |
| V012A03010004 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | |
| V012A03010006 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | |
| V012A03060008 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | | | | |
| V012A03140009 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | | | | |
| V012A03140010 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | | | | |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

194.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 14-002(c), 14-002(d), and 14-002(e) are monitored within CDV-SMA-6.02. Following the installation of baseline control measures, baseline confirmation samples were collected on August 13, 2011, and September 1, 2011 (Figure 194-2). In Figure 194-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from these baseline samples yielded TAL exceedances for copper (28.1 μ g/L and 29.3 μ g/L), gross-alpha activity (147 pCi/L and 199 pCi/L), and mercury (1.6 μ g/L and 0.95 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 194-2.

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at CDV-SMA-6.02, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on September 13, 2013 (Figure 194-2). In Figure 194-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded no TAL exceedances. Corrective action storm water monitoring is continuing at the SMA until the collection of a second sample.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011 and 2013 Annual Reports.

194.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at CDV-SMA-6.02 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 194-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85800 | 6-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86707 | 7-1-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87287 | 7-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87994 | 8-10-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88271 | 8-26-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88645 | 9-1-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-6.02 in 2021.

194.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CDV-SMA-6.02 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 194-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 194-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|---|---|---|
| SWMU 14-002(c) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, July 25, 2012, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Twelve Site Monitoring Areas." |
| SWMU 14-002(d) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, July 25, 2012, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Twelve Site Monitoring Areas." |
| SWMU 14-002(e) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, July 25, 2012, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Twelve Site Monitoring Areas." |

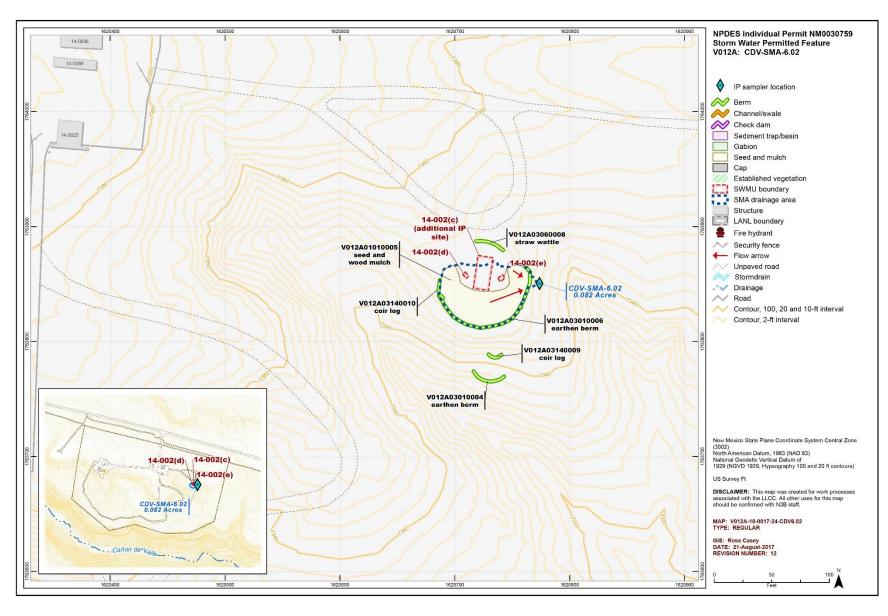


Figure 194-1 CDV-SMA-6.02 location map



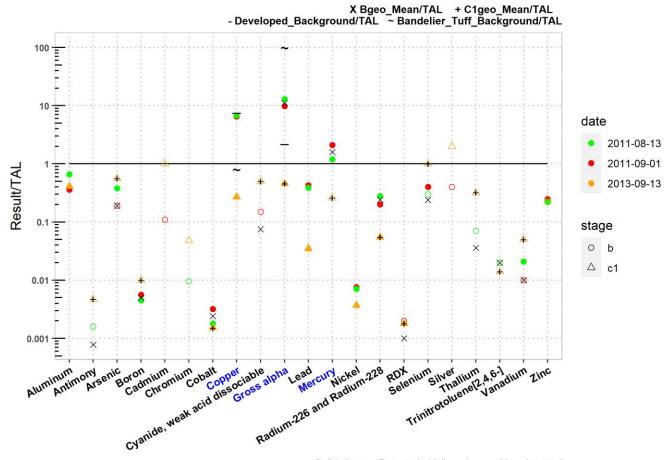


Figure 194-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-6.02

| | CDV-SMA-6.02 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------|---------|----------|------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.00078 | 0.19 | | NA | NA | 0.0024 | NA | 0.075 | 11 | NA | 1.6 | NA | 0.24 | 0.0010 | 0.24 | NA | 0.036 | 0.020 | 0.010 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | NA | NA | 0.0015 | NA | 0.50 | 0.46 | NA | 0.26 | NA | 0.055 | 0.0018 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.014 | 0.050 | NA |
| 2011-08-13 d | 0.66 | NA | 0.38 | 0.0045 | NA | NA | 0.0018 | 6.8 | NA | 13 | 0.39 | 1.2 | 0.0071 | 0.28 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.021 | 0.22 |
| 2011-08-13 nd | NA | 0.0016 | NA | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | 0.15 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0020 | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0.020 | NA | NA |
| 2011-09-01 d | 0.36 | NA | NA | 0.0056 | NA | NA | 0.0032 | 6.5 | NA | 9.8 | 0.43 | 2.1 | 0.0076 | 0.20 | NA | 0.40 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.25 |
| 2011-09-01 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | 0.15 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0020 | NA | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | 0.010 | NA |
| 2013-09-13 d | 0.41 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0015 | 0.27 | NA | 0.46 | 0.035 | NA | 0.0037 | 0.055 | 0.0018 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2013-09-13 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | NA | 0.26 | NA | NA | NA | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.014 | 0.050 | 0.24 |
| | Bold | font indic | ate T | AL exce | edan | ice; d=c | letected | l_resi | ılt/TAL | , nd=r | nondete | ected_ | result/T | AL | | | | | | | |

Figure 194-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-6.02

195.0 CDV-SMA-7: SWMU 15-008(d)

195.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V013, CDV-SMA-7: Site 15-008(d).

SWMU 15-008(d) consists of a building debris pile located south of former building 15-22 in the northwest portion of TA-15 in an area known as "The Hollow." The source of the debris is unknown. Building 15-22 was originally constructed in the 1970s as a control center for an experimental accelerator in nearby building 15-203. This control center was not needed to operate the accelerator, and the building was never used for this purpose. Building 15-22 was reportedly used for storage and was demolished and removed in October 2004.

The Hollow was a series of buildings (former buildings 15-20, 15-194, and 15-203) connected by a common roof structure that had been assembled over the years beginning in 1949. These buildings had various uses, including assembly buildings, laboratories, and shops. Although documentation of what was assembled is not available, it was likely that explosive devices tested elsewhere at TA-15. In the 1960s, building 15-194 had a vapor degreaser (the solvents used were not specified but likely included halogenated hydrocarbons such as trichloroethene; tetrachloroethene; or 1,1,1-trichlorethane). The vapor degreaser was removed in 1987. Building 15-194 also contained stripping tanks that employed sulfuric, chromic, and/or hydrochloric acids. Structures associated with The Hollow were demolished and removed in 2004.

Consent Order sampling has not been conducted at SWMU 15-008(d); no historical investigations were conducted before the Consent Order went into effect in 2005. SWMU 15-008(d) will be sampled during the future Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-15 investigation.

The project map (Figure 195-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

195.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 195-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 4, 2015, and December 9, 2020, and submitted to EPA on September 10, 2015, and December 14, 2020, respectively, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 195-1 Active Control Measures

| | | Purpose of Control | | | | Control |
|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------|---------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V01302040008 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V01303010006 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V01303010007 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| V01303140010 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V01303140011 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V01303140013 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | Х | EC |

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V01303140020 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V01303140021 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| V01303140022 | Coir Log | - | X | - | Х | EC |
| V01303140023 | Coir Log | - | X | - | Х | EC |
| V01304010015 | Earthen Channel/Swale | X | - | Х | - | EC |
| V01304040009 | Culvert | Х | - | Х | - | В |
| V01306010014 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| V01306010016 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V01306010017 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V01306010018 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V01306010019 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V01306010024 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V01306010025 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V01306010026 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

195.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 15-008(d) is monitored within CDV-SMA-7. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 13, 2013 (Figure 195-2). In Figure 195-2, cadmium and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (956 μ g/L), gross-alpha activity (191 pCi/L), and selenium (5.33 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 195-2.

Following the 2015 installation of enhanced controls two corrective action storm water samples were collected on July 17, 2018, and on August 10, 2018 (Figure 195-2). Analytical results from the corrective action monitoring samples yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (222 pCi/L and 186 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 195-2.

Following the 2020 installation of enhanced controls, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on August 26, 2021 (Figure 195-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (113 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 195-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 15-008(d):

 Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at SWMU 15-008(d). Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. Decisionlevel data are not available for SWMU 15-008(d).

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 195-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 195-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-7 is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium-and thorium-bearing minerals.

• Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2013, 2018, and 2021 gross-alpha results are less than this value.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2013, 2018, and 2021 Annual Reports.

195.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at CDV-SMA-7 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 195-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date | | |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85798 | 6-9-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86705 | 7-6-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87285 | 7-29-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87991 | 8-18-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88642 | 9-1-2021 | | |
| TAL Exceedance | COMP-89552 | 10-29-2021 | | |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-7 in 2021.

195.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-7 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 195-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 195-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|---|---|---|
| SWMU 15-008(d) | Enhanced Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 12-9-2020. N3B, December 14, 2020, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for CDV-SMA-7, CDV-SMA-9.05, PJ-SMA-5, P-SMA-2.2, and S-SMA-6." |

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

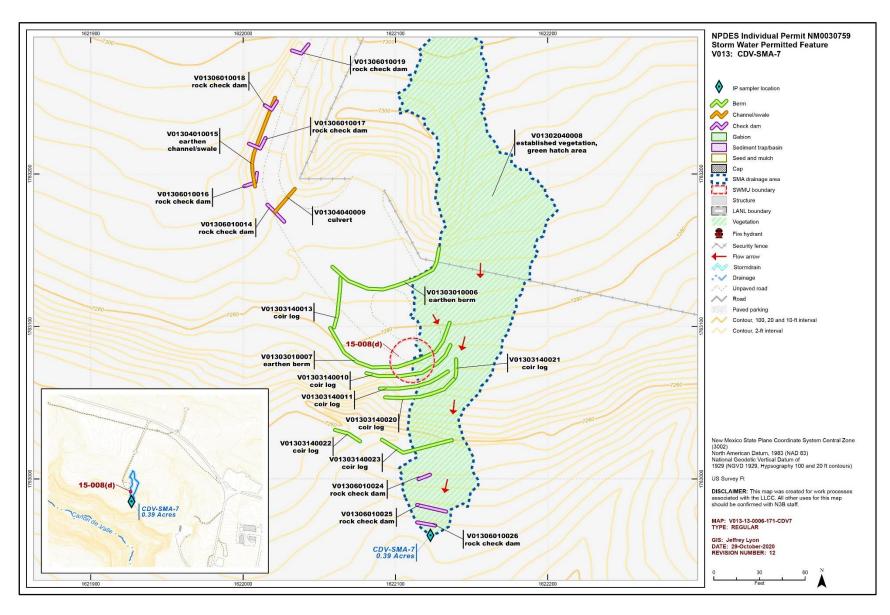


Figure 195-1 CDV-SMA-7 location map

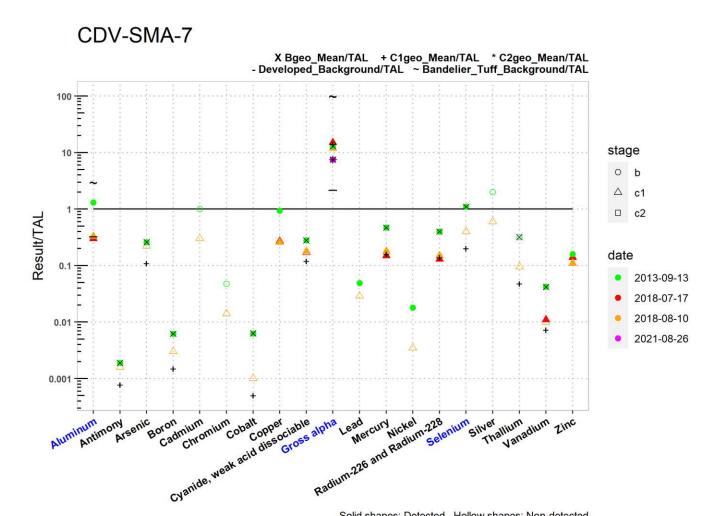


Figure 195-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-7

| CDV-SMA-7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|--------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------|----------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0019 | 0.26 | 0.0062 | NA | NA | 0.0063 | NA | 0.28 | 13 | NA | 0.47 | NA | 0.40 | 1.1 | NA | 0.32 | 0.042 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.00078 | 0.11 | 0.0015 | NA | NA | 0.00050 | NA | 0.12 | 14 | NA | 0.16 | NA | 0.14 | 0.20 | NA | 0.048 | 0.0073 | NA |
| C2geo_mean/ATAL | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 7.5 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2013-09-13 d | 1.3 | 0.0019 | 0.26 | 0.0062 | NA | NA | 0.0063 | 0.94 | 0.28 | 13 | 0.049 | 0.47 | 0.018 | 0.40 | 1.1 | NA | NA | 0.042 | 0.16 |
| 2013-09-13 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.0 | 0.32 | NA | NA |
| 2018-07-17 d | 0.30 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.27 | NA | 15 | NA | 0.15 | NA | 0.13 | NA | NA | NA | 0.011 | 0.14 |
| 2018-07-17 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0030 | 0.30 | 0.014 | 0.0010 | NA | 0.17 | NA | 0.029 | NA | 0.0035 | NA | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.095 | NA | NA |
| 2018-08-10 d | 0.33 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.26 | 0.18 | 12 | NA | 0.18 | NA | 0.15 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.11 |
| 2018-08-10 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0030 | 0.30 | 0.014 | 0.0010 | NA | NA | NA | 0.029 | NA | 0.0035 | NA | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.095 | 0.010 | NA |
| 2021-08-26 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 7.5 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2021-08-26 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indic | ate T | AL exce | edan | ice; d= | detected | _resu | lt/TAL | , nd=n | ondete | ected_ | result/T | AL | | | | | |

Figure 195-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-7

196.0 CDV-SMA-8: SWMU 15-011(c)

196.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V014, CDV-SMA-8: Site 15-011(c).

SWMU 15-011(c) is a dry well and associated drainline located west of the former electron gun building (15-194) in the northwest portion of TA-15 in an area known as "The Hollow." The dry well, reportedly received discharges from two acid cleaning sinks/tanks located within former building 15-50. The sinks/tanks were removed before 1986. Both the 1986 CEARP Report and the 1990 SWMU Report state that effluent may have discharged directly to Cañon de Valle rather than into a dry well. Engineering drawing C-19082 depicts the dry well design and location; however, the drawing is not an as-built drawing. Therefore, it is possible that the dry well was never constructed. The OU 1086 RFI work plan states that no evidence of the dry well was found at the time the work plan was prepared and concludes that effluent from the building was discharged directly to the canyon via the drainage located north and west of the former Hollow buildings. This conclusion is consistent with the CEARP report and the SWMU report.

Buildings 15-194 and 15-50 were decommissioned in the mid-1990s, sustained severe damage in the 2000 Cerro Grande fire, and were subsequently demolished in 2004.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun; decision-level data are not available for SWMU 15-011(c). SWMU 15-011(c) will be sampled during the future Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-15 investigation.

The project map (Figure 196-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

196.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 196-1).

Table 196-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | | Control | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V01402040009 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V01403010008 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V01403010012 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V01406010003 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| V01406010010 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V01406010011 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V01406010013 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V01406010014 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| V01406010015 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

196.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 15-011(c) is monitored within CDV-SMA-8. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 31, 2014 (Figure 196-2). In Figure 196-2, cadmium, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (1360 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (53.4 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 196-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 15-011(c):

- Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Consent Order investigations have not been performed at SWMU 15-011(c); no decisionlevel data are available for this Site.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at this Site. Consent Order investigations have not been performed at
 SWMU 15-011(c); no decision-level data are available for this Site.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 196-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 196-2.

Monitoring location CDV-SMA-8 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including aluminum are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles, as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

- Aluminum—The aluminum UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 245 μg/L; the aluminum UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μg/L. The aluminum result from 2014 is between these values.
- Gross alpha—Gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2014 gross-alpha result is between these values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2014 Annual Report.

196.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at CDV-SMA-8 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 196-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85983 | 6-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86453 | 6-25-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87547 | 8-4-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87992 | 8-17-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88643 | 9-1-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-8 in 2021.

196.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-8 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 196-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 196-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| SWMU 15-011(c) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |

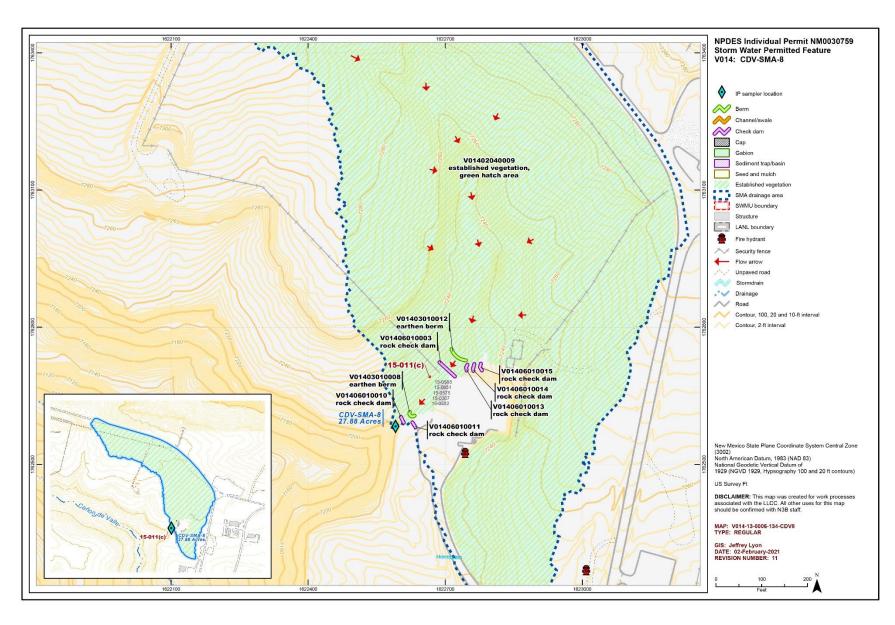


Figure 196-1 CDV-SMA-8 location map



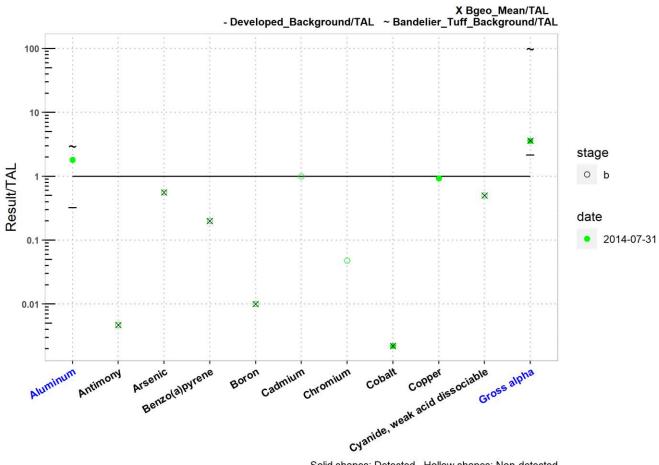
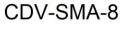


Figure 196-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-8

| CDV-SMA-8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|----------|---------|----------------|-------|---------|----------|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Benzo(a)pyrene | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.20 | 0.010 | NA | NA | 0.0022 | NA | 0.50 | 3.6 |
| 2014-07-31 d | 1.8 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0022 | 0.93 | NA | 3.6 |
| 2014-07-31 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.20 | 0.010 | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA |
| | 2014-07-31 nd NA 0.0047 0.56 0.20 0.010 1.0 0.048 NA NA 0.50 NA Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 196-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-8



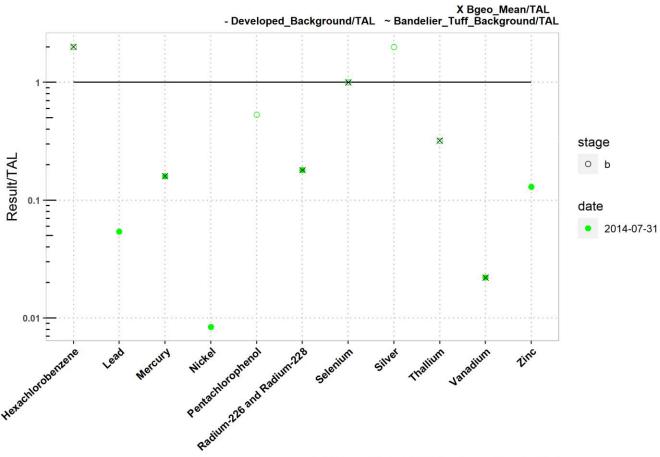


Figure 196-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-8

| | CDV-SMA-8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|----------|---------|---------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|--|
| | Hexachlorobenzene | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Pentachlorophenol | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc | |
| TAL | 5 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 19 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 | |
| MQL | 5 | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | 5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 | |
| ATAL | 5 | NA | 0.77 | NA | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA | |
| MTAL | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | 19 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 | |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | 2.0 | NA | 0.16 | NA | NA | 0.18 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.022 | NA | |
| 2014-07-31 d | NA | 0.054 | 0.16 | 0.0084 | NA | 0.18 | NA | NA | NA | 0.022 | 0.13 | |
| 2014-07-31 nd | 2.0 | NA | NA | NA | 0.53 | NA | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | NA | NA | |
| | Bold | font ind | dicate | TAL exc | eeda | nce; | | | | | | |

 ${\tt d=detected_result/TAL}, \ {\tt nd=nondetected_result/TAL}$

Figure 196-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-8

197.0 CDV-SMA-8.5: SWMU 15-014(a)

197.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V015, CDV-SMA-8.5: Site 15-014(a).

SWMU 15-014(a) is an inactive drainline and outfall associated with former building 15-183. The drainline received effluent from former photoprocessing operations in building 15-183 and discharged to a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA 06A123), located approximately 130 ft from the edge of Cañon de Valle. The drainline and outfall began receiving effluent in 1961 when building 15-183 was first constructed. The drainline associated with this outfall was reportedly replaced in 1987 with a new drainline along the same path as the original drainline. The drainline and the outfall discharge point were plugged in 1997 when the drainline was tied into the TA-16 sanitary sewer system. The outfall was removed from the NPDES permit as of January 14, 1998. Building 15-183 is currently used as a general nonnuclear laboratory.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun; decision-level data are not available for SWMU 15-014(a). SWMU 15-014(a) will be sampled during the future Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-15 investigation.

The project map (Figure 197-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

197.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 197-1).

Table 197-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | | Control | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V01502040006 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V01503010005 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

197.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2021, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at CDV-SMA-8.5. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

197.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at CDV-SMA-8.5 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 197-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85987 | 6-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86454 | 6-21-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87550 | 8-4-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87995 | 8-16-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88647 | 9-1-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-8.5 in 2021.

197.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-8.5 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 197-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 197-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SWMU 15-014(a) | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Initiated 4-30-2012. No samples have been collected since initiation of the Permit. |



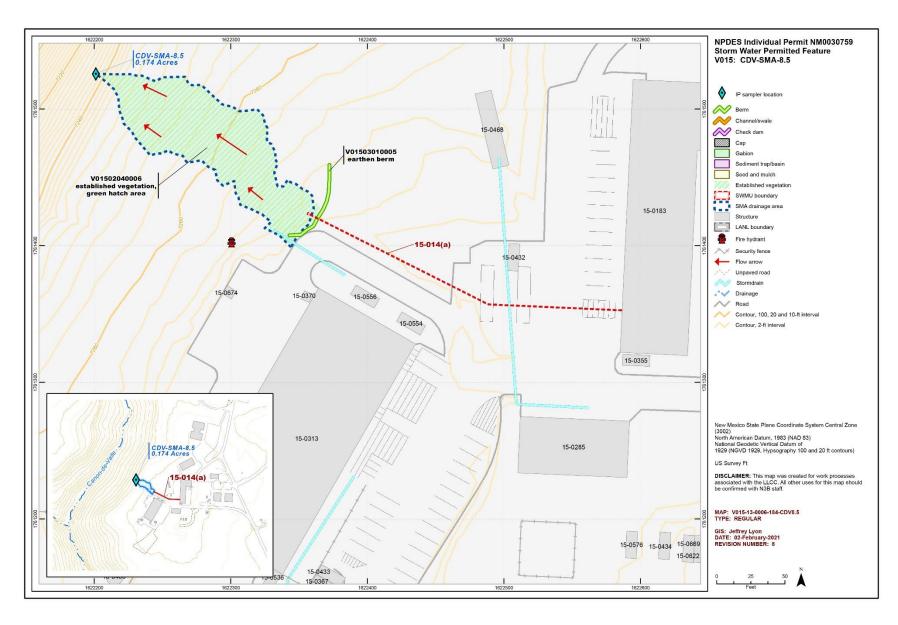


Figure 197-1 CDV-SMA-8.5 location map

198.0 CDV-SMA-9.05: SWMU 15-007(b)

198.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with V016, CDV-SMA-9.05: Site 15-007(b).

SWMU 15-007(b) is an inactive disposal area known as MDA Z that is located northwest of inactive Firing Site G [SWMU 15-004(g)] in the south-central portion of TA-15 on the south side of the road leading to building 15-233. A geophysical survey conducted during the 1995 RFI yielded the following: MDA Z is roughly triangular and approximately 225 ft long \times 50 ft wide with a surface area of approximately 11,250 ft²; the volume of MDA Z measures approximately 2000 yd³. Beginning in 1965, MDA Z received construction and shot debris from PHERMEX consisting of used sandbags filled with concrete and steel blast matting. Disposal activities at MDA Z ceased in the 1980s. When the Site was surveyed after the 2000 Cerro Grande fire, only minor burning of groundcover was noted. The presence of DU in surface soils at the Site was noted during the RFI and during a site visit in 2010.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun; decision-level data are not available for SWMU 15-007(b). SWMU 15-007(b) will be sampled during the future Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-15 investigation.

The project map (Figure 198-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

198.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 198-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on December 9, 2020, and submitted to EPA on December 14, 2020, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 198-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | | Control | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| V01602040005 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| V01603010002 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | X | СВ |
| V01603010003 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | X | СВ |
| V01603010004 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | X | СВ |
| V01603140006 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | X | В |
| V01606010007 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | X | EC |
| V01606010008 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| V01606010009 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

198.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 15-007(b) is monitored within CDV-SMA-9.05. A baseline storm water sample was collected on August 10, 2018 (Figure 198-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (16.4 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 198-2.

Following the installation of enhanced controls, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on August 26, 2021 (Figure 195-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded no TAL exceedances and are presented in Figure 198-2.

CDV-SMA-9.05 is currently in continued enhanced control confirmation monitoring to collect a second complete sample with all results below the applicable MTAL or ATAL.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2018 and 2021 Annual Reports.

198.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at CDV-SMA-9.05 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 198-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date | | |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85988 | 6-9-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86455 | 6-23-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87551 | 8-3-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87996 | 8-17-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88648 | 8-30-2021 | | |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CDV-SMA-9.05 in 2021.

198.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CDV-SMA-9.05 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 198-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 198-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|--|--|---|
| SWMU 15-007(b) | Enhanced Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 12-9-2020. N3B, December 14, 2020, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for CDVSMA-7, CDV-SMA-9.05, PJ-SMA-5, P-SMA-2.2, and S-SMA-6." |

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

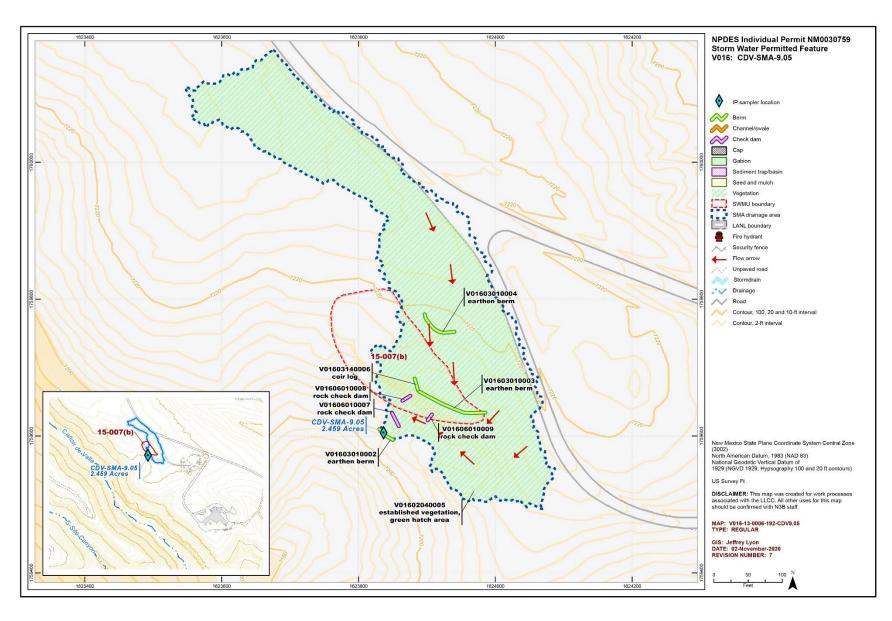


Figure 198-1 CDV-SMA-9.05 location map



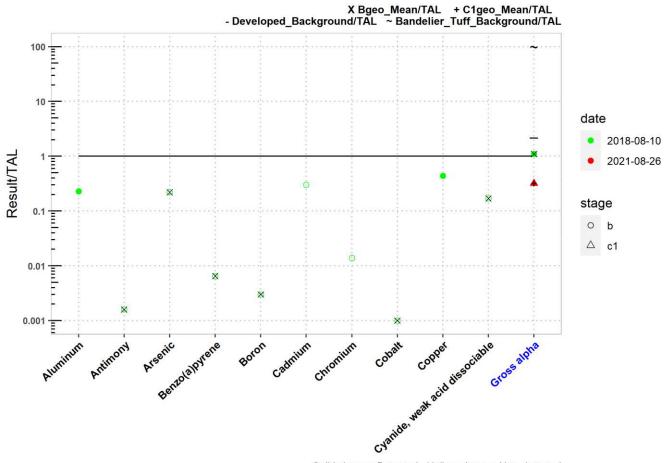


Figure 198-2 Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-9.05

| | CDV-SMA-9.05 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|----------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|-------------|--|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Benzo(a)pyrene | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0065 | 0.0030 | NA | NA | 0.0010 | NA | 0.17 | 1.1 | |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.32 | |
| 2018-08-10 d | 0.23 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.44 | NA | 1.1 | |
| 2018-08-10 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0065 | 0.0030 | 0.30 | 0.014 | 0.0010 | NA | 0.17 | NA | |
| 2021-08-26 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.32 | |
| 2021-08-26 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL exc | eedand | e; | | | | | | |

d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL

Figure 198-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-9.05



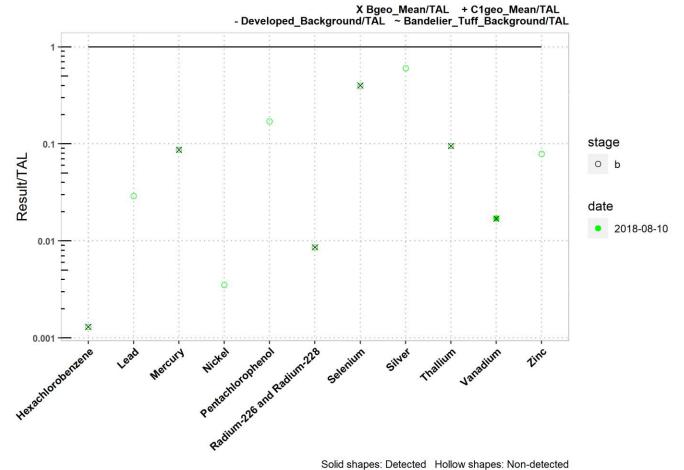


Figure 198-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-9.05

| CDV-SMA-9.05 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|-------|
| | Hexachlorobenzene | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Pentachlorophenol | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 5 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 19 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 5 | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | 5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | 5 | NA | 0.77 | NA | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | 19 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | 0.0013 | NA | 0.087 | NA | NA | 0.0086 | 0.40 | NA | 0.095 | 0.017 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2018-08-10 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.017 | NA |
| 2018-08-10 nd | 0.0013 | 0.029 | 0.087 | 0.0035 | 0.17 | 0.0086 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.095 | NA | 0.079 |
| 2021-08-26 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2021-08-26 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | d=detec | cted_re | esult/T | AL, nd= | nond | etected | resu | lt/TAL | _ | | |

Figure 198-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for CDV-SMA-9.05

199.0 F-SMA-2: AOC 36-004(c)

199.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with F001, F-SMA-2: Site 36-004(c).

AOC 36-004(c) consists of an active firing site, known as Minie Firing Site, located at TA-36 near the head of Fence Canyon, approximately 800 ft south of the Meenie Firing Site [AOC 36-004(b)]. Facilities associated with the Minie Firing Site include a control bunker (building 36-8), a make-up building (building 36-7), a firing platform, and an x-ray house. Construction of the Minie Firing Site was completed in 1950. The Site has been used extensively to conduct armor-piercing experiments in which penetrator jets are directed at targets at the canyon wall to the west of the Site. Metal plates are placed behind the targets to stop the penetrators. The Minie Firing Site has also been used for OD of scrap HE. In addition, emergency detonation of leaking gas cylinders has also been performed, but on a very infrequent basis.

Consent Order nature and extent sampling was not conducted at AOC 36-004(c) because the Site is an active RCRA-regulated OD unit. However, Consent Order samples were collected in sediment catchment areas in the drainage channel downgradient of the Site to determine if contaminants are migrating from the Site. The migration of potential contaminants from AOC 36-004(c) is limited to the drainage downgradient of the Site for all constituents and does not extend beyond Fence Canyon Reach F-3. Further Consent Order investigations are deferred under Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order until the firing site is no longer active.

The project map (Figure 199-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

199.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 199-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on June 27, 2014, and September 28, 2015, and submitted to EPA on July 11, 2014, and September 29, 2015, respectively, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 199-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| F00102040018 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| F00103010017 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| F00103010024 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| F00103010025 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010026 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010027 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010028 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010029 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010030 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |

| | | | | Control | | |
|--------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| F00103010031 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010035 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| F00103010036 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010037 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010039 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010040 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010041 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010042 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010043 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| F00103010044 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| F00103120021 | Rock Berm | - | - | - | Х | EC |
| F00103120023 | Rock Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| F00103140052 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| F00104010001 | Earthen Channel/Swale | Х | - | Х | - | СВ |
| F00104010038 | Earthen Channel/Swale | Х | - | Х | - | EC |
| F00104050033 | Water Bar | - | - | Х | - | EC |
| F00104060034 | Rip Rap | - | - | Х | - | EC |
| F00104060049 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | В |
| F00104060050 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | В |
| F00105060022 | Infiltration Basin | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| F00106010045 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| F00106010046 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| F00106010047 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

199.3 Storm Water Monitoring

AOC 36-004(c) is monitored within F-SMA-2. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on August 15, 2011 (Figure 199-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (866 μ g/L), copper (72.5 μ g/L), and gross-alpha activity (140 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 199-2.

Following the 2014 installation of enhanced control measures at F-SMA-2, corrective action storm water samples were collected on July 15, 2014, and July 31, 2014 (Figure 199-2). Analytical results from these corrective action monitoring samples yielded TAL exceedances for copper (10.8 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (112 pCi/L and 58.9 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 199-2.

Following the 2015 installation of enhanced control measures at F-SMA-2, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on August 26, 2021 (Figure 199-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (839 μ g/L), copper (8.87 μ g/L) grossalpha activity (37.2 pCi/L), and selenium (6.91 μ g/L), and are presented in Figure 199-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

AOC 36-004(c):

- Aluminum was likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
 Aluminum was not detected above BVs in any of the 14 samples collected in the drainage downgradient of AOC 36-004(c).
- Copper was likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Copper was detected above soil BV in 5 of 14 samples at maximum concentration 2.1 times the soil BV.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at AOC 36-004(c). Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-234 and uranium-235/236 were not detected above BVs in 14 shallow samples. Uranium-238 was detected above soil BV in 2 of 14 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 2 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.
- Selenium is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Selenium was detected above soil or sediment BVs in 10 of 14 samples collected in the drainage downgradient of AOC 36-004(c) with a maximum concentration of 1.4 times the soil BV.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 199-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 199-2.

Monitoring location F-SMA-2 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including aluminum and copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles, as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

- Aluminum—The aluminum UTL from developed urban landscape storm water run-on is 245 μ g/L; aluminum background storm water UTL from locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μ g/L. The aluminum results from 2011 and 2021 are between these values.
- Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μg/L; copper background storm water UTL from locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μg/L. The copper result from 2011 is greater than both of these values, while the 2014 and 2021 results are between these two values.

- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha background UTL for locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2011, 2014, and 2021 gross-alpha results are between these two values.
- Selenium—A UTL could not be calculated because of the insufficient number of detections.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011, 2014, and 2021 Annual Reports.

199.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG267.4 recorded six storm events at F-SMA-2 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 199-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date | | |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-86000 | 6-8-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86715 | 7-1-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86994 | 7-19-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88279 | 8-26-2021 | | |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88668 | 8-27-2021 | | |
| TAL Exceedance | COMP-89547 | 11-5-2021 | | |

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 199-3 Maintenance during 2021

| Maintenance Reference | Maintenance Conducted | Maintenance Date | Response Time | Response Discussion |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| BMP-86359 | Installed Coir Log F00103140052 as a replacement for Coir Log F00103140051. Removed metal and wood debris from southwest side of swales as needed. | 7-19-2021 | 41 day(s) | Maintenance was delayed. |
| BMP-89389 | Reset rocks in damaged sections of Earthen Berm F00103010028, Earthen Berm F00103010029, and Rock Berm F00103120021 and cleaned out sediment from controls as needed. Placed additional rock to reinforce downgradient edge of Earthen Berm F00103010028. Extended Rock Berm F00103120023 on the northern side. | 10-19-2021 | 53 day(s) | Maintenance was delayed. |
| BMP-90109 | Reset rock in Rock Berm F00103120023 to re-establish low point spillway in middle of berm to address runoff diverting around side of berm. Added rock to spillway of Earthen Berm F00103010031 to replace displaced rock and cover spillway. | 12-21-2021 | 46 day(s) | Maintenance was delayed. |

199.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with F-SMA-2 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 199-4 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 199-4 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|---------------|---|---|---|
| AOC 36-004(c) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 9-28-2015. LANL, September 29, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas." |

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

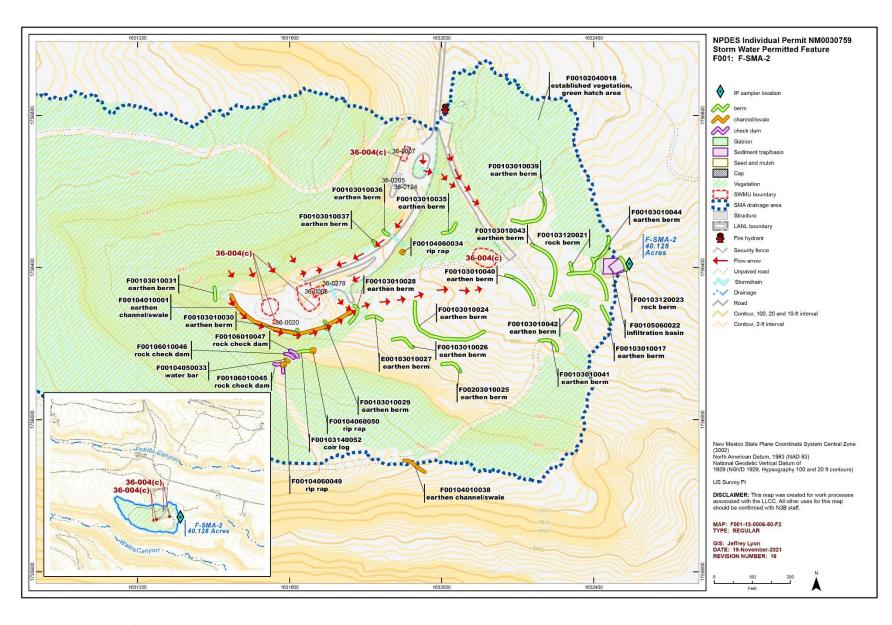


Figure 199-1 F-SMA-2 location map



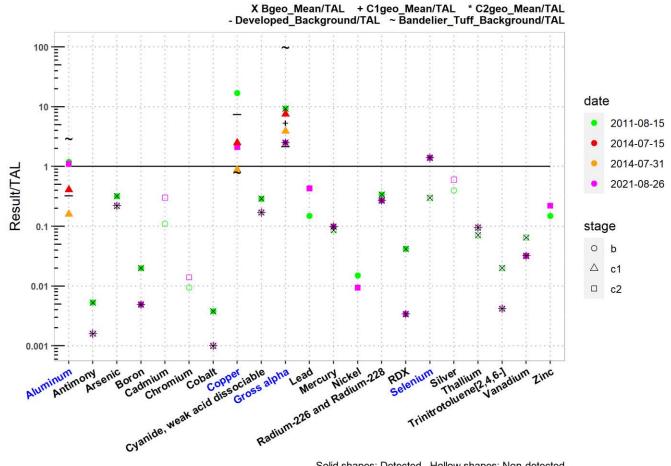


Figure 199-2 Analytical results summary for F-SMA-2

| | F-SMA-2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|------|---------|----------|------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0053 | 0.32 | 0.020 | NA | NA | 0.0038 | NA | 0.29 | 9.3 | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.34 | 0.042 | 0.30 | NA | 0.071 | 0.020 | 0.065 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 5.4 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| C2geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0049 | NA | NA | 0.0010 | NA | 0.17 | 2.5 | NA | 0.099 | NA | 0.27 | 0.0034 | 1.4 | NA | 0.095 | 0.0042 | 0.032 | NA |
| 2011-08-15 d | 1.2 | 0.0053 | 0.32 | 0.020 | NA | NA | 0.0038 | 17 | 0.29 | 9.3 | 0.15 | NA | 0.015 | 0.34 | 0.042 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.15 |
| 2011-08-15 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.086 | NA | NA | NA | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0.020 | 0.065 | NA |
| 2014-07-15 d | 0.41 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.5 | NA | 7.5 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2014-07-15 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2014-07-31 d | 0.16 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.88 | NA | 3.9 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2014-07-31 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2021-08-26 d | 1.1 | NA | NA | 0.0049 | NA | NA | NA | 2.1 | NA | 2.5 | 0.43 | 0.099 | 0.0094 | 0.27 | 0.0034 | 1.4 | NA | NA | NA | 0.032 | 0.22 |
| 2021-08-26 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | NA | 0.30 | 0.014 | 0.0010 | NA | 0.17 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.60 | 0.095 | 0.0042 | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | cate ' | TAL exc | ceeda | nce; d= | detecte | d_res | sult/TA | L, nd= | nond | etecte | d_result | /TAL | | | | | | | |

Figure 199-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for F-SMA-2

200.0 PT-SMA-0.5: SWMU 15-009(e) and AOC C-15-004

200.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with IOO1, PT-SMA-0.5: Sites 15-009(e) and C-15-004.

SWMU 15-009(e) is a decommissioned septic system that served building 15-27 at E-F Firing Site [SWMU 15-004(f)] at TA-15. The 1990 SWMU Report describes SWMU 15-009(e) as a semi-active septic system consisting of a septic tank (structure 15-72) reportedly measuring 4 ft long x 3 ft wide x 5 ft deep, with a 1200-gal. capacity that discharged to an outfall in Potrillo Canyon and served building 15-27. During the 1997 VCA conducted at SWMU 15-009(e), the decommissioned septic tank (structure 15-72) was uncovered and determined to have been constructed of reinforced concrete with a 1500-gal. capacity, and dimensions of 9 ft long x 7 ft wide x 5 ft deep. The septic system was constructed in 1947 and received sanitary waste from the E-F Firing Site control building 15-27 located approximately 175 ft northeast of septic tank 15-72. Engineering drawings show a 4-in.-diameter VCP inlet drainline exited the west side of building 15-27 and connected to the decommissioned septic tank (structure 15-72) southwest of the building. A 4-in.-diameter VCP outlet drainline discharged from the septic tank (structure 15-72) to an outfall in Potrillo Canyon approximately 40 ft southwest of the decommissioned septic tank. The septic tank was used until 1981 when E-F Firing Site last operated.

SWMU 15-009(e) is included in the supplemental investigation report for Potrillo and Fence Canyons Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2019. The report recommended SWMU 15-009(e) for additional field characterization activities. SWMU 15-009(e) is included in the Phase II Investigation Work Plan for the Potrillo and Fence Canyons Aggregate Area, submitted to NMED in September 2021. The results from these planned activities will be presented in a future Phase II investigation report.

AOC C-15-004 is a former transformer station (former structure 15-56) that was located approximately 30 ft southwest of the former E-F Firing Site [SWMU 15-004(f)] control room (building 15-27) at TA-15. Two transformers (18-gal. and 30-gal. mineral oil capacity) were located on a 5-ft-long wooden platform 10 ft above the ground. Each transformer contained mineral oil with PCBs of unknown concentration. The date the transformers were installed is not known, but they were removed from the Site in 1989. No evidence was found of a release on the wooden platform or on the soil beneath the platform.

Consent Order sampling is complete for AOC C-15-004. All detected inorganic and organic chemical concentrations and radionuclide activities from Consent Order samples were below residential SSLs and SALs. The supplemental investigation report for Potrillo and Fence Canyons Aggregate Area, Revision 1, recommended AOC C-15-004 for a COC without controls. NMED approved the report in October 2020 and a request for a COC without controls for AOC C-15-004 under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in December 2020.

The project map (Figure 200-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

200.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 200-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on November 27, 2012, and submitted to EPA on December 13, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 200-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status | | | |
| 100102040009 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | |
| 100103010007 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | |
| 100103010008 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC | | | |
| 100103140014 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| 100103140015 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| 100104030012 | Rock Channel/Swale | Х | х - х - | | | | | | |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

200.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 15-009(e) and AOC C-15-004 are monitored within PT-SMA-0.5. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 1, 2011 (Figure 200-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (1380 μ g/L), copper (6.5 μ g/L), and gross-alpha activity (79.5 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 200-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e. less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 15-009(e):

- Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was not detected above BVs in any of the 13 shallow Consent Order and VCA confirmation samples collected at SWMU 15-009(e).
- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
 Copper was detected above the soil BV in 1 of 13 shallow Consent Order and VCA confirmation samples collected at SWMU 15-009(e) at a concentration of 1.1 times the soil BV.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at SWMU 15-009(e). Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from
 regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha
 radioactivity.

AOC C-15-004:

- Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was not detected above BVs in any of the four shallow Consent Order samples collected at AOC C-15-004.
- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Copper was detected above the soil BV in three of four shallow Consent Order samples collected at AOC C-15-004 at a maximum concentration 3.6 times the soil BV.

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at AOC C-15-004. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation
under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 200-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 200-2.

Monitoring location PT-SMA-0.5 is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with aluminum, copper, and gross-alpha MTAL and ATAL exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. Copper and aluminum are associated with minerals in the Bandelier Tuff as well.

- Aluminum—The aluminum UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 µg/L; the result from 2011 is less than this value.
- Copper—The copper UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 µg/L; the result from 2011 is greater than this value.
- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L; the result from 2011 is less than this value.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2011 Annual Report.

200.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at PT-SMA-0.5 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 200-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-86031 | 6-8-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86510 | 6-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87562 | 8-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88023 | 8-16-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88728 | 8-31-2021 |

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 200-3 Maintenance during 2021

| Maintenance | Maintenance Conducted | Maintenance | Response | Response |
|-------------|--|-------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Reference | | Date | Time | Discussion |
| BMP-89034 | Installed Coir Logs I00103140014 and I00103140015 as a replacements for Straw Wattles I00103060011 and I00103060013. | 10-8-2021 | 38 day(s) | Maintenance was delayed. |

200.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with PT-SMA-0.5 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 200-4 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 200-4 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|---|--|---|
| SWMU 15-009(e) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 11-27-2012. LANL, December 13, 2012, "Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Nine Site Monitoring Areas." |
| AOC C-15-004 | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 11-27-2012. LANL, December 13, 2012, "Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Nine Site Monitoring Areas." |

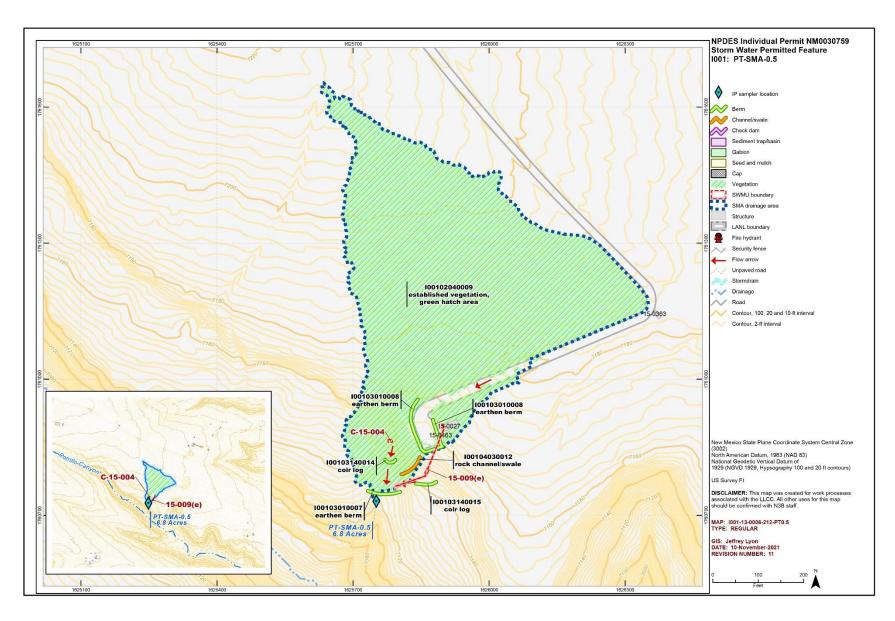


Figure 200-1 PT-SMA-0.5 location map



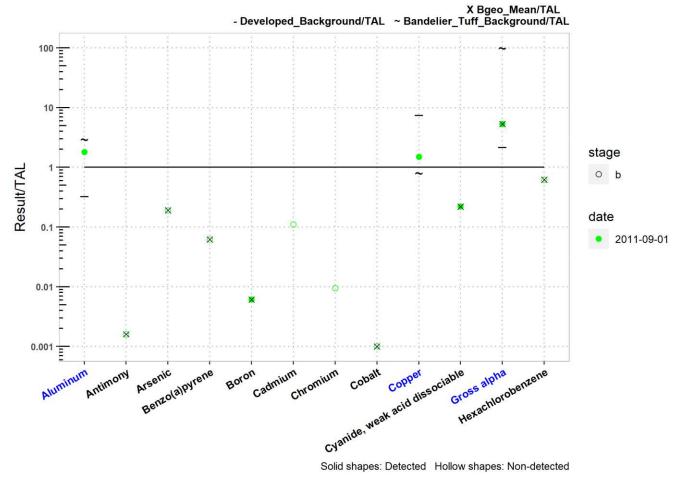


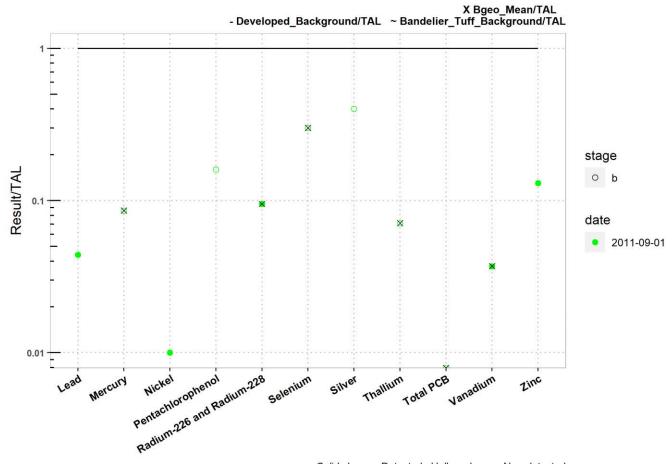
Figure 200-2 Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-0.5

| | | | | PT- | SMA- | -0.5 | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|----------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Benzo(a)pyrene | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Hexachlorobenzene |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 5 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | NA |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.062 | 0.0061 | NA | NA | 0.0010 | NA | 0.22 | 5.3 | 0.62 |
| 2011-09-01 d | 1.8 | NA | NA | NA | 0.0061 | NA | NA | NA | 1.5 | 0.22 | 5.3 | NA |
| 2011-09-01 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.062 | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | 0.0010 | NA | NA | NA | 0.62 |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL ex | ceedar | ice; | | | | | | |

d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL

Figure 200-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-0.5





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 200-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-0.5

| | | | PT | -SN | 1A-0 | .5 | | | | | |
|----------------|---------|----------|--------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|-----------|----------|------|
| | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Pentachlorophenol | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Total PCB | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 19 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 0.00064 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 0.5 | 5 0.005 | 0.5 | 5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 0.77 | NA | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 0.00064 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | 19 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.086 | NA | NA | 0.095 | 0.30 | NA | 0.071 | 0 | 0.037 | NA |
| 2011-09-01 d | 0.044 | NA | 0.010 | NA | 0.095 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.037 | 0.13 |
| 2011-09-01 nd | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.16 | NA | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0 | NA | NA |
| | Bold fo | ont indi | cate T | AL ex | ceeda | nce: | | | | | |

d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL

Figure 200-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-0.5

201.0 PT-SMA-1: SWMUs 15-004(f) and 15-008(a)

201.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with I002, PT-SMA-1: Sites 15-004(f) and 15-008(a).

SWMU 15-004(f) is an inactive firing site, E-F Firing Site, that consists of three inactive firing points (D, E, and F) covering a total area of approximately 60 acres at TA-15. E-F Firing Site began operating in 1946 and was last used in 1981. It was operated extensively from 1947 to 1973 and was the largest firing site at the Laboratory. The 1990 SWMU Report describes SWMU 15-004(f) as E-F Firing Site, a decommissioned firing site, consisting of a control chamber (structure 15-27) and an x-unit chamber (former structure 15-26) at TA-15. The 1990 SWMU Report incorrectly associated decommissioned Firing Site D with SWMU 15-004(e); Firing Point D is part of SWMU 15-004(f). Originally, E-F Firing Site consisted of a single firing point (D), which operated from 1946 to 1949. The structures associated with Firing Point D were a control chamber (former structure 15-34) and an x-unit chamber (former structure 15-36) as shown on engineering drawing ENG-R 130. In 1946, the firing area was expanded to include Firing Point E, which was used for large-scale shots containing up to 2500 lb of HE, and Firing Point F, which was used for smaller-scale shots. Firing Points E and F were approximately 650 ft apart and were wired to an underground control bunker (structure 15-27). Firing Points E and F were subsequently combined into E-F Firing Site. Tests at the two new firing points were conducted on the ground and created depressions in the ground. After test shots, the firing points were either regraded or backfilled with gravel to fill in depressions caused by the test shots. Eventually, nearby soil was mounded on the north and south sides of Firing Point E to protect structures at TA-15 from shrapnel. The x-unit chamber (former structure 15-26) associated with Firing Site E was damaged and removed in April 1952, and subsequently replaced with a new x-unit chamber (structure 15-134) according to the TA-15 Structure History Book and engineering drawing ENG-R 5110. As-built drawing ENG-C 12820, engineering drawing A5-C37, and a 1958 aerial photograph indicate the approximate locations and dimensions of Firing Points D, E, and F. Firing Point D measures approximately 110 ft long × 85 ft wide, Firing Point E measures approximately 60 ft in diameter, and Firing Point F measures approximately 60 ft in diameter. Tests at E-F Firing Site involved HE, uranium (metal and depleted), beryllium, lead, and mercury.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 15-004(f). The objective of the investigation was to identify areas and depths of soil requiring corrective action and to determine if contaminants are migrating from the Site. Although several constituents were detected above industrial SSLs/SALs, the Site does not pose a current risk because of the administrative controls that are in place. Per the Potrillo and Fence Canyons Aggregate Area supplemental investigation report, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in July 2019, additional samples will be collected during the Phase II investigation to verify the distribution of potential contamination; subsequently, potential corrective actions for the Site will be identified and evaluated. The migration of potential contaminants from SWMU 15-004(f) is limited to the drainage downgradient of the Site for most constituents and does not extend beyond Potrillo Canyon Reach PO-3. The Phase II Investigation Work Plan for Potrillo and Fence Canyons Aggregate Area were submitted to NMED in September 2021, and recommends soil removal and confirmation sampling at SWMU 15-004(f).

SWMU 15-008(a) consists of two small surface disposal areas located on the edge of Potrillo Canyon, one south and one east of E-F Firing Site [SWMU 15-004(f)], at TA-15. The disposal areas were located within approximately 350 ft of each other, with each disposal area having dimensions of approximately 8 ft in diameter × 2 ft high. Both areas were used to dispose of debris from tests conducted at E-F Firing

Site, including soil, rock, pebbles, metal fragments, plastic, electrical cable, and electrical accessories. The exact period of operation of the surface disposal areas is not known but probably falls within the period of operation for E-F Firing Site (1946 to 1981). All debris and soil were removed from both surface disposal areas during the 2010 Phase I Consent Order investigation. Excavated environmental media and manmade debris from SWMU 15-008(a) were characterized as LLW and disposed of at TA-54.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 15-008(a). SWMU 15-008(a) is located within the boundary of E-F Firing Site [SWMU 15-004(f)]. Per the Potrillo and Fence Canyons Aggregate Area supplemental investigation report, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in July 2019, this Site will not be eligible for a COC until additional investigation and corrective actions are complete for E-F Firing Site.

The project map (Figure 201-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

201.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 201-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on August 3, 2012, and October 15, 2015, and submitted to EPA on August 27, 2012, and October 16, 2015, respectively, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 201-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| 100201010022 | Seed and Wood Mulch | - | - | Х | - | СВ |
| 100202040034 | Established Vegetation | - | X | Х | - | В |
| 100203010018 | Earthen Berm | - | X | - | Х | СВ |
| 100203010019 | Earthen Berm | - | X | - | Х | СВ |
| 100203010020 | Earthen Berm | - | Χ | - | Х | СВ |
| 100203010021 | Earthen Berm | - | Χ | - | Х | СВ |
| 100203010023 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100203010024 | Earthen Berm | - | Χ | - | Х | EC |
| 100203010025 | Earthen Berm | - | X | - | Х | EC |
| 100203010026 | Earthen Berm | - | Χ | - | Х | EC |
| 100203010027 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100203010028 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100203010029 | Earthen Berm | - | Χ | - | Х | EC |
| 100203010030 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100203010039 | Earthen Berm | - | Χ | - | Х | EC |
| 100203060035 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| 100203060036 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| 100203060037 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| 100203120012 | Rock Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|----------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| 100203120013 | Rock Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| 100203120038 | Rock Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| 100203140040 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100203140041 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100206010031 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100206010032 | Rock Check Dam | - | X | - | Х | EC |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

201.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 15-004(f) and 15-008(a) are monitored within PT-SMA-1. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 1, 2011 (Figure 201-2). In Figure 201-2, cadmium, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (6550 μ g/L), copper (174 μ g/L), gross-alpha activity (104 μ Ci/L), and zinc (75.9 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 201-2.

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at PT-SMA-1, corrective action storm water samples were collected on July 9, 2014, and July 31, 2014 (Figure 201-2). Analytical results from these corrective action monitoring samples yielded TAL exceedances for copper (45.5 μ g/L and 21.4 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (650 pCi/L and 4400 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure201-2.

Following a sampler move to a more representative monitoring location, a corrective action monitoring storm water sample was collected on September 26, 2017 (Figure 201-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for copper (4.8 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (17.6 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 201-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 15-004(f):

 Copper was likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Copper was detected above soil BV in 37of 69 shallow Consent Order and RFI samples at a maximum concentration 561 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Shallow RFI and Consent Order samples were not analyzed for grossalpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alphaemitting radionuclides. Uranium-234 was detected above soil BV in 42 of 51 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 202 times the soil BV.



Uranium-235/236 was detected above soil BV in 39 of 51 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 365 times the soil BV. Uranium-238 was detected above soil BV in 41 of 51 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 1371 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted grossalpha radioactivity.

SWMU 15-008(a):

- Copper was likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Copper was detected above soil BV in 13 of 22 shallow Consent Order samples at a maximum concentration 525 times the soil BV.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-234 was detected above soil BV in 16 of 21 samples with a maximum activity of 190 times the soil BV. Uranium-235/236 was detected above soil BV in 15 of 21 samples with a maximum activity of 133 times the soil BV. Uranium-238 was detected above soil BV in 16 of 21 samples with a maximum activity of 297 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted grossalpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTL using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 201-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 201-2.

Monitoring location PT-SMA-1 is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with copper and gross-alpha MTAL and ATAL exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. Copper is associated with minerals in the Bandelier Tuff as well.

• Copper—The copper UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 µg/L; the results from 2011, 2014, and 2017 are greater than this value.

• Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L; the results from 2011 and 2017 and one result from 2014 are less than this value. The other result from 2014 is greater than this value.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011, 2014, and 2017 Annual Reports.

201.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at PT-SMA-1 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 201-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-86032 | 6-8-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86511 | 6-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87563 | 8-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88024 | 8-16-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88729 | 8-31-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at PT-SMA-1 in 2021.

201.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with PT-SMA-1 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 201-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 201-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|--|--|---|
| SWMU 15-004(f) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | N3B, April 22, 2019, "Alternative Compliance Request for 7 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 15-008(a) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | N3B, April 22, 2019, "Alternative Compliance Request for 7 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |

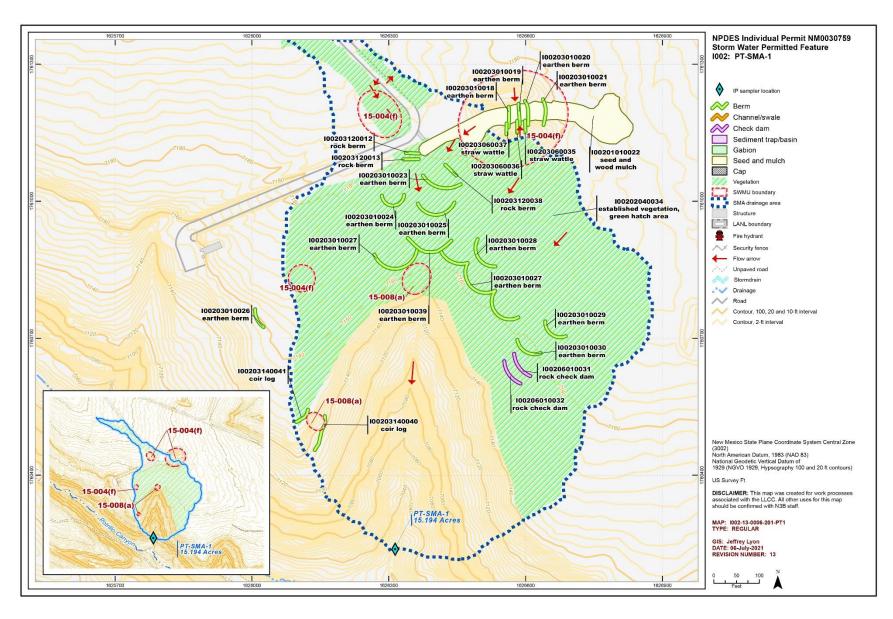


Figure 201-1 PT-SMA-1 location map

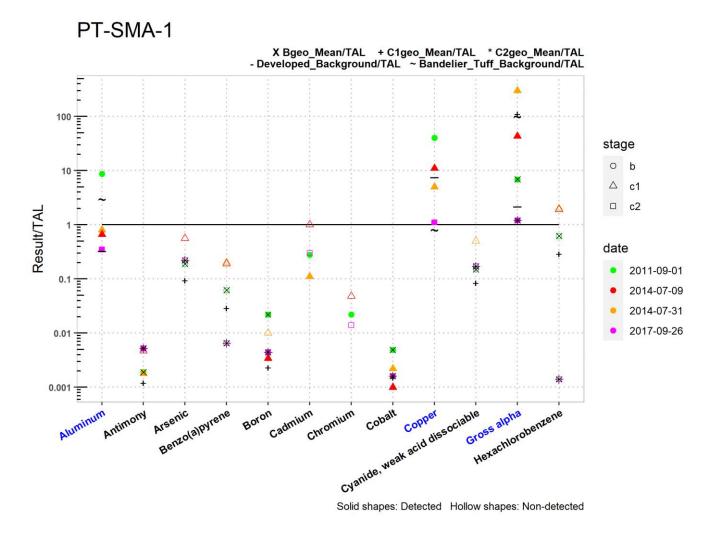
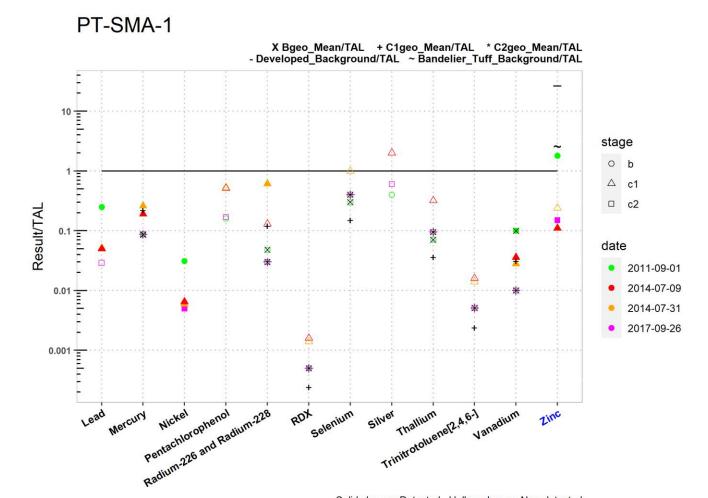


Figure 201-2 Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-1

| | | | | PT- | SMA. | -1 | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|-----------|---------|----------------|---------|----------|----------|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Benzo(a)pyrene | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Hexachlorobenzene |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 5 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | NA |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0019 | 0.19 | 0.062 | 0.022 | NA | NA | 0.0049 | NA | 0.15 | 6.9 | 0.62 |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0012 | 0.094 | 0.029 | 0.0023 | NA | NA | 0.0015 | NA | 0.084 | 110 | 0.29 |
| C2geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0052 | 0.22 | 0.0065 | 0.0044 | NA | NA | 0.0016 | NA | 0.17 | 1.2 | 0.0014 |
| 2011-09-01 d | 8.7 | 0.0019 | NA | NA | 0.022 | 0.28 | 0.022 | 0.0049 | 40 | NA | 6.9 | NA |
| 2011-09-01 nd | NA | NA | 0.19 | 0.062 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.15 | NA | 0.62 |
| 2014-07-09 d | 0.66 | NA | NA | NA | 0.0034 | NA | NA | 0.0010 | 11 | NA | 43 | NA |
| 2014-07-09 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.19 | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | 1.9 |
| 2014-07-31 d | 0.80 | 0.0018 | NA | NA | NA | 0.11 | NA | 0.0022 | 5.0 | NA | 300 | NA |
| 2014-07-31 nd | NA | NA | 0.56 | 0.20 | 0.010 | NA | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | 2.0 |
| 2017-09-26 d | 0.35 | 0.0052 | NA | NA | 0.0044 | NA | NA | 0.0016 | 1.1 | NA | 1.2 | NA |
| 2017-09-26 nd | NA | NA | 0.22 | 0.0065 | NA | 0.30 | 0.014 | NA | NA | 0.17 | NA | 0.0014 |
| | Bold | font indi | cate T | AL exce | eedance | ; | | | | | | |
| | d=de | tected | result/ | TAL, nd | =nonde | tected | d resu | lt/TAL | | | | |

Figure 201-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-1



Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 201-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-1

| | | | | PT- | SMA | ۱-1 | | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------|----------|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Pentachlorophenol | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 19 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | 5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 0.77 | NA | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | 19 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.086 | NA | NA | 0.048 | NA | 0.30 | NA | 0.071 | NA | 0.10 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.22 | NA | NA | 0.12 | 0.00024 | 0.15 | NA | 0.036 | 0.0024 | 0.031 | NA |
| C2geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.087 | NA | NA | 0.030 | 0.00050 | 0.40 | NA | 0.095 | 0.0051 | 0.010 | NA |
| 2011-09-01 d | 0.25 | NA | 0.031 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.10 | 1.8 |
| 2011-09-01 nd | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.16 | 0.048 | NA | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | NA | NA |
| 2014-07-09 d | 0.050 | 0.19 | 0.0065 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.036 | 0.11 |
| 2014-07-09 nd | NA | NA | NA | 0.51 | 0.13 | 0.0016 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.016 | NA | NA |
| 2014-07-31 d | 0.051 | 0.26 | 0.0059 | NA | 0.61 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.028 | NA |
| 2014-07-31 nd | NA | NA | NA | 0.53 | NA | 0.0014 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.014 | NA | 0.24 |
| 2017-09-26 d | NA | NA | 0.0050 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.15 |
| 2017-09-26 nd 0.029 0.087 NA 0.17 0.030 0.00050 0.40 0.60 0.095 0.0051 0.010 | | | | | | | | | | | 0.010 | NA |
| | Bold fo | ont indi | cate TA | L exc | eedar | ice; | | | | | | |
| | d=dete | ected_ | result/T | AL, n | d=non | detected_ | _resu | lt/TAL | - | | | |

Figure 201-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-1

202.0 PT-SMA-1.7: SWMUs 15-006(a) and 15-003

202.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with I003, PT-SMA-1.7: Sites 15-006(a) and 15-003.

Review of the Site descriptions and activities conducted within PT-SMA-1.7 identified that Site 15-006(a) was incorrectly associated with industrial materials to be monitored at the SMA. Site 15-006(a) is structure 15-184, which housed the equipment associated with the firing site 15-003. The firing site, Site 15-003, is the likely source of material released from the Site and the Site intended for regulation under the IP. An explanation of the error was incorporated in the IP renewal application. The information and evaluation of Site 15-003 provided below and in other sections of this SDPPP update are for informational purposes only.

SWMU 15-006(a) is described in the 1990 SWMU Report as an active firing site at the PHERMEX facility associated with the chamber building (structure 15-184), and a firing pad at TA-15. The PHERMEX Firing Site and associated facilities were built in the early 1960s. The firing pad known as the PHERMEX Firing Point [SWMU 15-006(a)] was located east of the chamber building (structure 15-184), and consisted of a steel pad measuring 12 ft x 24 ft x 6 in. thick. The PHERMEX Firing Point was permitted under RCRA for disposal of waste HE scraps by open detonation. However, the site was never used for that purpose, but the pad was used for explosives tests. The PHERMEX facility was used to examine the performance of nuclear weapon designs and all major changes to stockpile weapons through a process called dynamic radiography. HE contamination is unlikely; however, between 1961 and 1971 a maximum of 4000 kg of DU was expended on the PHERMEX site. Also, during that same time period, about 150 kg of beryllium, 250 kg of lead, 40 kg mercury, and 40 kg of thorium were expended. Since 1971, less than 1000 kg per year of uranium-238 has been expended on the site.

The PHERMEX chamber building (structure 15-184) housed the radiographic machine used for radiographic studies of explosives and explosive-driven metal systems. The PHERMEX chamber is equipped with a bullnose, an exposed exterior piece of the radiographic machine located on the east side of chamber 15-184, as shown in a 1991 photograph (pg. 19 of 137) in the 2004 The Hollow and GMX Manor at TA-15 (R-Site): Historic Context and Property Documentation report. As-constructed drawings ENG-C 30691 (pg. 77 of 186) and ENG-C 30518 (pg. 4 of 186) show the PHERMEX Firing Point is located directly east of the bullnose at the east end of the PHERMEX chamber building (structure 15-184), on its midline. The PHERMEX facility, including the firing pad, is currently inactive. Structure 15-184 was only used to generate x-rays used in explosives test diagnostics, and all explosives testing was done outside of structure 15-184; therefore structure 15-184 is not included in the unit boundary for SWMU 15-006(a).

Past environmental surveys at the PHERMEX firing site include an aerial radiological survey conducted in 1982 that identified elevated levels of uranium-238. A 1991 surface radiation survey identified elevated contact exposure rates believed to be associated with chunks of DU at the PHERMEX firing site.

Investigation of SWMU 15-006(a) is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order; therefore, Consent Order nature and extent sampling has not been conducted at the Site.

SWMU 15-003 is an active steel firing pad located within the PHERMEX firing site [SWMU 15-006(a)] at TA-15. SWMU 15-003 consists of a 6-in.-thick steel pad approximately 12 ft wide × 24 ft long. Although the SWMU 15-003 steel firing pad was originally intended for the treatment of hazardous explosive waste by OD and had been granted a RCRA interim status



designation under hazardous waste regulations, the steel pad was never actually used to treat hazardous explosives waste. Additionally, the operating division determined that this unit was not needed for future waste-treatment activities. Therefore, in 1998, the Laboratory requested that it be withdrawn from the Laboratory's Part B application as an OD site. NMED concurred in 1998. The steel pad was used for nontreatment-related experimental test shots as part of SWMU 15-006(a). The exact dates of the use of the steel pad are not known; however, operations at the PHERMEX facility began in approximately 1961. The PHERMEX facility is currently inactive.

Consent Order samples were collected in sediment catchment areas in the drainage downgradient of the Site to determine if contaminants are migrating from the Site. The migration of potential contaminants from SWMU 15-003 is limited to the drainage downgradient of the Site for most constituents and does not extend beyond Potrillo Canyon Reach PO-4. Detected concentrations of inorganic and organic chemicals and radionuclides in Consent Order drainage samples were all below residential SSLs, except the single detection of arsenic, which was well below industrial SSL. Further Consent Order investigations are deferred until the firing site is no longer active.

The project map (Figure 202-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

202.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 202-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on June 26, 2014, and submitted to EPA on July 11, 2014, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 202-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---------------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | | | | | |
| 100302040017 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | | | |
| 100303010018 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | |
| 100305040019 | Gravel Infiltration Strip | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | |
| 100306010020 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | |
| 100306010021 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | |
| 100306010022 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | |
| 100306010023 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | |
| 100306010024 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | |
| 100306010025 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | | | |
| 100306010026 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | | | | |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

202.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 15-006(a) and 15-003 are monitored within PT-SMA-1.7. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline confirmation sample was collected on September 10, 2012 (Figure 202-2). In Figure 202-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this baseline sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (92.6 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 202-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 15-006(a) and 15-003:

• Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at these Sites. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for plutonium and uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Plutonium isotopes, uranium-234, and uranium-235/236 were not detected above BVs or FVs or were detected where FVs do not apply in 10 shallow samples. Uranium-238 was detected above sediment BV in 3 of 10 samples with a maximum activity of 1.8 times the sediment BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 202-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 202-2.

Monitoring location PT-SMA-1.7 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha background UTL for locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2012 gross-alpha result is between these two values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2012 Annual Report.

202.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at PT-SMA-1.7 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 202-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-86033 | 6-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86512 | 6-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87564 | 8-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88025 | 8-17-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88730 | 9-3-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at PT-SMA-1.7 in 2021.

202.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with PT-SMA-1.7 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 202-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 202-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|---|---|---|
| SWMU 15-006(a) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, July 11, 2014, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Five Site Monitoring Areas (CDV-SMA-2.41, F-SMA-2, LA-SMA-5.51, PT-SMA-1.7, S-SMA-0.25)." |

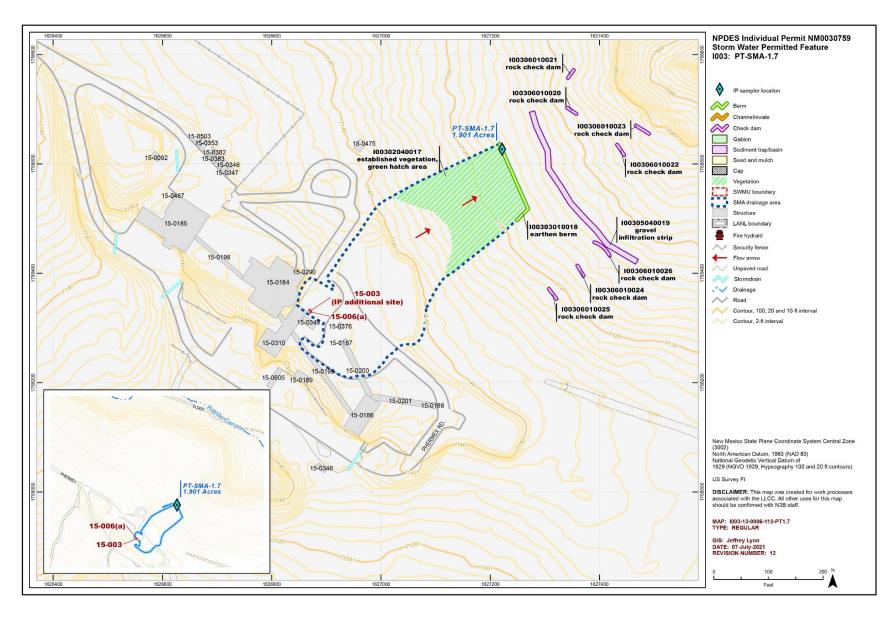
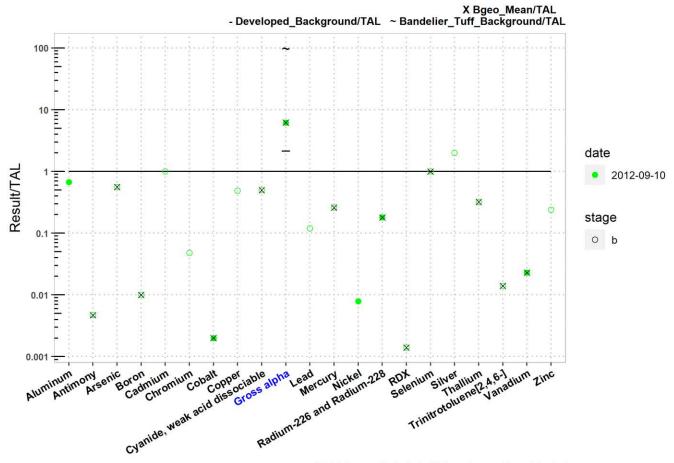


Figure 202-1 PT-SMA-1.7 location map





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 202-2 Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-1.7

| | | | | | | _ | | ΡI | -SM | | • • | | _ | | | | | | | _ | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|--------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|---------|---------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | NA | NA | 0.0020 | NA | 0.50 | 6.2 | NA | 0.26 | NA | 0.18 | 0.0014 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.014 | 0.023 | NA |
| 2012-09-10 d | 0.67 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0020 | NA | NA | 6.2 | NA | NA | 0.0079 | 0.18 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.023 | NA |
| 2012-09-10 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | 0.49 | 0.50 | NA | 0.12 | 0.26 | NA | NA | 0.0014 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.014 | NA | 0.24 |
| | Bold | font indi | cate ' | TAL ex | ceed | lance; | d=detec | cted_r | esult/ | ΓAL, n | d=noi | ndetec | ted_res | ult/TAI | L | | | | | | |

Figure 202-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-1.7

203.0 PT-SMA-2: SWMU 36-003(b) and AOCs 15-008(f) and 36-004(e)

203.1 Site Descriptions

Three historical industrial activity areas are associated with I004, PT-SMA-2: Sites 36-003(b), 15-008(f), and 36-004(e).

SWMU 36-003(b) is a decommissioned sanitary septic system located at the west end of TA-36. The septic system served building 36-55, the control bunker for the I-J Firing Site, and consists of a septic tank (structure 36-61), inlet and outlet drainlines, and an outfall near the edge of Potrillo Canyon. The septic tank sits near the edge of Mesita del Potrillo, approximately 100 ft southeast of building 36-55. The control bunker housed the electronics and instrumentation used in the operation of the I-J Firing Site [AOC 36-004(e)] and also housed a toilet, sink, and water fountain, all of which were connected to the septic tank via a 4-in.-diameter clay-tile inlet drainline. The septic tank is constructed of reinforced concrete and measures 7 ft × 3.5 ft × 5.73 ft with a capacity of 420 gal. The tank has a buried overflow drainline that previously discharged to an outfall near the north rim of Potrillo Canyon. The overflow outlet from the septic tank was capped in 1989. After the overflow outlet was capped, the septic tank continued to be used as a holding tank and its contents were periodically removed and taken to a sanitary wastewater treatment plant for treatment and disposal. The SWMU 36-003(b) septic system was taken out of service in the early 1990s. The contents of the SWMU 36-003(b) septic tank were sampled in 1981, and the analytical data confirmed HE was not present. The 1996 VCA implemented at SWMU 36-003(b) included removing the septic tank contents, pressure-washing the tank, and filling the tank with expanding cement. The contents of the tank were disposed of as LLW at TA-54, Area G, and at the TA-50 RLWTF; no confirmation samples were collected.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 36-003(b). All detected constituent concentrations were below residential SSLs and SALs. Nature and extent was reevaluated under the supplemental investigation report for Potrillo and Fence Canyons Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2019. The Site will be included in a revised Phase II investigation work plan for additional field characterization activities to define the extent of vertical contamination for one or more chemicals/radionuclides beneath the septic system components.

AOC 15-008(f) consists of several sand mounds located next to I-J Firing Site [AOC 36-004(e)] at TA-15. I-J Firing Site is located on a mesa overlooking Potrillo Canyon and was originally located in TA-15 when it was constructed in 1948 but is now part of TA-36.

Investigation of AOC 15-008(f) is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order; therefore, Consent Order nature and extent sampling has not been conducted at the Site. However, Consent Order samples were collected in sediment catchment areas in the drainages downgradient of I-J Firing Site [AOC 36-004(e)], which includes AOC 15-008(f), to determine if contaminants are migrating from the Site. The migration of potential contaminants from AOCs 15-008(f) and 36-004(e) is limited to the drainage downgradient of the Site for most constituents and does not extend beyond Potrillo Canyon Reach PO-4. Detected contaminant concentrations in Consent Order drainage samples were below residential SSLs and SALs, except for uranium-238, which was detected above the residential SAL but below the industrial SAL in two samples from one location in the drainage downgradient of AOCs 15-008(f) and 36-004(e). Further Consent Order investigations are deferred until the firing site is no longer active.

AOC 36-004(e) is I-J Firing Site located at the west end of TA-36 on Mesita del Potrillo along the north rim of Potrillo Canyon. I-J Firing Site consists of two firing points (I and J) and the control building (36-55). The Site was constructed in 1948 and was located in TA-15 until 1981 when the boundary of TA-36 was expanded to encompass the portion of TA-15 that contained the I-J Firing Site. Shots at I-J Firing Site used up to 500 lb of HE and involved a variety of solid and liquid explosives and inorganic chemicals. According to former employees, significant amounts of DU were used at I-J Firing Site in addition to small quantities of mercury and cadmium. Some shots were fired into iron, copper, or lead targets. Other metals used in shots included aluminum, antimony, various steels, lithiummagnesium alloys, and lithium hydride. In addition, hydrocarbons, argon, benzene, small amounts of mercury, cadmium, and beryllium were used in shots. All shots involving radioactive materials at I-J Firing Site were conducted in fully enclosed containment vessels. These vessels were removed from the I-J Firing Site for use at TA-15, although one was later returned to the I-J Firing Site. The returned vessel was identified in the 1990 SWMU report as AOC C-36-001 and was subsequently removed from the Site in 1994. Other activities conducted at I-J Firing Site included tests in which DU projectiles were fired into an embankment. This projectile test area was designated as AOC C-36-006(e).

Investigation of AOC 36-004(e) is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order; therefore, Consent Order nature and extent sampling has not been conducted at the Site. However, Consent Order samples were collected in sediment catchment areas in the drainages downgradient of the Site to determine if contaminants are migrating from the Site. The migration of potential contaminants from AOC 36-004(e) is limited to the drainage downgradient of the Site for most constituents and does not extend beyond Potrillo Canyon Reach PO-4. Detected constituent concentrations in Consent Order drainage samples were below residential SSLs and SALs, except for uranium-238, which was detected above the residential SAL but below the industrial SAL in two samples from one location in the drainage downgradient of the Site. Further Consent Order investigations are deferred until the firing site is no longer active.

The project map (Figure 203-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

203.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 203-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 28, 2015, and July 14, 2021, and submitted to EPA on September 29, 2015, and July 15, 2021, respectively, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 203-1 Active Control Measures

| | | Purpose of Control | | | | Control |
|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------|---------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| 100402040011 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| 100403010021 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100403010022 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| 100403010024 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100403060012 | Straw Wattle | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| 100403060031 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| 100403120010 | Rock Berm | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| 100403120023 | Rock Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100403140026 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100403140027 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100403140028 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100403140029 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100403200030 | Compost Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100404060020 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | EC |
| 100406010014 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100406010015 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100406010016 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100406010017 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100406010018 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100406010019 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100406010025 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

203.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 36-003(b) and AOCs 15-008(f) and 36-004(e) are monitored within PT-SMA-2. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 7, 2014 (Figure 203-2). In Figure 203-2, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for copper (10.3 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (290 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 203-2.

Following the 2015 installation of enhanced control measures at PT-SMA-2, corrective action storm water samples were collected on July 25, 2019, and October 4, 2019 (Figure 203-2). Analytical results from these samples yielded TAL exceedances for copper (3.66 μ g/L and 5.15 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (78.6 pCi/L and 137 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 203-2.

Following the 2021 installation of enhanced control measures at PT-SMA-2, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on August 26, 2021 (Figure 203-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for copper (5.19 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (175 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 203-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 36-003(b):

- Copper is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above the soil BV in one of the three shallow Consent Order samples with a concentration 1.03 times the soil BV.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
 the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

AOC 15-008(f):

- Copper is likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above soil BV in 1 of 20 shallow Consent Order samples at a maximum concentration 1.3 times the soil BV.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-234, uranium-235/236, and uranium-238 were each detected above soil BV in 7, 6, and 11 of 20 shallow Consent Order samples at maximum detected activities 24, 27, and 62 times the soil BVs, respectively. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

AOC 36-004(e):

- Copper is known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above BVs in 4 of 20 shallow 2011 Consent Order samples at a maximum concentration 1.3 times the soil BV.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-234, uranium-235/236, and uranium-238 were each detected above soil, sediment, and tuff BVs in 7, 6, and 11 of 20 shallow Consent Order samples at maximum detected activities 24, 27, and 62 times the soil BVs, respectively. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 203-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from

runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 203-2.

Monitoring location PT-SMA-2 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles, as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

- Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μ g/L; the copper UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μ g/L. The copper results from 2014, 2019, and 2021 are between these two values.
- Gross alpha—Gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2014, 2019, and 2021 gross-alpha results are between these two values.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2014, 2019, and 2021 Annual Reports.

203.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at PT-SMA-2 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 203-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Verification | BMP-83955 | 1-12-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-86034 | 6-8-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86513 | 6-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87565 | 8-5-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88398 | 8-17-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88731 | 8-31-2021 |
| TAL Exceedance | COMP-89550 | 11-2-2021 |

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 203-3 Maintenance during 2021

| Maintenance Reference | Maintenance Conducted | Maintenance Date | Response Time | Response Discussion |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|---|
| BMP-84406 | Relocated coir logs installed upgradient of Rock Check Dam I00406010025 as enhanced controls as part of verification closeout findings. | 4-6-2021 | 84 day(s) | Maintenance was originally scheduled for completion by February 22, 2021, but onset of winter conditions precluded completion of work by that time. |
| BMP-90103 | Installed Straw Wattle 100403060031 as a replacement for Straw Wattle 100403060013. Realigned Coir Los 100403140026 and 100403140028 to ensure runoff is directed downstream of sampler. Coir logs need to overlap so that runoff from one coir log does not go behind the next downstream one. Ensured that Compost Log 100403200030 is properly keyed in so that runoff cannot go underneath control. | 12-21-2021 | 49 day(s) | Maintenance was delayed. |

203.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with PT-SMA-2 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 203-4 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 203-4 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| AOC 15-008(f) | Building Enhanced Controls | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | N3B, July 15, 2021, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for 3M-SMA-0.2, CDV-SMA-2.42, LA-SMA-5.2, PT-SMA-2, and STRM-SMA-1.5." |
| SWMU 36-003(b) | Building Enhanced Controls | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | N3B, July 15, 2021, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for 3M-SMA-0.2, CDV-SMA-2.42, LA-SMA-5.2, PT-SMA-2, and STRM-SMA-1.5." |
| AOC 36-004(e) | Building Enhanced Controls | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | N3B, July 15, 2021, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for 3M-SMA-0.2, CDV-SMA-2.42, LA-SMA-5.2, PT-SMA-2, and STRM-SMA-1.5." |

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

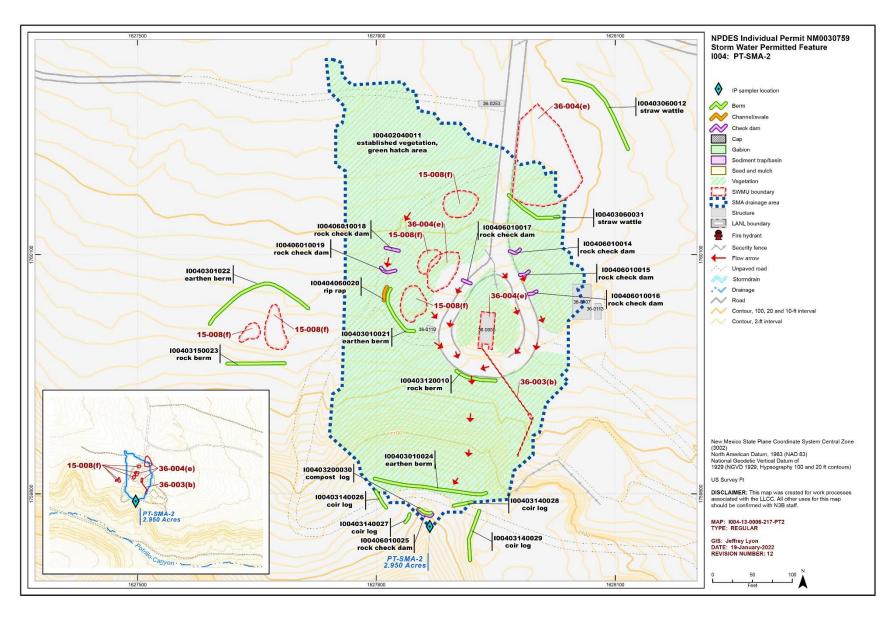


Figure 203-1 PT-SMA-2 location map

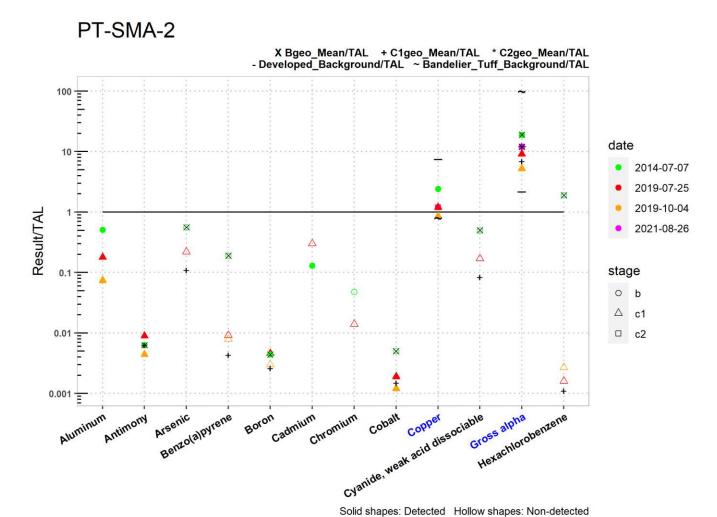


Figure 203-2 Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-2

| PT-SMA-2 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|----------|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Benzo(a)pyrene | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Hexachlorobenzene |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 5 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | NA |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0063 | 0.56 | 0.19 | 0.0044 | NA | NA | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | 19 | 1.9 |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0063 | 0.11 | 0.0043 | 0.0026 | NA | NA | 0.0015 | NA | 0.084 | 6.9 | 0.0011 |
| C2geo_mean/ATAL | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 12 | NA |
| 2014-07-07 d | 0.51 | 0.0063 | NA | NA | 0.0044 | 0.13 | NA | NA | 2.4 | NA | 19 | NA |
| 2014-07-07 nd | NA | NA | 0.56 | 0.19 | NA | NA | 0.048 | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | NA | 1.9 |
| 2019-07-25 d | 0.18 | 0.0090 | NA | NA | 0.0046 | NA | NA | 0.0019 | 1.2 | NA | 9.1 | NA |
| 2019-07-25 nd | NA | NA | 0.22 | 0.0092 | NA | 0.30 | 0.014 | NA | NA | 0.17 | NA | 0.0016 |
| 2019-10-04 d | 0.074 | 0.0044 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0012 | 0.85 | NA | 5.2 | NA |
| 2019-10-04 nd | NA | NA | 0.22 | 0.0079 | 0.0030 | 0.30 | 0.014 | NA | NA | 0.17 | NA | 0.0027 |
| 2021-08-26 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1.2 | NA | 12 | NA |
| 2021-08-26 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; | | | | | | | | | | | | |

d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL

Figure 203-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-2

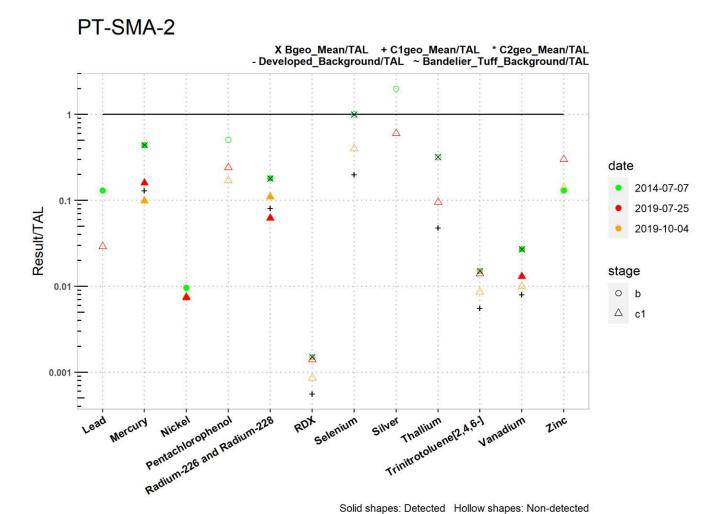


Figure 203-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-2

| PT-SMA-2 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------|---------|-------------------|------------------------------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Pentachlorophenol | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 19 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | 5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 0.77 | NA | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | 19 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.44 | NA | NA | 0.18 | 0.0015 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.015 | 0.027 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.13 | NA | NA | 0.081 | 0.00056 | 0.20 | NA | 0.048 | 0.0056 | 0.0080 | NA |
| C2geo_mean/ATAL | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2014-07-07 d | 0.13 | 0.44 | 0.0096 | NA | 0.18 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.027 | 0.13 |
| 2014-07-07 nd | NA | NA | NA | 0.51 | NA | 0.0015 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.015 | NA | NA |
| 2019-07-25 d | NA | 0.16 | 0.0074 | NA | 0.062 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.013 | NA |
| 2019-07-25 nd | 0.029 | NA | NA | 0.24 | NA | 0.0014 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.095 | 0.014 | NA | 0.30 |
| 2019-10-04 d | NA | 0.099 | 0.0076 | NA | 0.11 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2019-10-04 nd | 0.029 | NA | NA | 0.17 | NA | 0.00086 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.095 | 0.0086 | 0.010 | 0.14 |
| 2021-08-26 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2021-08-26 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Bold fo | ont indi | cate TA | L exc | eedan | ce; | | | | | | |
| d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 203-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-2

176

204.0 PT-SMA-2.01: AOCs C-36-001 and C-36-006(e)

204.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with I004A, PT-SMA-2.01: Sites C-36-001 and C-36-006(e).

AOC C-36-001 is a former containment vessel that provided secondary containment for explosives tests at TA-36. The containment vessel was manufactured in 1970 and located at the PHERMEX test facility at TA-15. The containment vessel was later relocated to the I-J Firing Site and placed south of building 36-55, where it remained until 1983 when it was removed. The containment vessel consisted of a 19.5-ton, 12-ft-diameter steel sphere. An explosive device was placed and detonated in a primary containment vessel which, in turn, was placed inside the AOC C-36-001 containment vessel. The explosion gases were vented through a filtration system that captured particulates and did not allow release of the test material. No specific location(s) exists for this Site; the location is identified only as the general area south of building 36-55. In 1994, a VCA was implemented at AOC C-36-001 that involved decontamination and disposal of the vessel. The vessel was taken from TA-36 to building 15-233 for initial decontamination and was subsequently taken to the facility at TA-50 for further decontamination. It was then returned to TA-15 pending acceptance for disposal at TA-54, Area G. In October 1994, the containment vessel was disposed of at MDA G at TA-54. No confirmation samples were collected during the VCA.

The previous locations of the former containment vessel used at PHERMEX and the I-J Firing Site are not known and would have been impacted by historical and current firing site operations. Therefore, characterization of any releases from AOC C-36-001 will be accomplished by future investigations at the PHERMEX and I-J Firing Site. Investigation of both PHERMEX and I-J Firing Site is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order.

AOC C-36-006(e) is a former projectile test area located within the southern portion of the I-J Firing Site [AOC 36-004(e)] along the north rim of Potrillo Canyon. AOC C-36-006(e) was formerly used for testing DU projectiles as part of I-J Firing Site activities. Projectiles were fired from a 120-mm gun into a nearby embankment. Although some projectiles were recovered after an experiment was completed, much of the projectile material remains on-site. Originally, the I-J Firing Site was located within the boundary of TA-15. In 1981, the boundary of TA-36 was expanded to include portions of TA-15. As part of this expansion, the area where I-J Firing Site was located was transferred to TA-36. Although the 1990 SWMU report addresses the I-J Firing Site as AOC 36-004(e), it addresses the nearby projectile test area (which was also part of the 1981 transfer to TA-36) as AOC 15-006(e). AOC 15-006(e) was renamed AOC C-36-006(e) in the OU 1086 work plan because the projectile test area was within the boundaries of TA-36 when the work plan was written.

Previous investigations conducted at I-J Firing Site, which encompasses AOC C-36-006(e), consisted of a surface radiological survey conducted in 1991 that identified areas of elevated radioactivity at the time of the survey. Numerous pieces of DU and oxidized DU were present around the Site. Based on the presence of visible pieces of DU, an interim action plan was prepared in 1997 that called for removing visible pieces of DU from the firing site and surrounding area and installing storm water controls. However, the plan was never implemented.

AOC C-36-006(e) is encompassed by the I-J Firing Site, which is deferred for investigation per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order. However, Consent Order samples were collected in sediment catchment areas in the drainages downgradient of the Site to determine if contaminants are

migrating from the Site, which includes the I-J Firing Site. Concentrations of detected inorganic chemicals and organic chemicals and radionuclide activities decreased in the drainages downgradient of the Site and were not detected or not detected above BVs in samples collected from the bottom of the drainage below the Site. All detected concentrations and activities are below residential SSLs and SALs.

The project map (Figure 204-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

204.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 204-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on August 3, 2012, and submitted to EPA on August 27, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 204-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | |
|---------------|------------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | |
| I004A02040005 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | |
| I004A03010004 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

204.3 Storm Water Monitoring

AOCs C-36-001 and C-36-006(e) are monitored within PT-SMA-2.01. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline confirmation sample was collected on August 18, 2011 (Figure 204-2). Analytical results from this baseline sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (295 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 204-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

AOC C-36-001:

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

AOC C-36-006(e):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 204-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 204-2.

Monitoring location PT-SMA-2.01 is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium-and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2011 gross-alpha result is below this value.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2011 Annual Report.

204.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at PT-SMA-2.01 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 204-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-86056 | 6-8-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86532 | 6-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87575 | 8-5-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88399 | 8-17-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87128 | 8-31-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at PT-SMA-2.01 in 2021.

204.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with PT-SMA-2.01 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 204-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 204-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|-----------------|---|---|---|
| AOC C-36-001 | Corrective Action Complete | Corrective Action Complete | Initiated 8-28-2017. LANL, August 28, 2017, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Completion of Corrective Action for Site C-36-001 in PT-SMA-2.01." |
| AOC C-36-006(e) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 8-3-2012. LANL, August 27, 2012, "Certification of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas." |

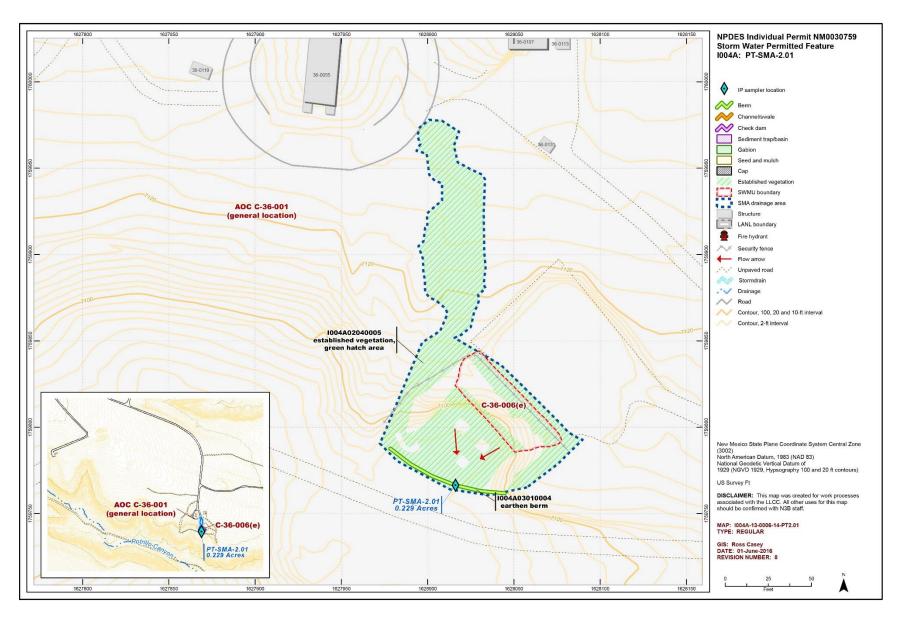


Figure 204-1 PT-SMA-2.01 location map



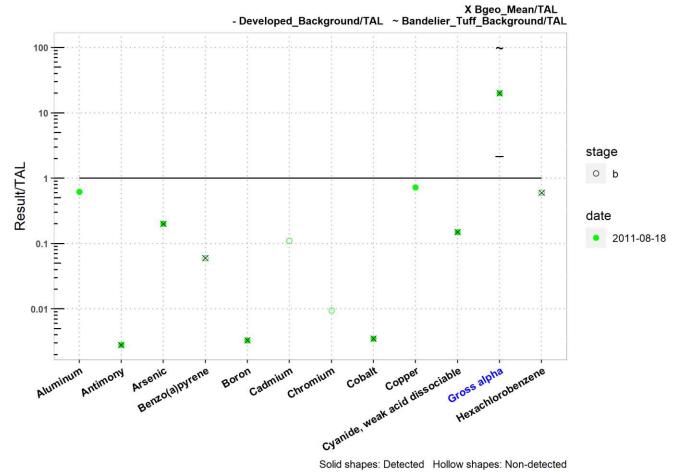


Figure 204-2 Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-2.01

| | | | | PT-S | SMA- | 2.01 | 1 | | | | | |
|----------------|--|----------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|----------|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Benzo(a)pyrene | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Hexachlorobenzene |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 5 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | NA |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0028 | 0.20 | 0.060 | 0.0033 | NA | NA | 0.0035 | NA | 0.15 | 20 | 0.60 |
| 2011-08-18 d | 0.62 | 0.0028 | 0.20 | NA | 0.0033 | NA | NA | 0.0035 | 0.72 | 0.15 | 20 | NA |
| 2011-08-18 nd | NA | NA | NA | 0.060 | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.60 |
| | Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 204-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-2.01

PT-SMA-2.01

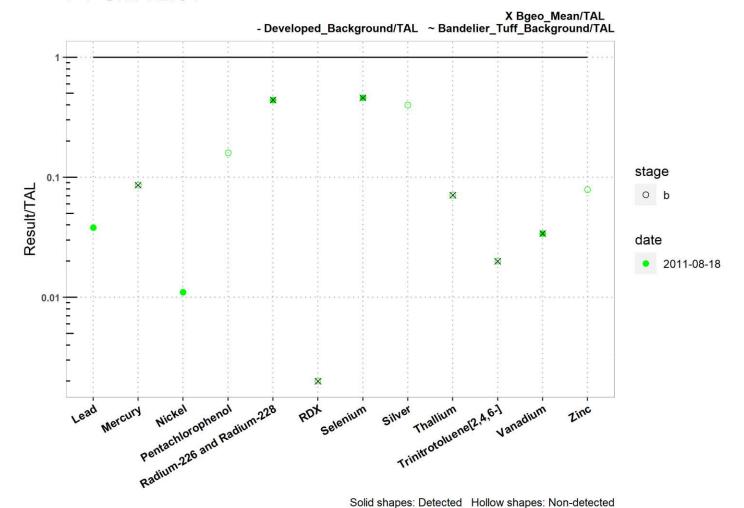


Figure 204-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-2.01

| | | | Р | T-S | MA- | 2.01 | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|---------|--------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|-------|--|
| | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Pentachlorophenol | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc | |
| TAL | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 19 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 | |
| MQL | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | 5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 | |
| ATAL | NA | 0.77 | NA | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA | |
| MTAL | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | 19 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 | |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.086 | NA | NA | 0.44 | 0.0020 | 0.46 | NA | 0.071 | 0.020 | 0.034 | NA | |
| 2011-08-18 d | 0.038 | NA | 0.011 | NA | 0.44 | NA | 0.46 | NA | NA | NA | 0.034 | NA | |
| 2011-08-18 nd | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.16 | NA | 0.0020 | NA | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0.020 | NA | 0.079 | |
| | Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 204-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-2.01

205.0 PT-SMA-3: SWMU 36-006 and AOC 36-004(a)

205.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with IOO5, PT-SMA-3: Sites 36-006 and 36-004(a).

SWMU 36-006 consists of an inactive surface disposal area that was located on the southern slope of Potrillo Canyon, approximately 600 ft north of the Eenie Firing Site [AOC 36-004(a)] at TA-36. SWMU 36-006 was used from 1955 to 1970 to dispose of cables, metal, concrete, and other similar debris from the TA-36 firing sites. The debris covered an area approximately 75 ft wide that extended approximately 100 ft down the south canyon slope. The remainder of the debris was scattered laterally 300 ft along the south canyon slope. This debris was dumped into the canyon from trucks on the canyon rim. Although the TA-36 firing sites were still active at that time, SWMU 36-006 was not used as a surface disposal area after 1996. Firing site personnel removed most of the debris between 1999 and 2006. All remaining debris was removed from the SWMU 36-006 surface disposal area during the 2010 Consent Order investigation.

Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 36-006. The supplemental investigation report for Potrillo and Fence Canyons Aggregate Area, Revision 1, recommended SWMU 36-006 for a COC with controls. NMED approved the report in October 2020 and a request for a COC with controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in December 2020.

AOC 36-004(a) is the active Eenie Firing Site located at TA-36 on Mesita del Potrillo on the rim of Potrillo Canyon. AOC 36-004(a) consists of the impact area, a control bunker (building 36-0003), and a make-up building (36-4) that contains a storage area. Construction of the Eenie Firing Site began in 1949 and was completed in 1951. Materials used in experimental shots include lead oxide, mercury, copper, nickel, brass, DU, and nitroglycerine. Other activities conducted at the Site include shoulder-mounted projectiles fired into targets in the southern portion of the firing site.

Investigation of AOC 36-004(a) is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order; therefore, Consent Order nature and extent sampling has not been conducted at the Site. However, Consent Order samples were collected in sediment catchment areas in the drainage downgradient of the Site to determine if contaminants are migrating from the Site. The migration of potential contaminants from AOC 36-004(a) is limited to the drainage below AOC 36-004(a) for most constituents and does not extend beyond Potrillo Canyon Reach PO-4. All detected constituents in samples collected in the drainage downgradient of AOC 36-004(a) were below residential SSLs and SALs. Further Consent Order investigations are deferred until the firing site is no longer active.

The project map (Figure 205-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

205.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 205-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on August 10, 2015, and submitted to EPA on August 17, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 205-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | | Control | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| 100502040009 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| 100503010030 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | Х | - | EC |
| 100503140039 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| 100504040005 | Culvert | - | Х | Х | - | СВ |
| 100504040044 | Culvert | - | - | Х | - | В |
| 100504060038 | Rip Rap | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100504060042 | Rip Rap | - | - | Х | - | В |
| 100505020037 | Sediment Basin | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100505020041 | Sediment Basin | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| 100506010031 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| 100506010032 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| 100506010033 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| 100506010034 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| 100506010035 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| 100506010036 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| 100506010040 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

205.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 36-006 and AOC 36-004(a) are monitored within PT-SMA-3. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 15, 2014 (Figure 205-2). In Figure 205-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (548 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 205-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 36-006:

• Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or radium isotopes but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-238 was detected above the soil BV in 3 of 28 shallow Consent Order samples at a highest detected activity of 2.3 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

AOC 36-004(a):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for grossalpha radioactivity or radium isotopes but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alphaemitting radionuclides. Uranium-238 was detected above soil BV in one of two shallow samples
with an activity of 1.3 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from
regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha
radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 205-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 205-2.

Monitoring location PT-SMA-3 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium-and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2014 gross-alpha result is between these two values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2014 Annual Report.

205.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG267.4 recorded six storm events at PT-SMA-3 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 205-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-83659 | 6-11-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86773 | 7-1-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86995 | 7-19-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88336 | 8-26-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88732 | 9-3-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at PT-SMA-3 in 2021.

205.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with PT-SMA-3 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 205-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 205-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|---------------|---|---|---|
| AOC 36-004(a) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 8-10-2015. LANL, August 17, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas." |
| SWMU 36-006 | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 8-10-2015. LANL, August 17, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas." |

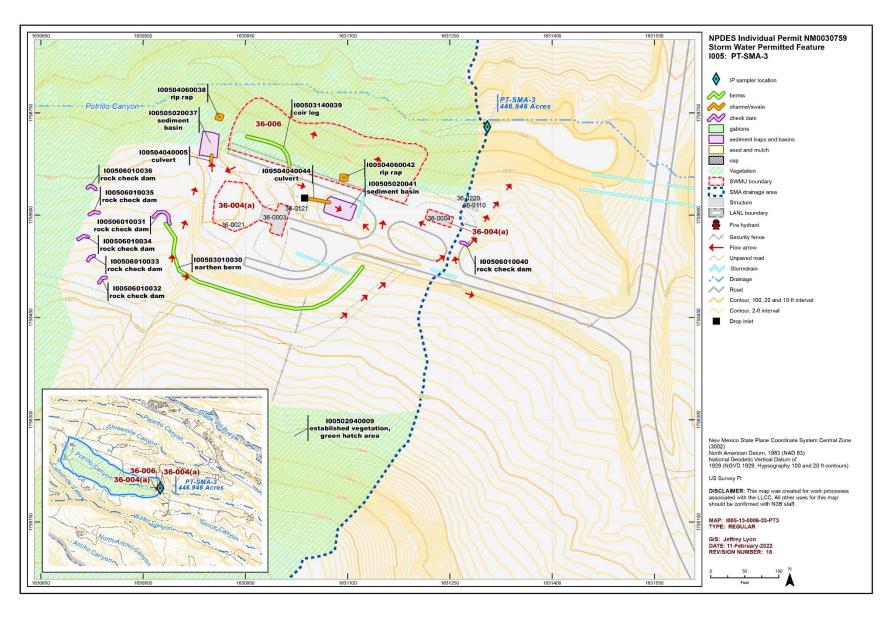
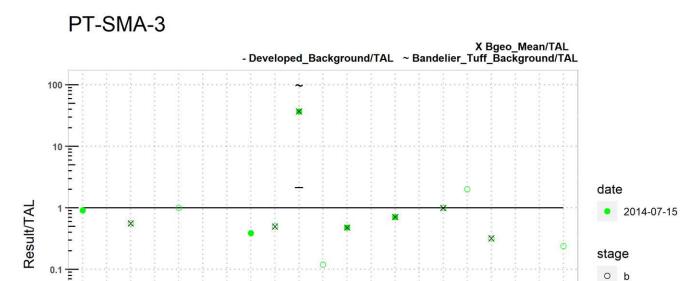


Figure 205-1 PT-SMA-3 location map



Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

28 ROX Selenium Silver lium 4,6-1 dium Zinc

Copper table alpha Lead cury lickel 228 A Mercury Readium 228 A Radium 225 and Radium 226 And Radium Radium 226 and Radium 228 A Radium 228 **Figure 205-2** Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-3

Alluminum Arsenic Cadmium Coball poer

0.001

| | | | | | | | | Р | T-SI | MA- | 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|----------|---------|--------|---------|----------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|-------------|------|---------|---------|------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | NA | NA | 0.0025 | NA | 0.50 | 37 | NA | 0.48 | NA | 0.71 | 0.0014 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.014 | 0.023 | NA |
| 2014-07-15 d | 0.91 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0025 | 0.39 | NA | 37 | NA | 0.48 | 0.0070 | 0.71 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.023 | NA |
| 2014-07-15 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | 0.12 | NA | NA | NA | 0.0014 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.014 | NA | 0.24 |
| | Bold | font ind | icate | TAL ex | ceed | ance; | d=dete | cted_ | result/ | TAL, n | d=no | ndetec | ted_res | ult/TA | L | | | | | | |

Figure 205-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-3

206.0 PT-SMA-4.2: SWMU 36-004(d)

206.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with IOO7, PT-SMA-4.2: Site 36-004(d).

SWMU 36-004(d) consists of the active Lower Slobbovia Firing Site and the inactive Skunk Works Firing Site, located in Potrillo Canyon, and three former burn pits located on the mesa top above Potrillo Canyon at TA-36. The Lower Slobbovia Firing Site consists of two active firing points and a control building (36-12). One of the firing points (structure 36-13) was constructed in 1950 and is located on top of an approximately 200-ft-diameter sand and dirt pad. The control building (36-12) was constructed into the side of the pad. The second firing point consisted of a wooden tower (structure 36-120) constructed in 1986 at the northwest end of a 1000-ft-long sled track for conducting drop tests. Shots fired at the Lower Slobbovia Firing Site primarily involved HE. Less than 2% of the shots involved significant amounts of metal (e.g., DU, lead, copper, aluminum, and steel). The largest shot fired at Lower Slobbovia used 5000 to 6000 lb of HE. In addition, underground tests, buried to approximately 100 ft, were conducted at this Site.

The Skunk Works Firing Site, located approximately 0.5 mi northwest of the Lower Slobbovia Firing Site, was used to conduct small-explosives experiments during the 1950s. These experiments involved gas (acetylene and oxygen), liquid (tetranitromethane), and solid explosives. Beryllium and radioactive materials were not used at the Site. Structures at the Skunk Works Firing Site included a 5- × 5.5- × 5-ft belowgrade structure that previously served as a battery storage room and two buildings (36-44 and 36-45) that were moved to the Site from TA-15. All the structures have been removed. The Skunk Works firing pad was located next to building 36-45. A shallow depression, located approximately 100 ft farther up the canyon, was also used as a firing pad. The burn pits were used for burning and disposal of test debris before MDA AA (SWMU 36-001) was established in the mid-1960s. These pits are located on Mesita del Potrillo approximately 4000 ft west of the Lower Slobbovia control building (36-12). The largest pit is a bermed enclosure located north of Potrillo Road and is approximately 40 ft in diameter. Two smaller areas are located south of Potrillo Road. Debris was transported by truck from TA-36 firing sites to the pits, placed in the pits, and burned. The debris consisted of wood, nails, other metal fragments, plastics, and sand contaminated with barium, uranium, and HE.

Investigation of SWMU 36-004(d) is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order; therefore, Consent Order nature and extent sampling has not been conducted at the Site. However, Consent Order samples were collected in sediment catchment areas in the drainages downgradient of all portions of the Site to determine if contaminants are migrating from the Site. The migration of potential contaminants from SWMU 36-004(d) is limited to the drainages below SWMU 36-004(d) for most constituents and does not extend beyond Potrillo Canyon Reach PO-4 or Fence Canyon Reach F-3. All detected constituents in samples collected in drainages downgradient of SWMU 36-004(d) were below residential SSLs and SALs. Further Consent Order investigations are deferred until the firing site is no longer active.

The project map (Figure 206-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

206.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 206-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on October 28, 2015, and submitted to EPA on October 30, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 206-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | | | |
| 100702040008 | Established Vegetation | Х | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100703010014 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703010022 | Earthen Berm | - | - | Х | - | EC | | | | | |
| 100703010024 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703010025 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703010026 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703010027 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703010028 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703010029 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703010035 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | | |
| 100703010044 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | | |
| 100703140015 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703140016 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703140017 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703140018 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703140019 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100703140020 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100704040005 | Culvert | Х | - | Х | - | СВ | | | | | |
| 100704050023 | Water Bar | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100704060034 | Rip Rap | - | Х | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100704060036 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100704060040 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100704060041 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100704060043 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100704060045 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100704060046 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100704060048 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100704060055 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100704060057 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100704080049 | TRM-Lined Swale | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100704080050 | TRM-Lined Swale | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100704080051 | TRM-Lined Swale | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | | |
| 100706010010 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC | | | | | |
| 100706010011 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC | | | | | |

| | | | Purpose | e of Control | | Control |
|--------------|----------------|--------|---------|--------------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| 100706010012 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100706010013 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100706010031 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Χ | EC |
| 100706010032 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| 100706010033 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Χ | EC |
| 100706010039 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| 100706010042 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| 100706010047 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| 100707010052 | Gabion | - | Х | Х | - | В |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

206.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 36-004(d) is monitored within PT-SMA-4.2. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 2, 2014 (Figure 206-2). In Figure 206-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (393 pCi/L) and radium-226 and -228 activity (95.9 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 206-2.

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at PT-SMA-4.2, corrective action storm water samples were collected on August 10, 2018, and August 22, 2021 (Figure 206-2). Analytical results from these corrective action monitoring samples yielded TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (84.5 pCi/L and 46.1 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 206-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 36-004(d):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides may have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-238 was detected above the soil BV in 1 of 24 shallow 2011 Consent Order and 1996 RFI soil and sediment samples at a detected activity 1.2 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 206-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from

runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 206-2.

Monitoring location PT-SMA-4.2 is located on Bandelier Tuff and minimal run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with the storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium-and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2014, 2018, and 2021 gross-alpha results are less than this value.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2014, 2018, and 2021 Annual Reports.

206.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG267.4 recorded six storm events at PT-SMA-4.2 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 206-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-83658 | 6-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86815 | 7-1-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86996 | 7-19-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88378 | 8-26-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88771 | 9-3-2021 |
| TAL Exceedance | COMP-89544 | 11-5-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at PT-SMA-4.2 in 2021.

206.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with PT-SMA-4.2 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 206-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 206-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|--|--|----------------------|
| SWMU 36-004(d) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | The SMA is being evaluated for a corrective action | Initiated 10-4-2021. |

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Site in this SMA.

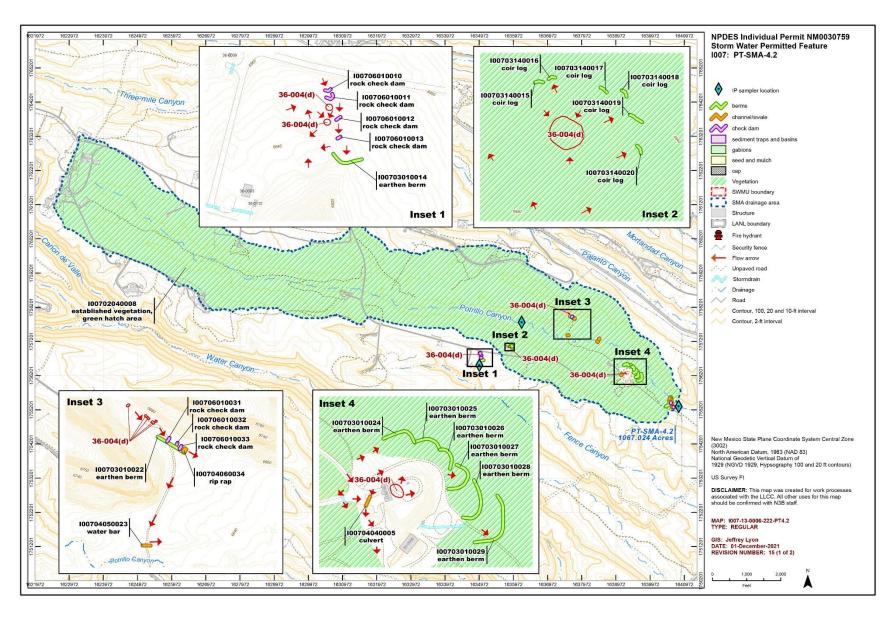


Figure 206-1 PT-SMA-4.2 location map

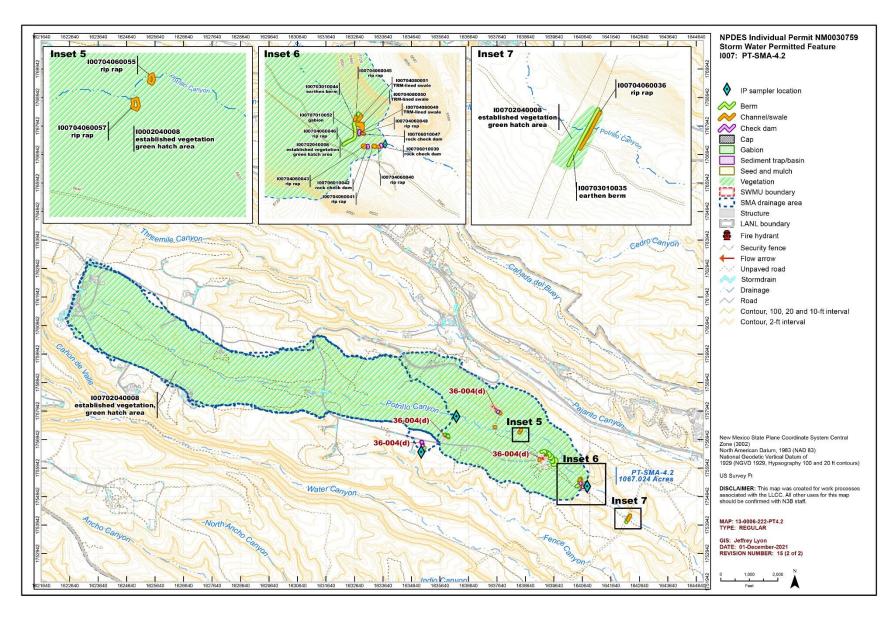
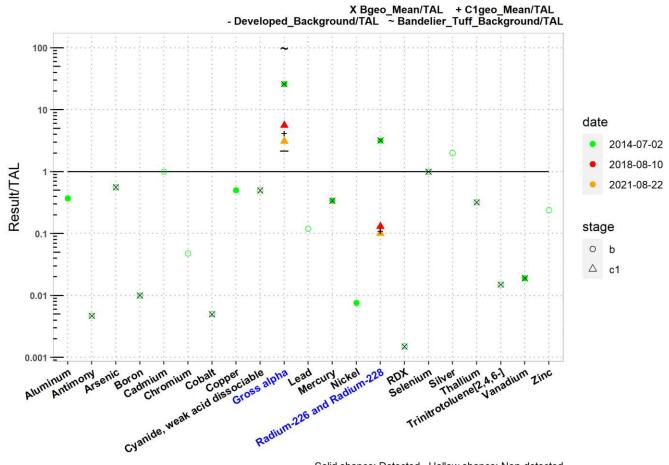


Figure 206-1 (continued) PT-SMA-4.2 location map





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 206-2 Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-4.2

| | | | | | | | | PT. | -SM | A-4. | 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|-----------|---------|--------|---------|----------|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|---------|---------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | NA | NA | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | 26 | NA | 0.34 | NA | 3.2 | 0.0015 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.015 | 0.019 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 4.2 | NA | NA | NA | 0.11 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2014-07-02 d | 0.37 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | 26 | NA | 0.34 | 0.0076 | 3.2 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.019 | NA |
| 2014-07-02 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.010 | 1.0 | 0.048 | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | NA | 0.12 | NA | NA | NA | 0.0015 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.015 | NA | 0.24 |
| 2018-08-10 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 5.6 | NA | NA | NA | 0.13 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2018-08-10 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2021-08-22 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 3.1 | NA | NA | NA | 0.10 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2021-08-22 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL ex | ceed | lance; | d=dete | cted_r | esult/ | ΓAL, r | d=noi | ndetec | ted_res | ult/TA | L | | | | | | |

Figure 206-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for PT-SMA-4.2

207.0 W-SMA-1: SWMUs 16-017(j)-99, 16-026(v), and 16-026(c2)

207.1 Site Descriptions

Three historical industrial activity areas are associated with W001, W-SMA-1: Sites 16-017(j)-99, 16-026(v), and 16-026(c2).

SWMU 16-017(j)-99 is a former HE magazine (former structure 16-63) at TA-16. The magazine was a $24-\times26-\times9$ -ft wood-framed structure surrounded by an earthen berm on three sides and the top. The magazine was built in 1945 and removed in 1998. The storage magazine was built at grade, and there is no longer any evidence of the berm that once surrounded the magazine. Any remaining berm material is indistinguishable from the surrounding soil. This SWMU was originally designated as part of SWMU 16-017, a group of 24 structures in central TA-16. In 1999, SWMU 16-017 was separated into 24 SWMUs, each consisting of a single structure.

Consent Order sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 16-017(j)-99; the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. No investigations were conducted at the Site before the Consent Order went into effect in 2005.

SWMU 16-026(v) is a former NPDES-permitted outfall (05A072) that served decommissioned analytical chemistry laboratory building 16-460 at TA-16. The outfall is located approximately 60 ft southeast of the building. The outfall received effluent from a sump [SWMU 16-003(c)], which served building floor drains, steam-cup drains, sink drains, and a drinking fountain. Waste containing fine grains of HE from analytical chemistry experiments in addition to small quantities of a wide range of solvents and other chemicals were discharged to the sump from the 1950s to the 1990s. The outfall was plugged by 1995. It was removed from the NPDES permit effective September 19, 1997.

Consent Order sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 16-026(v); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. However, decision-level data are available from the 1995 RFI.

SWMU 16-026(c2) consists of the two former outfalls and associated drainlines that served former chemical storage building 16-462 at TA-16. The outfalls were located approximately 30 ft southeast of the building. Each of the two rooms in building 16-462 had a floor trough that drained to 6-in.-diameter VCP drainline that exit the south and southeast side of the building. Effluent flowed from the drainline outfalls southeast to a drainage ditch. Building 16-462 was built in 1952 to store chemicals for use in the analytical chemistry laboratory (building 16-460). All drains at building 16-462 were plugged in 1991. One of the storage rooms contained solvents and oils, the other storage room contained inorganic and organic chemicals including acetone, benzene, mineral oil, nitric acid, propanol, and trichloroethene. No HE were stored in the building. Building 16-462 was removed post 2010.

Consent Order sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 16-026(c2); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. No investigations were conducted at the Site before the Consent Order went into effect in 2005.

The project map (Figure 207-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

207.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 207-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on May 2, 2013, and submitted to EPA on June 4, 2013, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 207-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | | Control | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W00102040019 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W00103010014 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00103010015 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00104060011 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | СВ |
| W00104060017 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | EC |
| W00105030016 | Sand Filter | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W00106010008 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| W00106010012 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00106010013 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00108020018 | Rock Cap | - | - | Х | - | EC |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

207.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 16-017(j)-99, 16-026(c2), and 16-026(v) are monitored within W-SMA-1. Following the installation of baseline control measures, two baseline storm water samples were collected on August 3, 2011, and September 9, 2011 (Figure 207-2). In Figure 207-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from these samples yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (918 μ g/L and 1410 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (50.7 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 207-2.

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at W-SMA-1, corrective action storm water samples were collected on September 12, 2013, and July 19, 2014 (Figure 207-2). Analytical results from these corrective action monitoring samples yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (1010 μ g/L and 858 μ g/L), copper (4.45 μ g/L), and gross-alpha activity (314 μ Ci/L) and are presented in Figure 207-2.

Following certification of no exposure for Site 16-017(j)-99 within W-SMA-1, a corrective action investigation storm water sample was collected on October 24, 2018. Analytical results from this sample were submitted to EPA on January 14, 2020. This Site is now certified as corrective action complete and no further monitoring is required for Site 16-017(j)-99 for the remainder of the IP.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-017(j)-99:

• This Site is now certified as corrective action complete and no further monitoring is required for Site 16-017(j)-99 for the remainder of the IP.

SWMU 16-026(c2):

- Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Consent Order investigations have not been performed at SWMU 16-026(c2); no decisionlevel data are available for this Site.
- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Consent Order investigations have not been performed at SWMU 16-026(c2); no decision-level data are available for this Site.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
 the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 16-026(v):

- Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this
 Site. Aluminum was not detected above soil BV in 10 shallow RFI samples.
- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above soil BV in 7 of 10 shallow RFI samples at a maximum concentration 28 times the soil BV.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 207-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 207-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-1 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including aluminum and copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Aluminum—The aluminum UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μg/L, and the aluminum background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 245 μg/L. The results from 2011, 2013, and 2014 are all between these values.

- Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μ g/L; the copper UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μ g/L. The copper results from 2014 is between these two values.
- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The geometric mean of both gross-alpha results from 2011 is below both of these values. The geometric mean of the gross-alpha results from 2013 and 2014 is between these values.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011, 2013, 2014, and 2018 Annual Reports.

207.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG253 recorded 10 storm events at W-SMA-1 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 207-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85933 | 6-4-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-86163 | 6-8-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-86297 | 6-15-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-86393 | 6-22-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-86632 | 6-29-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-86906 | 7-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86838 | 7-8-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87078 | 7-13-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87212 | 7-20-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87425 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87344 | 7-28-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87620 | 8-3-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87964 | 8-10-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88168 | 8-17-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88375 | 8-23-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88463 | 8-24-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88564 | 8-31-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88924 | 9-8-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89001 | 9-14-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89112 | 9-22-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89261 | 9-28-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89429 | 10-5-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89570 | 10-12-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-89498 | 10-12-2021 |

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89672 | 10-19-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89781 | 10-26-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89870 | 11-2-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89962 | 11-9-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90037 | 11-16-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90114 | 11-23-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90138 | 11-30-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90389 | 12-7-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90425 | 12-14-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90479 | 12-21-2021 |

In June 2021, the SWPP team was notified by LANL of the resumption of D&D activities within W-SMA-1 that began in 2020 and were suspended for the winter months in late November of 2020. The D&D activities include the removal of structures 16-460, 16-462, and 16-463. After receipt of this notification, SWPPP team members resumed performing regular inspections of active control measures to ensure the functionality of IP controls during this facility-managed activity. At the completion of construction activities, the SMA will be re-evaluated for changes in condition or compliance status.

No maintenance activities were conducted at W-SMA-1 in 2021.

207.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with W-SMA-1 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. SWMU 16-017(j)-99 is corrective action complete with a certificate of no exposure. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 207-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 207-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|-------------------|--|--|--|
| SWMU 16-017(j)-99 | Corrective Action Complete for No Exposure | Corrective Action Complete for No Exposure | N3B, January 14, 2020, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759- Analytical Results Following Completion of Corrective Action by Certification of a No Exposure Condition at Site 16-017(j)-99 in Site Monitoring Area W-SMA-1." No exposure confirmation monitoring is complete. LANL, September 29, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Completion of Corrective Action Certification of No Exposure at LA-SMA-1 (Site 00-017); M-SMA-4 (Site 48-005); 2M-SMA-2.2 [Site 03-003(k)]; S-SMA-0.25 [Site 03-013(a)]; and W-SMA-1 [Site 16-017(j)-99]." |
| SWMU 16-026(c2) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-026(v) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |

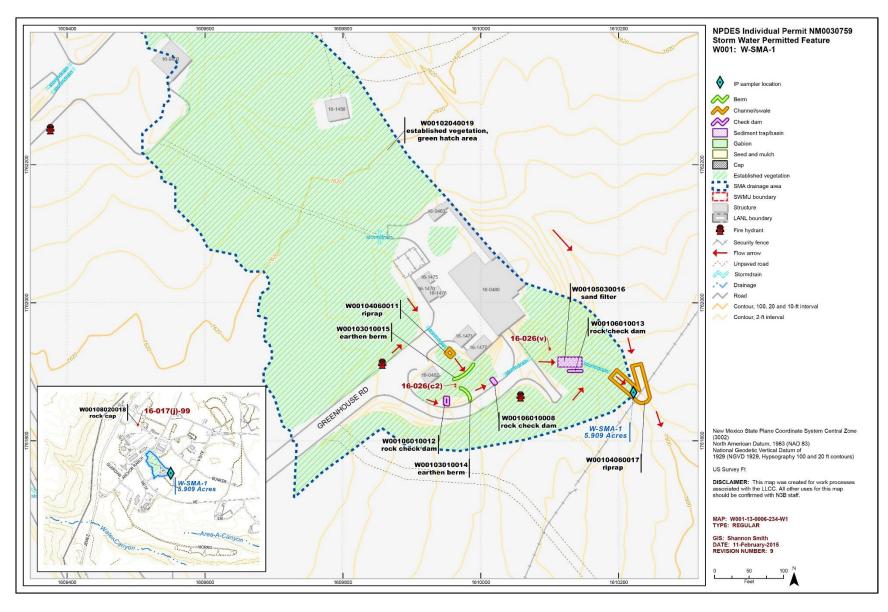


Figure 207-1 W-SMA-1 location map

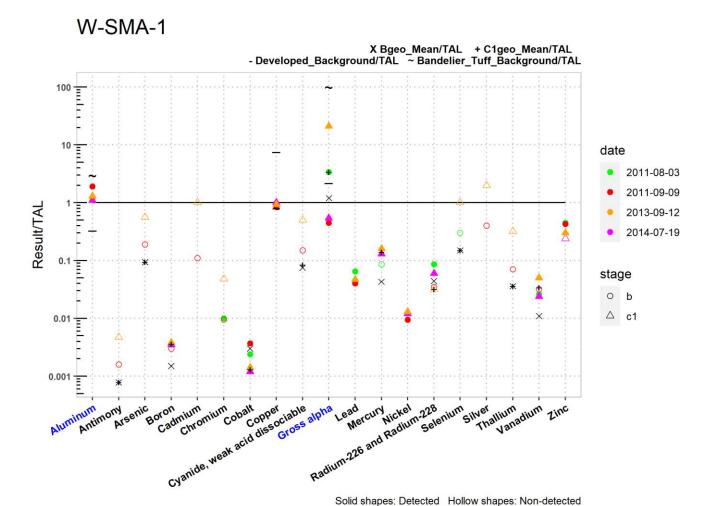


Figure 207-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-1

| | W-SMA-1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|---------|--------|---------|----------|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|--------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.00078 | 0.094 | 0.0015 | NA | NA | 0.0030 | NA | 0.075 | 1.2 | NA | 0.043 | NA | 0.044 | 0.15 | NA | 0.036 | 0.011 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.00078 | 0.094 | 0.0036 | NA | NA | 0.0013 | NA | 0.084 | 3.4 | NA | 0.14 | NA | 0.032 | 0.15 | NA | 0.036 | 0.034 | NA |
| 2011-08-03 d | 1.2 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.010 | 0.0024 | 0.88 | NA | 3.4 | 0.065 | NA | 0.0094 | 0.086 | NA | NA | NA | 0.026 | 0.45 |
| 2011-08-03 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | 0.11 | NA | NA | NA | 0.15 | NA | NA | 0.086 | NA | NA | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | NA |
| 2011-09-09 d | 1.9 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0037 | 0.84 | NA | 0.45 | 0.040 | NA | 0.0094 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.43 |
| 2011-09-09 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | 0.15 | NA | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.035 | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0.032 | NA |
| 2013-09-12 d | 1.3 | NA | NA | 0.0038 | NA | NA | 0.0014 | 0.93 | NA | 21 | 0.047 | 0.16 | 0.013 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.050 | 0.30 |
| 2013-09-12 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.032 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | NA | NA |
| 2014-07-19 d | 1.1 | NA | NA | 0.0035 | NA | NA | 0.0012 | 1.0 | NA | 0.54 | 0.047 | 0.13 | 0.012 | 0.060 | NA | NA | NA | 0.024 | NA |
| 2014-07-19 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | NA | 0.24 |
| Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 207-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-1

208.0 W-SMA-1.5: SWMUs 16-026(b2) and 16-028(d)

208.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with W002, W-SMA-1.5: Sites 16-026(b2) and 16-028(d).

SWMU 16-026(b2) is an outfall and associated drainline that served decommissioned machine shop building 16-202 in the administrative area at TA-16. The drainline exited the northeast corner of building 16-20 and discharged to an outfall located approximately 135 ft east-southeast of the building in the drainage ditch along Anchor Ranch Road. The outfall received discharge from an oil/water separator, which consisted of a $3-\times 3-\times 3$ -ft cement pit located below floor level in a millwright shop. The separator was installed in 1952, when building 16-202 was built, and remains in place but is covered. Use of the separator ceased after 1977 and the millwright shop is now an office.

Consent Order sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 16-026(b2); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. No investigations were conducted at the Site before the Consent Order went into effect in 2005.



SWMU 16-028(d) is a former NPDES-permitted outfall (04A083) located in the administrative area of TA-16, approximately 80 ft southeast of decommissioned building 16-202. The outfall formerly served the decommissioned machine shop in building 16-202 and connected to the building through an 8-in.-diameter VCP. The outfall received noncontact cooling water and wash water from two floor drains, effluent from two non-HE sumps, discharge from two sink drains, and rainwater from 16 roof drains. A

variety of materials associated with machining metals and plastics were used in the building and could have been present in discharges to the outfall, including brazing alloy, trichloroethene, petroleum distillates, oils, and hydrochloric acid. In 1995, building 16-202 was converted to office space, and the drainlines within the building were modified so that the outfall receives only storm water from the building's roof drains. The outfall was removed from the NPDES permit effective September 19, 1997.

Consent Order sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 16-028(d); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. No investigations were conducted at the Site before the Consent Order went into effect in 2005.

The project map (Figure 208-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

208.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 208-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 25, 2012, and September 4, 2015, and submitted to EPA on October 25, 2012, and September 10, 2015, respectively, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ ConstructionCertifications.

Table 208-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W00202040017 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W00203010015 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W00203010020 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W00203160024 | Wood Chip Wattle | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| W00204060007 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | СВ |
| W00204070002 | Vegetated Swale | - | Х | Х | - | СВ |
| W00204070003 | Vegetated Swale | - | Х | Х | - | СВ |
| W00205020013 | Sediment Basin | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W00205020021 | Sediment Basin | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W00206010008 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W00206010009 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W00206010010 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

208.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 16-026(b2) and 16-028(d) are monitored within W-SMA-1.5. Following the installation of baseline control measures, two baseline storm water samples were collected on August 3, 2011, and September 1, 2011 (Figure 208-2). Analytical results from these samples yielded TAL exceedances for copper (9.7 μ g/L), gross-alpha activity (22 pCi/L), and zinc (49.3 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 208-2.

Following the 2012 installation of enhanced control measures at W-SMA-1.5, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on July 19, 2014 (Figure 208-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded a TAL exceedance for copper (6.9 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 208-2.

Following the 2015 installation of enhanced control measures at W-SMA-1.5, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on September 28, 2017 (Figure 208-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded no TAL exceedances. Corrective action monitoring will continue until the collection of a second sample.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011, 2014, and 2017 Annual Reports.

208.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG253 recorded 10 storm events at W-SMA-1.5 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 208-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85934 | 6-4-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-86164 | 6-8-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-86298 | 6-15-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-86394 | 6-22-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-86633 | 6-29-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-86907 | 7-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86827 | 7-8-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87079 | 7-13-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87213 | 7-20-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87426 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87345 | 7-28-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87621 | 8-3-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87965 | 8-10-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88169 | 8-17-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88376 | 8-23-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88464 | 8-24-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88565 | 8-31-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88925 | 9-8-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89002 | 9-14-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89113 | 9-22-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89262 | 9-28-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89430 | 10-5-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89571 | 10-12-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-89499 | 10-12-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89673 | 10-19-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89782 | 10-26-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89871 | 11-2-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89963 | 11-9-2021 |
| Verification | BMP-89902 | 12-7-2021 |
| | | |

In June 2021, the SWPP team was notified by LANL of the resumption of facility modification activities to building 16-202 within W-SMA-1.5 that began in 2020 and were suspended for the winter months in late November of 2020. After receipt of this notification SWPPP team members resumed regular inspections of active control measures to ensure the functionality of IP controls during this facility-managed activity. Multiple controls were impacted by the activities, including the removal of Straw Wattle W00203060023, and sedimentation into Rip Rap W00204060007 and Vegetated Swale W00204070002. The SWPP team worked with LANL throughout the summer of 2021 to remedy the impacts to controls, and a summary of these remedies are presented in Table 208-3. Construction activities were completed in December 2021,

and the SWPPP team conducted a verification inspection in December 2021 .to evaluate the SMA for changes in condition or compliance status and update the project map as needed (Figure 208-1).

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 208-3 Maintenance during 2021

| Maintenance Reference | Maintenance Conducted | Maintenance Date | Response Time | Response Discussion |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------|---|
| BMP-86999 | Attempted to install a replacement for Straw Wattle W00203060023 but was unable to because the facility managed activities were using the area for 2 temporary sediment ponds. Removed accumulated sediment from Rip Rap W00204060007 and Vegetated Swale W00204070002. Installed gravel bags at the toe of the base course pad for newly installed electrical panel that is contributing to the sedimentation issues. This installation will not be tracked as an IP control. | 8-19-2021 | 14 day(s) | Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable. |
| BMP-89290 | Installed Wood Chip Wattle W00203160024 as a replacement for Straw Wattle W00203060023 | 10-6-2021 | 8 day(s) | Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable. |
| BMP-89837 | Re-Installed Wood Chip Wattle W00203160024 as a replacement for Straw Wattle W00203060023 in correct location identified by FTL. | 11-2-2021 | 7 day(s) | Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable. |

208.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with W-SMA-1.5 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 208-4 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 208-4 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|-----------------|---|---|---|
| SWMU 16-026(b2) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, September 10, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Six Site Monitoring Areas (2M-SMA-3; CDB-SMA-1; CDV-SMA-1.7; PJ-SMA-1.05; STRM-SMA-1.5; and W-SMA-1.5)." |
| SWMU 16-028(d) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, September 10, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Six Site Monitoring Areas (2M-SMA-3; CDB-SMA-1; CDV-SMA-1.7; PJ-SMA-1.05; STRM-SMA-1.5; and W-SMA-1.5)." |



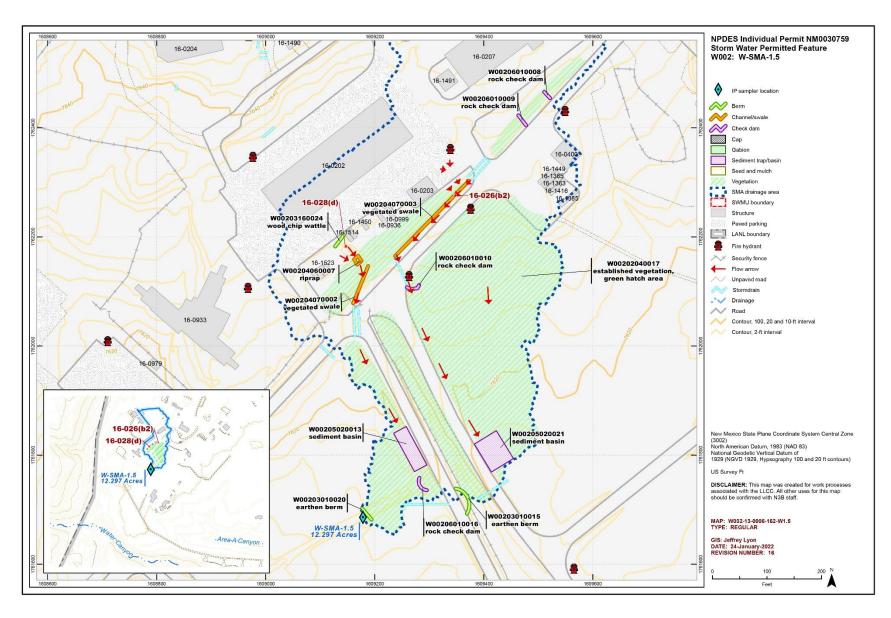
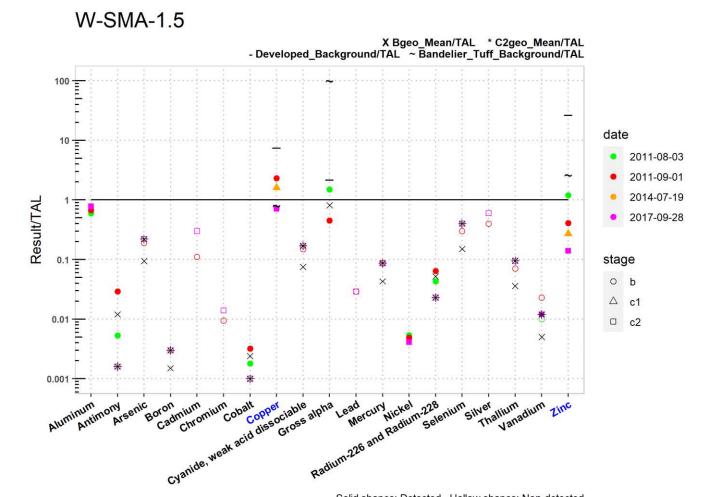


Figure 208-1 W-SMA-1.5 location map



Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 208-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-1.5

| | | | | | | | W-S | SMA | 4-1.5 | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------|----------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.012 | 0.094 | 0.0015 | NA | NA | 0.0024 | NA | 0.075 | 0.81 | NA | 0.043 | NA | 0.052 | 0.15 | NA | 0.036 | 0.0050 | NA |
| C2geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0030 | NA | NA | 0.0010 | NA | 0.17 | -0.013 | NA | 0.087 | NA | 0.023 | 0.40 | NA | 0.095 | 0.012 | NA |
| 2011-08-03 d | 0.60 | 0.0053 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0018 | 0.72 | NA | 1.5 | NA | NA | 0.0054 | 0.043 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1.2 |
| 2011-08-03 nd | NA | NA | 0.19 | 0.0030 | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | 0.15 | NA | 0.029 | 0.086 | NA | NA | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0.010 | NA |
| 2011-09-01 d | 0.67 | 0.029 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0032 | 2.3 | NA | 0.45 | NA | NA | 0.0049 | 0.064 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.41 |
| 2011-09-01 nd | NA | NA | 0.19 | 0.0030 | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | 0.15 | NA | 0.029 | 0.086 | NA | NA | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0.023 | NA |
| 2014-07-19 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1.6 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.27 |
| 2014-07-19 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2017-09-28 d | 0.78 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.71 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0041 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.012 | 0.14 |
| 2017-09-28 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0030 | 0.30 | 0.014 | 0.0010 | NA | 0.17 | -0.013 | 0.029 | 0.087 | NA | 0.023 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.095 | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | icate T | AL exce | edan | ce; d=c | letected | _resu | ılt/TAL | , nd=nc | ondete | cted_re | esult/TA | L | | | | | |

Figure 208-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-1.5

209.0 W-SMA-2.05: SWMU 16-028(e)

209.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W003, W-SMA-2.05: Site 16-028(e).

SWMU 16-028(e) is a formerly NPDES-permitted outfall (04A091) that served the materials-testing laboratory building 16-450 at TA-16. The outfall was located southeast of building 16-450 and received discharges through an outlet drainline from a former HE sump [SWMU 16-029(g)]. The outfall discharged outside the security fence at the edge of Water Canyon. The sump was removed in 1997, and the drainline to the outfall was plugged but left in place. The outfall was removed from the NPDES permit effective September 19, 1997.

Consent Order sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 16-028(e); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. However, decision-level data are available from the 1995 RFI.

The project map (Figure 209-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

209.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 209-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 25, 2012, and submitted to EPA on October 25, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 209-1 Active Control Measures

| | | I | Control | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|----|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | |
| W00302040010 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W00303010007 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W00303010008 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | X | EC |
| W00306010009 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

209.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 16-028(e) is monitored within W-SMA-2.05. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on August 21, 2011 (Figure 209-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for aluminum (1240 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 209-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

SWMU 16-028(e):

Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this
 Site. Aluminum was not detected above the sediment BV in 11 shallow RFI samples.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 209-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 209-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-2.05 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including aluminum are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff.

• Aluminum—The aluminum UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μ g/L and the aluminum background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 245 μ g/L. The 2011 result is between these values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2011 Annual Report.

209.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG253 recorded 10 storm events at W-SMA-2.05 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 209-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85935 | 6-4-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86840 | 7-1-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86960 | 7-12-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87346 | 7-30-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88377 | 8-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-89500 | 10-13-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-2.05 in 2021.

209.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-2.05 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 209-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 209-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|---|--|---|
| SWMU 16-028(e) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 9-25-2012. LANL, October 25, 2012, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Nine Site Monitoring Areas." |

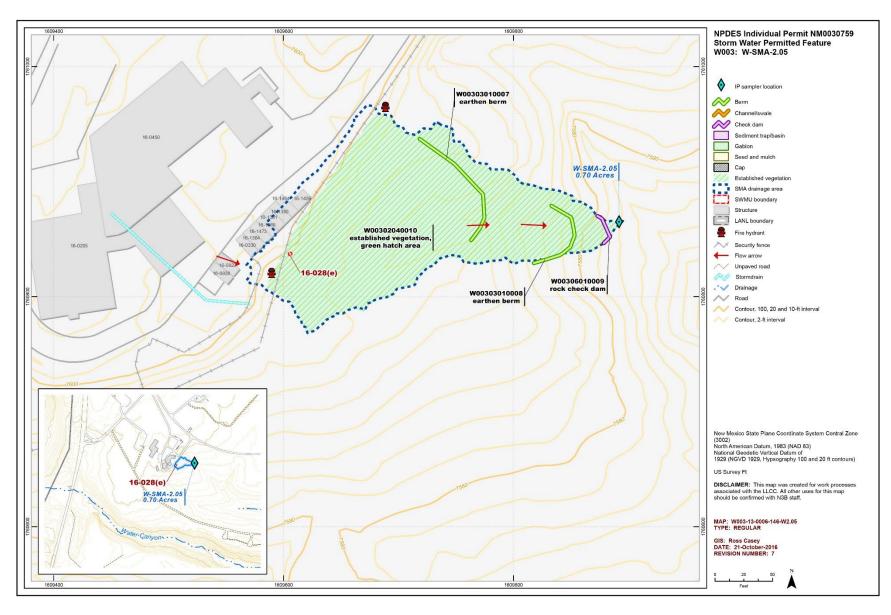
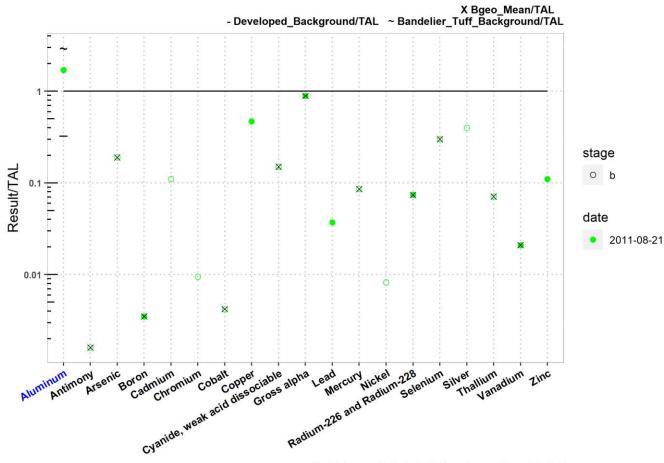


Figure 209-1 W-SMA-2.05 location map





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 209-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-2.05

| | | | | | | | | SMA | -2.0 | _ | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|----------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0035 | NA | NA | 0.0042 | NA | 0.15 | 0.89 | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.074 | 0.30 | NA | 0.071 | 0.021 | NA |
| 2011-08-21 d | 1.7 | NA | NA | 0.0035 | NA | NA | NA | 0.47 | NA | 0.89 | 0.037 | NA | NA | 0.074 | NA | NA | NA | 0.021 | 0.11 |
| 2011-08-21 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | 0.0042 | NA | 0.15 | NA | NA | 0.086 | 0.0082 | NA | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL exc | eeda | ince; d= | detecte | d_res | ult/TA | L, nd= | nonde | tected | _result/ | TAL | | | | | |

Figure 209-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-2.05

210.0 W-SMA-3.5: SWMU 16-026(y)

210.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W004, W-SMA-3.5: Site 16-026(y).

SWMU 16-026(y) is an inactive outfall and associated outlet drainline that served building 16-411 at TA-16. The outfall drainline consists of a 4-in.-diameter VCP that exits the southwest wall of building 16-411, then turns south to terminate at its discharge point on the hill slope of Water Canyon. The discharge point is located south of a double security fence at the edge of Water Canyon. Building 16-411 was constructed in 1951 and used to assemble finished HE components. The outfall received discharges from an equipment room floor drain, a sink, roof drains, a water fountain, and an eyewash station. The outfall was decommissioned in the late 1980s when the roof drains were rerouted to a separate outfall, and all other drains were either plugged or rerouted to a holding tank.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun at SWMU 16-026(y); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. Decision-level data are not available for the Site.

The project map (Figure 210-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

210.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 210-1).

Table 210-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | | Control | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W00402040008 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W00403060013 | Straw Wattle | Х | - | - | X | В |
| W00403060014 | Straw Wattle | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| W00403060015 | Straw Wattle | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| W00403140016 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | X | В |
| W00404060003 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | СВ |
| W00406010007 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

210.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2021, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at W-SMA-3.5. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

210.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-3.5 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 210-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85923 | 6-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86805 | 7-8-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87148 | 7-14-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87334 | 7-28-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88040 | 8-18-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88761 | 9-2-2021 |

In the spring of 2021, the SWPP team was notified by LANL that facility modifications were planned for structure 16-411. This structure is associated with historical activities at SWMU 16-026(y) and soil disturbance activities may occur near or within the SMA. Notification was received in June 2021 of the start of work activities and the SWPP team members conducted an assessment in July 2021 to determine potential impacts from the activities. It was determined that this stage of activities would have no impact on the SMA, Site, or controls. This project is expected to continue through March 2022, and team members are monitoring activities and will resume remediation construction activity inspections as needed during potential future soil disturbance.

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 210-3 Maintenance during 2021

| Maintenance | Maintenance Conducted | Maintenance | Response | Response |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------|---|
| Reference | | Date | Time | Discussion |
| BMP-89078 | Installed Coir Log W00403140016 as a replacement for Straw Wattle W00403060009. | 9-28-2021 | 26 day(s) | Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable. |

210.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-3.5 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 210-4 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 210-4 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SWMU 16-026(y) | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Initiated 4-30-2012. No samples have been collected since initiation of the Permit. |

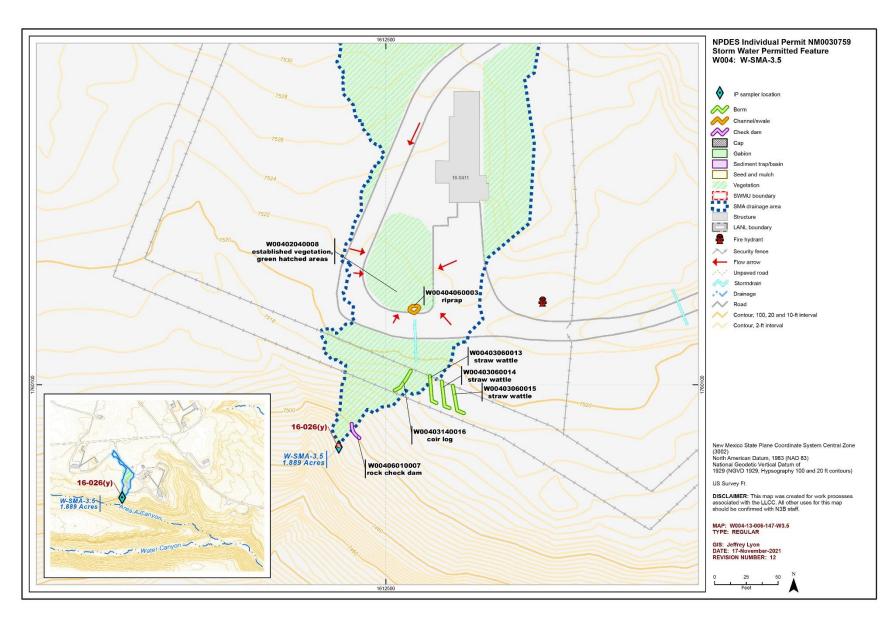


Figure 210-1 W-SMA-3.5 location map

211.0 W-SMA-4.1: SWMU 16-003(a)

211.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W005, W-SMA-4.1: Site 16-003(a).

SWMU 16-003(a) is an inactive HE sump, associated inlet and outlet drains, and former NPDES-permitted outfall (05A053) that served assembly building 16-410 at TA-16. The concrete sump is located on the exterior southeast wall of the building and measures 9.5 ft long × 3.5 ft wide × 2.5 ft deep. The sump served floor, roof, and equipment drains and removed suspended HE solids from process water before it was discharged to the outfall, located approximately 320 ft southeast of the building. The sump was installed in the early 1950s and modified in 1966 to improve its effectiveness and to reduce HE handling. The outlet drainline from the sump was plugged by 1995. The outfall was removed from the NPDES permit effective January 14, 1998.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun at SWMU 16-003(a); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. Decision-level data are available from an RFI performed in 1995.

The project map (Figure 211-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

211.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 211-1).

Table 211-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W00502040006 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W00503060009 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W00503060011 | Straw Wattle | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| W00503140010 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | В |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

211.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2021, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at W-SMA-4.1. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

211.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-4.1 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 211-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85924 | 6-2-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86806 | 7-8-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87335 | 7-28-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88041 | 8-17-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88762 | 9-2-2021 |

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 211-3 Maintenance during 2021

| Maintenance Reference | Maintenance Conducted | Maintenance Date | Response Time | Response Discussion |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|---|
| ВМР-88479 | Installed Straw Wattle W00503060011 as a replacement for Straw Wattle W00503060008. | 9-29-2021 | ,,, | Maintenance was originally scheduled to be completed by 9-22-2021 but Site access and material availability issues precluded the completion by this date. |

211.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-4.1 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 211-4 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 211-4 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SWMU 16-003(a) | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Initiated 4-30-2012. No samples have been collected since initiation of the Permit. |

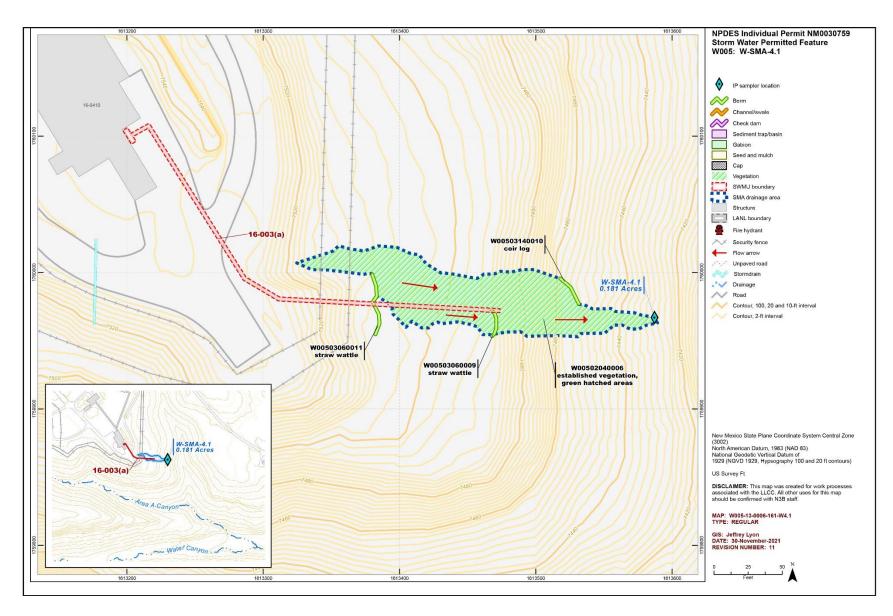


Figure 211-1 W-SMA-4.1 location map

212.0 W-SMA-5: SWMUs 16-001(e), 16-003(f), 16-026(b), 16-026(c), 16-026(d), and 16-026(e)

212.1 Site Descriptions

Six historical industrial activity areas are associated with W006, W-SMA-5: Sites 16-001(e), 16-003(f), 16-026(b), 16-026(c), 16-026(d), and 16-026(e).

SWMU 16-001(e) is an inactive dry well located at TA-16 approximately 170 ft east of HE-processing building 16-306 at the head of a small tributary to Water Canyon. Constructed in the 1980s, the dry well served the building 16-300 series process line and never functioned properly because it drained to impermeable tuff. Building 16-300 was initially an HE-casting facility and was later converted to a mock (inert) explosives-preparation facility in 1962. The well was constructed of a 4-ft diameter CMP buried vertically to an unknown depth. A T-pipe was subsequently installed in the dry well to allow liquids discharged to the dry well to flow to a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA 05A058) where the liquid waste trunk line discharged effluent from HE sumps associated with the building 16-300 series process line. The dry well was filled with soil from the surrounding area and capped with concrete before 1992.

Consent Order Phase I investigation sampling is complete. SWMU 16-001(e) meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

SWMU 16-003(f) consists of two inactive HE sumps located on the exterior east side of building 16-304 at TA-16. Building 16-304 was constructed between 1951 and 1953 and was used as a plastics and plastic-component development and production facility for the weapons program. Polycarbonate components were fabricated using injection-molding machines. Other components were made using hydraulic presses. Large high-temperature ovens were used to dry-mold powders and to cure thermoset plastics. Wash water from the building drained to the sumps. Chemical solvents including acetone and methyl ethyl ketone were used in the plastics processing operations were also discharged to the SWMU 16-003(f) sumps. One sump measured 123 in. × 41 in. x 31 in. with a 6-in.-diameter VCP outlet drainline, and the other sump measured 203 in. x 41 in x 31 in. with an 8-in.-diameter VCP outlet drainline. HE-contaminated water and solvents from the sumps were discharged into the shared liquid waste trunk line located on the east side of the building .The effluent flowed through the liquid waste trunk line and discharged through a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPSA 05A058) into a well-defined drainage across HE Road and southeast of building 16-306. In the early 1990s, solvents were no longer discharged to the sumps. Discharges from the sumps ceased in the mid-1990s, and the outfall was removed from the NPDES permit in 2000.

Consent Order Phase I investigation sampling is complete. SWMU 16-003(f) was recommended for additional field characterization activities in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019.

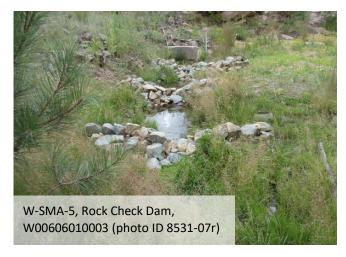
SWMU 16-026(b) is an inactive former outfall located northeast of a rest house (structure 16-307) in TA-16. The outfall formerly received discharge from two HE sumps [SWMU 16-029(a)] located adjacent to the exterior southeast wall of the rest house. The outfall discharged to Water Canyon. The sumps were plugged in 1990 and 1991. Structure 16-307 was built between 1951 and 1953 to serve building 16-306. Structure 16-307 was used to store molds and other materials used in plastics development facilities, and also previously housed a solvent disassembly tank used to remove HE from

230

test devices. This operation was the principal source of potential HE contamination in the drainage downgradient of the inactive outfall.

Consent Order Phase I investigation sampling is complete. SWMU 16-026(b) meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

SWMU 16-026(c) is an inactive outfall located at TA-16 south of a rest house (building 16-305). The outfall formerly received discharge from



two HE sumps [SWMU 16-029(b)] located adjacent to the exterior southwest wall of the rest house. The outfall discharged to Water Canyon. The sumps were plugged in 1990 and 1991. Structure 16-305 was built between 1951 and 1953 to serve buildings 16-304 and 16-306, the plastics development and production facility. Structure 16-305 was used to store chemicals and solvents for plastics development and production and was also used for filament winding of developmental weapons components.

Consent Order Phase I investigation sampling is complete. SWMU 16-026(c) meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

SWMU 16-026(d) is an inactive outfall located southeast of a rest house (structure 16-303) at TA-16. The outfall formerly received discharges from two HE sumps [SWMU 16-029(c)] located adjacent to the exterior west wall of the rest house. The outfall discharged to Martin Spring Canyon. The sumps were plugged in 1990 and 1991. Structure 16-303 was built between 1951 and 1953 to serve building 16-302, an HE-casting facility. The rest house was used to store raw materials used in the casting process and HE castings produced in casting building 16-302.

Consent Order Phase I investigation sampling is complete. SWMU 16-026(d) meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

SWMU 16-026(e) is an inactive outfall located southwest of structure 16-301 at TA-16. The outfall formerly received discharge from two HE sumps [SWMU 16-029(d)] located on the exterior west side of structure 16-301. The outfall discharged to Martin Spring Canyon. The sumps were plugged in 1990 and 1991. Structure 16-301 was built in 1951 and 1952 and originally housed mock-HE processing operations and stored raw materials that were used to prepare mock HE. Structure 16-301 was later used as an environmental testing laboratory for research in the effects of temperature, pressure, and humidity on weapons and components.

Consent Order Phase I investigation sampling is complete. SWMU 16-026(e) was recommended for additional field characterization activities in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019.

The project map (Figure 212-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

212.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 212-1).

Table 212-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | |
| W00602040029 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | |
| W00604040011 | Culvert | Х | - | Х | - | СВ | | | |
| W00604050033 | Water Bar | Х | - | Х | - | В | | | |
| W00604060006 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | СВ | | | |
| W00606010003 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| W00606010012 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| W00606010013 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| W00606010014 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| W00606010015 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| W00606010017 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| W00606010021 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| W00606010022 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| W00606010023 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| W00606010024 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| W00606010028 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| W00606010031 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В | | | |
| W00606010032 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В | | | |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

212.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 16-001(e), 16-003(f), 16-026(b), 16-026(c), 16-026(d), and 16-026(e) are monitored within W-SMA-5. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 3, 2012 (Figure 212-2). In Figure 212-2, cadmium, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for copper (6.28 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 212-2.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-001(e):

Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above the soil BV in 2 of 4 shallow samples with a maximum concentration 1.9 times the soil BV.

SWMU 16-003(f):

• Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was not detected above BV in 1 shallow Consent Order sample collected at the Site.

SWMU 16-026(b):

• Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was not detected above BVs in 8 shallow Consent Order and RFI samples.

SWMU 16-026(c):

Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above the soil BV in 2 of 13 shallow Consent Order and RFI samples with a maximum concentration 2.8 times soil BV.

SWMU 16-026(d):

• Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above the soil BV in 1 of 16 shallow Consent Order and RFI samples with a maximum concentration 4.5 times soil BV.

SWMU 16-026(e):

Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above the soil BV in 1 of 19 shallow Consent Order and RFI samples with a maximum concentration 1.04 times the soil BV.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 212-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 212-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-5 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff.

• Copper—The copper UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μg/L, and the copper background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.3 μg/L. The result from 2012 is between these values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2012 Annual Report.

212.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-5 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 212-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85925 | 6-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86807 | 7-1-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87171 | 7-13-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87211 | 7-20-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87424 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87336 | 7-28-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87619 | 8-3-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-87963 | 8-10-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88165 | 8-18-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88042 | 8-18-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88460 | 8-24-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88562 | 8-31-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88763 | 9-2-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88921 | 9-8-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88998 | 9-14-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89110 | 9-22-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89259 | 9-28-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89427 | 10-5-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89567 | 10-12-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89668 | 10-19-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89778 | 10-26-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89867 | 11-2-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89959 | 11-9-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90033 | 11-16-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90112 | 11-23-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90134 | 11-30-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90385 | 12-7-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90422 | 12-14-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90476 | 12-21-2021 |

In the spring of 2021, the SWPP team was notified by LANL that D&D activities of structure 16-306 was planned. This structure is associated with historical activities of SWMUs associated with W-SMA-5. After receipt of notification of start of D&D activities in July 2021, SWPP team members conducted an assessment to determine potential impacts from the activities, and began conducting weekly inspections of controls in areas of potential soil disturbance. The work is ongoing and at the completion of D&D activities, the SMA will be reevaluated for changes in condition or compliance status.

No maintenance activities were conducted at W-SMA-5 in 2021.

212.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with W-SMA-5 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 212-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 212-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|--|--|--|
| SWMU 16-001(e) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-003(f) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-026(b) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-026(c) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-026(d) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-026(e) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |

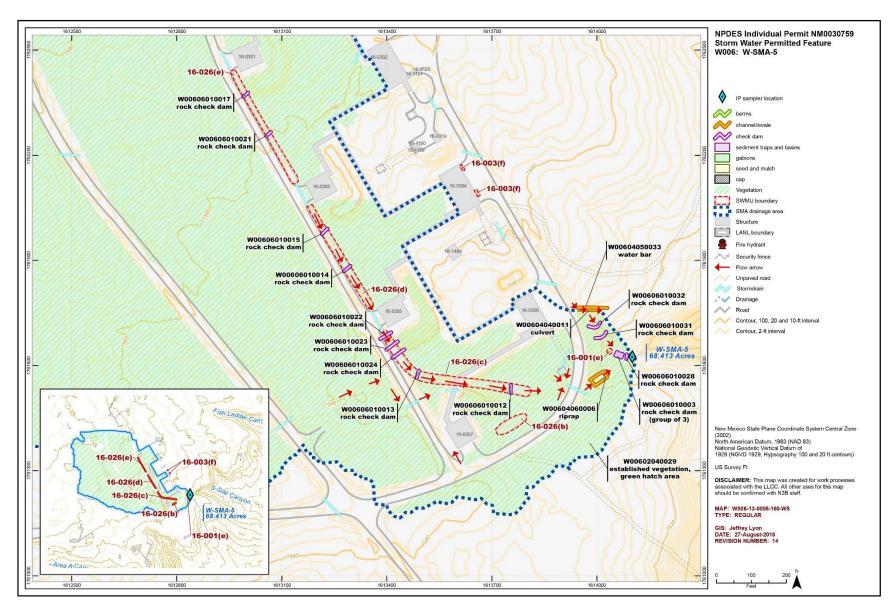


Figure 212-1 W-SMA-5 location map

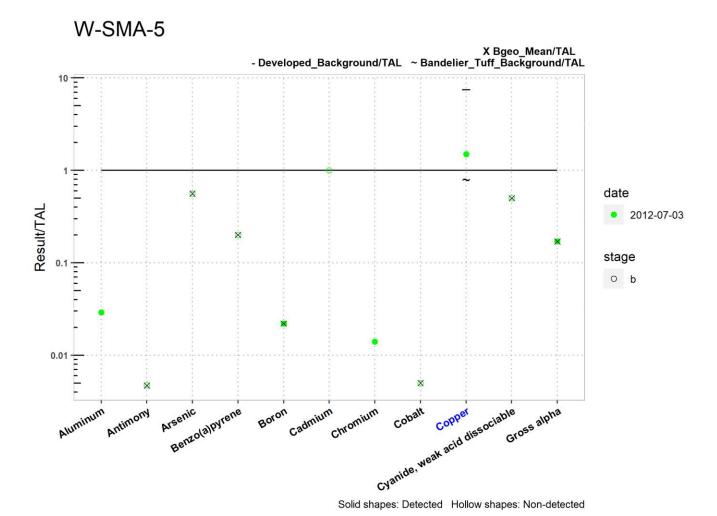


Figure 212-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-5

| | W-SMA-5 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|---------|----------------|-------|---------|----------|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Benzo(a)pyrene | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | | |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | | |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | | |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | | |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | | |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | | |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.20 | 0.022 | NA | NA | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | 0.17 | | |
| 2012-07-03 d | 0.029 | NA | NA | NA | 0.022 | NA | 0.014 | NA | 1.5 | NA | 0.17 | | |
| 2012-07-03 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.20 | NA | 1.0 | NA | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | NA | | |
| Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 212-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-5

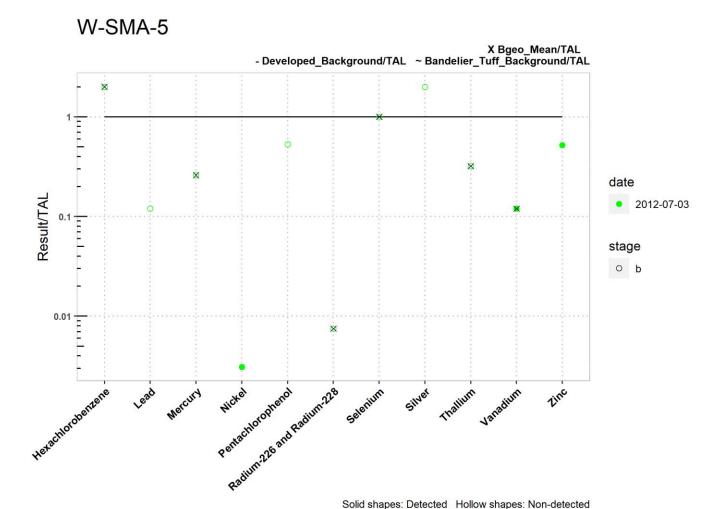


Figure 212-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-5

| | W-SMA-5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|------|---------|--------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|--|
| | Hexachlorobenzene | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Pentachlorophenol | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc | |
| TAL | 5 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 19 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 | |
| MQL | 5 | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | 5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 | |
| ATAL | 5 | NA | 0.77 | NA | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA | |
| MTAL | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | 19 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 | |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | 2.0 | NA | 0.26 | NA | NA | 0.0075 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.12 | NA | |
| 2012-07-03 d | NA | NA | NA | 0.0031 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.12 | 0.52 | |
| 2012-07-03 nd | 2.0 | 0.12 | 0.26 | NA | 0.53 | 0.0075 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | NA | NA | |
| | Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 212-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-5

213.0 W-SMA-6: SWMU 11-001(c)

213.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W007, W-SMA-6: Site 11-001(c).

SWMU 11-001(c) is a former firing pit (former structure 11-15) at TA-16, that was located northwest of former building 16-370 near the edge of Water Canyon. According to the 1990 SWMU report, the firing pit was similar in construction to Firing Pit 11-14 [SWMU 11-001(a)], which consisted of a 12.5-ft semicircular concrete wall that was 4.5 ft high and 37 in. thick. The SWMU 11-001(c) firing pit was first used in 1944. The former TA-11 firing pits were arranged so that testing could be controlled and observed remotely. Components and assemblies were exposed to extreme physical environments including vibration, shock, and thermal-testing. Shots fired at the former TA-11 firing pits reportedly contained uranium and aluminum. Use of the firing pit ceased by the early 1950s. In 1989, when technical area boundaries were redefined within the Laboratory, portions of former TA-11 were absorbed into TA-16. As a result, SWMU 11-001(c) is now located within the northeast portion of TA-16. An RFI and a VCA were conducted in 1995 and 1996, respectively. However, in 2011 during preparation of the Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation work plan, it was determined from engineering drawing R-126 that samples from the RFI and VCA were collected from the wrong location. The firing pit was actually located northwest of the area that was sampled.

Consent Order sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 11-001(c); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. Decision-level data are not available from the 1995 RFI or 1996 VCA.

The project map (Figure 213-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

213.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 213-1).

Table 213-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | | |
| W00701010007 | Seed and Wood Mulch | - | - | Х | - | В | | | | |
| W00702040004 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | |
| W00703060006 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | |
| W00703060008 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

213.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 11-001(c) is monitored within W-SMA-6. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 7, 2019 (Figure 213-2). Analysis for this sample did not include total metals so monitoring was continued. An additional limited volume baseline storm water sample was collected on October 4, 2019 (Figure 213-2). Analytical results from these samples yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (60.5 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 213-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent. There are no soil data available for this Site.

SWMU 11-001(c):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically
managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA
and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 213-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 214-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-6 is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—Gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2019 gross-alpha result is less than this value.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2019 Annual Report.

213.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-6 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 213-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85926 | 6-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86808 | 7-1-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87337 | 7-28-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88043 | 8-17-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88764 | 8-31-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-6 in 2021.

213.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-6 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 213-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 213-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| SWMU 11-001(c) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | N3B, October 27, 2020 "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Alternative Compliance Requests for Six Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources". |

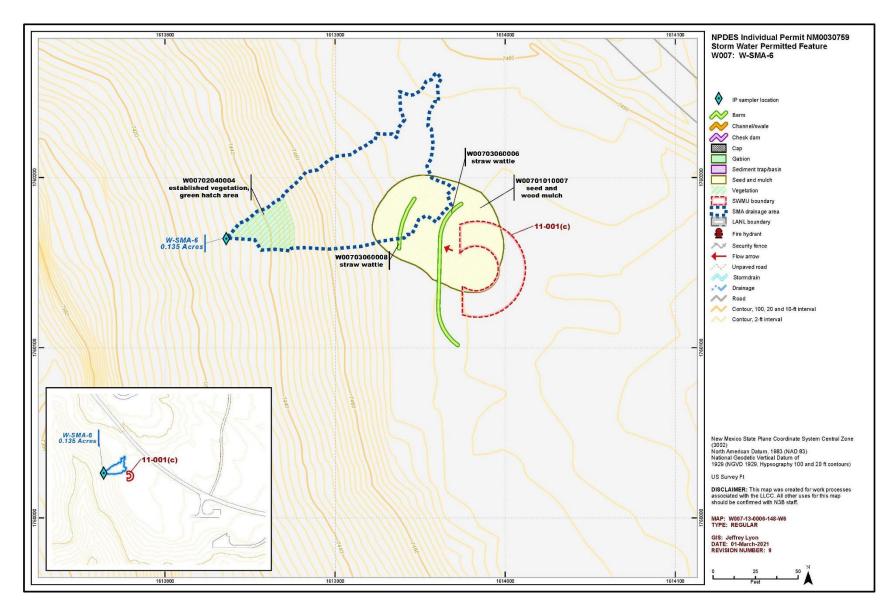


Figure 213-1 W-SMA-6 location map

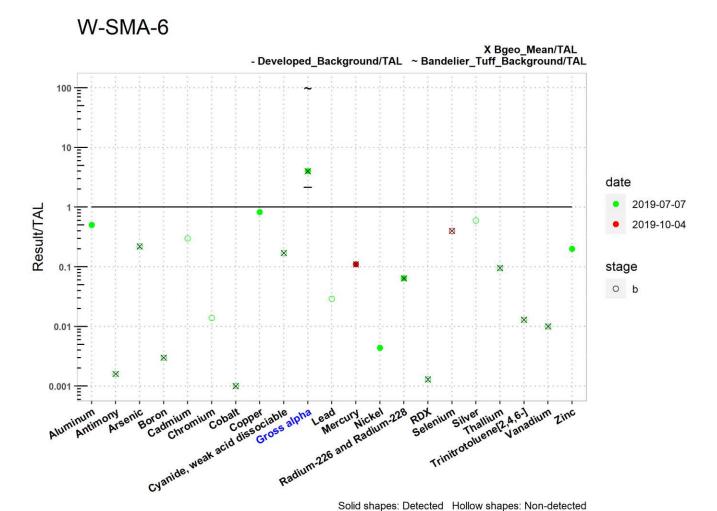


Figure 213-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-6

| | | | | | | | | ٧ | V-SI | NA-6 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|-------|---------|----------|------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0030 | NA | NA | 0.0010 | NA | 0.17 | 4.0 | NA | 0.11 | NA | 0.064 | 0.0013 | 0.40 | NA | 0.095 | 0.013 | 0.010 | NA |
| 2019-07-07 d | 0.50 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.83 | NA | 4.0 | NA | NA | 0.0044 | 0.064 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.20 |
| 2019-07-07 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0030 | 0.30 | 0.014 | 0.0010 | NA | 0.17 | NA | 0.029 | NA | NA | NA | 0.0013 | NA | 0.60 | 0.095 | 0.013 | 0.010 | NA |
| 2019-10-04 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.11 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2019-10-04 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.40 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL exc | eeda | nce; d | =detect | ed_re | sult/T | AL, nd | =nond | etecte | d_result | /TAL | | | | | | | |

Figure 213-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-6

214.0 W-SMA-7: SWMUs 16-029(e) and 16-026(h2)

214.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with W008, W-SMA-7: Sites 16-029(e) and 16-026(h2).

SWMU 16-029(e) consists of an inactive HE sump and formerly NPDES-permitted outfall (05A159) that served HE equipment assembly building 16-360 at TA-16. The sump is a $12-\times4-\times5$ -ft reinforced concrete structure located on the exterior southeast side of the building. The sump received wash water from historical cleaning activities and discharged southeast to the outfall through a 6-in.-diameter drainline. The sump outlet was plugged in the early 1990s; the outfall was removed from the NPDES permit effective August 16, 1995.

The OU 1082 RFI work plan identifies SWMU 16-029(e) as an HE sump at building 16-360 with SWMU 16-026(h2) as the associated NPDES-permitted outfall. However, the 1990 SWMU report identifies SWMU 16-026(h2) as four outfalls from building drains at building 16-360. Because the four outfalls identified as SWMU 16-026(h2) in the SWMU report are not associated with the HE sump, SWMU 16-029(e) is identified as the inactive HE sump, and the associated inlet and outlet drainlines and the outfall. Consent Order sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 16-029(e); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. However, decision-level data are available from the 1995 RFI.

SWMU 16-026(h2) consists of four outfalls and associated drainlines at TA-16 that served HE equipment assembly building 16-360. The western outfall received discharge from a steam pit drain. The southern outfall received condensate from three floor drains. The remaining two outfalls are located to the east of the building and discharge storm water from roof drains. In the 1990s, the steam pit drain and floor drains were rerouted to the sanitary sewer system; the roof drain outfalls remain active.

The OU 1082 RFI work plan identifies SWMU 16-026(h2) as the NPDES-permitted outfall associated with SWMU 16-029(e), an HE sump at building 16-360. However, the 1990 SWMU report identifies SWMU 16-026(h2) as four outfalls from building drains at building 16-360. Because the four outfalls identified as SWMU 16-026(h2) in the SWMU report are not associated with the HE sump, SWMU 16-026(h2) is identified as the four outfalls identified in the SWMU report rather than the HE sump outfall.

Consent Order sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 16-026(h2); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. No previous investigations have been conducted at the Site.

The project map (Figure 214-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

214.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 214-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 28, 2015, and submitted to EPA on September 29, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 214-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose | of Contro | l | Control |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W00801030048 | Hydromulch | - | - | Х | - | EC |
| W00802040014 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W00803010049 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W00803060010 | Straw Wattle | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W00803060019 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W00803060024 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | X | В |
| W00803060025 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W00803060052 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | X | В |
| W00803060053 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W00803140035 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W00803140036 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W00803140041 | Coir Log | X | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00803140042 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00803140043 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00803140044 | Coir Log | X | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00803140045 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00803140046 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00803140047 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00803140050 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| W00803140051 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| W00806010001 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| W00806010003 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| W00806010004 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |
| W00806010015 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W00806010016 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W00806010026 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00806010027 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00806010028 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00806010029 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W00806010030 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00806010031 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00806010032 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W00806010033 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | X | EC |
| W00806010034 | Rock Check Dam | X | - | - | X | EC |
| W00808040023 | Metal Cap | Х | - | - | - | В |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

214.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 16-026(h2) and 16-029(e)) are monitored within W-SMA-7. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 8, 2014 (Figure 214-2). In Figure 214-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (427 pCi/L) and radium-226 and -228 activity (42 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 214-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-026(h2):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides including radium-226 and radium-228 are not known to be
associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting
radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition
of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 16-029(e):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides including radium-226 and radium-228 are not known to be
associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting
radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition
of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 214-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 214-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-7 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha and radium-226 and radium-228 in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

- Gross alpha—Gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2014 gross-alpha result is between these two values.
- Radium-226 and radium-228—Radium-226 and radium-228 UTL for background storm water
 containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 52.7 pCi/L, and radium-226 and radium-228
 background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 8.94 pCi/L.
 The 2014 radium-226 and radium-228 result is between these two values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2014 Annual Report.

214.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-7 during the 2021season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 214-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85927 | 6-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86809 | 7-1-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87338 | 7-28-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88044 | 8-18-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88765 | 8-31-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-7 in 2021.

214.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-7 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021 Table 214-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 214-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|-----------------|---|---|---|
| SWMU 16-029(e) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 9-28-2015. LANL, September 29, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas." |
| SWMU 16-026(h2) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 9-28-2015. LANL, September 29, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas." |

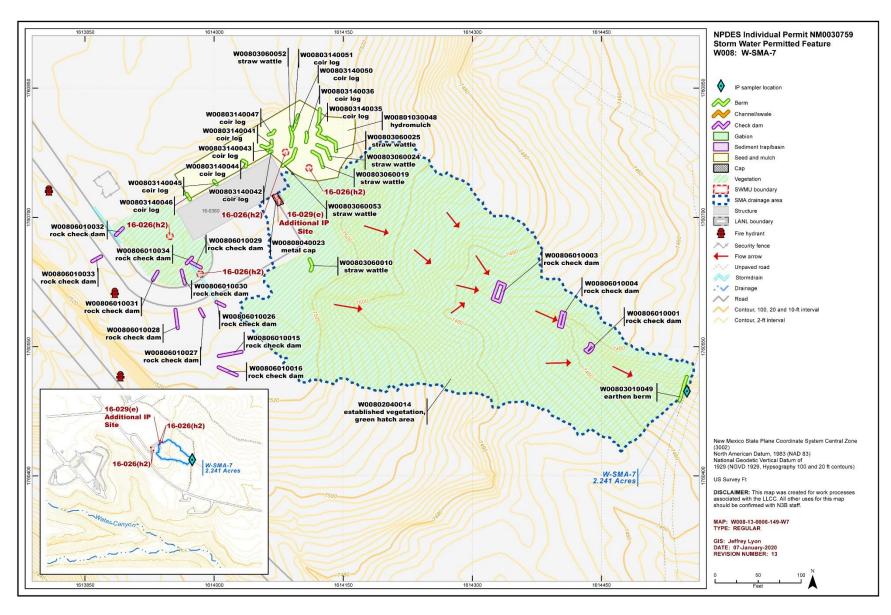


Figure 214-1 W-SMA-7 location map

252

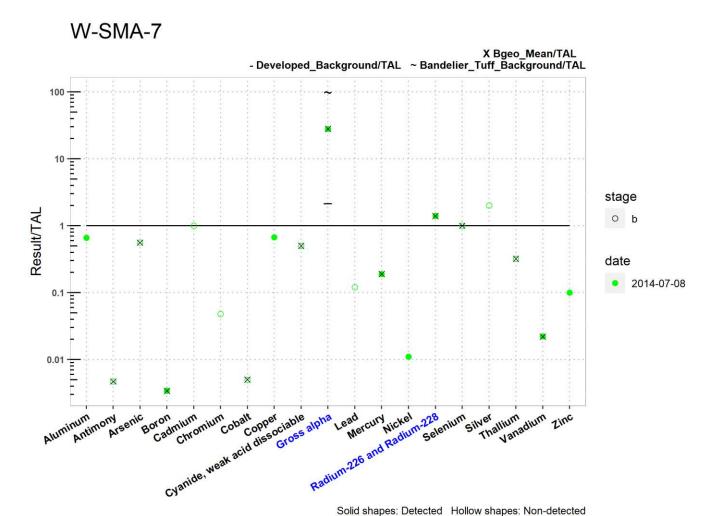


Figure 214-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-7

| | | | | | | | W- | SM | 4-7 | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|--------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.0034 | NA | NA | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | 28 | NA | 0.19 | NA | 1.4 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.022 | NA |
| 2014-07-08 d | 0.66 | NA | NA | 0.0034 | NA | NA | NA | 0.67 | NA | 28 | NA | 0.19 | 0.011 | 1.4 | NA | NA | NA | 0.022 | 0.10 |
| 2014-07-08 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | NA | 0.12 | NA | NA | NA | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | icate | TAL exc | eeda | nce: d | =detect | ed re | sult/T | AL. nd | =none | detect | ed res | ult/TAI | L | | | | |

Figure 214-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-7

215.0 W-SMA-7.8: SWMU 16-031(a)

215.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W009, W-SMA-7.8: Site 16-031(a).

SWMU 16-031(a) is a former outfall and drainline that served a former cooling tower (former structure 16-372) at TA-16. The outfall discharged approximately 150 ft south of the cooling tower at the edge of Water Canyon. The outfall drainline was a 6-in.-diameter VCP that originated from a drain inside the southeast corner of the cooling tower. The cooling tower served building 16-370, a barium nitrate—grinding facility and metal-forming shop. The cooling tower received chilled water that was cycled through pumps and machinery in structure 16-372. The cooling water may have contained chromates, but there is no documentation confirming the use of chromates. The cooling tower was built in 1953 and burned down during the Cerro Grande fire in 2000. The concrete foundation remains in place.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun at SWMU 16-031(a); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. Decision-level data are available from the 1998 investigation.

The project map (Figure 215-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

215.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 215-1).

Table 215-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose o | f Control | | Control |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W00902040009 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W00903010004 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W00903100010 | Gravel Bags | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W00906010001 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W00906010005 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W00906010006 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W00906010007 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

215.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 16-031(a) is monitored within W-SMA-7.8. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 15, 2019 (Figure 215-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded no TAL exceedances. An additional baseline storm water sample was collected on May 30, 2021 (Figure 215-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (63.4 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 214-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-031(a):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 215-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 215-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-7.8 is located on Bandelier Tuff and minimal run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

• Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2021 gross-alpha result is less than this value.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2019 and 2021 Annual Reports.

215.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-7.8 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 215-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85928 | 6-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86810 | 7-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87339 | 7-28-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88045 | 8-17-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87127 | 8-31-2021 |
| TAL Exceedance | COMP-88550 | 9-9-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-7.8 in 2021.

215.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-7.8 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 215-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 215-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| SWMU 16-031(a) | Baseline Monitoring Extended | The SMA is being evaluated for a corrective action. | Initiated 7-29-2021. |

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Site in this SMA.



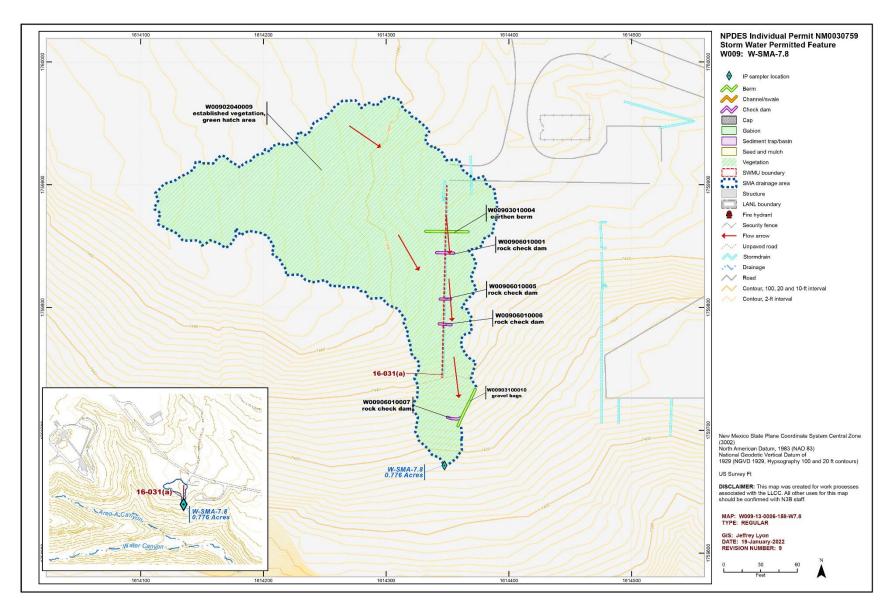
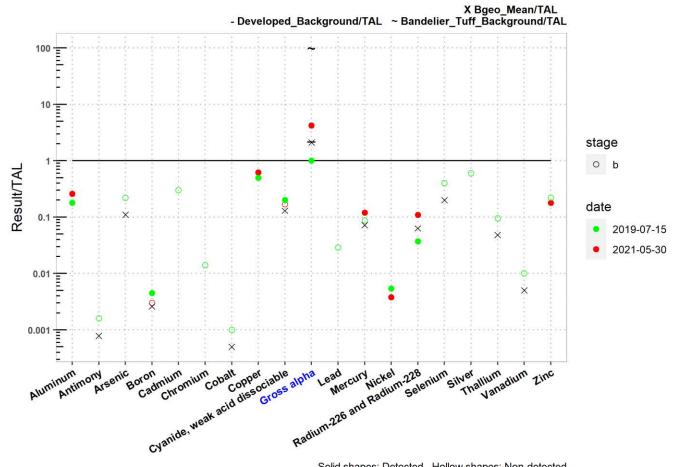


Figure 215-1 W-SMA-7.8 location map





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 215-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-7.8

| | W-SMA-7.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------|----------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.00078 | 0.11 | 0.0026 | NA | NA | 0.00050 | NA | 0.13 | 2.1 | NA | 0.072 | NA | 0.063 | 0.20 | NA | 0.048 | 0.0050 | NA |
| 2019-07-15 d | 0.18 | NA | NA | 0.0045 | NA | NA | NA | 0.50 | 0.20 | 1.0 | NA | NA | 0.0054 | 0.037 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2019-07-15 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | NA | 0.30 | 0.014 | 0.0010 | NA | NA | NA | 0.029 | 0.087 | NA | NA | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.095 | 0.010 | 0.22 |
| 2021-05-30 d | 0.26 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.62 | NA | 4.2 | NA | 0.12 | 0.0038 | 0.11 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.18 |
| 2021-05-30 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0030 | 0.30 | 0.014 | 0.0010 | NA | 0.17 | NA | 0.029 | NA | NA | NA | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.095 | 0.010 | NA |
| | Bold | font indic | ate T | AL exce | edan | ce; d= | detected | _resι | ılt/TAL | , nd=r | ondete | ected_ | result/T | AL | | | | | |

Figure 215-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-7.8

216.0 W-SMA-7.9: SWMU 16-006(c)

216.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W010, W-SMA-7.9: Site 16-006(c).

SWMU 16-006(c) is an inactive septic system located directly west of former building 16-370 in the eastern portion of TA-16. The septic system served building 16-370 and consists of a 1200-gal. concrete septic tank (structure 16-371), a manhole (structure 16-813), inlet and outlet drainlines, and an outfall near the rim of Water Canyon. The 1990 SWMU report states the septic tank discharged to a drain field. However, engineering drawings do not verify the existence of a drain field. Building 16-370 was constructed in 1953 as a barium nitrate grinding facility. In the late 1950s, the building was converted to a metal forming shop for steel and aluminum operations. The septic system was constructed in 1953 and served floor drains and bathrooms on the third floor of building 16-370. Associated drainlines connect to a manhole (structure 16-813), which drained to the septic tank. The outlet line discharged to an outfall approximately 260 ft south of the septic tank at the edge of Water Canyon. After the drainline was plugged, the tank was pumped regularly during the time building 16-370 remained operational; the building was removed in 2005.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun at SWMU 16-006(c); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. Decision-level data are available from an RFI performed in 1995 and 1996.

The project map (Figure 216-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

216.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 216-1).

Table 216-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | | |
| W01002040004 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | |
| W01006010003 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | | |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

216.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2021, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at W-SMA-7.9. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

216.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-7.9 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 216-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85918 | 6-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86800 | 6-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87329 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87576 | 8-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88360 | 8-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88753 | 8-31-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-7.9 in 2021.

216.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-7.9 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 216-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 216-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SWMU 16-006(c) | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Initiated 4-30-2012. No samples have been collected since initiation of the Permit. |

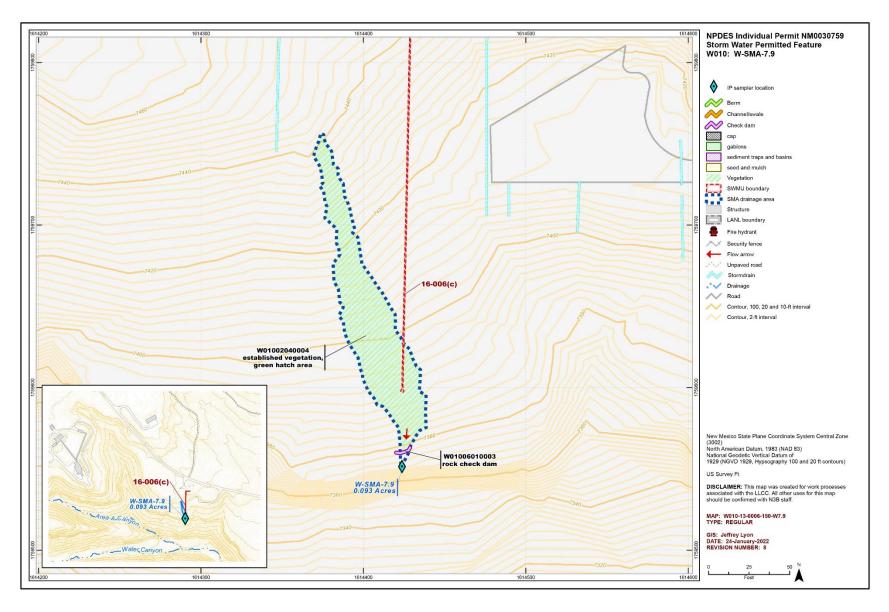


Figure 216-1 W-SMA-7.9 location map

217.0 W-SMA-8: SWMUs 16-016(g) and 16-028(b)

217.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with W011, W-SMA-8: Sites 16-016(g) and 16-028(b).

SWMU 16-016(g) is a surface disposal area located in a drainage ditch approximately 60 ft south of former building 16-370 in the eastern portion of TA-16. Debris at the site includes cans and pipes distributed over a 20-ft-diameter area. The surface disposal area lies in the drainage ditch shared by both SWMUs 16-026(a) and 16-028(b). Field observations indicated the debris is likely from construction-related activities and not of a hazardous nature.

Consent Order sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 16-016(g); the Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. No previous investigations have been conducted at the Site.

SWMU 16-028(b) is a formerly NPDES-permitted outfall (04A092) and associated drainline that served former building 16-370 at TA-16. The outfall is located approximately 50 ft south of former building 16-370. The outlet drainline consists of a 6-in. VCP that exited the northwest side of former building 16-370 and discharged at the rim of Water Canyon. The outfall formerly received effluent from 29 floor drains, an eyewash station, a drinking fountain, a sink, and noncontact-treated cooling water. Building 16-370 was built in 1953 as a barium nitrate—grinding facility. In the late 1950s, it was converted to a metal-forming shop for steel and aluminum. Materials potentially present in discharges to the drains include barium compounds, metal chips, oils, kerosene, and trichloroethylene. HE were not used in building 16-370 because of explosive hazard posed by grinding and machining activities. Building 16-370 was removed in 2000. All drains that discharged to the outfall were plugged in the 1990s. The outfall was removed from the NPDES permit effective January 14, 1998.

Consent Order sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 16-028(b). The Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation. However, decision-level data are available from the 1998 investigation.

The project map (Figure 217-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

217.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 217-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on August 10, 2015, and submitted to EPA on August 17, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 217-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose | of Control | | Control | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|------------|----------|---------|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status | |
| W01102040009 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | |
| W01103010012 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC | |
| W01103010013 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC | |
| W01103010014 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC | |
| W01103010015 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC | |
| W01103040010 | Asphalt Berm | Х | - | Х | - | EC | |
| W01106010006 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ | |
| W01106010011 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | В | |
| W01106010016 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | EC | |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

217.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 16-016(g) and 16-028(b) are monitored within W-SMA-8. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 12, 2013 (Figure 217-2). In Figure 217-2, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (823 μ g/L) and copper (28.1 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 217-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-016(q):

- Aluminum may have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
 No soil data are available to evaluate whether the Site is a potential source of the TAL exceedances.
- Copper may have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. No soil data are available to evaluate whether the Site is a potential source of the TAL exceedances.

SWMU 16-028(b):

- Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this
 Site. Aluminum was not detected above the soil BV in the single shallow sample collected during
 the 1998 investigation.
- Copper may have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
 Copper was detected at a concentration 32 times the soil BV in the single shallow sample collected during the 1998 investigation.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 217-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 217-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-8 is located on Bandelier Tuff and minimal run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots). Metals including aluminum and copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff.

- Aluminum—The aluminum UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 245 μ g/L; the aluminum UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μ g/L. The aluminum result from 2013 is between these two values.
- Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μ g/L; the copper UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μ g/L. The copper result from 2013 is between these two values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

217.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-8 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 217-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85919 | 6-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86801 | 6-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87330 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87577 | 8-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88361 | 8-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88754 | 8-31-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-8 in 2021.

217.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with W-SMA-8 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 217-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

265

Table 217-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|---|---|--|
| SWMU 16-016(g) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 8-10-2015. LANL, August 17, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas." |
| SWMU 16-028(b) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 8-10-2015. LANL, August 17, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas." |



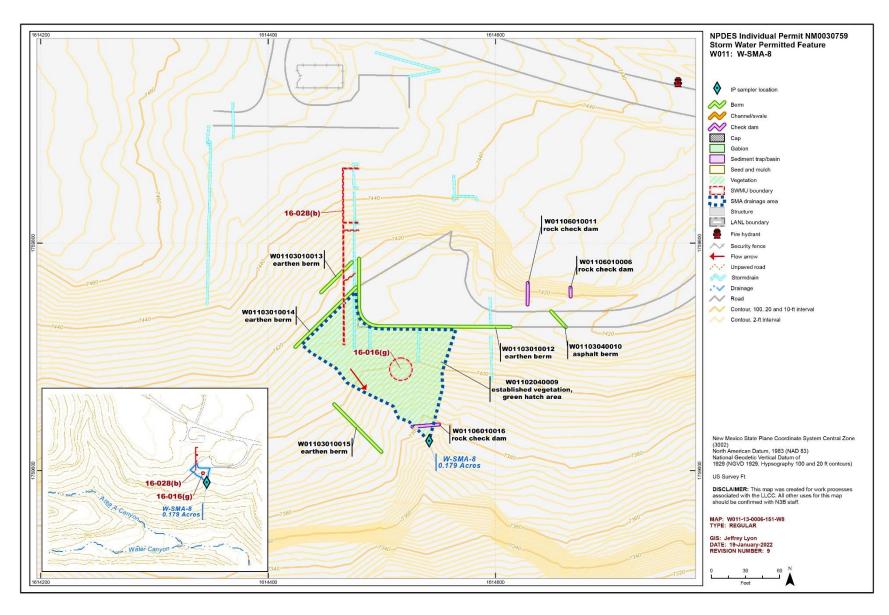


Figure 217-1 W-SMA-8 location map

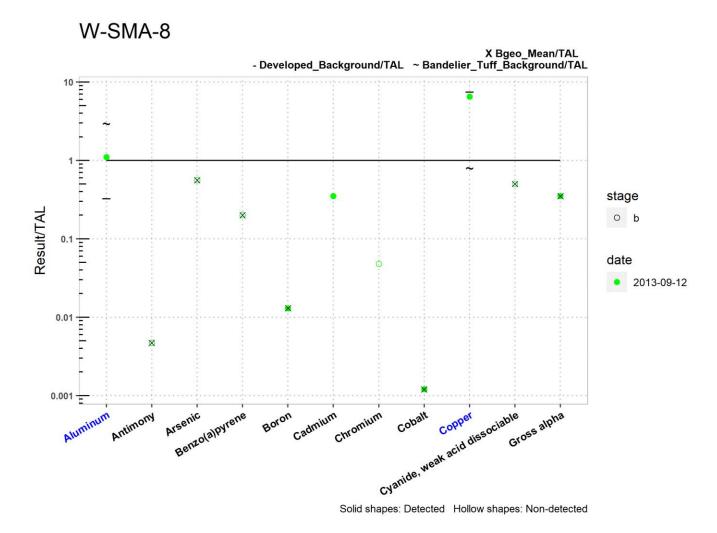


Figure 217-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-8

| | | | V | V-S | MA-8 | 3 | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|---------|----------------|-------|---------|----------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Benzo(a)pyrene | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.20 | 0.013 | NA | NA | 0.0012 | NA | 0.50 | 0.35 |
| 2013-09-12 d | 1.1 | NA | NA | NA | 0.013 | 0.35 | NA | 0.0012 | 6.5 | NA | 0.35 |
| 2013-09-12 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.20 | NA | NA | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA |
| Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; | | | | | | | | | | | |

d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL

Figure 217-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-8

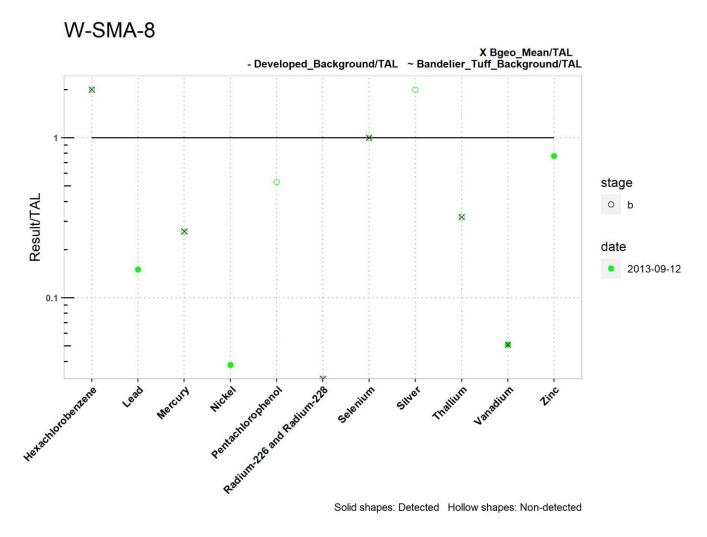


Figure 217-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-8

| | | | W | /-SM | A-8 | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|------|---------|--------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Hexachlorobenzene | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Pentachlorophenol | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 5 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 19 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 5 | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | 5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | 5 | NA | 0.77 | NA | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | 19 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | 2.0 | NA | 0.26 | NA | NA | 0 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.051 | NA |
| 2013-09-12 d | NA | 0.15 | NA | 0.038 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.051 | 0.77 |
| 2013-09-12 nd | 2.0 | NA | 0.26 | NA | 0.53 | 0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | NA | NA |
| Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; | | | | | | | | | | | |

d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL

Figure 217-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-8

218.0 W-SMA-8.7: SWMUs 13-001, 13-002, 16-004(a), 16-026(j2), 16-029(h), and 16-035 218.1 Site Descriptions

Six historical industrial activity areas are associated with W012, W-SMA-8.7: Sites 13-001, 13-002, 16-004(a), 16-026(j2), 16-029(h), and 16-035.

SWMU 13-001 is an inactive firing site located east of former building 16-340, between battleship bunker buildings 16-477 and 16-478 at the eastern end of TA-16. The firing site was associated with firing activities conducted at P-Site (former TA-13) and operated from 1944 to 1949. The battleship bunker buildings 16-477 and 16-478 housed x-ray and magnetic equipment and were capped with steel nose cones to protect this equipment from explosive detonations that occurred at the firing site between the two bunkers. Debris from firing site experiments includes shrapnel and debris, including firing cables, lead balls, and chunks of steel and copper.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 13-001. The Site meets residential risk levels. SWMU 13-001 has been recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

SWMU 13-002 is an inactive surface disposal area located east of former building 16-340, and south and east of the SWMU 13-001 firing point at eastern end of TA-16. The disposal area contains debris and shrapnel associated with firing activities conducted at P-Site (former TA-13) and, based on a 1948 aerial photograph, the site includes the two battleship bunkers (buildings 16-477 and 16-478) and extends approximately 500 ft south of the SWMU 13-001 firing point. A portion of the TA-16 WWTP is located on top of the southern tip of the surface disposal area. The SWMU 13-001 firing site was decommissioned in 1949. It is not known if contaminated materials were removed from SWMU 13-002 at that time.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 13-002. SWMU 13-002 meets residential risk levels and has been recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

SWMU 16-004(a) is the inactive Imhoff tank (structure 16-530) that was used for sewage treatment at the former TA-16 sanitary WWTP. The concrete structure is approximately 18 ft \times 35 ft \times 22 ft deep, with nine interconnected compartments that served as settling boxes, with a total area of 700 ft². Located southeast of the former TA-16-340 Complex and 15 ft north of the communitor (a cutting device for sewage solids), the Imhoff tank received solids that the communitor had shredded into fine particles. In addition to functioniong as a settling box, the tank also offered some sludge digrestion capacity. Effluent from the boxes flowed over a weir into a dosing siphon. Any sludge that may have collected in the tank was digested before it was discharged to drying beds [SWMUs 16-004(d) and 16-004(f)]. The tank had an emergency overflow pipe that discharged onto the slope northeast of the tank. The TA-16 WWTP began operations in 1952 and was decommissioned in 1992 when the sanitary sewer system was connected to a Laboratory-wide system. There is no evidence that this tank has ever leaked, and a site inspection in October 2014 revealed that the tank contains water.

Decision-level data for SWMU 16-004(a) consists of results from eight samples collected at four locations in 2010. The 2019 revision 1 of the 2015 supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area concluded the nature and extent of contamination are not defined and further sampling for extent is warranted. Sampling to complete characterization of this Site will be delayed until the future demolition of structure 16-530.

SWMU 16-026(j2) consists of the former outfall from a former HE sump [SWMU 16-029(f)] associated with a former rest house (structure 16-345) located on the 340 Line at TA-16. The rest house and sump were constructed in 1952 and served as a HE storage facility for former building 16-340. The sump was located on the southeast exterior wall and received discharge generated during cleaning activities. The outfall received effluent from the sump and discharged southeast of the sump location. The rest house, sump, and associated drainlines were removed in 2005.

SWMU 16-026(j2) was investigated under the Consent Order and recommended for corrective action complete in the Phase II investigation report for the TA-16-340 complex. NMED approved the investigation report but required the Laboratory to conduct additional surface water and groundwater sampling for the TA-16-340 Complex as well as to maintain the BMPs.

SWMU 16-029(h) consists of a former NPDES-permitted outfall and two inactive drainlines (one known and one alleged) from an inactive HE sump [AOC 16-003(p)] located on the south side of former structure 16-478 at TA-16. The known drainline exits the southeast corner of the sump and extends 80 ft east of the sump to the rim of Cañon de Valle. This 6-in.-VCP drainline discharged directly into Cañon de Valle before it was plugged in 1987. A second drainline possibly existed until the late 1960s and reportedly was a French drain that extended approximately 125 ft south of the sump. It was believed to be an 8-in. cast-iron pipe connected to an 8-in.-VCP that intersected a drainage channel. Former structure 16-478 was used as a bunker, utility room, control room, and high-speed machining room for tests on experimental HE. When the structure was removed in 2005, the sump was left in place. During the investigation activities conducted in 2009 and 2010, no evidence of the French drain was found. SWMU 16-029(h) was identified as an HE sump (structure 16-487) in the 1990 SWMU report. The SWMU report identified this sump twice: once as an inactive HE sump designated as SWMU 16-029(h) and also as an active HE sump designated as AOC 16-003(p). Addendum 2 to the OU 1082 Work Plan redefined SWMU 16-029(h) to be the drainlines and outfall associated with the sump adjacent to former structure 16-478. Currently, the boundary of SWMU 16-029(h) is adjacent to, and receives runoff from, an old paved roadway and parking area associated with former structure 16-478, and also includes areas impacted by the 2000 Cerro Grande wildfire.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 16-029(h). All detected inorganic and organic chemical concentrations and radionuclide activities from Consent Order samples were below residential SSLs, except for two detections of arsenic in two subsurface tuff samples. SWMU 16-029(h) has been recommended for additional sampling to determine the vertical extent for arsenic in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, which was submitted to NMED in 2019.

SWMU 16-035 is an area of potential soil contamination associated with a former control bunker (former structure 13-2 renumbered to 16-476), located approximately 200 ft east of former building 16-340 within former TA-13 and SWMU 13-001 at TA-16. The control bunker was one of several buildings constructed at TA-13 in 1944 to support the Manhattan Project. Former TA-13 was built in 1944 to support the HE project of the Manhattan Project and has been used since then for a variety of Laboratory activities. It was principally designed as a site for counter–x-ray diagnostics of HE lens configurations. Activities that supported the diagnostics included operating counter–x-ray equipment,

HE assembly, and research in the magnetic method program. The control bunker was removed during D&D activities in 2005.

Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 16-035. SWMU 16-035 meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. NMED approved this report in October 2019, and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

The project map (Figure 218-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

218.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 218-1).

Table 218-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | |
| W01202040011 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | |
| W01203060010 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| W01206010006 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| W01206010007 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| W01206010008 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ | | | |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

218.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 13-001, 13-002, 16-004(a), 16-026(j2), 16-029(h), and 16-035 are monitored within W-SMA-8.7. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 12, 2013 (Figure 218-2). In Figure 218-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for aluminum (1920 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 218-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 13-001:

 Aluminum is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was not detected above the soil BV in 28 shallow soil samples collected during 2009–2010 Consent Order investigations.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

SWMU 13-002:

 Aluminum is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was not detected above the soil BV in 8 shallow soil samples collected during 2009–2010 Consent Order investigations.

SWMU 16-004(a):

 Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Samples collected during the 2010 Consent Order investigation were all deep (i.e., greater than 22 ft bgs) samples collected beneath the bottom of the Imhoff tank. No shallow sample data are available for this Site.

SWMU 16-026(j2):

• Aluminum is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was detected above the soil BV in 1 of 18 shallow Consent Order samples at a concentration of 1.02 times the soil BV.

SWMU 16-029(h):

 Aluminum is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was not detected above the soil BV in 17 shallow soil samples collected during 2009–2010 Consent Order investigations.

SWMU 16-035:

 Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was not detected above soil BV in 29 shallow samples collected during the 2010 Consent Order investigation.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 218-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 218-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-8.7 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including aluminum are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff.

• Aluminum—The aluminum UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 245 μ g/L; the aluminum UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μ g/L. The aluminum result from 2013 is between these two values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

218.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-8.7 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 218-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85920 | 6-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86802 | 6-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87331 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87578 | 8-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88362 | 8-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88755 | 9-1-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-8.7 in 2021.

218.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with W-SMA-8.7 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 218-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 218-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SWMU 13-001 | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 13-002 | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-004(a) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-026(j2) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU16-029(h) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 16-035 | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |

277

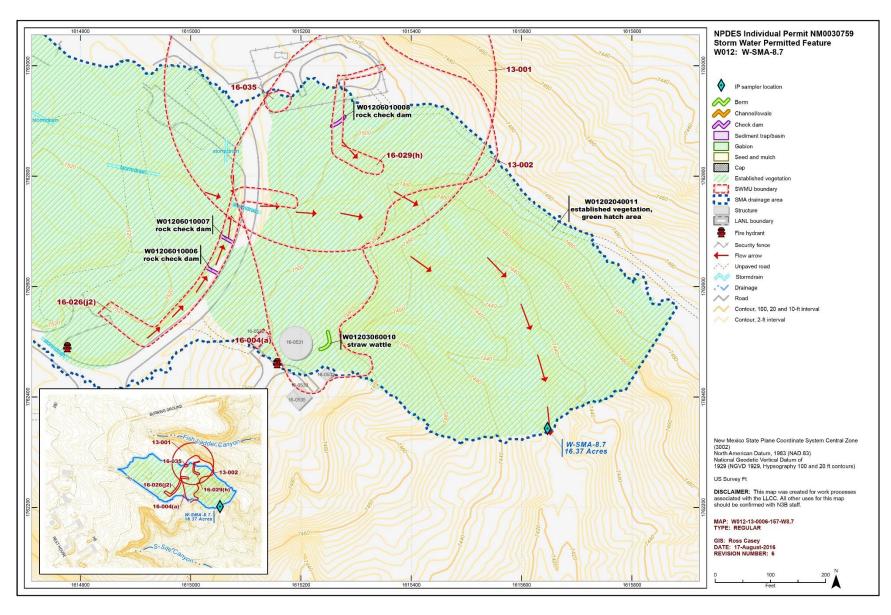
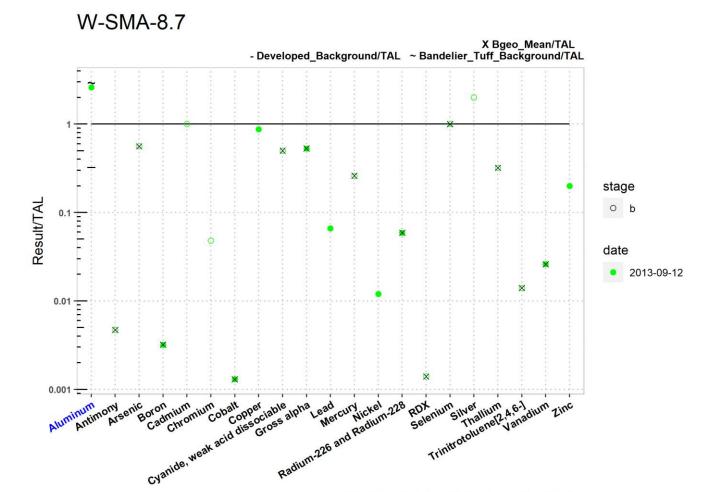


Figure 218-1 W-SMA-8.7 location map



Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 218-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-8.7

| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid Ó Syanide, weak acid Ó Gyanide, Syanide | Gross alpha o | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|--|---------------|-------|---------|--------|---------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 0 | E000 | 1 | 240 | 1000 | 4.2 | | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | _ | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.2 | 20 | 100 | 40 |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | | | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | _ | 0.5 | 6.3 | | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.0032 | NA | NA | 0.0013 | NA | 0.50 | 0.53 | NA | 0.26 | NA | 0.059 | 0.0014 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.014 | 0.026 | NA |
| 2013-09-12 d | 2.6 | NA | NA | 0.0032 | NA | NA | 0.0013 | 0.87 | NA | 0.53 | 0.066 | NA | 0.012 | 0.059 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.026 | 0.20 |
| 2013-09-12 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | NA | 0.26 | NA | NA | 0.0014 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.014 | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL exc | eeda | nce; d | =detect | ed re | esult/T | AL, nd | =nond | etecte | d resu | lt/TAL | | | | | | | |

Figure 218-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-8.7

219.0 W-SMA-8.71: SWMU 16-004(c)

219.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W012A, W-SMA-8.71: Site 16-004(c).

SWMU 16-004(c) is the inactive clarifier or final tank (structure 16-532) used for sewage treatment at the former TA-16 sanitary WWTP. The structure is an approximately 20- × 20-ft concrete box located approximately 45 ft below and southeast of the trickling filter [SWMU 16-004(b)], with a total area of 400 ft². The clarifier received discharges from the trickling filter; water flowed through an outlet in the clarifier and discharged through an 8-in.-CMP to a metering concrete outfall box, and then to formerly NPDES-permitted outfall EPA-SSS03S, which discharged into a tributary of Water Canyon. At full capacity, structure 16-532 could manage 117,600 gal./d. The formerly NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA-SSS03S) for the WWTP was monitored for inorganic chemicals, organic chemicals, and pesticides. Effluent was monitored bimonthly for radionuclides and standard parameters for wastewater systems (e.g., biological oxygen demand, chemical oxygen demand, and total dissolved solids). The former TA-16 sanitary WWTP began operations in 1952 and was decommissioned in 1992 when the sanitary sewer system was connected to a Laboratory-wide system. The clarifier has been inactive since 1992.

Phase 1 Consent Order decision-level data for SWMU 16-004(a) consists of results from eight samples collected at four locations in 2010. The 2019 revision 1 of the 2015 supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area concluded the nature and extent of contamination are not defined and further sampling for extent is warranted. Sampling to complete characterization of this site will be delayed until the future demolition of structure 16-532. The project map (Figure 219-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

219.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 219-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on November 27, 2012, and September 4, 2015, and submitted to EPA on December 13, 2012, and September 10, 2015, respectively, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 219-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose o | of Control | | Control |
|---------------|------------------------|--------|-----------|------------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W012A02040006 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W012A03010005 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W012A03010007 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W012A03060008 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W012A03060009 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

280

219.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 16-004(c) is monitored within W-SMA-8.71. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline confirmation sample was collected on August 21, 2011 (Figure 219-2). In Figure 219-2, selenium and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this baseline sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (15.8 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 219-2.

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at W-SMA-8.71, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on September 13, 2013 (Figure 219-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded TAL exceedances for copper (19.8 μ g/L), mercury (1.51 μ g/L), and zinc (55.4 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 219-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 16-004(c):

- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
 No shallow Consent Order samples were collected from this Site; potential contamination is
 expected in the subsurface (i.e., greater than 20 ft bgs). However, copper was not detected
 above BVs in any of the subsurface Consent Order samples collected at SWMU 16-004(c).
- Mercury is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. No shallow Consent Order samples were collected from this Site; potential contamination is expected in the subsurface (i.e., greater than 20 ft bgs). However, mercury was not detected above BVs in any of the subsurface Consent Order samples collected at SWMU 16-004(c).
- Zinc is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. No shallow Consent Order samples were collected from this Site; potential contamination is expected in the subsurface (i.e., greater than 20 ft bgs). However, zinc was not detected above BVs in any of the subsurface Consent Order samples collected at SWMU 16-004(c).

The TAL exceedance was also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 219-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including



buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 219-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-8.71 is located on Bandelier Tuff and minimal run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots). Metals including copper and zinc are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff.

- Copper— The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μg/L; the copper UTL from background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μg/L. The copper result from 2013 is between these values.
- Mercury—A UTL could not be calculated because of the insufficient number of detections.
- Zinc— The zinc UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 1120 μ g/L; the zinc UTL from background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 109 μ g/L. The zinc result from 2013 is less than both of these values.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011 and 2013 Annual Reports.

219.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-8.71 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 219-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85929 | 6-7-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86811 | 7-8-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87340 | 7-28-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88046 | 8-18-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88766 | 9-1-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-8.71 in 2021.

219.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-8.71 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 219-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 219-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|---|---|--|
| SWMU 16-004(c) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | LANL, September 10, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Five Site Monitoring Areas." |

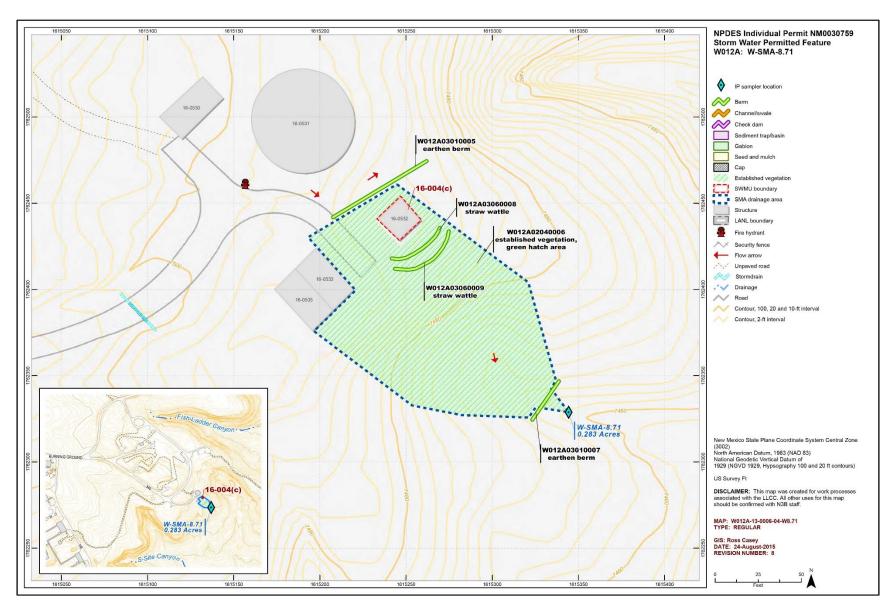
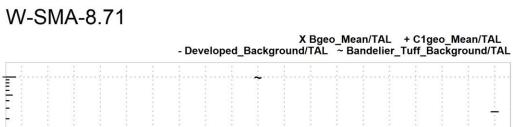
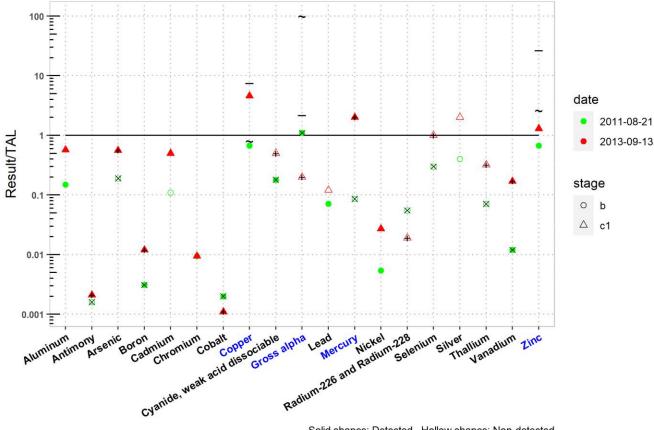


Figure 219-1 W-SMA-8.71 location map





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 219-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-8.71

| | | | | | | | W-S | MA. | -8.7° | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|---------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0031 | NA | NA | 0.0020 | NA | 0.18 | 1.1 | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.055 | 0.30 | NA | 0.071 | 0.012 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0021 | 0.56 | 0.012 | NA | NA | 0.0011 | NA | 0.50 | 0.20 | NA | 2.0 | NA | 0.019 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.17 | NA |
| 2011-08-21 d | 0.15 | NA | NA | 0.0031 | NA | NA | 0.0020 | 0.67 | 0.18 | 1.1 | 0.071 | NA | 0.0054 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.012 | 0.67 |
| 2011-08-21 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | NA | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.055 | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | NA |
| 2013-09-13 d | 0.57 | 0.0021 | 0.56 | 0.012 | 0.50 | 0.0095 | 0.0011 | 4.6 | NA | NA | NA | 2.0 | 0.027 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.17 | 1.3 |
| 2013-09-13 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.50 | 0.20 | 0.12 | NA | NA | 0.019 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | icate | TAL exc | ceeda | nce: d= | detecte | d res | ult/TA | L. nd= | nonde | tected | result/ | TAL | | | | | |

Figure 219-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-8.71

220.0 W-SMA-9.05: AOC 16-030(g)

220.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W013, W-SMA-9.05: Site 16-030(g).

AOC 16-030(g) is a former NPDES-permitted outfall (05A052) and associated drainlines located adjacent to the southeast corner of building 16-380 in the eastern portion of TA-16. The outfall received effluent from an HE sump [SWMU 16-003(m)], two roof drains, a steam-heating system, and a drop inlet from a parking lot and discharged to Water Canyon. Building 16-380 was originally used to inspect raw HE powder brought into TA-16 and was later used to store ammunition for LANL security forces. From 1952 to the early 1990s, the sump received washdown water from building cleaning activities containing HE. Discharges from the sump ceased in 1993 when the outlet from the sump was plugged; the outfall was subsequently removed from the NPDES permit effective June 24, 1994. The sump and the steam-heating system discharge lines have been plugged, and the outfall currently receives only roof drain and parking lot runoff. In 2010, building 16-380 was being used to store ammunition for LANL security forces.

Consent Order investigations have not yet begun at AOC 16-030(g). The Site will be sampled during the future Upper Water Canyon Aggregate Area investigation.

The project map (Figure 220-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

220.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 220-1).

Table 220-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | |
| W01302040013 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | |
| W01303010010 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| W01303010011 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |
| W01304010004 | Earthen Channel/Swale | Х | - | Х | - | СВ | | | |
| W01306010001 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ | | | |
| W01306010012 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

220.3 Storm Water Monitoring

AOC 16-030(g) is monitored within W-SMA-9.05. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 13, 2013 (Figure 220-2). In Figure 220-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded no TAL exceedances. W-SMA-9.05 is currently in continued baseline confirmation monitoring to collect a second sample with all results below the applicable MTAL or ATAL.

220.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-9.05 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 220-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85916 | 6-2-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86798 | 6-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87327 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87574 | 8-9-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88119 | 8-10-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88167 | 8-18-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88358 | 8-20-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88461 | 8-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88751 | 8-31-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88563 | 8-31-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88922 | 9-10-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-88999 | 9-14-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89111 | 9-22-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89260 | 9-28-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89428 | 10-5-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89568 | 10-12-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89669 | 10-19-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89779 | 10-26-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89868 | 11-2-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-89960 | 11-9-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90034 | 11-16-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90113 | 11-23-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90135 | 11-30-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90386 | 12-7-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90423 | 12-14-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90477 | 12-21-2021 |

Multiple storm rain event inspections conducted in 2021 noted facility construction near the SMA. As follow up FTL review to these inspections, SWPP team members conducted an assessment to determine the potential impacts from the activities (water line infrastructure improvements), and began conducting weekly inspections of controls in areas of potential soil disturbance. At the end of 2021, final closeout/site stabilization activities were completed. In early 2022, the SMA will be reevaluated for changes in condition or compliance status.

No maintenance activities were conducted at W-SMA-9.05 in 2021.

220.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-9.05 is a Moderate Priority Site. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 220-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 220-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| AOC 16-030(g) | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Initiated 4-21-2020. Two samples with no TAL exceedances are required to be collected in order for the Site to be eligible for deletion from the IP. |

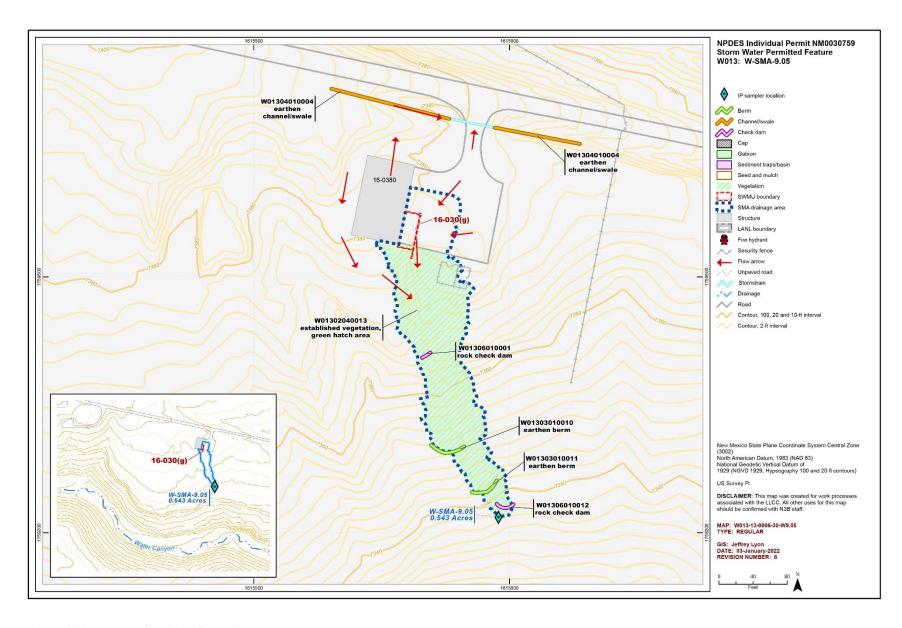
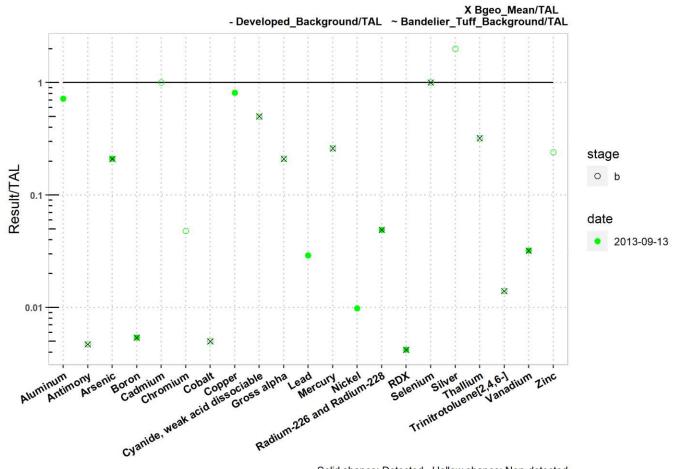


Figure 220-1 W-SMA-9.05 location map





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 220-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-9.05

| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | iide, weak acid 🛇 Valissociable | | Cead C | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|------------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | Cyanide, | | | | | œ | | | | | | | |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.21 | 0.0054 | NA | NA | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | 0.21 | NA | 0.26 | NA | 0.049 | 0.0042 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.014 | 0.032 | NA |
| 2013-09-13 d | 0.72 | NA | 0.21 | 0.0054 | NA | NA | NA | 0.81 | NA | NA | 0.029 | NA | 0.0098 | 0.049 | 0.0042 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.032 | NA |
| 2013-09-13 nd | NA | 0.0047 | NA | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | 0.21 | NA | 0.26 | NA | NA | NA | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.014 | NA | 0.24 |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL exc | eeda | ınce; d | =detect | ed_re | esult/T | AL, nd | =nond | etecte | d_result | /TAL | | | | | | | |

Figure 220-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-9.05

221.0 W-SMA-9.5: AOC 11-012(c)

221.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W014, W-SMA-9.5: Site 11-012(c).

AOC 11-012(c) is an area of potential surface-soil contamination associated with the footprint of former storage magazine 11-9 and is located approximately 500 ft west of building 11-4 at TA-11. Constructed of wood, the 16-ft-square \times 9-ft-high magazine 11-9 was built in 1945 and was destroyed by intentional burning in 1960.

Investigation of AOC 11-012(c) is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order; therefore, Consent Order sampling has not been conducted at the Site. No investigations were conducted before the Consent Order went into effect in March 2005.

The project map (Figure 221-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

221.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 221-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 9, 2020, and submitted to EPA on September 10, 2020, as part of a corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 221-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose o | of Control | | Control |
|--------------|--------------|--------|-----------|------------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W01403010010 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | Х | Х | EC |
| W01404060011 | Rip Rap | - | Х | Х | - | EC |

EC: Enhanced control measure.

221.3 Storm Water Monitoring

AOC 11-012(c) is monitored within W-SMA-9.5. Following the installation of baseline control measures and a sampler move to a more representative location, a baseline storm water sample was collected on June 25, 2017 (Figure 221-2). Analytical results from the sample yielded TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (81 pCi/L) and mercury (1.1 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 221-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent. There are no soil data available for this Site.

AOC 11-012(c):

- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
 the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.
- Mercury is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Consent Order investigations have not been performed at AOC 11-012(c); no decision-level data are available for this Site.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 221-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 221-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-9.5 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2017 gross-alpha result is less than this value.
- Mercury—A UTL could not be calculated because of the insufficient number of detections.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2017 Annual Report.

221.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-9.5 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 221-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85921 | 6-4-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86803 | 6-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87332 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87579 | 8-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88363 | 8-20-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88756 | 9-1-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-9.5 in 2021.

221.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-9.5 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 221-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 221-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|---------------|---|--|---|
| AOC 11-012(c) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 9-8-2020 N3B, September 10, 2020, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for W-SMA-9.5". |



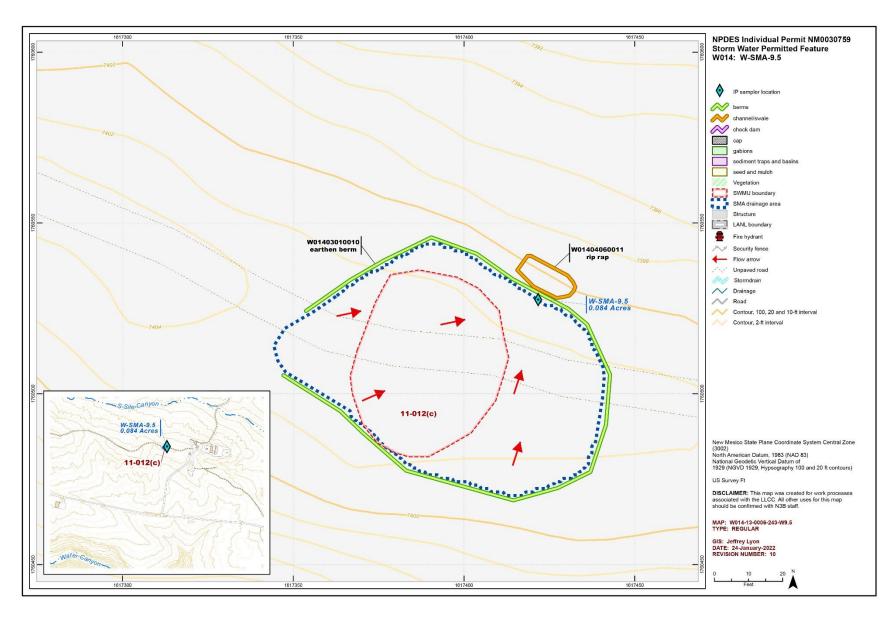


Figure 221-1 W-SMA-9.5 location map



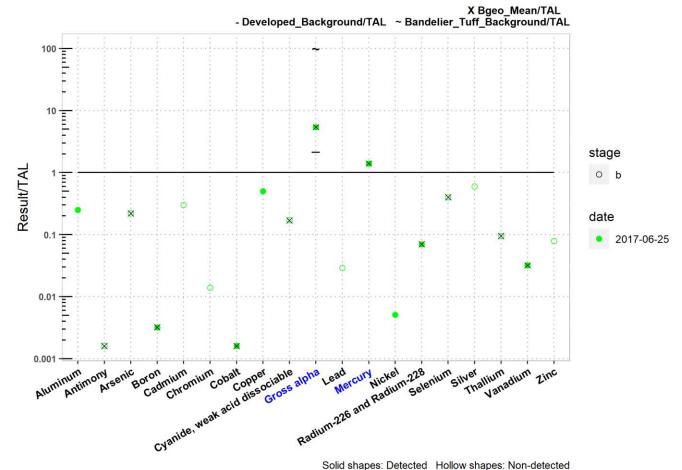


Figure 221-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-9.5

| | | | | | | | W- | -SM | IA-9. | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------|----------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|-------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | 0.0032 | NA | NA | 0.0016 | NA | 0.17 | 5.4 | NA | 1.4 | NA | 0.070 | 0.40 | NA | 0.095 | 0.032 | NA |
| 2017-06-25 d | 0.25 | NA | NA | 0.0032 | NA | NA | 0.0016 | 0.50 | NA | 5.4 | NA | 1.4 | 0.0051 | 0.070 | NA | NA | NA | 0.032 | NA |
| 2017-06-25 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.22 | NA | 0.30 | 0.014 | NA | NA | 0.17 | NA | 0.029 | NA | NA | NA | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.095 | NA | 0.079 |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL exc | eeda | nce; d | =detect | ed_re | esult/T | AL, nd | l=nond | etecte | d_result | /TAL | | | | | |

Figure 221-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-9.5

222.0 W-SMA-9.7: SWMUs 11-011(a) and 11-011(b)

222.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with W015, W-SMA-9.7: Sites 11-011(a) and 11-011(b).

SWMU 11-011(a) is an inactive drainline and former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA-03A130) located at TA-11 north of the K-Site complex and approximately 6 ft northeast of the Electrodynamics Vibration Test Facility (building 11-30). An insulated 2-in. pipe received cooling water blowdown from a cooling tower and deionized water from floor drains in building 11-30A (an adjunct of building 11-30). The drainline discharged northward to an outfall in a drainage channel that flowed to a tributary of Water Canyon. The outfall became inactive following removal of the water-cooled equipment in building 11-30, and was removed from the NPDES permit during the 2013 permit renewal.

Consent Order Phase I investigation sampling is complete at this Site. Additional characterization sampling at SWMU 11-011(a) was recommended for additional field activities in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019.

SWMU 11-011(b) is an inactive 3-in.-diameter outlet drainline and outfall located at TA-11 north of the Electrodynamics Vibration Test Facility (building 11-30). The 3-in.-diameter pipe extends about 10 ft beyond the side of a hill to the outfall. The outfall received discharges from floor drains in building 11-30 from the early 1960s until the early 1990s. A sink drain that formerly discharged to the outfall was removed before 1990.

A 1992 wastewater characterization report prepared by Santa Fe Engineering stated discharges from two floor drains in building 11-30 consisted of deionized water and residual HE potentially released from containers processed on shakers in the building. The report recommended the outlet drainline be plugged; the drainline was subsequently plugged.

Consent Order Phase I investigation sampling is complete at this Site. SWMU 11-011(b) meets residential risk and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

The project map (Figure 222-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

222.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 222-1).

Table 222-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | | Control | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W01502040008 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W01503060018 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W01503060022 | Straw Wattle | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| W01503100017 | Gravel Bags | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| W01503140020 | Coir Log | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| W01506030004 | Juniper Bales | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W01506030005 | Juniper Bales | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure. B: Additional baseline control measure.

222.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 11-011(a) and 11-011(b) are monitored within W-SMA-9.7. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 13, 2013 (Figure 222-2). In Figure 222-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for copper (9.74 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 222-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 11-011(a):

 Copper is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above the soil BV in 4 of 10 shallow Consent Order samples at a maximum concentration 6.6 times the soil BV.

SWMU 11-011(b):

 Copper is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above the soil BV in 2 of 11 shallow Consent Order samples at a maximum concentration 5.1 times the soil BV.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 222-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 222-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-9.7 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff.

• Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μ g/L; the copper UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μ g/L. The copper result from 2013 is between these two values.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

222.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-9.7 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 222-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85930 | 6-4-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86812 | 7-8-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87341 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87592 | 8-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88372 | 8-20-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88768 | 9-1-2021 |

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 222-3 Maintenance during 2021

| Maintenance Reference | Maintenance Conducted | Maintenance Date | Response Time | Response Discussion |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|---|
| BMP-87341 | Removed and disposed of floatable garbage and/or debris from area at inspection. | 7-27-2021 | 0 day(s) | Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable. |
| BMP-88833 | Installed Straw Wattle W01503060022 as a replacement for Straw Wattle W01503060019. | 9-28-2021 | 39 day(s) | Maintenance was delayed. |

222.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with W-SMA-9.7 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 222-4 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 222-4 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|--|--|--|
| SWMU 11-011(a) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 11-011(b) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |

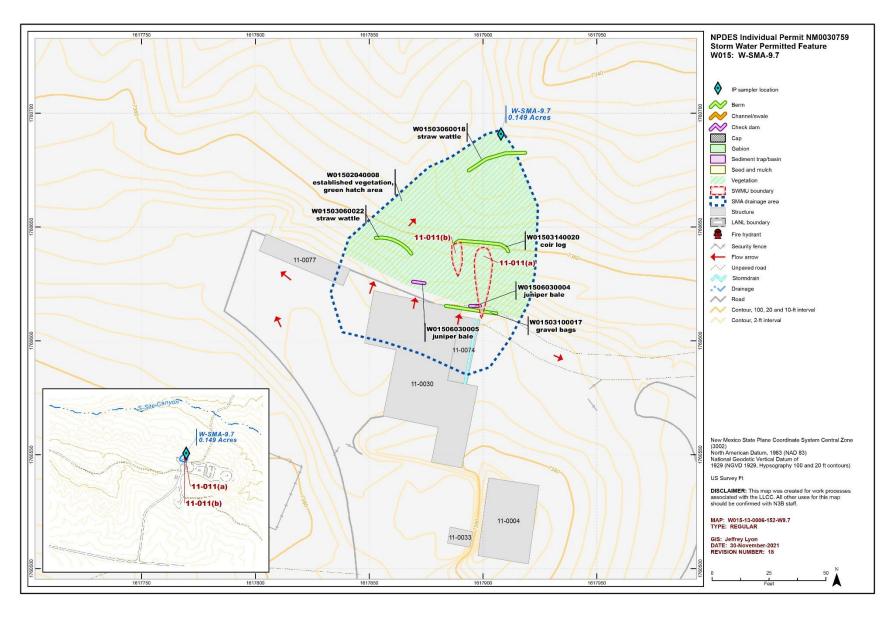


Figure 222-1 W-SMA-9.7 location map



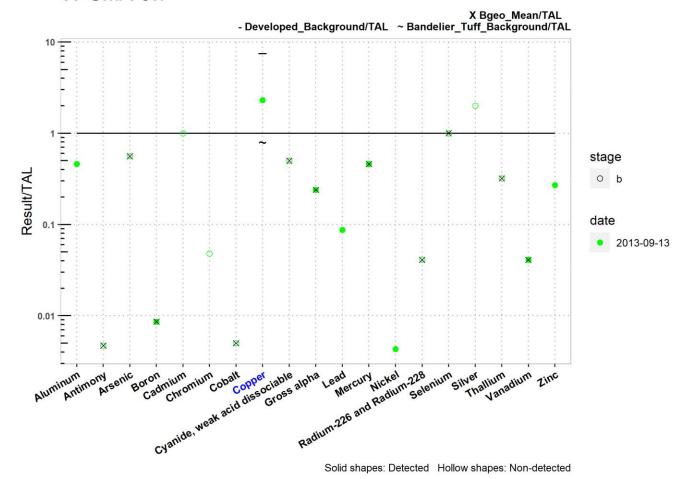


Figure 222-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-9.7

| | | | | | | | W- | SM | 4-9.7 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|---------|--------|---------|----------|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|--------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.0086 | NA | NA | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | 0.24 | NA | 0.46 | NA | 0.041 | 1.0 | NA | 0.32 | 0.041 | NA |
| 2013-09-13 d | 0.46 | NA | NA | 0.0086 | NA | NA | NA | 2.3 | NA | 0.24 | 0.087 | 0.46 | 0.0043 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.041 | 0.27 |
| 2013-09-13 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | NA | 1.0 | 0.048 | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.041 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | NA | NA |
| Bold font indicate TAL exceedance; d=detected_result/TAL, nd=nondetected_result/TAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 222-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-9.7

223.0 W-SMA-9.8: SWMU 11-005(c)

223.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W016, W-SMA-9.8: Site 11-005(c).

SWMU 11-005(c) is an inactive outlet drainline and outfall located approximately 50 ft north of building 11-2 at TA-11. The drainline was installed in 1944 and received discharges from a sink, a hot water heater, and a floor drain in building 11-2. The outfall discharged to a slightly sloped area consisting of fill from an adjacent roadbed. The outlet drainline from building 11-2 was capped before the drop tower complex was constructed in 1956. Building 11-2 was used as a control room for the drop tower and is currently vacant.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 11-005(c). SWMU 11-005(c) meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

The project map (Figure 223-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

223.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 223-1).

Table 223-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose of Control | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Control Status | | | | |
| W01602040012 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В | | | | |
| W01603020007 | Base Course Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ | | | | |
| W01603140013 | Coir Log | - | Х | - | Х | В | | | | |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

223.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2021, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at W-SMA-9.8. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

223.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-9.8 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 223-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85931 | 6-4-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86813 | 6-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87342 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87593 | 8-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88373 | 8-20-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88769 | 9-1-2021 |

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 223-3 Maintenance during 2021

| Maintenance | Maintenance Conducted | Maintenance | Response | Response |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Reference | | Date | Time | Discussion |
| BMP-88935 | Installed Coir Log W01603140013 as a replacement for Straw Wattle W01603060010. | 9-28-2021 | 50 day(s) | Maintenance was delayed. |

223.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-9.8 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 223-4 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 223-4 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| SWMU 11-005(c) | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Initiated 4-30-2012. |



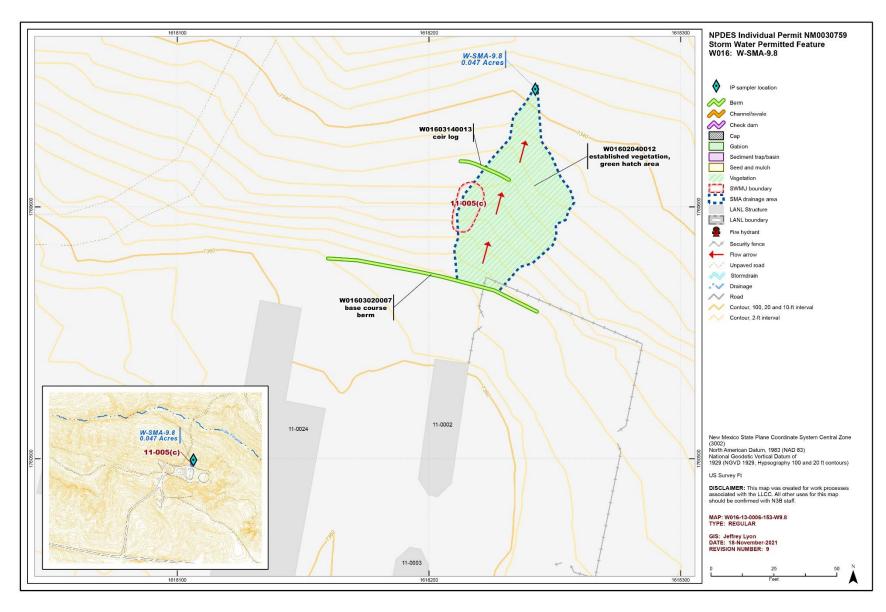


Figure 223-1 W-SMA-9.8 location map

224.0 W-SMA-9.9: SWMU 11-006(b)

224.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W017, W-SMA-9.9: Site 11-006(b).

SWMU 11-006(b) is one of three inactive HE catch basins and a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA 05A069) located on the north side of the former drop-tower complex [SWMUS 11-004(a-f)] at TA-11. The SWMU 11-006(b) catch basin consists of a concrete basin (structure 11-50) measuring $6 \times 4 \times 2$ ft deep, equipped with an overflow drain, and former NPDES-permitted outfall EPA 05A069. Historically, following a drop test of an experiment containing HE, DU, and potentially small quantities of beryllium, the concrete pad and asphalt apron at the base of the drop tower were washed down to remove residual HE not detonated upon impact. SWMU 11-006(b) received washdown water via an HE sump [SWMU 11-006(a)]. Any HE particles remaining in the washdown water after it exited the sump were further filtered out in the catch basin. After exiting the catch basin, the remaining wash water was channeled to a drainage and the NPDES-permitted outfall on the northeast side of the catch basin, which discharged into Water Canyon. Waste HE collected from the catch basin was disposed of at the TA-16 Burning Ground. The outfall was removed from the NPDES permit in May 1998 after activities at the drop tower ceased. The drop tower underwent D&D in 2004. Currently, the catch basin is capped and sealed; however, the outfall still receives storm water runoff. Any runoff collected in the concrete pad and asphalt apron is now diverted to the other two catch basins associated with the former drop tower complex [SWMUS 11-006(c) and 11-006(d)].

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 11-006(b). SWMU 11-006(b) meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. NMED approved the report in October 2020 and a request for a COC without controls was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

The project map (Figure 224-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

224.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 224-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on June 27, 2012, and submitted to EPA on July 25, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 224-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W01702040022 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W01703010017 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |
| W01703010018 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01703010019 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01703010020 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | X | EC |
| W01703090001 | Curbing | X | - | - | X | СВ |
| W01703110023 | Eco-Block | X | - | - | Х | В |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

224.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 11-006(b) is monitored within W-SMA-9.9. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on August 21, 2011 (Figure 224-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (962 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (95.9 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 224-2.

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at W-SMA-9.9, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on September 13, 2013 (Figure 224-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (74.4 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 224-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 11-006(b):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 224-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 224-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-9.9 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

• Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2013 gross-alpha result is less than this value.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011 and 2013 Annual Reports.

224.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-9.9 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 224-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85932 | 6-4-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86814 | 6-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87343 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87594 | 8-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88374 | 8-20-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88770 | 9-1-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-9.9 in 2021.

224.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-9.9 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 224-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 224-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|---|--|--|
| SWMU 11-006(b) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 6-27-2012. LANL, July 25, 2012, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Twelve Site Monitoring Areas." |

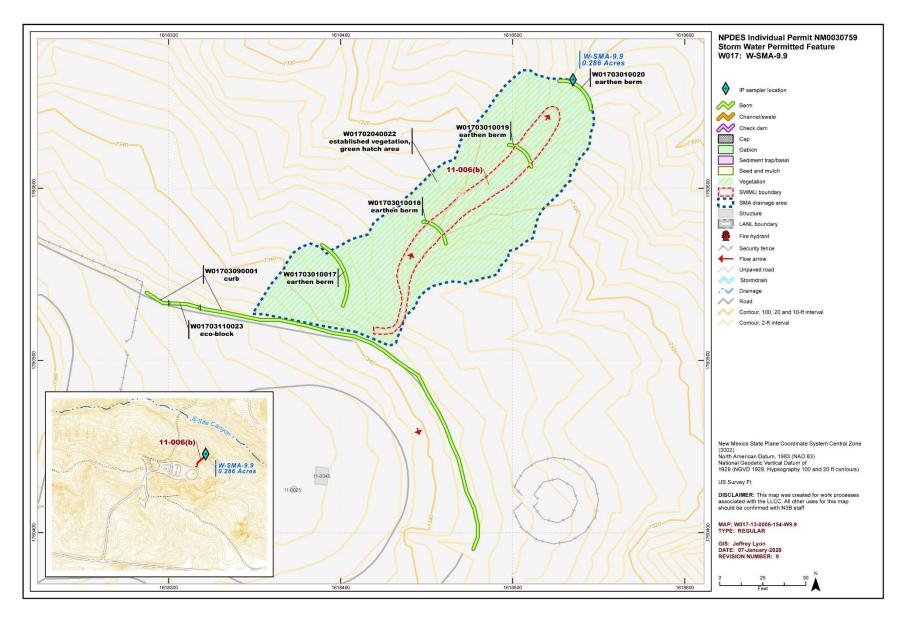
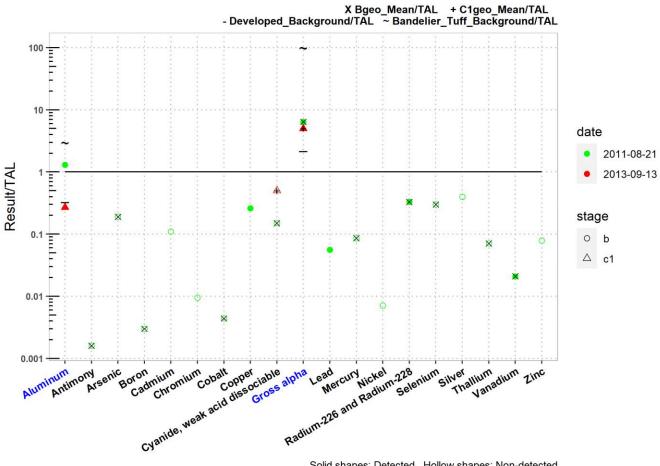


Figure 224-1 W-SMA-9.9 location map





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 224-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-9.9

| | W-SMA-9.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|----------|---------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|-------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | NA | NA | 0.0044 | NA | 0.15 | 6.4 | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.33 | 0.30 | NA | 0.071 | 0.021 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.50 | 5.0 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2011-08-21 d | 1.3 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.26 | NA | 6.4 | 0.056 | NA | NA | 0.33 | NA | NA | NA | 0.021 | NA |
| 2011-08-21 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | 0.11 | 0.0095 | 0.0044 | NA | 0.15 | NA | NA | 0.086 | 0.0071 | NA | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | 0.079 |
| 2013-09-13 d | 0.27 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 5.0 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2013-09-13 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL exc | eeda | nce; d= | detecte | d_res | ult/TA | L, nd= | nonde | tected | _result/ | TAL | | | | | |

Figure 224-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-9.9

225.0 W-SMA-10: SWMUs 11-002, 11-005(a), 11-005(b), 11-006(c), 11-006(d), and 11-011(d) and AOC 11-003(b)

225.1 Site Descriptions

Seven historical industrial activity areas are associated with W018, W-SMA-10: Sites 11-002, 11-003(b), 11-005(a), 11-005(b), 11-006(c), 11-006(d), and 11-011(d).

SWMU 11-002 is a 30-ft-diameter burn area located east of the drop tower at the edge of its asphalt apron. Beginning in 1948, this area was used as an experimental burn area for components on or in assembled configurations with HE, propellants, and jet fuel. HE and propellants were burned directly on the sand pad, and jet fuel was burned within an open-top steel containment tank. Burning activities continued through 1992.

Investigation of SWMU 11-002 is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order; therefore, Consent Order sampling has not been conducted at the Site. No investigations were conducted before the Consent Order went into effect in 2005.

SWMU 11-005(a) is an active septic system located at TA-11 approximately 70 ft southwest of building 11-24. The septic system began operation in 1944 and consists of inlet drainlines from buildings 11-1 and 11-4 and a 500-gal.-capacity concrete septic tank (structure 11-20) that discharged to an open-joint tile drainline in a rock-filled trench that extends to an outfall on a sloped area to the south of the septic tank. Currently, discharge to the septic system comes only from a restroom in building 11-4. Building 11-1 is currently a storage area for electrical equipment but was originally used as a control building for the Betatron Facility (building 11-2) and the Cloud Chamber (building 11-3). Building 11-4 is currently the control building for the Vibration-Test Facility (building 11-30), although it was historically used as a machine shop and photoprocessing facility. A memorandum from 1950 indicated a mercury spill occurred in building 11-4; however, the location, source, and extent of the spill are not known. The outlet drainline from SWMU 11-005(a) was plugged in 1992; since that time the septic tank has been pumped out on a regular basis.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 11-005(a). SWMU 11-005(a) meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

SWMU 11-005(b) is an active septic system located at TA-11, approximately 70 ft south of building 11-3. This septic system began operation in 1963 and consists of inlet drainlines from a restroom on the exterior of buildings 11-3 and 11-24, a concrete septic tank (structure 11-43), an outlet drainline to an outfall to the south of the septic tank, and a drain field west of the outlet drainline. The septic system serves the restroom added to the exterior of building 11-3. Engineering drawings confirm the drainline for floor drains in building 11-24 was tied into the septic tank in 1992. Discharges to the outfall ceased in 1992. Building 11-24, a former air-gun facility, now houses offices and a light machine shop and no longer discharges to the septic system.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 11-005(b). SWMU 11-005(b) meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1 submitted to NMED in April 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

314

SWMU 11-006(c) is one of three inactive HE catch basins and a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA 05A096) located on the southeast side of the former drop-tower complex [SWMUs 11-004(a-f)] at TA-11. The SWMU 11-006(c) catch basin consists of a concrete basin (structure 11-51) measuring 6 × 4 × 2 ft, equipped with an overflow drain, and a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA05A096). Historically, following a drop test of an experiment containing HE, DU, and potentially small quantities of beryllium, the concrete pad and asphalt apron at the base of the drop tower were washed down to remove residual HE not detonated upon impact. SWMU 11-006(c) received washdown water from the concrete pad and asphalt apron at the base of the former drop tower via an HE sump [SWMU 11-006(a)]. Any HE particles remaining in the washdown water after it exited the sump were further filtered out in the catch basin. After exiting the catch basin, the remaining washdown water was channeled to a drainage and the NPDES-permitted outfall on the northeast side of the catch basin, which discharged into Water Canyon. HE waste collected from the catch basin was disposed of at the TA-16 Burning Ground. The outfall was removed from the NPDES permit in May 1998 after drop tower operations ceased. In 2002, the sump and catch basins were pumped and any associated debris was treated at the HEWTF. The drop tower underwent D&D activities and was removed in 2004. Since 1998, any storm water runoff collected in the SWMU 11-006(c) catch basin is routed to the SWMU 11-006(d) catch basin and the associated outfall.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 11-006(c). SWMU 11-006(c) meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

SWMU 11-006(d) is one of three inactive HE catch basins and a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA 05A097) located on the south side of the former drop-tower complex [SWMUs 11-004(a-f)] at TA-11. The SWMU 11-006(d) catch basin consists of a concrete basin (structure 11–52) measuring $6 \times 4 \times 2$ ft, equipped with an overflow drain and a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA05A097) Historically, following a drop test of an experiment containing HE, DU, and potentially small quantities of beryllium, the concrete pad and asphalt apron at the base of the drop tower were washed down to remove residual HE not detonated upon impact. SWMU 11-006(d) received washdown water from the concrete pad and asphalt apron at the base of the former drop tower via an HE sump [SWMU 11-006(a)]. Any HE particles remaining in the washdown water after it exited the sump were further filtered out in the catch basin. After exiting the catch basin, the remaining washdown water was channeled to a drainage and the NPDES-permitted outfall on the northeast side of the catch basin, which discharged into Water Canyon. HE waste collected from the catch basin was disposed of at the burning grounds at TA-16. In 2002, the sump and catch basins were pumped and any associated debris was treated at the HEWTF. The outfall was removed from the LANL NPDES permit in January 2006 after drop tower activities ceased. The drop tower underwent D&D activities and was removed in 2004. Since drop tower operations ceased in 1998, this catch basin has collected only storm water runoff, including runoff routed from the SWMU 11-006(c) catch basin, and discharges only storm water to the outfall.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 11-006(d). SWMU 11-006(d) meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

SWMU 11-011(d) is an inactive drainline and outfall located at TA-11 south of building 11-24, the former air gun facility. The SWMU consists of a 4-in. steel drainline tied to floor drains and a sink in building 11-24. Originally, operations at building 11-24 consisted of acceleration and impact tests on full-scale warhead mockups. After World War II, building 11-24 was converted to an office and light machine shop. The drainline was tied into the SWMU 11-005(b) septic tank in 1992 and all discharges to the outfall ceased at that time.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 11-011(d). SWMU 11-011(d) meets residential risk levels and was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for S-Site Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in April 2019. The report was approved by NMED in October 2019 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order was submitted to NMED in February 2020.

AOC 11-003(b) is a former mortar impact area used as a target by the decommissioned air gun facility (building 11-24). This AOC is located immediately adjacent to the inactive drop tower complex at TA-11 (K-Site). The air gun facility was completed in 1956. The gun was used to launch experimental packages into targets located south of building 11-24. The targets, located 150–250 ft south of building 11-24, were 12-ft² by 12-in.-thick concrete slabs set in line with the gun bore. Firing into the targets tested various weapons packages designed to withstand extremes of acceleration and deceleration. Some devices contained HE and DU. On a single occasion in 1972, an impact test involved an inert mockup consisting of a 12-in.-diameter, hollow-steel sphere filled with steel or lead ball bearings suspended in a graphite matrix. The sphere fractured upon impact, potentially leaving behind 0.5-in.-diameter steel or lead balls.

Investigation of AOC 11-003(b) is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order; therefore, Consent Order sampling has not been conducted at the Site. No investigations were conducted before the Consent Order went into effect in 2005.

The project map (Figure 225-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

225.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 225-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on August 23, 2012, and submitted to EPA on September 20, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 225-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Control | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W01802040025 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W01803010022 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01803010023 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01803010024 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01803040010 | Asphalt Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W01803040016 | Asphalt Berm | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W01803060028 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W01803060032 | Straw Wattle | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W01803090002 | Curbing | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W01803140031 | Coir Log | Х | - | Х | - | В |
| W01804060004 | Rip Rap | - | - | Х | - | СВ |
| W01804060013 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

225.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 11-002, 11-005(a), 11-005(b), 11-006(c), 11-006(d), and 11-011(d) and AOC 11-003(b) are monitored within W-SMA-10. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline confirmation sample was collected on August 21, 2011 (Figure 225-2). Analytical results from this baseline sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (106 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 225-2.

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at W-SMA-10, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on August 1, 2015 (Figure 225-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (77.8 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 225-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 11-002:

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity.

SWMU 11-005(a):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity.

SWMU 11-005(b):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity.

SWMU 11-006(c):

• Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity.

SWMU 11-006(d):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity.

SWMU 11-011(d):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity.

AOC 11-003(b):

• Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 225-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 225-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-10 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The gross-alpha results from 2011 and 2015 are between these two values.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011 and 2015 Annual Reports.

225.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG257 recorded eight storm events at W-SMA-10 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered six post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 225-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-85922 | 6-4-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86804 | 6-29-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87333 | 7-27-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87580 | 8-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88364 | 8-20-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88757 | 9-1-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90142 | 11-30-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90392 | 12-7-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90428 | 12-14-2021 |
| Remediation Construction Activity | COMP-90482 | 12-21-2021 |

In the fall of 2021, SWPP team members discovered that facility-managed activities had impacted controls in the SMA. As follow up FTL review to this discovery, SWPP team members conducted an assessment and identified that Gravel Bags W0180310026 and W0180310033 had been removed by these activities to improve access to the drop pad area. The control measures were retired and SWPP team members began conducting weekly inspections of controls to monitor ongoing activities. During these inspections existing controls, including Asphalt Berms W01803040010 and W01803040016, and Rip Rap W01804060004, have been identified as functioning as backups for the removed controls. At the end of 2021 activities are still occurring. In the spring of 2022, the SMA will be reevaluated for changes in condition or compliance status.

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 225-3 Maintenance during 2021

| Maintenance | Maintenance Conducted | Maintenance | Response | Response |
|-------------|--|-------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Reference | | Date | Time | Discussion |
| BMP-88480 | Installed additional gravel bags in deteriorated sections of Gravel Bags W01803100026. | 9-16-2021 | 38 day(s) | Maintenance was delayed. |

225.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with W-SMA-10 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 225-4 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 225-4 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| SWMU 11-002 | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| AOC 11-003(b) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 11-005(a) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 11-005(b) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 11-006(c) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 11-006(d) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |
| SWMU 11-011(d) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, February 26, 2016, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 – Alternative Compliance Request for 17 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources." |

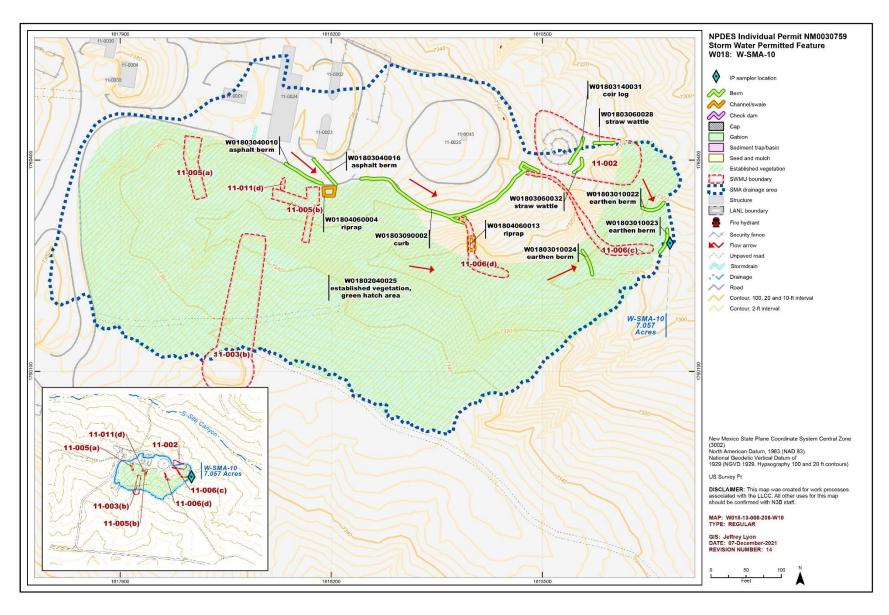
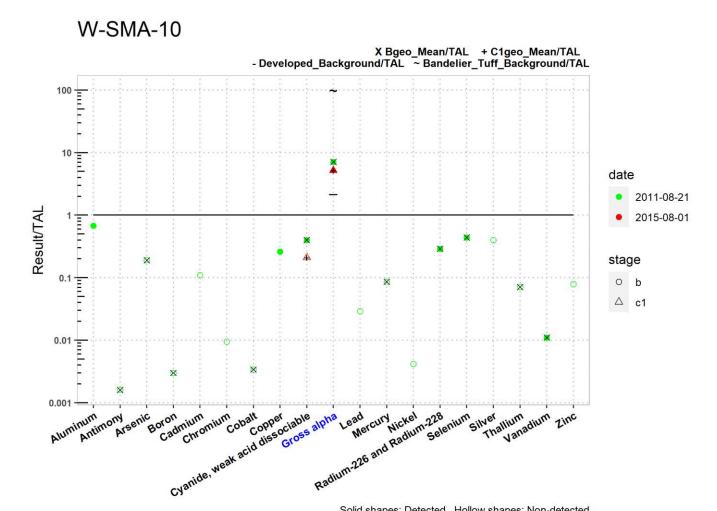


Figure 225-1 W-SMA-10 location map



Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 225-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-10

| | W-SMA-10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|----------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|-------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | NA | NA | 0.0034 | NA | 0.40 | 7.1 | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.29 | 0.44 | NA | 0.071 | 0.011 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.21 | 5.2 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2011-08-21 d | 0.68 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.26 | 0.40 | 7.1 | NA | NA | NA | 0.29 | 0.44 | NA | NA | 0.011 | NA |
| 2011-08-21 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | 0.11 | 0.0095 | 0.0034 | NA | NA | NA | 0.029 | 0.086 | 0.0042 | NA | NA | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | 0.079 |
| 2015-08-01 d | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 5.2 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2015-08-01 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.21 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL exc | eeda | nce; d= | detecte | d_res | ult/TA | L, nd= | nonde | tected | _result/ | TAL | | | | | |

Figure 225-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-10

226.0 W-SMA-11.7: AOC 49-008(c)

226.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W019, W-SMA-11.7: Site 49-008(c).

AOC 49-008(c) consists of an area of potentially contaminated soil from historical radiochemistry operations and small-scale containment experiments at Area 11 within the northern portion of the MDA AB NES boundary at TA-49. Area 11 is approximately 220 × 300 ft. Activities conducted at Area 11 from 1959 to 1961 supported hydronuclear experiments conducted elsewhere at TA-49. Radiochemistry operations were conducted in a former laboratory and change house (former building 49-15) that was the main structure at Area 11. Other structures included a small storage building, latrines, and butane and propane tanks. The former building 49-15 laboratory was used to analyze samples collected during experiments in the experimental shafts at Areas 2, 2A, 2B, and 4. Laboratory processes included sample dissolution in acids (nitric, hydrochloric, hydrofluoric, sulfuric, and perchloric) and solvent extraction using methyl isobutyl ketone, ammonium hydroxide, and sodium hydroxide. Wastes generated during radiochemical operations were typically collected in containers and taken to radioactive waste disposal facilities elsewhere at the Laboratory. Interim waste storage boxes were stored south of former building 49-15. Small-scale containment experiments were conducted in 13 underground shafts located on the west side of Area 11. These shafts were drilled to a depth of 12 ft and lined with 10-in.-diameter steel casing. HE was placed in the shafts, which were backfilled to contain the explosions. Small amounts of irradiated uranium-238 tracer were used in some experiments. The structures in Area 11 were decontaminated and removed in 1970 and 1971. Radiological contamination was detected in sinks, ducts, and hoods in former building 49-15. Contaminated debris was removed and disposed of at TA-54 and uncontaminated debris (approximately 2160 ft³) was taken to the open-burning/landfill area at Area 6 (SWMU 49-004).

During the 1987 soil and vegetation radiological-screening survey of TA-49, 22 surface samples were collected from within Area 11, and 20 vegetation samples were collected within and around Area 11. The samples were analyzed for radionuclides, and the results showed radionuclides detected at background levels for most sampling locations; however, elevated levels of americium-241 and plutonium and uranium isotopes were present in a sample from a location next to the east corner of former building 49-15, possibly where the sink drain was located. Vegetation samples showed no elevated radioactivity.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for AOC 49-008(c). AOC 49-008(c) was recommended for corrective action complete without controls in the supplemental investigation report for TA-49 Sites inside the NES boundary, submitted to NMED in 2016.

The project map (Figure 226-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

226.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 226-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on October 23, 2012, and submitted to EPA on October 25, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 226-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose o | of Control | | Control |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|-----------|------------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W01902040052 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W01903010040 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | В |
| W01903010041 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01903010042 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01903010043 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01903010044 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01903010045 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01903010046 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01903010047 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01903010048 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01903010049 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01903010050 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W01904010051 | Earthen Channel/Swale | Х | - | Х | - | EC |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

226.3 Storm Water Monitoring

AOC 49-008(c) is monitored within W-SMA-11.7. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 1, 2011 (Figure 226-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (1020 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (38.1 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 226-2.

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at W-SMA-11.7, corrective action storm water samples was collected on September 13, 2013, and August 26, 2021 (Figure 226-2). Analytical results from these corrective action monitoring samples yielded TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (39.6 pCi/L and 49.9 pCi/L) and aluminum (4760 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 226-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

AOC 49-008(c):

- Aluminum is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at AOC 49-008(c). Aluminum was not detected above BV in shallow Consent Order samples.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at AOC 49-008(c). Shallow Consent Order and RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for americium-241 and plutonium and uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Americium-241, plutonium-238, and uranium isotopes were not detected above BVs or FVs or were detected where FVs do not apply in 7 shallow samples. Plutonium-239/240 was detected above soil BV in four of seven shallow samples with a maximum activity of 19 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 226-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 226-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-11.7is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium-and thorium-bearing minerals. Aluminum is associated with minerals in the Bandelier Tuff, as well.

- Aluminum—The aluminum UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μ g/L; the result from 2011 is less than this value. The result from 2021 is greater than this value.
- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L The 2011, 2013, and 2021 gross-alpha results are all less than this value.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011, 2013, and 2021 Annual Reports.

226.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at W-SMA-11.7 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 226-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-86062 | 6-8-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86533 | 6-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87581 | 8-6-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88400 | 8-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88758 | 8-30-2021 |
| TAL Exceedance | COMP-89545 | 11-2-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-11.7 in 2021.

226.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-11.7 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 226-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 226-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|---------------|---|--|----------------------|
| AOC 49-008(c) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | The SMA is being evaluated for a corrective action | Initiated 10-4-2021. |

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Site in this SMA.

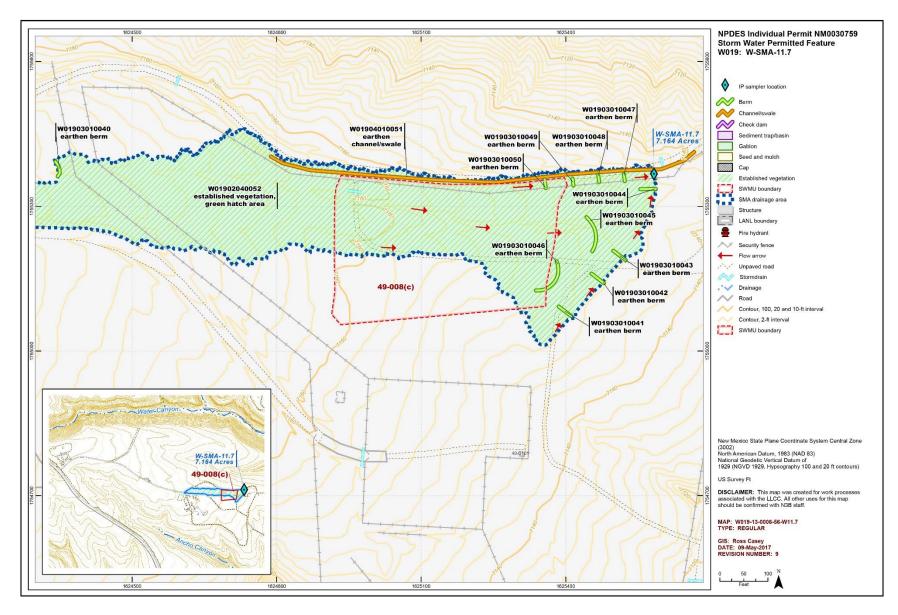
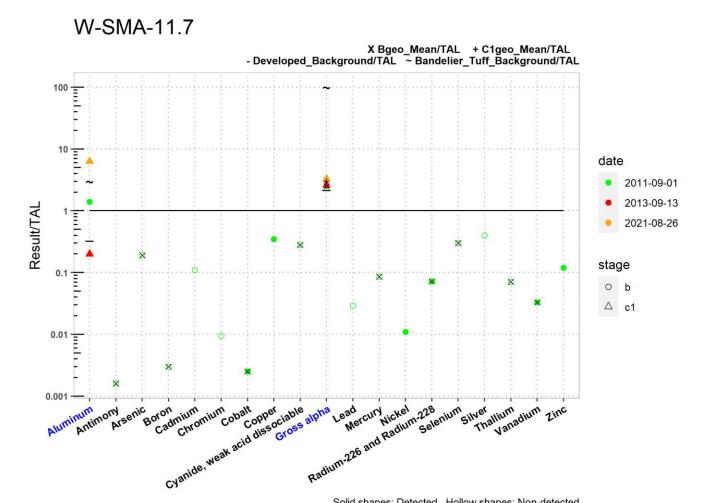


Figure 226-1 W-SMA-11.7 location map



Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 226-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-11.7

| | | | | | | | W-SI | MA- | 11.7 | 7 | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-------|---------|----------|---------|---------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------|--------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|-------|------|
| | Aluminum Antimony Arsenic | | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | | | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc | |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | NA | NA | 0.0025 | NA | 0.28 | 2.5 | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.072 | 0.30 | NA | 0.071 | 0.033 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 3.0 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2011-09-01 d | 1.4 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0025 | 0.35 | NA | 2.5 | NA | NA | 0.011 | 0.072 | NA | NA | NA | 0.033 | 0.12 |
| 2011-09-01 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | 0.28 | NA | 0.029 | 0.086 | NA | NA | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | NA |
| 2013-09-13 d | 0.20 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.6 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2013-09-13 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2021-08-26 d | 6.3 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 3.3 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2021-08-26 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| | Bold | font indi | icate | TAL exc | eeda | nce; d= | detecte | d_res | ult/TA | L, nd= | nonde | tected | _result | /TAL | | | | | |

Figure 226-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-11.7

227.0 W-SMA-12.05: SWMU 49-001(g)

227.1 **Site Descriptions**

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W020, W-SMA-12.05: Site 49-001(g).

SWMU 49-001(g) is an area of potentially contaminated surface soil directly north of SWMUs 49-001(b) and 49-001(c), resulting from the transport of surface and near-surface radionuclide contamination associated with the shaft 2-M incident at Area 2. During the drilling of a drift at the bottom of shaft 2-M in November 1960, contamination was encountered from the experiment previously detonated at the bottom of shaft 2-L in April 1960. As a result, alpha contamination was measured at 100,000 cpm within unused shaft 2-M and as high as 800,000 cpm on the ground surface within Area 2. Contaminated equipment and surface soils from this incident were placed in shaft 2-M and the shaft was backfilled and capped.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 49-001(g). SWMU 49-001(g) was recommended for corrective action complete without controls for this Site in the supplemental investigation report for TA-49 Sites inside the NES boundary, submitted to NMED in 2016.

The project map (Figure 227-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

227.2 **Control Measures**

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 227-1).

Table 227-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose | of Control | | Control |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|------------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W02002040018 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W02003010015 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W02003010016 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W02003010017 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | В |
| W02004060002 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | СВ |
| W02006010001 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | Х | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

227.3 **Storm Water Monitoring**

Through calendar year 2021, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at W-SMA-12.05. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

227.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at W-SMA-12.05 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 227-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-86072 | 6-8-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86536 | 6-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87591 | 8-6-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88403 | 8-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88767 | 8-30-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-12.05 in 2021.

227.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-12.05 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 227-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 227-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SWMU 49-001(g) | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Baseline Monitoring Extended | Initiated 4-30-2012. No samples have been collected since initiation of the Permit. |

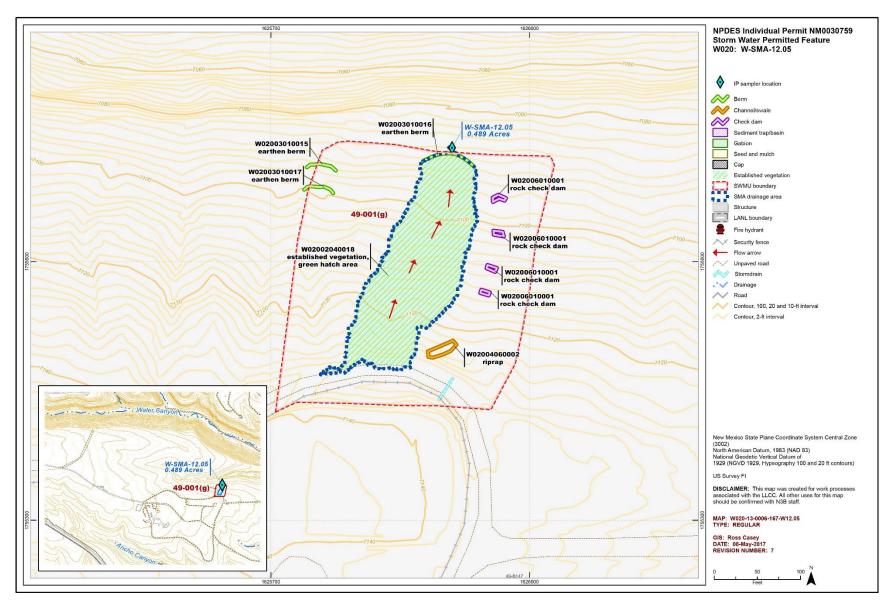


Figure 227-1 W-SMA-12.05 location map

228.0 W-SMA-14.1: SWMU 15-014(l) and AOC 15-004(h)

228.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with W021, W-SMA-14.1: Sites 15-014(I) and 15-004(h).

SWMU 15-014(I) is a drainline and formerly permitted outfall (EPA 03A028) for a cooling tower (structure 15-202) located within the PHERMEX facility in TA-15. This drainline and outfall received blowdown discharge from the cooling tower that was built in 1961. It is not known if the outfall is still active.

Consent Order investigations have not been performed at SWMU 15-014(I). SWMU 15-014(I) will be included in the future Consent Order Lower Water/Indio Canyons Aggregate Area investigation. No investigations were conducted at SWMU 15-014(I) before the Consent Order went into effect in 2005.

AOC 15-004(h) is inactive Firing Site H located west of the PHERMEX facility at TA-15. Firing Site H is located approximately 100 ft north of the power control building for PHERMEX (structure 15-185). This firing site was built in 1948 and included an instrument chamber (structure 15-17) and a camera chamber (structure 15-92) and was used for explosives testing. The exact nature of the materials used during tests is not known but is believed to include DU, beryllium, lead, and HE. Firing site operations were discontinued in 1953. The surface of the Site was reportedly regraded in 1992. The camera chamber (structure 15-92) remains on-site.

Consent Order investigations have not been performed at SWMU 15-004(h). AOC 15-004(h) will be included in the future Consent Order Lower Water/Indio Canyons Aggregate Area investigation. No investigations were conducted at AOC 15-004(h) before the Consent Order went into effect in 2005.

The project map (Figure 228-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

228.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 228-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 25, 2012, and submitted to EPA on October 25, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 228-1 Active Control Measures

| | | | Purpose | of Control | | Control |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|---------|------------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W02102040021 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W02103010016 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W02103010017 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W02103010018 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W02103010019 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |
| W02103010020 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | Х | EC |

| | | | Purpose | of Control | | Control |
|--------------|----------------|--------|---------|------------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W02104060014 | Rip Rap | Х | - | Х | - | СВ |
| W02106010008 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W02106010009 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W02106010011 | Rock Check Dam | Х | - | - | Х | СВ |
| W02106010012 | Rock Check Dam | - | Х | - | X | СВ |

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

228.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 15-014(I) and AOC 15-004(h) are monitored within W-SMA-14.1. Following the installation of baseline control measures, two baseline storm water samples were collected on July 25, 2011, and August 18, 2011 (Figure 228-2). In Figure 228-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from these samples yielded TAL exceedances for copper (20 μ g/L) and zinc (49.3 μ g/L) and are presented in Figure 228-2.

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at W-SMA-14.1, corrective action storm water samples were collected on September 13, 2013, and July 15, 2014 (Figure 228-2). Analytical results from these corrective action monitoring samples yielded TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (38.7 pCi/L and 96.2 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 228-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 15-014(I):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

AOC 15-004(h):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials
historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under
the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 228-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and



associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 228-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-14.1 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2013 and 2014 gross-alpha results are between these two values.

The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011, 2013, and 2014 Annual Reports.

228.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at W-SMA-14.1 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 228-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-86063 | 6-9-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86534 | 6-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87582 | 8-3-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88038 | 8-17-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88759 | 9-3-2021 |
| Significant Event | COMP-89125 | 10-5-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-14.1 in 2021.

228.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with W-SMA-14.1 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 228-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 228-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| AOC 15-004(h) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 19 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels for Gross-Alpha Radioactivity." |
| SWMU 15-014(I) | Alternative Compliance Requested | Alternative Compliance Requested | LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 19 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels for Gross-Alpha Radioactivity." |

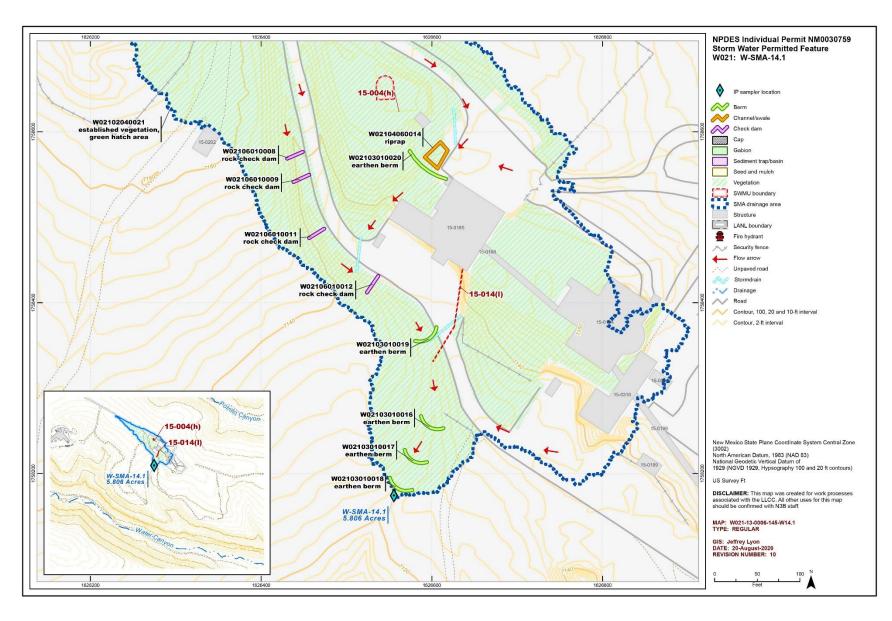
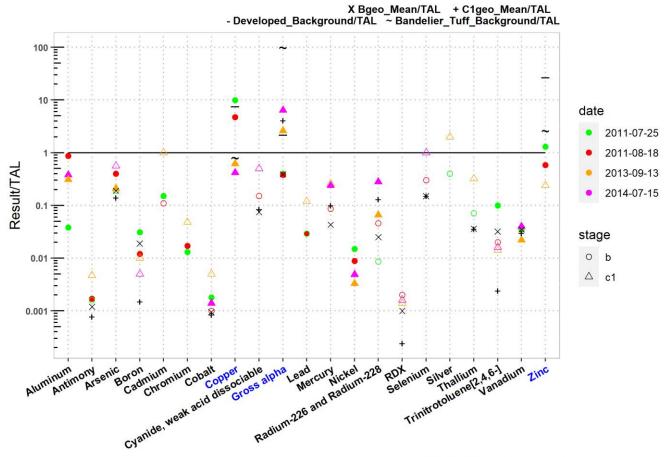


Figure 228-1 W-SMA-14.1 location map





Solid shapes: Detected Hollow shapes: Non-detected

Figure 228-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-14.1

| | | | | | | | | W- | SMA | \-14 | .1 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|------------|---------|--------|---------|----------|----------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------|----------|------------------------------|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid dissociable | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | RDX | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Trinitrotoluene [2,4,6-] | Vanadium | Zinc |
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 200 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | NA | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 200 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 20 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0012 | 0.19 | 0.019 | NA | NA | 0.00095 | NA | 0.075 | 0.39 | NA | 0.043 | NA | 0.025 | 0.0010 | 0.15 | NA | 0.036 | 0.032 | 0.035 | NA |
| C1geo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.00078 | 0.14 | 0.0015 | NA | NA | 0.00085 | NA | 0.084 | 4.1 | NA | 0.10 | NA | 0.13 | 0.00024 | 0.15 | NA | 0.036 | 0.0024 | 0.030 | NA |
| 2011-07-25 d | 0.038 | NA | NA | 0.031 | 0.15 | 0.013 | 0.0018 | 9.9 | NA | 0.40 | NA | NA | 0.015 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.10 | 0.036 | 1.3 |
| 2011-07-25 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.15 | NA | 0.029 | 0.086 | NA | 0.0086 | 0.0020 | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | NA | NA |
| 2011-08-18 d | 0.87 | 0.0017 | 0.40 | 0.012 | NA | 0.017 | NA | 4.7 | NA | 0.38 | 0.029 | NA | 0.0088 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.035 | 0.58 |
| 2011-08-18 nd | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.11 | NA | 0.0010 | NA | 0.15 | NA | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.046 | 0.0020 | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | 0.020 | NA | NA |
| 2013-09-13 d | 0.31 | NA | 0.21 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.62 | NA | 2.6 | NA | NA | 0.0033 | 0.066 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.022 | NA |
| 2013-09-13 nd | NA | 0.0047 | NA | 0.010 | 1.0 | 0.048 | 0.0050 | NA | 0.50 | NA | 0.12 | 0.26 | NA | NA | 0.0014 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.014 | NA | 0.24 |
| 2014-07-15 d | 0.38 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0014 | 0.42 | NA | 6.4 | NA | 0.24 | 0.0049 | 0.28 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.040 | NA |
| 2014-07-15 nd | NA | 0.0047 | 0.56 | 0.0050 | 1.0 | 0.048 | NA | NA | 0.50 | NA | 0.12 | NA | NA | NA | 0.0016 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.32 | 0.016 | NA | 0.24 |
| | Bold fo | ont indica | te TA | L exce | edano | e; d=c | letected | resul | t/TAL, | nd=no | ondete | cted r | esult/TA | L | | | | | | | |

Figure 228-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-14.1

229.0 W-SMA-15.1: SWMU 49-005(a)

229.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with W022, W-SMA-15.1: Site 49-005(a).

SWMU 49-005(a) is an inactive landfill located east of Area 10. The landfill, described as a small pit, was constructed north of the road that runs east from Area 10 and is approximately 50–100 ft northeast of the Area 10 experimental chamber and shafts (AOC 49-002). SWMU 49-005(a) was constructed in 1984 as a disposal area for nonradiologically contaminated debris generated during the 1984 general surface cleanup of TA-49.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 49-005(a). All detected inorganic and organic chemical concentrations and radionuclide activities from Consent Order and RFI samples were below residential SSLs and SALs. SWMU 49-005(a) was recommended for corrective action complete without controls for this Site in the supplemental investigation report for the TA-49 Sites outside the NES boundary, submitted to NMED in 2016.

The project map (Figure 229-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/ips/Home/SiteMonitoringAreaMaps.

229.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 229-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on October 23, 2012, and submitted to EPA on October 25, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications.

Table 229-1 Active Control Measures

| | | Purpose of Control | | | | Control |
|--------------|------------------------|---------------------------|--------|---------|----------|---------|
| Control ID | Control Name | Run-On | Runoff | Erosion | Sediment | Status |
| W02202040006 | Established Vegetation | - | Х | Х | - | В |
| W02203010004 | Earthen Berm | Х | - | - | X | EC |
| W02203010005 | Earthen Berm | - | Х | - | Х | EC |

B: Additional baseline control measure.

229.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 49-005(a) is monitored within W-SMA-15.1. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline confirmation sample was collected on September 1, 2011 (Figure 229-2). Analytical results from this baseline sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (33.2 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 229-2.

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

SWMU 49-005(a):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at SWMU 49-005(a). Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from
regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 229-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 229-2.

Monitoring location W-SMA-15.1 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2011 gross-alpha result is less than this value.

The analytical results for this sample are reported in the 2011 Annual Report.

229.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG262.4 recorded six storm events at W-SMA-15.1 during the 2021 season. These rain events triggered five post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 229-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2021

| Inspection Type | Inspection Reference | Inspection Date |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Storm Rain Event and Annual Erosion Evaluation | BMP-86063 | 6-8-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-86534 | 6-24-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-87582 | 8-6-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88038 | 8-23-2021 |
| Storm Rain Event | BMP-88759 | 8-30-2021 |

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-15.1 in 2021.

229.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with W-SMA-15.1 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2021. Table 229-3 presents the 2021 compliance status.

Table 229-3 Compliance Status during 2021

| Site | Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2021 | Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2021 | Comments |
|----------------|---|---|--|
| SWMU 49-005(a) | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring | Initiated 10-23-2012. LANL, October 25, 2012, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Nine Site Monitoring Areas." |

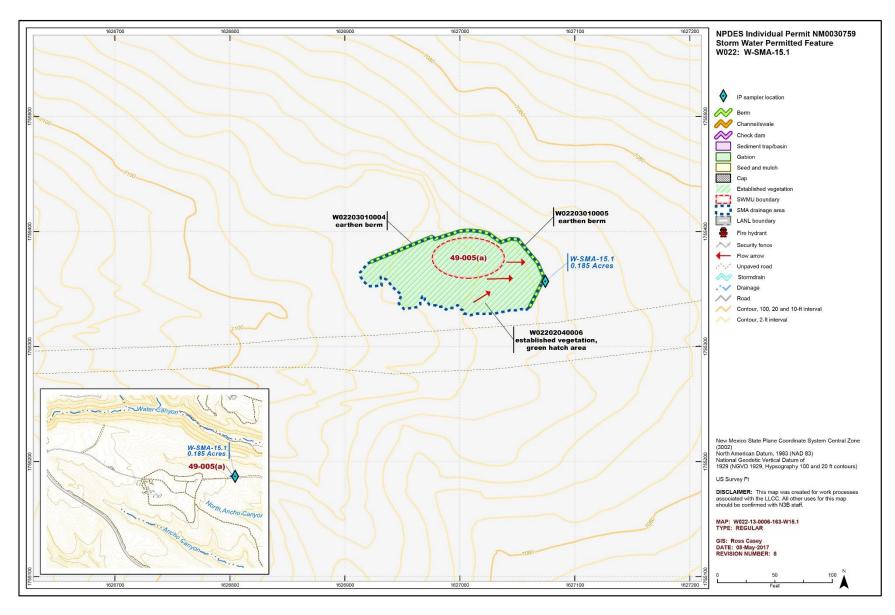


Figure 229-1 W-SMA-15.1 location map



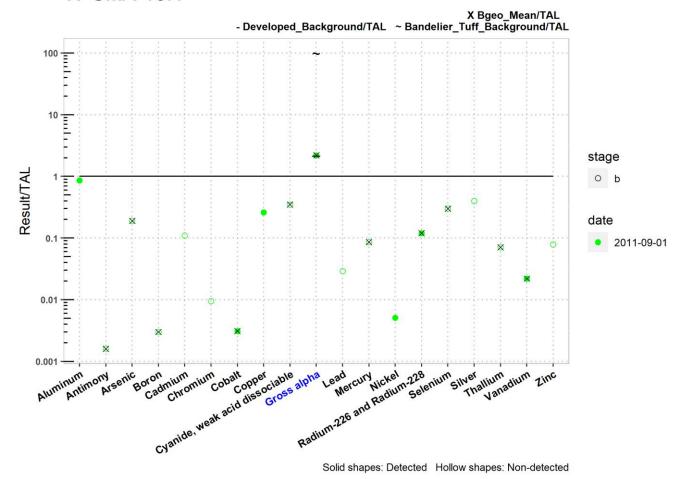


Figure 229-2 Analytical results summary for W-SMA-15.1

| | Aluminum | Antimony | Arsenic | Boron | Cadmium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Cyanide, weak acid 1 | Gross alpha | Lead | Mercury | Nickel | Radium-226 and Radium-228 | Selenium | Silver | Thallium | Vanadium | Zinc |
|----------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|--------|----------------------|-------------|-------|---------|----------|------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|-------|
| TAL | 750 | 640 | 9 | 5000 | 1 | 210 | 1000 | 4.3 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 0.77 | 170 | 30 | 5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 100 | 42 |
| MQL | 2.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 100 | 1 | 10 | 50 | 0.5 | 10 | NA | 0.5 | 0.005 | 0.5 | NA | 5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 50 | 20 |
| ATAL | NA | 640 | 9 | 5000 | NA | NA | 1000 | NA | 10 | 15 | NA | 0.77 | NA | 30 | 5 | NA | 6.3 | 100 | NA |
| MTAL | 750 | NA | 340 | NA | 0.6 | 210 | NA | 4.3 | 22 | NA | 17 | 1.4 | 170 | NA | 20 | 0.4 | NA | NA | 42 |
| unit | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | pCi/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L | ug/L |
| Bgeo_mean/ATAL | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | NA | NA | 0.0031 | NA | 0.35 | 2.2 | NA | 0.086 | NA | 0.12 | 0.30 | NA | 0.071 | 0.022 | NA |
| 2011-09-01 d | 0.86 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.0031 | 0.26 | NA | 2.2 | NA | NA | 0.0051 | 0.12 | NA | NA | NA | 0.022 | NA |
| 2011-09-01 nd | NA | 0.0016 | 0.19 | 0.0030 | 0.11 | 0.0095 | NA | NA | 0.35 | NA | 0.029 | 0.086 | NA | NA | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.071 | NA | 0.079 |
| | Bold | font indi | cate | TAL exc | eeda | nce; d= | detecte | d_res | sult/TA | L, nd= | nonde | tected | _result/ | TAL | | | | | |

Figure 229-2 (continued) Analytical results summary for W-SMA-15.1

Attachment 1 Amendments

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4704 | 1/29/2021 | 195.1 | Change to Site Description-SWMU 15-008(d) is-consists of a building debris pile located south of former storage building 15-22 in the northwest portion of TA-15 in an area known as "The Hollow." The source of the building debris and the date it was placed at this location are not is unknown. Building 15-22 was originally constructed in the 1970s as a control center for an experimental accelerator in nearby building 15-203. This control center was not needed to operate the accelerator, and the building was never used for this purpose. Building 15-22 was reportedly used for storage and was demolished and removed in October 2004. The Hollow was a series of buildings (former buildings 15-20, 15-194, and 15-203) connected by a common roof structure that had been assembled over the years beginning in 1949. These buildings had various uses, including assembly buildings, laboratories, and shops. Although documentation of what was assembled is not available, it was likely that explosive devices tested elsewhere at TA-15. In the 1960s, building 15-194 had a vapor degreaser (the solvents used were not specified but likely included halogenated hydrocarbons such as trichloroethene, tetrachloroethene, or 1,1,1-trichlorethane). The vapor degreaser was removed in 1987. Building 15-194 also contained stripping tanks that employed sulfuric, chromic, and/or hydrochloric acids. Structures associated with The Hollow were demolished and removed in 2004. | Т | |
| V.4 4705 | 2/4/2021 | CDV-SMA-8 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2020-1783, approved 1/29/2021: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of site 15-011(c). | Т | CCN-84315 |
| V.4 4706 | 2/4/2021 | CDV-SMA-8 | Site Boundary Modification, 15-011(c) | Т | CCN-84315 |
| V.4 4707 | 2/4/2021 | CDV-SMA-8 | Map Revision - (11) | Т | CCN-84315 |
| V.4 4708 | 2/4/2021 | CDV-SMA-8.5 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2020-1792, approved 1/29/2021: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of site 15-014(a). | Т | CCN-84316 |
| V.4 4709 | 2/4/2021 | CDV-SMA-8.5 | Site Boundary Modification, 15-014(a) | Т | CCN-84316 |
| V.4 4710 | 2/4/2021 | CDV-SMA-8.5 | Map Revision - (8) | Т | CCN-84316 |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4711 | 2/18/2021 | 189.1 | Change to Site Description-SWMU 16-028(a) is the south drainage channel that drained the southern half of the TA-16 Burning Ground. The drainage is associated with SWMUs 16-005(g) and 16-010(h-n), the former filter basket wash facility, and discharges from a carbon filter/treatment unit renumbered from structure 16 228 to 16-363 [SWMU 16-010(g)]. The site provides the only surface water drainage for approximately half the former TA-16 Burning Ground and marks the southern edge of historical Burning Ground activities. | Т | |
| V.4 4712 | 2/18/2021 | 191.1 | Change to Site Description-SWMU 14-009 is an inactive surface disposal area located south and west of building 14 43 at TA-14. The disposal area measures approximately 30 x 140 ft and consists of sand and ruptured sandbags used during explosives tests performed at nearby firing sites [SWMUs 14 002(a) and 14 002(b)]. During explosives tests, sandbags were placed around firing sites to contain detonations. When the sandbags ruptured, the sand was used for erosion control around the firing sites. The sand from ruptured bags at SWMU 14-009 was placed over the hillside south of building 14-43 and is approximately 1 foot deep. Phase I Consent Order investigation is complete for SWMU 14-009. The supplemental investigation report for Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-14, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2016, recommended SWMU 14-009 for corrective action complete without controls. NMED approved this report in November 2020 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order is pending submittalwas submitted in January 2021. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4713 | 2/18/2021 | 192.1 | Change to Site Description- SWMU 14-010 is a former HE sump that was located on the exterior south wall of a former firing chamber [structure 14 2, SWMU 14 002(a)]. The sump received wastewater from an associated floor drain in the closed firing chamber 14 2 and discharged through an associated drainline to an outfall located approximately 24 ft southeast of the sump. In 1973, the HE and radioactive-contaminated portions of structure 14-2 were removed and disposed of at TA-54; Also in 1973, the contents of the SWMU 14-010 sump were removed and disposed of and the sump, floor drain and drainline from the floor drainline to the sump were excavated by hand and removed. the rest of the building was demolished and burned, and the sump and most of the drainline were removed The remainder of the structure was then burned in place. The bullet test facility was constructed over a portion of the area and the remainder was paved. The outlet drainline from the sump remains in place. During the 1997 VCA conducted at the Site, contaminated sandsurface soil and sediment in were removed from the drainage area below the former outfall were excavated and removeddowngradient of the Site. Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 14-010. The supplemental investigation report for Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-14, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2016, recommended SWMU 14-010 for corrective action complete without controls. NMED approved this report in November 2020 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order is pending submittalwas submitted in January 2021. | | |
| V.4 4714 | 2/18/2021 | 193.1 | Change to Site Description- Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 14-006. The supplemental investigation report for Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-14, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2016, recommended SWMU 14-006 for corrective action complete without controls. NMED approved this report in November 2020 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order is pending submittalwas submitted in January 2021. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4715 | 2/18/2021 | 193.1 | Change to Site Description-AOC 14-001(g) is an active firing pad (structure 14 35) located south of control building 14 23 at TA-14. Installed in 1964, the reinforced concrete pad is 5 ft2 x 2 ft thick and is surrounded on three sides with a blast shield. At the base, the shield is a 6-ft2 x 2-ft-thick concrete pad overlain by a neoprene shock pad, a 4.5-inthick steel plate, and several inches of sand. The shield directs the force of detonations away from nearby control building 14 23. The AOC 14 001(g) firing pad is used to conduct test shot experiments. AOC 14-001(g) was referred to as SWMU 14-001(g) in historical documents. | T | |
| V.4 4716 | 2/18/2021 | | Change to Site Description-SWMU 14-002(c) is a decommissioned firing site (structure 14 5) located in the southeastern portion of TA-14. Structure 14 5 consisted of a control building and firing pad. Constructed in 1944, the wood-framed control building measured 11 ft wide x 18 ft long x 10 ft high and was surrounded on three sides by an earthen berm. A 10-ft x 2 ft x 8-ft-high concrete firing pad faced with a 0.5-in. steel plate was attached to the exterior south wall of the control building. The firing site was used to conduct small-scale explosive tests until the mid-1950s. The control building was converted to a storage siteStructure 14-5 was converted to a storage area in 1961 and used to storewhere cyanogen gas cylinders were stored from 1965 to the 1970s. In 1980, a 5-ft-diameter metal sphere was installed on the firing pad at the south side of building 14 5. The sphere was used to conduct slow-combustion experiments, which continued until 1985, when building operations ceased. The firing pad was removed at an unknown date. Structure 14-5The control building was partially destroyed by the Cerro Grande fire in 2000; only the concrete portions of the roof and walls remain. Before implementation of the 2011 sampling for Sites in the Water/Cañon de Valle watershed, the historical information was thoroughly reviewed. The review determined that SWMU 14-002(c) should be added to CDV-SMA-6.02. Accordingly, the Site description and project map (Figure 194-1) have been updated to include SWMU 14-002(c). SWMU 14-002(c) is located within the current SMA boundary, and no changes to the SMA boundary are required. The sampler location did not change, and samples previously collected are representative of SWMU 14-002(c). An explanation of the error was incorporated in the IP renewal application. The information and evaluation of Site 14-002(c) provided below and in other sections of this SDPPP update are for informational purposes only. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4716 (cont.) | 2/18/2021 | 194.1 | Phase I Consent Order investigation is complete for SWMU 14-002(c). The supplemental investigation report for Cañon de Valle Aggregate Area TA-14, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2016, recommended SWMU 14-002(c) for corrective action complete without controls. NMED approved this report in November 2020 and a request for a COC without controls under the Consent Order is pending submitted in January 2021. | Т | |
| V.4 4717 | 2/18/2021 | 194.1 | Change to Site Description-SWMU 14-002(d) is an x-unit chamber (structure 14-14) located at TA-14, approximately 7 ft southwest of structure 14-5 at TA-14. Constructed in 1944, the x-unit chamber was one of two voltage distribution systems installed at the SWMU 14-002(c) firing site. The x-unit chamber was constructed of reinforced concrete and measured approximately 3 ft wide × 4 ft long × 3 ft high. The x-unit housed the firing voltage distribution system used for the remote detonation of small-scale explosives tests at structure 14-5. The x-unit was used from 1944 to the mid-1950s when explosives operations ceased. It is not known whether the chamber is still in place. Investigation of SWMU 14-002(d) is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order. The 1994 RFI work plan for OU 1085 incorrectly identified SWMU 14-002(d) as a firing pad associated with former control building 14-5 [SWMU 14 002(c)]. Engineering drawings reviewed during planning for Consent Order investigations confirmed the firing pad was actually part of SWMU 14-002(d) is an x-unit chamber (ENG C-365). | Т | |
| V.4 4718 | 2/18/2021 | 194.1 | Change to Site Description-SWMU 14-002(e) is an x-unit chamber (structure 14-15) located at TA-14, approximately 7 ft southeast of structure 14-5 [SWMU 14-002(c)]. Constructed in 1944, the x-unit chamber was one of two voltage distribution systems installed at the SWMU 14 002(c) firing site. The x-unit chamber was constructed of reinforced concrete and measured approximately 3 ft wide × 4 ft long × 3 ft high. The x-unit housed the firing voltage distribution system used for the remote detonation of small-scale explosives tests at former structure 14-5. The x-unit was used from 1944 to the mid-1950s when explosives operations ceased. It is not known whether the chamber is still in place. Investigation of SWMU 14-002(e) is deferred per Section XI and Appendix A of the 2016 Consent Order. The 1994 RFI work plan for OU 1085 incorrectly identified SWMU 14-002(e) as a firing pad associated with former control building 14-5 [SWMU 14 002(c)]. Engineering drawings reviewed during planning for Consent Order investigations confirmed the firing pad was actually part of SWMU 14-002(c), and SWMU 14-002(e) is an inactive x unit chamber. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|--------------|----------------|---|---------|-------------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4719 | 3/25/2021 | CDV-SMA-1.45 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-1864, approved 3/2/2021: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 16-026(i). | Т | CCN-84736 |
| V.4 4720 | 3/25/2021 | CDV-SMA-1.45 | Site Boundary Modification, 16-026(i) | Т | CCN-84736 |
| V.4 4721 | 3/25/2021 | CDV-SMA-1.45 | Map Revision - (7) | Т | CCN-84736 |
| V.4 4722 | 3/31/2021 | CDV-SMA-1.4 | Per spatial PRS Database Change requests CR2021-1863, CR2021-1866, and CR2021-1867, approved 3/2/2021: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Sites 16-020, | Т | CCN-84735 |
| V.4 4723 | 3/31/2021 | CDV-SMA-1.4 | 16-026(I), and 16-028(c). Site Boundary Modification, 16-020 | Т | CCN-84735 |
| V.4 4724 | 3/31/2021 | CDV-SMA-1.4 | Site Boundary Modification, 16-026(I) | Т | CCN-84735 |
| V.4 4725 | 3/31/2021 | CDV-SMA-1.4 | Site Boundary Modification, 16-028(c) | Т | CCN-84735 |
| V.4 4726 | 3/31/2021 | CDV-SMA-1.4 | Map Revision - (17) | Т | CCN-84735 |
| V.4 4727 | 4/28/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.5 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-1877, approved 3/2/2021: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 16-028(a). | Т | CCN-84738 |
| V.4 4728 | 4/28/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.5 | Site Boundary Modification, 16-028(a) | Т | CCN-84738 |
| V.4 4729 | 4/28/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.5 | Map Revision - (14) | Т | CCN-84738 |
| V.4 4730 | 5/5/2021 | PT-SMA-2 | Per control measure verification BMP-83955 conducted 4/21/2021, please update as necessary to: • Add Coir Log I00403140026 installed as an enhanced runoff and sediment control. Install date 4/21/2021. • Add Coir Log I00403140027 installed as an enhanced runoff and sediment control. Install date 4/21/2021. • Add Coir Log I00403140028 installed as an enhanced runoff and sediment control. Install date 4/21/2021. • Add Coir Log I00403140029 installed as an enhanced runoff and sediment control. Install date 4/21/2021. • Add Compost Log I00403200030 installed as an enhanced runoff and sediment | Т | CCN-85215 |
| | F /F /0.55 : | DT 0144 C | control. Install date 4/21/2021. | _ | 0011 272 11 |
| V.4 4731 | 5/5/2021 | PT-SMA-2 | New Control - Corrective Action Control ID: I00403140026- Coir Log | T | CCN-85215 |
| V.4 4732 | 5/5/2021 | PT-SMA-2 | New Control - Corrective Action Control-Control ID: 100403140027- Coir Log | T | CCN-85215 |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4733 | 5/5/2021 | PT-SMA-2 | New Control - Corrective Action Control-Control ID: 100403140028- Coir Log | Т | CCN-85215 |
| V.4 4734 | 5/5/2021 | PT-SMA-2 | New Control - Corrective Action Control-Control ID: 100403140029- Coir Log | Т | CCN-85215 |
| V.4 4735 | 5/5/2021 | PT-SMA-2 | New Control - Corrective Action Control-Control ID: 100403200030- Coir Log | Т | CCN-85215 |
| V.4 4736 | 5/5/2021 | PT-SMA-2 | Map Revision - (10) | Т | CCN-85215 |
| V.4 4737 | 5/10/2021 | PT-SMA-2 | Per I004-13-0006-217-PT2-R10 draft review for enhanced control installations, please update SDE shapefiles as needed to: • Retire unlabled duplicate shapes identified on the attached for controls 12, 20, 21, 22, and 23 as well as the extra pline feature north of control 14. It is believed that these features were draft markups for the same controls added with GPS data collected for 2015 enhanced control installations per CCN-50126. These features should not be active in the IP SDE control measure layers for future map production. | Е | CCN-82641 |
| V.4 4738 | 5/12/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.42 | Per control measure verification BMP-82659 conducted 4/29/2021, please update as necessary to: • Add HDPE Cap V008A08050026 installed as an enhanced runoff and erosion control. Install date 4/29/2021. | Т | CCN-85336 |
| V.4 4739 | 5/12/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.42 | New Control - Corrective Action Control-Control ID: V008A08050026- HDPE Cap | Т | CCN-85336 |
| V.4 4740 | 5/12/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.42 | Map Revision - (13) | Т | CCN-85336 |
| V.4 4741 | 5/21/2021 | Volume 4 | Change to SDPPP- Per verification of enhanced control measure installation at CDV-SMA-2.42 and in preparation for future installations of control type, Update MainConn and SDE as needed to: • Add new classification for HDPE cap. This is a subclass of the Cap poly feature classification and will be Identified in MainConn and SDE as 0805, HDPE cap. Any active controls using this ID should be produced on IP project maps using the current cap class symbology. This control class will have a life cycle of 10 years (120 months), and generally installed as an erosion control, and can also be implemented as a run-on or runoff control in site specific conditions. | Т | CCN-82640 |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4742 | 6/3/2021 | 182.1 | Change to Site Description- SWMU 16-026(I) is described in the 1990 SWMU Report as consisting of three inactive outfalls and associated outlet drainlines that served former building 16-220 at TA-16. The 1990 SWMU Report states the outfalls were located on the northeast, southeast, and south sides of former building 16-220, a former x-ray building. According to the 1998 replacement of Chapter 6 of OU 1082 RCRA RFI work plan, Addendum 2, SWMU 16-026(I) consists of three outlet drainlines from the east wall and the northeastern and southeastern corners of building 16-220. The 1992 Santa Fe Engineering Wastewater Stream Characterization report #7 for TA-16, as-built drawings ENG-C 15660 (pg. 57 of 121) and ENG-C 15605 (pg. 2 of 121), and engineering drawing ENG-R 855 (pg. 2 of 38) show two 4-indiameter cast iron roof drainlines, one coming off the northeast corner of former building 16-220, and one coming off the southeast wall of former building 16-220 and discharging to outfalls located approximately 20 ft east of the former building. The third outfall discharged via a 4-indiameter cast iron outlet drainline from a steam pit that exited the middle east wall of former building 16-220 to an outfall located approximately 120 ft east of drain line former building 16-220, as shown on as-built drawings ENG-C 15660 (pg. 57 of 121) and ENG-C 15605 (pg. 2 of 121), engineering drawing ENG-R 855 (pg. 2 of 38), and the 1992 Santa Fe Engineering Wastewater Stream Characterization report #7 for TA-16. The 2006 investigation work plan incorrectly states that the drainage area from these three outfalls is commingled with the outfall drainage from SWMU 16-028(c), they have separate drainage areas. Building 16-220 was removed in 2003. The 1991 orthographic GIS layer and a 1988 site photograph confirm the correct locations of the three former outfalls and the three associated outlet drainlines. | T | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | Description of Changes | Type of | Defense |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4742 | 6/3/2021 | 182.1 | consists of an inactive outfall and associated floor drains and drainlines from former | T | |
| (cont.) | | | building 16-220 within the northern portion of S-Site at TA-16. Floor drains in former | | |
| | | | building 16-220 were connected to two drainlines located at the southeast and | | |
| | | | southwest corners of the building. The drainline tied into a single 6-in. VCP outlet | | |
| | | | drainline, which discharged to the outfall approximately 50 ft southeast of the | | |
| | | | building. Building 16-220 was an x-ray building constructed in the early 1950s and | | |
| | | | measured 68 ft × 41 ft × 20 ft. Former rest houses within S-Site stored finished | | |
| | | | packaged HE components before and after they were radiographed in the x-ray | | |
| | | | buildings. The HE components were transported between the rest houses and the x- | | |
| | | | ray buildings in enclosed walkways. When the components arrived at the x-ray | | |
| | | | buildings, they were removed from their packaging, x-rayed, repackaged, and | | |
| | | | returned to the rest houses. Small HE chips were historically observed in the floor | | |
| | | | drains. Site workers stated that HE dust and small chips would break off during the x- | | |
| | | | ray process and could have entered the floor drains. Because SWMU 16-026(I) is | | |
| | | | associated with the floor drains in the x-ray building, HE contamination could be | | |
| | | | present at the outfall. The floor drains were plugged in 1991 and building 16 220 was removed in 2003. | | |
| | | | The 1990 SWMU Report describes SWMU 16-026(I) as inactive outfalls associated with | | |
| | | | drains in building 16-220. According to the 1998 replacement of Chapter 6 of the OU | | |
| | | | 1082 RCRA RFI work plan, Addendum 2, SWMU 16-026(I) consists of drains from the | | |
| | | | east wall and the northeastern and southeastern corners of building 16-220. | | |
| | | | Engineering drawings show roof drains discharging from the northeastern and | | |
| | | | southeastern corners of the building and that a steam pit drain discharged from the | | |
| | | | east wall. The outfall associated with SWMU 16-026(I) overlapped the outfall | | |
| | | | associated with SWMU 16-028(c), a former NPDES-permitted outfall for the discharge | | |
| | | | of non-contact cooling water from former building 16-220. | | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4743 | 6/3/2021 | 182.1 | Change to Site Description-SWMU 16-028(c) is a former NPDES-permitted outfall (EPA 04A-070) and outlet drainline that received discharges from eight floor drains in former building 16 220 at TA-16. The effluent contained noncontact cooling water, chiller condensate, periodic discharges from an HE vacuum pump, and wash water from cleaning building floors. The 4-in. diameter cast iron outlet drainline tied to a 6-in. VCP outlet drainline before dischargingdischarged to a rocky ditch on the east side of the building and effluent flowed to a relatively flat grassy field southeast of the building as shown in engineering drawing ENG-C 29835 and a 1988 site photograph. The 2006 investigation work plan incorrectly stated that the drainage area was commingled with the outfalls from SWMU 16-026(l), they have separate drainage areas. The floor drains in former building 16 220 were plugged in 1991 and building 16-220 was removed in 2003. The, and the outfall was removed from the Laboratory's NPDES permit on September 19, 1997. Former rest houses within S-Site stored finished packaged high explosives (HE) components before and after they were radiographed in the x-ray buildings. The HE components were transported between the rest houses and the x-ray buildings in enclosed walkways. When the components arrived at the x-ray buildings, they were removed from their packaging, x-rayed, repackaged, and returned to the rest houses. Small HE chips were historically observed in the floor drains. Site workers stated that HE dust and small chips would break off during the x-ray process and could have entered the building 16-220 floor drains. Because SWMU 16-028(c) is associated with floor drains in the former x-ray building, HE contamination could be present at the outfall. The TA-16-220 Complex was constructed in 1952 and used for radiography of HE parts for nuclear weapons for many years; HE processing was not conducted within the 16-220 Complex. Former building 16-220 operated as a low-energy, x-ray facility for HE components and m | T | |
| V.4 4744 | 6/22/2021 | PT-SMA-0.5 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2033, approved 6/3/2021: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 15-009(e). | Т | CCN-86233 |
| V.4 4745 | 6/22/2021 | PT-SMA-0.5 | Site Boundary Modification, 15-009(e) | Т | CCN-86233 |
| V.4 4746 | 6/22/2021 | PT-SMA-0.5 | Map Revision - (10) | Т | CCN-86233 |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| Number | | | Change to Site Description- SWMU 15-004(f) is an inactive firing site, E-F Firing Site, that consists of three inactive firing points (D, E, and F) covering a total area of approximately 60 acres at TA-15. E-F Firing Site began operating in 1946 and was last used in 1981. It was operated extensively from 1947 to 1973 and was the largest firing site at the Laboratory. The 1990 SWMU Report describes SWMU 15-004(f) as E-F Firing Site, a decommissioned firing site, consisting of a control chamber (structure 15-27) and an x-unit chamber (former structure 15-26) at TA-15. The 1990 SWMU Report incorrectly associated decommissioned Firing Site D with SWMU 15-004(e); Firing Point D is part of SWMU 15-004(f). Originally, E-F Firing Site consisted of a single firing point (D), which operated from 1946–1949. The structures associated with Firing Point D were a control chamber (former structure 15-34) and an x-unit chamber (former structure 15-36) as shown on engineering drawing ENG-R 130. In 1946, the firing area was expanded to include Firing Point E, which was used for large-scale shots containing up to 2,500 lb of HE, and Firing Point F, which was used for smaller-scale shots. Firing Points E and F were approximately 650 ft apart and were wired to an underground control bunker (structure 15-27). Firing Points E and F were subsequently combined into E-F Firing Site. Tests at the two new firing points were conducted on the ground and created depressions in the ground. After test shots, the firing points were either regraded or backfilled with gravel to fill in depressions caused by the test shots. Eventually, nearby soil was mounded on the north and south sides of Firing Point E to protect structures at TA-15 from shrapnel. The x-unit chamber (former structure 15-26) associated with Firing Site E was damaged and removed in April 1952, and subsequently replaced with a new x-unit chamber (structure 15-134) according to the TA-15 Structure History Book and engineering drawing ENG-C 12820, engineering drawing A5-C37, and a 19 | Change* | Reference |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4747 (cont.) | 6/29/2021 | 201.1 | Firing Point D measures approximately 110 ft long × 85 ft wide, Firing Point E measures approximately 60 ft in diameter, and Firing Point F measures approximately 60 ft in diameter. Originally, E-F Firing Site consisted of a single firing point (D) that was built in 1946 and that ceased to operate in 1949. In 1947, the firing area was expanded to include Firing Point E, which was used for large scale shots containing up to 2500 lb of HE, and Firing Point E, which was used for smaller scale shots. Firing Points E and F were approximately 650 ft apart and were wired to an underground control bunker (structure 15 27). Tests at the two firing points were conducted on the ground and created depressions in the ground. After test shots, the firing points were either regraded or backfilled with gravel to fill in the depressions. Eventually, nearby soil was mounded on the north and south sides of Firing Point E to protect TA 15 structures from shrapnel. Tests at E-F Firing Site involved HE, uranium (metal and depleted), beryllium, lead, and mercury. Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 15-004(f). The objective of the investigation was to identify areas and depths of soil requiring corrective action and to determine if contaminants are migrating from the Site. Although several constituents were detected above industrial SSLs/SALs, the Site does not pose a current risk because of the administrative controls that are in place. Per the Potrillo and Fence Canyons Aggregate Area supplemental investigation report, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in July 2019, additional samples will be collected during the Phase II investigation to verify the distribution of potential contamination; subsequently, potential corrective actions for the Site will be identified and evaluated. The migration of potential contaminants from SWMU 15 004(f) is limited to the drainage downgradient of the Site for most constituents and does not extend beyond Potrillo Canyon Reach PO-3. The Phase II Investigation Work Plan for Potrillo and Fen | T | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4748 | 6/29/2021 | 202.1 | Change to Site Description-SWMU 15-006(a) is a firing chamber (structure 15 184) and related equipment at TA-15 PHERMEX firing site. The PHERMEX firing site and associated facilities were built in the early 1960s described in the 1990 SWMU Report as an active firing site at the PHERMEX facility associated with the chamber building (structure 15-184), and a firing pad at TA-15. The PHERMEX Firing Site and associated facilities were built in the early 1960s. The firing pad known as the PHERMEX Firing Point [SWMU 15-006(a)] was located east of the chamber building (structure 15-184), and consisted of a steel pad measuring 12 ft x 24 ft x 6 in. thick. The PHERMEX Firing Point was permitted under RCRA for disposal of waste HE scraps by open detonation. However, the site was never used for that purpose, but the pad was used for explosives tests. The PHERMEX facility was used to examine the performance of nuclear weapon designs and all major changes to stockpile weapons through a process called dynamic radiography. HE contamination is unlikely; however, between 1961 and 1971 a maximum of 4,000 kg of DU was expended on the PHERMEX site. Also, during that same time period, about 150 kg of beryllium, 250 kg of lead, 40 kg mercury, and 40 kg of thorium were expended. Since 1971, less than 1,000 kg per year of uranium-238 has been expended on the site. The PHERMEX chamber building (structure 15-184) housed the radiographic machine used for radiographic studies of explosives and explosive-driven metal systems. The PHERMEX chamber is equipped with a bullnose, an exposed exterior piece of the radiographic machine located on the east side of chamber 15-184, as shown in a 1991 photograph (pg. 19 of 137) in the 2004 The Hollow and GMX Manor at TA-15 (R-Site): Historic Context and Property Documentation report. As-constructed drawings ENG-C 30691 (pg. 77 of 186) and ENG-C 30518 (pg. 4 of 186) show the PHERMEX Chamber building (structure 15-184), on its middline. The PHERMEX facility, including the firing pad, is currently inacti | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | D. 6 |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4749 | 6/29/2021 | 202.1 | Change to Site Description-SWMU 15-003 is an active steel firing pad located within the PHERMEX firing site [SWMU 15 006(a)] at TA-15. SWMU 15-003 consists of a 6-inthick steel pad approximately 12 ft wide × 24 ft long. Although the SWMU 15 003 steel firing pad was originally intended for the treatment of hazardous explosive waste by Open Detonation (OD) and had been granted a RCRA interim status designation under hazardous waste regulations, the steel pad was never actually used to treat hazardous explosives waste. Additionally, the operating division determined that this unit was Because it was determined that the unit would not be needed in the for future waste-treatment activities. Therefore, in 1998, the Laboratory requested that it be withdrawn from the Laboratory's Part B application as an OD site. NMED concurred in 1998. The steel pad was used for nontreatment-related experimental test shots as part of SWMU 15-006(a). The exact dates of the use of the steel pad are not known; however, operations at the PHERMEX facility began in approximately 1961. The PHERMEX facility is currently inactive. | T | |
| V.4 4750 | 7/13/2021 | PT-SMA-1 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2034, approved 6/3/2021: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 15-008(a). Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2038, approved 6/29/2021: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 15-004(f) and associated features. | Т | CCN-86234 |
| V.4 4751 | 7/13/2021 | PT-SMA-1 | Site Boundary Modification, 15-008(a) | Т | CCN-86234 |
| V.4 4752 | 7/13/2021 | PT-SMA-1 | Site Boundary Modification, 15-004(f) | Т | CCN-86234 |
| V.4 4753 | 7/13/2021 | PT-SMA-1 | Map Revision - (13) | Т | CCN-86234 |
| V.4 4754 | 7/13/2021 | PT-SMA-1.7 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2076 and CR2021-2075, approved 6/29/2021: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 15-006(a) and 15-003 (additional IP site). | Т | CCN-87012 |
| V.4 4755 | 7/13/2021 | PT-SMA-1.7 | Site Boundary Modification, 15-006(a) | Т | CCN-87012 |
| V.4 4756 | 7/13/2021 | PT-SMA-1.7 | Site Boundary Modification, 15-003 | Т | CCN-87012 |
| V.4 4757 | 7/13/2021 | PT-SMA-1.7 | Map Revision - (12) | Т | CCN-87012 |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| | | | | Change. | |
| V.4 4758 | 7/13/2021 | PT-SMA-2 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2040, approved 6/29/2021: | Т | CCN-87011 |
| | | | • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 36-003(b). | | |
| V.4 4759 | 7/13/2021 | PT-SMA-2 | Site Boundary Modification, 36-003(b) | T | CCN-87011 |
| V.4 4760 | 7/13/2021 | PT-SMA-2 | Map Revision - (11) | Т | CCN-87011 |
| V.4 4761 | 8/17/2021 | 200.1 | Change to Site Description-SWMU 15-009(e) is a decommissioned septic system that served building 15-27 at E-F Firing Site [SWMU 15-004(f)] at TA-15. The 1990 SWMU Report describes SWMU 15-009(e) as a semi-active septic system consisting of a septic tank (structure 15-72) reportedly measuring 4 ft long x 3 ft wide x 5 ft deep, with a 1,200-gal. capacity that discharged to an outfall in Potrillo Canyon and served building 15-27. During the 1997 voluntary corrective action (VCA) conducted at SWMU 15-009(e), the decommissioned septic tank (structure 15-72) was uncovered and determined to have been constructed of reinforced concrete with a 1,500-gal. capacity, and dimensions of 9 ft long x 7 ft wide x 5 ft deep. The septic system was constructed in 1947 and received sanitary waste from the E-F Firing Site control building 15-27 located approximately 175 ft northeast of septic tank 15-72. Engineering drawings show a 4-indiameter vitrified clay pipe (VCP) inlet drainline exited the west side of building 15-27 and connected to the decommissioned septic tank (structure 15-72) southwest of the building. A 4-indiameter VCP outlet drainline discharged from the septic tank (structure 15-72) to an outfall in Potrillo Canyon approximately 40 ft southwest of the decommissioned septic tank. The septic tank was used until 1981 when E-F Firing Site last operated.1500-gal. septic tank was constructed in 1947 and received sanitary waste from the E-F Firing Site control building (15-27), located approximately 175 ft northeast of the tank. The septic tank is constructed in 1947 and received sanitary waste from the E-F Firing Site last operated. Discharges from the septic tank knows used until 1981 when E-F Firing Site last operated. Discharges from the septic tank was used until 1981 when E-F Firing Site last operated. Discharges from the septic tank was used until 1981 when E-F Firing Site last operated. Discharges from the septic tank was used until 1981 when E-F Firing Site last operated. Discharges from the septic tank was us | T | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4761 (cont.) | 8/17/2021 | 200.1 | Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 15-009(e). All detected inorganic and organic chemical concentrations and radionuclide activities from Consent Order and VCA confirmation samples were below residential SSLs. SWMU 15-009(e) is included in the The-supplemental investigation report for Potrillo and Fence Canyons Aggregate Area, Revision 1, submitted to NMED in 2019,— The report recommended SWMU 15-009(e) for additional field characterization activities. SWMU 15-009(e) will be included in a future is included in the Phase II linvestigation Wwork Pplan for the Potrillo and Fence Canyons Aggregate Area, submitted to NMED in September 2021. The results from these planned activities will be presented in a future Phase II investigation report. | T | |
| V.4 4762 | 10/27/2021 | PT-SMA-4.2 | PT-SMA-4.2 Corrective Action Initiation. | Т | CCN-89835 |
| V.4 4763 | 10/27/2021 | W-SMA-11.7 | W-SMA-11.7 Corrective Action Initiation. | Т | CCN-89836 |
| V.4 4764 | 11/10/2021 | PT-SMA-0.5 | Per maintenance/installation WO BMP-89034 conducted 10/8/21, please update as necessary to: • Retire straw wattles I0010103060011 and I00103060013, replaced by new installed. Retire date 10/8/21. • Add two coir logs installed as replacement runoff/sediment controls for I00103060011 and -0013. Same map locations. Install date 10/8/21. | Т | CCN-89994 |
| V.4 4765 | 11/10/2021 | PT-SMA-0.5 | Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced-Control ID: I00103060011- Straw Wattle | Т | CCN-89994 |
| V.4 4766 | 11/10/2021 | PT-SMA-0.5 | Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced-Control ID: I00103060013- Straw Wattle | Т | CCN-89994 |
| V.4 4767 | 11/10/2021 | PT-SMA-0.5 | New Control - Routine/Replacement-Control ID: I00103140014- Coir Log | Т | CCN-89994 |
| V.4 4768 | 11/10/2021 | PT-SMA-0.5 | New Control - Routine/Replacement-Control ID: I00103140014- Coir Log | Т | CCN-89994 |
| V.4 4769 | 11/10/2021 | PT-SMA-0.5 | Map Revision - (11) | Т | CCN-89994 |
| V.4 4770 | 11/17/2021 | W-SMA-3.5 | Per maintenance/installation WO BMP-89078 conducted 9/28/21, please update as necessary to: • Retire straw wattle W004030600009, replaced by new control. Retire date 9/28/21. • Install coir log installed as a replacement run-on/sediment control for wattle W00403060009. Install date 9/28/21. Same map location. | Т | CCN-89998 |
| V.4 4771 | 11/17/2021 | W-SMA-3.5 | Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced-Control ID: W00403060009- Straw Wattle | Т | CCN-89998 |
| V.4 4772 | 11/17/2021 | W-SMA-3.5 | New Control - Routine/Replacement-Control ID: W00403140016- Coir Log | Т | CCN-89998 |
| V.4 4773 | 11/17/2021 | W-SMA-3.5 | Map Revision - (12) | Т | CCN-89998 |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|------------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4774 | 11/22/2021 | F-SMA-2 | Per maintenance/installation WO BMP-86359 conducted 7/19/2021, please update as necessary to: | Т | CCN-90003 |
| | | | • Retire coir log F00103140051, replaced by new installation. Retire date 7/19/21. | | |
| | | | • Add coir log installed as a replacement run-on/sediment control for -0051. Install date 7/19/21. | | |
| V.4 4775 | 11/22/2021 | F-SMA-2 | Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced-Control ID: F00103140051- Coir Log | Т | CCN-90003 |
| V.4 4776 | 11/22/2021 | F-SMA-2 | New Control - Routine/Replacement-Control ID: F00103140052- Coir Log | Т | CCN-90003 |
| V.4 4777 | 11/22/2021 | F-SMA-2 | Map Revision - (16) | Т | CCN-90003 |
| V.4 4778 | 11/23/2021 | W-SMA-9.7 | Per BMP installation/maintenance WO BMP-88833 conducted 9/28/2021, please update as necessary to: | Т | CCN-90000 |
| | | | • Retire straw wattle W01503060019, replaced by new installation. Retire date 9/28/2021. | | |
| | | | • Add straw wattle installed as a replacement run-on/sediment control for -0019. Install date 9/28/2021. Same map location. | | |
| V.4 4779 | 11/23/2021 | W-SMA-9.7 | Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced-Control ID: W01503060019- Straw Wattle | Т | CCN-90000 |
| V.4 4780 | 11/23/2021 | W-SMA-9.7 | New Control - Routine/Replacement-Control ID: W01503060022- Straw Wattle | Т | CCN-90000 |
| V.4 4781 | 11/23/2021 | W-SMA-9.7 | Map Revision - (18) | Т | CCN-90000 |
| V.4 4782 | 11/23/2021 | W-SMA-9.8 | Per maintenance/installation WO BMP-88935 conducted 9/21/2021, please update as necessary to: | Т | CCN-90001 |
| | | | • Retire baseline certified straw wattle W01603060010. Replaced by new install. Retire date 9/21/21 | | |
| | | | Add new coir log installed as replacement runoff/sediment control for W01603060010, same map location. Install date 9/21/21. | | |
| V.4 4783 | 11/23/2021 | W-SMA-9.8 | Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced-Control ID: W01603060010- Straw Wattle | Т | CCN-90001 |
| V.4 4784 | 11/23/2021 | W-SMA-9.8 | New Control - Routine/Replacement-Control ID: W01603140013- Coir Log | Т | CCN-90001 |
| V.4 4785 | 11/23/2021 | W-SMA-9.8 | Map Revision - (9) | Т | CCN-90001 |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4786 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-4.1 | Per installation/maintenance WO BMP-88479 conducted on 9/29/2021, please update as necessary to: • Retire straw wattle W00503060008, replaced by new installation. Retire date 9/29/2021. • Add straw wattle installed as a replacement run-on/sediment control. Install date | Т | CCN-89999 |
| V.4 4787 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-4.1 | 9/29/2021. Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced-Control ID: W00503060008- Straw Wattle | т | CCN-89999 |
| V.4 4787 V.4 4788 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-4.1 | New Control - Routine/Replacement-Control ID: W00503060011- Straw Wattle | Т | CCN-89999 |
| V.4 4789 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-4.1 | Map Revision - (11) | т | CCN-89999 |
| V.4 4790 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-7.8 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2462: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 16-031(a). | T | CCN-90522 |
| V.4 4791 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-7.8 | Site Boundary Modification, 16-031(a) | Т | CCN-90522 |
| V.4 4792 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-7.8 | Map Revision - (9) | Т | CCN-90522 |
| V.4 4793 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-7.9 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2463: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 16-006(c). | Т | CCN-90523 |
| V.4 4794 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-7.9 | Site Boundary Modification, 16-006(c) | Т | CCN-90523 |
| V.4 4795 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-7.9 | Map Revision - (8) | Т | CCN-90523 |
| V.4 4796 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-8 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2461: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 16-028(b). | Т | CCN-90521 |
| V.4 4797 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-8 | Site Boundary Modification, 16-028(b) | Т | CCN-90521 |
| V.4 4798 | 12/7/2021 | W-SMA-8 | Map Revision - (9) | Т | CCN-90521 |
| V.4 4799 | 12/8/2021 | PT-SMA-4.2 | Per TAL Exceedance Inspection COMP-89544 conducted 11/5/21, please update as necessary to: • Retire seed and wood mulch I00701010037, I00701010053, I00701010054, and I007010100058 as the areas have matured to become part of established vegetation I00702040008. Retire date 11/5/21. • Retire seed and gravel mulch I00701020038 as the area has matured to become part of established vegetation. -Update polygon area of established vegetation I00702040008 in SDE to include areas defined by I00701010037, I00701020038, I00701010053, I00701010054, and I007010100058. | Т | CCN-90014 |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4800 | 12/8/2021 | PT-SMA-4.2 | Retire Control - Lifecycle Expired-Control ID: I00701010037- Seed and Wood Mulch | Т | CCN-90014 |
| V.4 4801 | 12/8/2021 | PT-SMA-4.2 | Retire Control - Lifecycle Expired-Control ID: I00701010053- Seed and Wood Mulch | Т | CCN-90014 |
| V.4 4802 | 12/8/2021 | PT-SMA-4.2 | Retire Control - Lifecycle Expired-Control ID: I00701010054- Seed and Wood Mulch | Т | CCN-90014 |
| V.4 4803 | 12/8/2021 | PT-SMA-4.2 | Retire Control - Lifecycle Expired-Control ID: I00701010058- Seed and Wood Mulch | Т | CCN-90014 |
| V.4 4804 | 12/8/2021 | PT-SMA-4.2 | Retire Control - Lifecycle Expired-Control ID: I00701020038- Seed and Gravel Mulch | Т | CCN-90014 |
| V.4 4805 | 12/8/2021 | PT-SMA-4.2 | Map Revision - (15) | Т | CCN-90014 |
| V.4 4806 | 12/9/2021 | CDV-SMA-2 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2386: | Т | CCN-90155 |
| | | | • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 16-021(c). | | |
| V.4 4807 | 12/9/2021 | CDV-SMA-2 | Site Boundary Modification, 16-021(c) | Т | CCN-90155 |
| V.4 4808 | 12/9/2021 | CDV-SMA-2 | Map Revision - (9) | Т | CCN-90155 |
| V.4 4809 | 12/9/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.41 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2221, approved 8/17/2021: • In the 2010 re-issued Laboratory Hazardous Waste Facility Permit, SWMU 16-018 was removed from the corrective action portion of the permit and listed as an active Hazardous Waste Management Unit in in Attachment J of the permit [Table J-3, "Material Disposal Area P"]. A 2012 memorandum (ERID-210148) serves as the internal record of the removal of SWMU 16-018 from corrective action requirements of the 2005 Consent Order. Because SWMU 16-018 is no longer subject to the Consent Order, the unit boundary for SWMU 16-018 will be removed from the current GIS PRS layer. The unit boundary change is based on the 2010 LANL Hazardous Waste Permit, Attachment J (https://www.env.nm.gov/hazardous-waste/lanl-permit/). • Produce new map revision and add new polygon feature class (rcra_boundary) to source data to continue to display the unit boundary features of IP monitored 16-018 that was formerly in the feature class "prs_all_reg_admin" have been migrated into "rcra_boundary" and then deleted from "prs_all_reg_admin". | Т | CCN-90199 |
| V.4 4810 | 12/9/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.41 | Map Revision - (10) | Т | CCN-90199 |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4811 | 12/9/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.42 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2215, approved 8/17/2021: • In the 2010 re-issued Laboratory Hazardous Waste Facility Permit, SWMU 16-010(b) was removed from the corrective action portion of the permit and listed as an active Hazardous Waste Management Unit in in Attachment J of the permit [Table J-3, "TA-16-387"•]. A 2012 memorandum (ERID-210148) serves as the internal record of the removal of SWMU 16-010(b) from corrective action requirements of the 2005 Consent Order. Because SWMU 16-010(b) is no longer subject to the Consent Order, the unit boundary for SWMU 16-010(b) will be removed from the current GIS PRS layer. The unit boundary change is based on the 2010 LANL Hazardous Waste Permit, Attachment J (https://www.env.nm.gov/hazardous-waste/lanl-permit/). • Produce new map revision and add new polygon feature class (rcra_boundary) to source data to continue to display the unit boundary features of IP monitored 16-010(b) that was formerly in the feature class "-prs_all_reg_admin" have been migrated into "rcra_boundary" and then deleted from "prs_all_reg_admin". | Т | CCN-90200 |
| V.4 4812 | 12/9/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.42 | Map Revision - (14) | Т | CCN-90200 |
| V.4 4813 | 12/9/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.5 | Per spatial PRS Database Change requests CR2021-2216 and CR2021-2217, approved 8/17/2021: • In the 2010 re-issued Laboratory Hazardous Waste Facility Permit, SWMU 16-010(c) and SWMU 16-010(d) were removed from the corrective action portion of the permit and listed as an active Hazardous Waste Management Unit in in Attachment J of the permit [Table J-3, "TA-16-388"•]. A 2012 memorandum (ERID-210148) serves as the internal record of the removal of SWMU 16-010(c) and SWMU 16-010(d) from corrective action requirements of the 2005 Consent Order. Because SWMU 16-010(c) and SWMU 16-010(d) are no longer subject to the Consent Order, the unit boundaries for SWMU 16-010(c) and SWMU 16-010(d) will be removed from the current GIS PRS layer. The unit boundary change is based on the 2010 LANL Hazardous Waste Permit, Attachment J (https://www.env.nm.gov/hazardous-waste/lanl-permit/). • Produce new map revision and add new polygon feature class (rcra_boundary) to source data to continue to display the unit boundary features of IP monitored 16-010(c) and 16-010(d) that were formerly in the feature class "prs_all_reg_admin" have been migrated into "rcra_boundary" and then deleted from "prs_all_reg_admin" have been migrated into "rcra_boundary" and then deleted from "prs_all_reg_admin". | Т | CCN-90202 |
| V.4 4814 | 12/9/2021 | CDV-SMA-2.5 | Map Revision - (15) | Т | CCN-90202 |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4815 | 12/9/2021 | W-SMA-10 | Per FTL site visit conducted 11/23/2021 please update as necessary to: • Retire gravel bags W01803100026 and gravel bags W01803100033. Removed by facility-related construction. Retire date 11/23/2021. Potential replacement of controls will be address after project activities are complete. Multiple existing controls are functioning as satisfactory backup control measures at this time. | Т | CCN-89996 |
| V.4 4816 | 12/9/2021 | W-SMA-10 | Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced-Control ID: W01803100026- Gravel Bags | Т | CCN-89996 |
| V.4 4817 | 12/9/2021 | W-SMA-10 | Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced-Control ID: W01803100033- Gravel Bags | Т | CCN-89996 |
| V.4 4818 | 12/9/2021 | W-SMA-10 | Map Revision - (14) | Т | CCN-89996 |
| V.4 4819 | 1/20/2022 | PT-SMA-2 | Per control measure installation/maintenance WO BMP-90103, conducted 12/21/2021, please update as necessary to: • Retire enhanced straw wattle I00403060013, retire date 12/21/21 • Add straw wattle installed as a replacement runoff/sediment control for SW I00403060013. | Т | CCN-90136 |
| V.4 4820 | 1/20/2022 | PT-SMA-2 | Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced-Control ID: 100403060013- Straw Wattle | Т | CCN-90136 |
| V.4 4821 | 1/20/2022 | PT-SMA-2 | New Control - Routine/Replacement-Control ID: I00403060031- Straw Wattle | Т | CCN-90136 |
| V.4 4822 | 1/20/2022 | PT-SMA-2 | Map Revision - (12) | Т | CCN-90136 |
| V.4 4823 | 1/20/2022 | W-SMA-9.05 | Per spatial PRS Database Change request CR2021-2457: • Generate new map revision showing updated spatial presentation of Site 16-030(g). | Т | CCN-90520 |
| V.4 4824 | 1/20/2022 | W-SMA-9.05 | Site Boundary Modification, 16-003(g) | Т | CCN-90520 |
| V.4 4825 | 1/20/2022 | W-SMA-9.05 | Map Revision - (8) | Т | CCN-90520 |
| V.4 4826 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-1.2 | Updated Figure 180-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4827 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-1.3 | Updated Figure 181-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4828 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-1.4 | Updated Figure 182-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4829 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-1.45 | Updated Figure 183-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4830 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-1.7 | Updated Figure 184-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4831 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-2 | Updated Figure 185-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4832 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-2.3 | Updated Figure 186-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4833 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-2.41 | Updated Figure 187-2 | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|------------------------|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4834 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-2.42 | Updated Figure 188-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4835 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-2.5 | Updated Figure 189-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4836 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-2.51 | Updated Figure 190-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4837 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-3 | Updated Figure 191-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4838 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-6.01 | Updated Figure 193-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4839 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-6.02 | Updated Figure 194-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4840 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-7 | Updated Figure 195-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4841 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-8 | Updated Figure 196-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4842 | 1/21/2022 | CDV-SMA-9.05 | Updated Figure 198-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4843 | 1/21/2022 | F-SMA-2 | Updated Figure 199-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4844 | 1/21/2022 | PT-SMA-0.5 | Updated Figure 200-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4845 | 1/21/2022 | PT-SMA-1 | Updated Figure 201-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4846 | 1/21/2022 | PT-SMA-1.7 | Updated Figure 202-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4847 | 1/21/2022 | PT-SMA-2 | Updated Figure 203-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4848 | 1/21/2022 | PT-SMA-2.01 | Updated Figure 204-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4849 | 1/21/2022 | PT-SMA-3 | Updated Figure 205-2 | Т | 1 |
| V.4 4850 | 1/21/2022 | PT-SMA-4.2 | Updated Figure 206-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4851 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-15.1 | Updated Figure 229-2 | Т | 1 |
| V.4 4852 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-1 | Updated Figure 207-2 | Т | 1 |
| V.4 4853 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-1.5 | Updated Figure 208-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4854 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-10 | Updated Figure 225-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4855 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-11.7 | Updated Figure 226-2 | Т | 1 |
| V.4 4856 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-14.1 | Updated Figure 228-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4857 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-2.05 | Updated Figure 209-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4858 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-5 | Updated Figure 212-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4859 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-6 | Updated Figure 213-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4860 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-7 | Updated Figure 214-2 | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4861 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-7.8 | Updated Figure 215-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4862 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-8 | Updated Figure 217-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4863 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-8.7 | Updated Figure 218-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4864 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-8.71 | Updated Figure 219-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4865 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-9.05 | Updated Figure 220-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4866 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-9.5 | Updated Figure 221-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4867 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-9.7 | Updated Figure 222-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4868 | 1/21/2022 | W-SMA-9.9 | Updated Figure 224-2 | Т | |
| V.4 4869 | 1/24/2022 | W-SMA-1.5 | Per post-storm control measures inspection BMP-85934, conducted 6/4/2021 and control measure installation BMP-89837 conducted 11/2/2021, please update as necessary to: | Т | CCN-90911 |
| | | | • Retire straw wattle W00203060023, removed by construction activities. Retire date 6/4/2021. | | |
| | | | • Add wood chip wattle installed as a replacement run-on/sediment control for W00203060023. Install date 11/2/2021. Note, wattle was originally installed 10/6/21 per BMP-89290, but was repositioned at FTL request as part of BMP-89837. This final installation activity will be tracked as the install date for control. Same map location of W00203060023. | | |
| V.4 4870 | 1/24/2022 | W-SMA-1.5 | Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced-Control ID: W00203060023- Straw Wattle | Т | CCN-90911 |
| V.4 4871 | 1/24/2022 | W-SMA-1.5 | New Control - Routine/Replacement-Control ID: W00203160024- Wood Chip Wattle | Т | CCN-90911 |
| V.4 4872 | 1/24/2022 | W-SMA-1.5 | Map Revision - (16) | Т | CCN-90911 |
| V.4 4873 | 1/24/2022 | W-SMA-9.5 | Per QC review for 2021 Update to the SDPPP, please update as needed to: • Produce a new map revision with corrected label acreage. The SMA boundary was changed on CCN-78588 during certification of enhanced controls in 2020, but the map label was not updated on map revision 9. Prior to changes under CCN-78588 the SMA area was 0.029 acres, as shown on map revision 8. After changes the SMA area is 0.084 acres, but the map label on revision 9 does not reflect the change. | E | CCN-90913 |
| V.4 4874 | 1/24/2022 | W-SMA-9.5 | Map Revision - (10) | E | CCN-90913 |

| Amendment | | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4875 | 2/7/2022 | 180.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 180-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |
| V.4 4876 | 2/7/2022 | 180.5 | Updated Compliance Status Table | Т | |
| V.4 4877 | 2/7/2022 | 180.5 | Change to SDPPP- Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA. | Т | |
| V.4 4878 | 2/7/2022 | 181.1 | Change to SDPPP-Site-SWMU 16-017(a)-99 consists of a former HE machining building (structure 16-92) that was located at TA 16. Constructed in 1950, the wooden building measured 20 ft wide × 60 ft long × 11 ft high and was surrounded by an earthen berm that was packed against steel pilings. The building was originally used for HE machining and was later used to clean and refurbish HE-contaminated equipment. By 1970 the building was used entirely for storage. The building was removed in 1996. This Site was originally a component of SWMU 16-017, which consisted of a group of 24 structures within TA-16. During the 1999 Annual Unit Audit, SWMU 16-017 was split into 24 separate SWMUs to facilitate investigation. Structure 16-92 was given the individual SWMU identification of SWMU 16-017(a)-99 at that time. | Т | |
| V.4 4879 | 2/7/2022 | 181.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 181-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL;7 the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |
| V.4 4880 | 2/7/2022 | 181.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff background" in Figure 181-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 129-2. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of | Reference |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| | Date | | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4881 | 2/7/2022 | 182.3 | Change to SDPPP-In Figure 182-2, cadmium and selenium are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Τ | |
| V.4 4882 | 2/7/2022 | 182.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 12-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 12-2. The TAL exceedance was also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background." for undisturbed SMAs. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. | Т | |
| | | | • Silver—The silver UTL from sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff was not calculated because the number of detected values was not sufficient to allow calculation of a UTL value in the baseline metals concentration study. Therefore, a comparison with the background silver UTL could not be madeA UTL could not be calculated because of the insufficient number of detections. | | |
| V.4 4883 | 2/7/2022 | 183.3 | Change to SDPPP- Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent. Exceedances are typically evaluated by comparing the results from soil samples collected at the Site during Consent Order investigations with the storm water TAL exceedances to determine whether the exceedance may be related to historical industrial activities. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4884 | 2/7/2022 | 183.3 | Change to SDPPP- | Т | |
| | | | TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff background" in Figure 183-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 183-2. Monitoring location CDV-SMA-1.45 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedancereceives storm water run-on from locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. | | |
| V.4 4885 | 2/7/2022 | 184.3 | Change to SDPPP- | Т | |
| | | | In Figure 184-2, cadmium and selenium are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4886 | 2/7/2022 | 184.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 184-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 184-2. Monitoring location CDV-SMA-1.7 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedancesreceives storm water run on from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. Metals, including copper, are associated with the Bandelier Tuff, as well. • Cyanide, weak acid dissociable— A UTL could not be calculated because of the insufficient number of detections. The cyanide, weak acid dissociable, UTL from undisturbed Bandelier Tuff was not calculated. • RDX— A UTL could not be calculated because of the insufficient number of detections. The RDX UTL from undisturbed Bandelier Tuff was not calculated. Therefore, no comparison to RDX background values in storm water could be made. | Т | |
| V.4 4887 | 2/7/2022 | 185.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 185-2, cadmium, silver, selenium, and hexaclorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL;7 the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4888 | 2/7/2022 | 185.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 185-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 185-2. Monitoring location CDV-SMA-2 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedancereceives storm water run-on from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. | Т | |
| V.4 4889 | 2/7/2022 | 186.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff background" in Figure 186-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 186-2. Monitoring location CDV-SMA-2.3 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuffmostly landscape consisting of Bandelier Tuff sediment. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. | Т | |
| V.4 4890 | 2/7/2022 | 186.4 | Removed Maintenance Table | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4891 | | 187.3 | | T | Reference |
| V.4 4891 | 2/7/2022 | 187.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 187-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 187-2. | | |
| | | | Monitoring location CDV-SMA-2.41 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from samples containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with the storm water exceedances receives storm water run-on from locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. | | |
| V.4 4892 | 2/7/2022 | 188.2 | Change to SDPPP- Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 28, 2015, and July 14, 2021, and submitted to EPA on September 29, 2015, and July 15, 2021, respectively, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications. | Т | |
| V.4 4893 | 2/7/2022 | 188.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 188-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |
| V.4 4894 | 2/7/2022 | 188.5 | Updated Compliance Status Table | Т | |
| V.4 4895 | 2/7/2022 | 189.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 189-2, cadmium, silver, selenium, and hexaclorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4896 | 2/7/2022 | 189.3 | Change to SDPPP- The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2012 and 2013 Annual Reports. | Т | |
| V.4 4897 | 2/7/2022 | 189.4 | Change to SDPPP- In August of 2021, the SWPP team was notified by LANL that soil excavations in the location of the former TA-16-399 Burn Tray [SWMU 16-010(d)] would be performed within CDV-SMA-2.5. Excavation depths were guided by HE spot tests and were planned with the intent of reducing the concentration of contaminants of concern in specific areas. In August of 2021, SWPP team members conducted an assessment to determine potential impacts from the activities, which began in November 2021. Upon notification of start of activities in November, the SWPP team members began conducting weekly inspections of controls in areas of soil disturbance. The excavations activities were completed in December 2021, with no impacts to the SMA, Site(s), or controls observed. Between June 30 and July 7, 2020, three potable water releases were reported at building 16-1508 located within CDV-SMA-2.5. The releases occurred during utility work on an 8-in. water supply line and happened June 30, July 2, and July 7, 2020. The releases were 20,000, 2000, and 200,000 gal., respectively. This reportable release was reported by Triad to EPA under NPDES permit NM0028355. The discharge flowed over SWMU 16-028(a) and continued southeast into Fishladder Tributary. After stabilization of the area, SWPP team members and Triad personnel conducted a significant event inspection to assess impacts to the SMA, Site(s) and controls. No adverse impacts were observed. No maintenance activities or other facility modifications affecting discharge-were conducted at CDV SMA-2.5 in 20202021. | Т | |
| V.4 4898 | 2/7/2022 | 190.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 190-2, cadmium, silver, selenium, and hexaclorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL;7 the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4899 | 2/7/2022 | 190.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff background" in Figure 190-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 190-2. | Т | |
| V.4 4900 | 2/7/2022 | 190.4 | Added Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4901 | 2/7/2022 | 191.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 191-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 191-2. Monitoring location CDV-SMA-3 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from samples containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with the storm water exceedance. receives storm water run-on from sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. | Т | |
| V.4 4902 | 2/7/2022 | 191.4 | Removed Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4903 | 2/7/2022 | 193.3 | Change to SDPPP-In Figure 193-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4904 | 2/7/2022 | 193.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 193-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 193-2. Monitoring location CDV-SMA-6.01 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles, as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. | | |
| V.4 4905 | 2/7/2022 | 194.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 193-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |
| V.4 4906 | 2/7/2022 | 194.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 193-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |
| V.4 4907 | 2/7/2022 | 195.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 195-2, cadmium and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL;, the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4908 | 2/7/2022 | | Change to SDPPP- Following the 2015 installation of enhanced controls two corrective action storm water samples were collected on July 17, 2018, and on August 10, 2018 (Figure 195-2). Analytical results from the corrective action monitoring samples yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (222 pCi/L and 186 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 195-2. Following the 2020 installation of enhanced controls, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on August 26, 2021 (Figure 195-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross-alpha activity (113 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 195-2. | T | |
| V.4 4909 | 2/7/2022 | | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 195-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 195-2. Monitoring location CDV-SMA-7 is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with storm water exceedances receives storm water run on from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. • Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2013,—and 2018, and 2021 gross-alpha results are less than this value. The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2013,—and 2018, and 2021 Annual Reports. | T | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4910 | 2/7/2022 | 195.4 | Updated Compliance Status Table | Т | |
| V.4 4911 | 2/7/2022 | 196.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 196-2, cadmium, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |
| V.4 4912 | 2/7/2022 | 196.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 196-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 196-2. | Т | |

| V.4 4913 2/7/2022 198.3 Change to SDPPP- Following the installation of enhanced controls, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on August 26, 2021 (Figure 195-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded no TAL exceedances and are presented in Figure 198-2. CDV-SMA-9.05 is currently in continued enhanced control confirmation monitoring to collect a second complete sample with all results below the applicable MTAL or ATAL. Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) | Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Following the installation of enhanced controls, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on August 26, 2021 (Figure 195-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded no TAL exceedances and are presented in Figure 198-2. CDV-SMA-9.05 is currently in continued enhanced control confirmation monitoring to collect a second complete sample with all results below the applicable MTAL or ATAL. Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) | Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent. SWMU 15-007(b): Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross alpha radioactivity. TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 198-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 198-2. Monitoring location CDV SMA-9.05 receives storm water run on from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium—and thorium bearing minerals. Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2018 gross-alpha result is less than this value. The analytical results for this-these samples are reported in the 2018 and 2021 Annual | | | | Change to SDPPP- Following the installation of enhanced controls, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on August 26, 2021 (Figure 195-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded no TAL exceedances and are presented in Figure 198-2. CDV-SMA-9.05 is currently in continued enhanced control confirmation monitoring to collect a second complete sample with all results below the applicable MTAL or ATAL. Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent. SWMU 15-007(b): Alpha emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross alpha radioactivity. TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 198-2. Whonitoring location CDV-SMA-9.05 receives storm water run on from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium—and thorium—bearing minerals. Gross alpha—The gross alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2018 gross-alpha result is less than this value. | T | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4914 | 2/7/2022 | 198.3 | Change to SDPPP-Following the 2015 installation of enhanced control measures at F-SMA-2, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on August 26, 2021 (Figure 199-2). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded TAL exceedances for aluminum (839 μ g/L), copper (8.87 μ g/L) gross-alpha activity (37.2 μ g/L), and selenium (6.91 μ g/L), and are presented in Figure 199-2. | T | |
| V.4 4915 | 2/7/2022 | 198.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff BBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff BBackground" in Figure 199-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 199-2. Monitoring location F-SMA-2 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including aluminum and copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles, as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. • Aluminum—The aluminum UTL from developed urban landscape storm water run-on is 245 μg/L; aluminum background storm water UTL from locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μg/L. The aluminum results from 2011 and 2021 are between these values. • Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μg/L; copper background storm water UTL from locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μg/L. The copper result from 2011 is greater than both of these values, while the 2014 and 2021 results are between these two values. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4915 (cont.) | 2/7/2022 | | Gross alpha—The gross-alpha background UTL for locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2011, and 2014, and 2021 gross-alpha results are between these two values. Selenium—A UTL could not be calculated because of the insufficient number of detections. The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011, and 2014, and 2021 Annual Reports. | Т | |
| V.4 4916 | 2/7/2022 | 198.4 | Change to SDPPP- During both 2020 post-storm inspections, inspecting SWPP team members noted that the facility had made modifications to Earthen Berm F00103010028 to extend it to the south, replacing Coir Log F00103140048. The SWPP team incorporated this change in condition by retiring the coir log and extending the map extent of the earthen berm accordingly. | Т | |
| V.4 4917 | 2/7/2022 | 198.4 | Updated Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4918 | 2/7/2022 | 198.5 | Updated Compliance Status Table | Т | |
| V.4 4919 | 2/7/2022 | 198.5 | Change to SDPPP- Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | Description of Classes | Type of | D . C |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4920 | 2/7/2022 | 200.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 200-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 200-2. Monitoring location PT-SMA-0.5 is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with aluminum, copper, and gross-alpha MTAL and ATAL exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. Copper and aluminum are associated with minerals in the Bandelier Tuff as well. | | |
| V.4 4921 | 2/7/2022 | 200.4 | Added Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4922 | 2/7/2022 | 201.3 | Change to SDPPP-In Figure 201-2, cadmium, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4923 | 2/7/2022 | 201.3 | Change to SDPPP- | Т | |
| | | | TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff background" in Figure 201-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 201-2. | | |
| | | | Monitoring location PT-SMA-1 is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with copper and gross-alpha MTAL and ATAL exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. Copper is associated with minerals in the Bandelier Tuff as well. | | |
| V.4 4924 | 2/7/2022 | 202.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 202-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL;, the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |

| Amendment | | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4925 | 2/7/2022 | 202.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 202-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 202-2. Monitoring location PT-SMA-1.7 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, industrially developed locations (PHERMEX firing site) as well as locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally | T | |
| V.4 4926 | 2/7/2022 | 203.2 | occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. Change to SDPPP- Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 28, 2015, and July 14, 2021, and submitted to EPA on September 29, 2015, and July 15, 2021, respectively, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at https://ext.em-la.doe.gov/IPS/Home/ConstructionCertifications. | Т | |
| V.4 4927 | 2/7/2022 | 203.2 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 203-2, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |
| V.4 4928 | 2/7/2022 | 203.3 | Change to SDPPP-Following the 2015 installation of enhanced control measures at PT-SMA-2, corrective action storm water samples were collected on July 25, 2019, and October 4, 2019 (Figure 203-2). Analytical results from this these samples yielded TAL exceedances for copper (3.66 μ g/L and 5.15 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (78.6 pCi/L and 137 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 203-2. Following the 2021 installation of enhanced control measures at PT-SMA-2, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on August 26, 2021 (Figure 203-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for copper (5.19 μ g/L) and gross-alpha activity (175 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 203-2. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4929 | 2/7/2022 | 203.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff BBackground" in Figure 203-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 203-2. Monitoring location PT-SMA-2 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles, as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. • Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μg/L; the copper UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μg/L. The copper results from 2014, and 2019, and 2021 are between these two values. • Gross alpha—Gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2014, and 2019, and 2021 gross-alpha results are between these two values. The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2014, and 2019, and 2021 Annual Reports. | Т | |
| V.4 4930 | 2/7/2022 | 203.4 | Added Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4931 | 2/7/2022 | 203.5 | Updated Compliance Status Table | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4932 | 2/7/2022 | 204.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff background" in Figure 204-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 204-2. Monitoring location PT-SMA-2.01 is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. The SMA receives runoff from industrially developed (I-J Firing Site) areas and undeveloped areas. The concentration of gross-alpha radioactivity detected in the SMA sample was above the BV for runoff from developed areas and below the BV for runoff from undeveloped areas. These results are consistent with the land use within the SMA drainage area. • Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2011 gross-alpha result is below this value. | Т | |
| V.4 4933 | 2/7/2022 | 205.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 205-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | D. J. J. CO. | Type of | D. C |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4934 | 2/7/2022 | 205.3 | Change to SDPPP- | T | |
| | | | TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff background" in Figure 205-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 205-2. | | |
| V.4 4935 | 2/7/2022 | 206.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 206-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |
| V.4 4936 | 2/7/2022 | 206.3 | Change to SDPPP- Following the installation of enhanced control measures at PT-SMA-4.2, a-corrective action storm water samples was were collected on August 10, 2018 and August 22, 2021 (Figure 206-24). Analytical results from this these corrective action monitoring samples yielded a-TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (84.5 pCi/L and 46.1 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 206-2. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---|---|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4937 | 2/7/2022 | 206.3 | Change to SDPPP- | T | Reference |
| | | TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff background" in Figure 206-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 206-2. | | | |
| | | | Monitoring location PT-SMA-4.2 is located on Bandelier Tuff and minimal run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with the storm water exceedances receives storm water run-on from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. • Gross alpha—Gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment | | |
| | | | derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2014, and 2018, and 2021 gross-alpha results are less than this value. The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2014, and 2018, and 2021 Annual Reports. | | |
| V.4 4938 | 2/7/2022 | 206.4 | Removed Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4939 | 2/7/2022 | 206.5 | Updated Compliance Status Table | Т | |
| V.4 4940 | 2/7/2022 | 206.5 | Change to SDPPP- Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Site in this SMA. | Т | |
| V.4 4941 | 2/7/2022 | 207.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 207-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | D. C |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4942 | 2/7/2022 | 207.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 207-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 207-2. | T | |
| V.4 4943 | 2/7/2022 | 207.4 | Change to SDPP-In June 2021, the SWPP team was notified by LANL of the resumption of D&D activities within W-SMA-1 that began in 2020 and were suspended for the winter months in late November of 2020. The D&D activities include the removal of structures 16-460, 16-462, and 16-463. The August post-storm inspection noted facility construction within W-SMA-1. After receipt of this notification review of this inspection, SWPPP team members resumed performing continued to conduct regular inspections of active control measures to ensure the functionality of IP controls during this facility-managed activity. At the completion of construction activities, the SMA will be re-evaluated for changes in condition or compliance status. | Т | |
| V.4 4944 | 2/7/2022 | 207.5 | Change to SDPPP- Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Site in this SMA. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4945 | 2/7/2022 | 208.4 | Change to SDPPP-In June 2021, the SWPP team was notified by LANL of the resumption of facility modification activities to building 16-202 within W-SMA-1.5 that began in 2020 and were suspended for the winter months in late November of 2020. The August post-storm inspection noted facility construction within W-SMA-1.5. After receipt of this notification review of this inspection, SWPPP team members continued to conductresumed regular inspections of active control measures to ensure the functionality of IP controls during this facility-managed activity. Multiple controls were impacted by the activities, including the removal of Straw Wattle W00203060023, and sedimentation into Rip Rap W00204060007 and Vegetated Swale W00204070002. The SWPP team worked with LANL throughout the summer of 2021 to remedy the impacts to controls, and a summary of these remedies are presented in Table 208-3. Construction activities were completed in December 2021, and At the completion of construction activities, the SWPPP team conducted a verification inspection in December 2021 SMA will be re-evaluated for changes in condition or compliance status and update the project map as needed (Figure 208-1). | T | |
| V.4 4946 | 2/7/2022 | 208.4 | Updated Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4947 | 2/7/2022 | 209.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 209-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 209-2. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4948 | 2/7/2022 | 210.4 | Change to SDPPP- In the spring of 2021, the SWPP team was notified by LANL that facility modifications were planned for structure 16-411. This structure is associated with historical activities at SWMU 16-026(y) and soil disturbance activities may occur near or within the SMA. Notification was received in June 2021 of the start of work activities and the SWPP team members conducted an assessment in July 2021 to determine potential impacts from the activities. It was determined that this stage of activities would have no impact on the SMA, Site, or controls. This project is expected to continue through March 2022, and team members are monitoring activities and will resume remediation construction activity inspections as needed during potential future soil disturbance. | Т | |
| V.4 4949 | 2/7/2022 | 210.4 | Added Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4950 | 2/7/2022 | 211.4 | Added Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4951 | 2/7/2022 | 212.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 212-2, cadmium, selenium, silver, and heachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL;7 the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |
| V.4 4952 | 2/7/2022 | 212.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 212-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 212-2. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4953 | 2/7/2022 | 212.4 | Change to SDPPP- In the spring of 2021, the SWPP team was notified by LANL that D&D activities of structure 16-306 was planned. This structure is associated with historical activities of SWMUs associated with W-SMA-5. After receipt of notification of start of D&D activities in July 2021, SWPP team members conducted an assessment to determine potential impacts from the activities, and began conducting weekly inspections of controls in areas of potential soil disturbance. The work is ongoing and at the completion of D&D activities, the SMA will be reevaluated for changes in condition or compliance status. | Т | |
| V.4 4954 | 2/7/2022 | 212.4 | Removed Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4955 | 2/7/2022 | 213.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 213-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 213-2. Monitoring location W-SMA-6 is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with storm water exceedances receives storm water run-on from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. | Т | |
| V.4 4956 | 2/7/2022 | 213.4 | Removed Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4957 | 2/7/2022 | 213.5 | Updated Compliance Status Table | Т | |
| V.4 4958 | 2/7/2022 | 213.5 | Change to SDPPP- Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Sites in this SMA. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | - 0 |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4959 | 2/7/2022 | 214.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMUs 16-026(h2) and 16-029(e) and 16-029(h2) are monitored within W-SMA-7. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 8, 2014 (Figure 214-2). In Figure 214-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL;, the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. The values are nondetects and thus not considered TAL exceedances. Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (427 pCi/L) and radium-226 and -228 activity (42 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 214-2. | Т | |
| V.4 4960 | 2/7/2022 | 214.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff background" in Figure 214-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 214-2. Monitoring location W-SMA-7 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha and radium-226 and radium-228 in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4961 | 2/7/2022 | 215.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-031(a) is monitored within W-SMA-7.8. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 15, 2019 (Figure 215-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded no TAL exceedances. Extended baseline storm water sample was collected on May 30, 2021 (Figure 215-2). Analytical results from this sample yielded TAL exceedances for grossalpha activity (63.4 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 214-2. Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent. SWMU 16-031(a): Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff Background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 215-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 215-2. | Т | |
| | | | Monitoring location W-SMA-7.8 is located on Bandelier Tuff and minimal run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. • Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2021 gross-alpha result is less than this value. The analytical results for this-these samples are reported in the 2019 and 2021 Annual Reports. | | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4962 | 2/7/2022 | 215.5 | Updated Compliance Status Table | Т | |
| V.4 4963 | 2/7/2022 | 215.5 | Change to SDPPP- Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Site in this SMA. | Т | |
| V.4 4964 | 2/7/2022 | 217.3 | Change to SDPPP-In Figure 217-2, selenium, silver, and hexachlorobenzene are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL;7 the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |
| V.4 4965 | 2/7/2022 | 217.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 217-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 217-2. Monitoring location W-SMA-8 is located on Bandelier Tuff and minimal run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots). Metals including aluminum and copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff-receives storm water run-on from the SWMU 16-016(g) surface disposal area and from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4966 | 2/7/2022 | | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 218-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | T | |
| V.4 4967 | 2/7/2022 | 218.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff background" in Figure 218-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 218-2. | T | |
| V.4 4968 | 2/7/2022 | | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 219-2, selenium and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL;, the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4969 | 2/7/2022 | 219.3 | Change to SDPPP- Based on the Site history (no surface contamination) and Consent Order sampling data (no detects of TAL exceedance constituents), the Site is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedances. TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 219-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 219-2. Monitoring location W-SMA-8.71 is located on Bandelier Tuff and minimal run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots). Metals including copper and zinc are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff, Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium and thorium bearing minerals. • Copper — The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 µg/L; the The copper UTL from undisturbed Bandelier Tuff was not calculated because the number of detected values was not sufficient to calculate the UTL values in the baseline metals background study. Therefore, no comparison to the mercury background value in storm water could be madeA UTL could not be calculated because the insufficient number of detections. • Zinc — The zinc UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 1120 µg/L; the The zinc UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 1120 µg/L; the The zinc UTL from background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 109 µg/L. The zinc result from 2013 i | Т | Reference |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4970 | 2/7/2022 | 220.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 220-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL;7 the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | T | |
| V.4 4971 | 2/7/2022 | 220.4 | Change to SDPPP- Multiple storm rain event inspections conducted in 2021 noted facility construction near the SMA. As follow up FTL review to these inspections, SWPP team members conducted an assessment to determine the potential impacts from the activities (water line infrastructure improvements), and began conducting weekly inspections of controls in areas of potential soil disturbance. At the end of 2021, final closeout/site stabilization activities were completed. In early 2022, the SMA will be reevaluated for changes in condition or compliance status. No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at W-SMA-9.05 in 20202021. | Т | |
| V.4 4972 | 2/7/2022 | 220.5 | Updated Compliance Status Table | Т | |
| V.4 4973 | 2/7/2022 | 220.5 | Change to SDPPP- Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Sites in this SMA. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4974 | 2/7/2022 | 221.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled | T | |
| | | | "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 221-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 221-2. Monitoring location W-SMA-9.5 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. The SMA receives runoff from undeveloped areas. • Mercury—A UTL could not be calculated because of the insufficient number of detections There are no UTLs for mercury. | | |
| V.4 4975 | 2/7/2022 | 221.5 | Updated Compliance Status Table | Т | |
| V.4 4976 | 2/7/2022 | 221.5 | Change to SDPPP- Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Sites in this SMA. | Т | |
| V.4 4977 | 2/7/2022 | 222.3 | Change to SDPPP- In Figure 222-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| | 2/7/2022 | 222.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff background" in Figure 222-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 222-2. | U | Reference |
| V.4 4979 | 2/7/2022 | 223.4 | Added Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4980 | 2/7/2022 | 224.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 222-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 222-2. Monitoring location W-SMA-9.9 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. The SMA receives runoff from undeveloped areas. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4981 | 2/7/2022 | 225.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 225-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 225-2. | Т | |
| V.4 4982 | 2/7/2022 | 225.4 | Change to SDPPP- In the fall of 2021, SWPP team members discovered that facility-managed activities had impacted controls in the SMA. As follow up FTL review to this discovery, SWPP team members conducted an assessment and identified that Gravel Bags W0180310026 and W0180310033 had been removed by these activities to improve access to the drop pad area. The control measures were retired and SWPP team members began conducting weekly inspections of controls to monitor ongoing activities. During these inspections existing controls, including Asphalt Berms W01803040010 and W01803040016, and Rip Rap W01804060004, have been identified as functioning as backups for the removed controls. At the end of 2021 activities are still occurring. In the spring of 2022, the SMA will be reevaluated for changes in condition or compliance status. | Т | |
| V.4 4983 | 2/7/2022 | 225.4 | Updated Maintenance Table | Т | |
| V.4 4984 | 2/7/2022 | 226.3 | Change to SDPPP-Following the installation of enhanced control measures at W-SMA-11.7, a corrective action storm water samples was collected on September 13, 2013, and August 26, 2021 (Figure 226-2). Analytical results from this these corrective action monitoring samples yielded a-TAL exceedances for gross-alpha activity (39.6 pCi/L and 49.9 pCi/L) and aluminum (4760 µg/L) and are presented in Figure 226-2. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4985 | 2/7/2022 | 226.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 226-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 226-2. Monitoring location W-SMA-11.7 is located on Bandelier Tuff and no run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from locations containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with storm water exceedances. receives runoff from undeveloped areas. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. Aluminum is associated with minerals in the Bandelier Tuff, as well. Aluminum—The aluminum UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 µg/L; the result from 2011 is less than this value. The result from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L The 2011, 2013, and 2021 gross-alpha results is are all less than this value. The analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011, and 2013, and 2021 Annual Reports. | Т | |
| V.4 4986 | 2/7/2022 | 226.5 | Updated Compliance Status Table | Т | |
| V.4 4987 | 2/7/2022 | 226.5 | Change to SDPPP- Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Site in this SMA. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4988 | 2/7/2022 | 228.3 | Change to SDPPP- | Т | |
| | | | In Figure 228-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetected results greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL;7 the MDLs for these analytes are below their respective TALs. | | |
| V.4 4989 | 2/7/2022 | 228.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 228-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 228-2. Monitoring location W-SMA-14.1 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as locations with sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing mineralsMetals including copper and zinc are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. | T | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4990 | 2/7/2022 | 229.3 | Change to SDPPP- TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 229-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 229-2. Monitoring location W-SMA-15.1 is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff Background UTL was compared with the storm water exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. W-SMA-15.1 receives runoff from portions of the inactive landfill and from undeveloped areas. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium— and thorium-bearing minerals. • Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2011 gross-alpha result is between these two values less than this value. | Т | |
| V.4 4991 | 2/16/2022 | PT-SMA-3 | Per 2021 SDPPP update peer review comment resolution, please update as necessary to: • Produce new map revision with paved road layer in inset drafted in smaller scale. | E | CCN-90700 |
| V.4 4992 | 2/16/2022 | PT-SMA-3 | Map Revision - (18) | Е | CCN-90700 |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 4993 | 2/24/2022 | 181.3 | Change to SDPPP- SWMU 16-017(a)-99: • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) 1996 VCA and 2006 Consent Order soil samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or alpha-emitting radionuclides because these constituents are not associated with historical Site activities. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. SWMU 16-026(m): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) 1996 VCA and 2006 Consent Order soil samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or alpha-emitting radionuclides because these constituents are not associated with historical Site activities. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | T | |
| V.4 4994 | 2/24/2022 | 182.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-026(I): • Silver is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Decision-level data are not available for SWMU 16-026(I). However, a likely source of the cyanide silver TAL exceedance is SWMU 16-020, a former outfall located 300 ft south of former building 16-222 that received untreated effluent from the sink and floor drains in photoprocessing building 16-222 and discharged to a drainage channel that empties into Cañon de Valle. The SWMU 16-020 outfall is downstream of SWMU 16-026(I) and directly upstream of the SMA sampler. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4995 | 2/24/2022 | 182.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-028(c): • Silver is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Decision-level data are not available for SWMU 16-028(c). However, a likely source of the cyanide silver TAL exceedance is SWMU 16-020, a former outfall located 300 ft south of former building 16-222 that received untreated effluent from the sink and floor drains in photoprocessing building 16-222 and discharged to a drainage channel empties into Cañon de Valle. The SWMU 16-020 outfall is downstream of | T | Reference |
| V.4 4996 | 2/24/2022 | 183.3 | SWMU 16-028(c) and directly upstream of the SMA sampler. Change to SDPPP- SWMU 16-026(i): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 16-026(i). Alpha emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 4997 | 2/24/2022 | 184.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-019: • Copper is potentially associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above soil BVs in 620 of the 44 shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) 1998 and 2000 RFI soil-samples collected at the Site at a maximum concentration 1563-88 times the soil BV. • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. None of the 44 shallow 1998 and 2000 RFI samples were analyzed for alpha-emitting radionuclides. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of | Т | |
| V.4 4998 | 2/24/2022 | 185.3 | adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. Change to SDPPP- SWMU 16-021(c): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. None of the Consent Order soil samples were analyzed for alpha-emitting radionuclides. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 4999 | 2/24/2022 | 186.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMUs 13-001, 13-002, 16 003(n), 16-003(o), 16-029(h), and 16-031(h) are monitored within CDV SMA 2.3. As part of extended baseline monitoring, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 20, 2015 (Figure 186-2). This confirmation monitoring sample was collected to determine if corrective action was required. Analytical results from this sample yielded a TAL exceedance for gross alpha activity (54.4 pCi/L) and are presented in Figure 186-2. | Т | |
| V.4 5000 | 2/24/2022 | 186.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 13-001: • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed using gamma spectroscopy, which is capable of detecting americium-241 and uranium-235, and for uranium isotopes, which are alpha emitters. Americium-241 was detected slightly above FV in 2 out of 27 samples (maximum activity of 0.0394 pCi/g versus 0.013 pCi/g) at SWMU 13 001. Alphaemitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5001 | 2/24/2022 | 186.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 13-002: • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed using gamma-spectroscopy, which is capable of detecting americium-241 and uranium-235, and for uranium isotopes, which are alpha emitters. Alpha-emitting radionuclides were not detected above BVs or FVs in any of the 0 to 3 ft bgs samples collected at SWMU 13-002. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5002 | 2/24/2022 | 186.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16 003(n): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Samples from 0 to 3 ft bgs were not analyzed for gross-alpha activity or uranium isotopes. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 5003 | 2/24/2022 | 186.3 | Change to SDPPP- SWMU 16-003(o): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Soil samples were not analyzed using gamma spectroscopy but were analyzed for isotopic uranium (alpha emitters). Uranium isotopes were detected above BVs in 25 out of 67 samples (0 to 3 ft bgs). Activities were almost 5 times the BV for uranium 234. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5004 | 2/24/2022 | 186.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-029(h): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed using gamma spectroscopy, which is capable of detecting americium-241 and uranium-235, and for uranium isotopes, which are alpha emitters. Americium-241 was detected slightly above FV in 3 out of 17 samples (maximum activity of 0.0246 pCi/g vs. 0.013 pCi/g) at SWMU 16-029(h). Alphaemitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5005 | 2/24/2022 | 186.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-031(h): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed using gamma spectroscopy, which is capable of detecting americium-241 and uranium-235, and for uranium isotopes, which are alpha emitters. Alpha-emitting radionuclides were not detected above BVs or FVs in any of the 0 to 3 ft bgs samples collected at SWMU 16 031(h). Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 5006 | 2/24/2022 | 187.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-018: • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Confirmation samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed using gamma spectroscopy, which is capable of detecting americium 241 and uranium 235, and for uranium isotopes, which are alpha emitters. Alpha emitting radionuclides were not detected above BVs or FVs in any of the confirmation samples collected at SWMU 16 018. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5007 | 2/24/2022 | 188.3 | Change to SDPPP- Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent. There are no Consent Order soil sampling data available for this Site. SWMU 16-010(b): There are no Consent Order soil sampling data available for this Site. Based on site history and RCRA closure confirmation sampling, the Site is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedances for aluminum, copper, gross alpha radioactivity, and PCBs. TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff bBackground" in Figure 188-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 188-2. | T | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------|
| | 2/24/2022 | 190.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-010(i): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs)-1995 RFI samples collected at the Site were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or alpha-emitting radionuclides. However, samples were analyzed for total uranium, which has alpha-emitting isotopes. Uranium was detected above soil BV in 14 shallow samples at a maximum activity of 6 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | T | Kelerence |
| V.4 5009 | 2/24/2022 | 191.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 14-009: • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Consent Order samples were not analyzed for grossalpha radioactivity but were analyzed using gamma spectroscopy, which is capable of detecting americium 241 and uranium 235, and for uranium isotopes, all of which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-234 was detected above soil BV in 3 of 31 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 8 times the soil BV. Uranium-235/236 was detected above soil BV in 7 of 31 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 14 times the soil BV. Uranium-238 was detected above soil BV in 10 of 31 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 71 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5010 | 2/24/2022 | 193.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 14-006: • Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above soil BVs in 4 3 of 7 shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs). 2011 Consent Order soil and tuff samples at a maximum concentration 5.6 times the soil BV. | Т | |
| V.4 5011 | 2/24/2022 | 193.3 | Change to SDPPP-AOC 14-001(g): • Copper is known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above soil BVs in 3-1 of 30 shallow 2011 Consent Order soil and tuff samples at a maximum concentration 2 times the soil BV. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 5012 | 2/24/2022 | 195.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 15-008(d): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at SWMU 15-008(d). Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. Decision-level data are not available for SWMU 15-008(d). • Based on the site history, the Site is an unlikely a source of gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5013 | 2/24/2022 | 196.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 15-011(c): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Consent Order investigations have not been performed at SWMU 15-011(c); no decision-level data are available for this Site. | Т | |
| V.4 5014 | 2/24/2022 | 198.3 | Change to SDPPP- AOC 36 004(c): Aluminum was likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was not detected above BVs in any of the 14 samples collected in the drainage downgradient of AOC 36-004(c). Copper was likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Copper was detected above soil BV in 5 of 14 samples at maximum concentration 2.9-1 times the sediment soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at AOC 36-004(c). Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed using gamma spectroscopy, which is capable of detecting americium-241 and uranium-235, and for uranium isotopes, all of which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-234 and uranium-235/236 were not detected above BVs in 14 shallow samples. Uranium-238 was detected above soil BV in 2 of 14 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 2 times the soil BV. Alphaemitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. Selenium is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Selenium was detected above soil or sediment BVs in 10 of 14 samples collected in the drainage downgradient of AOC 36-004(c) with a maximum concentration of 1.4 times the soil BV. | | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | _ |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 5015 | 2/24/2022 | | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 15-009(e): • Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Copper was detected above the soil BV in 1 of 13 shallow Consent Order and VCA confirmation samples collected at SWMU 15-009(e) at a concentration equivalent to theof 1.1 times the soil BV. • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at SWMU 15-009(e); however, they are associated with industrial materials managed at adjacent E-F-Firing Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. Based on the Site history and Consent Order sampling data, the Site is an unlikely a source of the TAL exceedances. The SMA receives runoff from industrially developed (E-F-Firing Site) areas and undeveloped areas. | Т | |
| V.4 5016 | 2/24/2022 | | Change to SDPPP-AOC C-15-004: • Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Copper was detected above the soil BV in 3 of 4 shallow Consent Order samples collected at AOC C 15-004 at a maximum concentration 3.3-6 times the soil BV. • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at AOC C-15-004; however, they are associated with industrial materials managed at adjacent E-F Firing Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. Based on the Site history and Consent Order sampling data, the Site is an unlikely a source of the TAL exceedances. The SMA receives runoff from industrially developed (E-F Firing Site) areas and undeveloped areas. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 5017 | 2/24/2022 | 201.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 15-004(f): • Copper was likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Copper was detected above soil BVs in 3837 of 69 shallow Consent Order and RFI samples at a maximum concentration 561 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Shallow RFI and Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-234 was detected above soil BV in 42 of 51 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 202 times the soil BV. Uranium-235/236 was detected above soil BV in 39 of 51 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 365 times the soil BV. Uranium-238 was detected above soil BV in 41 of 51 shallow samples with a maximum activity of 1,371 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the | T | |
| V.4 5018 | 2/24/2022 | 201.3 | definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. Change to SDPPP-SWMU 15-008(a): • Copper was likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Copper was detected above soil BVs in 135 of 22 shallow Consent Order samples at a maximum concentration 525 times the soil BV. • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-234 was detected above soil BV in 16 of 21 samples with a maximum activity of 190 times the soil BV. Uranium-235/236 was detected above soil BV in 15 of 21 samples with a maximum activity of 133 times the soil BV. Uranium-238 was detected above soil BV in 16 of 21 samples with a maximum activity of 297 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | T | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 5019 | 2/24/2022 | 202.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 15 006(a) and 15-003: • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this-these Sites. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for plutonium and uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Plutonium isotopes, uranium-234, and uranium 235/236 were not detected above BVs or FVs or were detected where FVs do not apply in 10 shallow samples. Uranium-238 was detected above sediment BV in 3 of 10 samples with a maximum activity of 1.8 times the sediment BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5020 | 2/24/2022 | 203.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 36-003(b): • Copper is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected at a concentration equivalent to above the soil BV in 1 of the 3 shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) 2011 Consent Order soil samples with a concentration 1.03 times the soil BV. • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5021 | 2/24/2022 | 203.3 | Change to SDPPP- AOC 15-008(f): • Copper is likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above soil BVs in 4-1 of 20 shallow 2011-Consent Order samples at a maximum concentration 1.3 times the soil BV. • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-234, uranium-235/236, and uranium-238 were each detected above soil, sediment, and tuff BVs in 7, 6, and 11 of 20 shallow Consent Order samples at maximum detected activities 24, 27, and 62 times the soil BVs, respectively. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 5022 | 2/24/2022 | 204.3 | Change to SDPPP- AOC C-36-001: • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. Consent Order sampling has not been conducted; the location of the former containment vessel is not known. | Т | |
| V.4 5023 | 2/24/2022 | 204.3 | Change to SDPPP- AOC C-36-006(e): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. Consent Order sampling has not been conducted; the location of the former containment vessel is not known. | Т | |
| V.4 5024 | 2/24/2022 | 205.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 36-006: • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or radium isotopes but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-238 was detected above the soil BV in 3 of 28 shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) 2011 Consent Order samples at a highest detected activity of 2.3 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5025 | 2/24/2022 | 205.3 | Change to SDPPP-AOC 36-004(a): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or radium isotopes but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-238 was detected above soil BV in 1 of 2 shallow samples with an activity of 1.3 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. No samples have been collected at this Site. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 5026 | 2/24/2022 | 206.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 36-004(d): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides may have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. However, radium-226 and radium-228 are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or radium isotopes but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Uranium-238 was detected above the soil BV in 1 of 24 shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) 2011 Consent Order and 1996 RFI soil and sediment samples at a detected activity 1.2 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5027 | 2/24/2022 | 207.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-017(j)-99: • This Site is now certified as corrective action complete and no further monitoring is required for Site 16-017(j)-99 for the remainder of the IP. • Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. No investigations have been conducted at this Site. • Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Consent Order investigations have not been performed at SWMU 16-017(j)-99; no decision-level data are available for this Site. • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. No investigations have been conducted at this Site. | Т | |
| V.4 5028 | 2/24/2022 | 209.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-028(e): • Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was not detected above the sedimenttuff BV in 1-of 10-11 shallow RFI samples at a concentration 1.4 times the tuff BV. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 5029 | 2/24/2022 | 212.3 | Change to SDPPP- SWMU 16-001(e): • Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above the soil BV in shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) Consent Order samples. Copper was detected above the soil BV in 2 of 4 shallow samples with a maximum concentration 1.9 times the soil BV. | Т | |
| V.4 5030 | 2/24/2022 | 212.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-003(f): • Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was not detected above BV in 1 shallow Consent Order-soil sample collected at the Site. | Т | |
| V.4 5031 | 2/24/2022 | 212.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-026(b): • Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was not detected above BVs in 8 shallow Consent Order and RFI soil, sediment, and tuff samples. | Т | |
| V.4 5032 | 2/24/2022 | 212.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-026(c): • Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above soil, sediment, and tuff BVs in shallow Consent Order and RFI samples. Copper was detected above the soil BVs in 5-2 of 13 shallow Consent Order and RFI shallow-samples with a maximum concentration 32.8 times sediment-soil BV. | Т | |
| V.4 5033 | 2/24/2022 | 212.3 | Change to SDPPP- SWMU 16-026(d): • Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above soil and tuff BVs in shallow Consent Order and RFI samples. Copper was detected above the soil BVs in 13 of 16 shallow soil and tuffConsent Order and RFI samples with a maximum concentration 4.5 times soil BV. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 5034 | 2/24/2022 | 212.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-026(e): • Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected only slightly above soil and tuff BVs in shallow Consent Order and RFI samples. Copper was detected above the soil BVs in 3-1 of 19 shallow Consent Order and RFI soil and tuff samples with a maximum concentration above BV 1.71.04 times the tuff soil BV. | Т | |
| V.4 5035 | 2/24/2022 | 213.3 | Change to SDPPP- SWMU 11-001(c): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted grossalpha radioactivity. There is no decision level data from soil sampling at this Site, Consent Order sampling has not been conducted. | Т | |
| V.4 5036 | 2/24/2022 | 214.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-0296(h2): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides including radium-226 and radium-228 are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5037 | 2/24/2022 | 214.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-029(e): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides including radium-226 and radium-228 are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. | Т | |
| V.4 5038 | 2/24/2022 | 218.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-026(j2): • Aluminum is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was detected above sediment and tuffthe soil BVs in 2-1 of 14-18 shallow soil, sediment, and tuffConsent Order samples collected during 2005 and 2008 Consent Order investigations at a concentration of 1.02 times the soil BV. Aluminum was detected at a maximum concentration 2 times the sediment BV. | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 5039 | 2/24/2022 | 218.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-035: • Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was not detected above soil BVs in 29 shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil and tuff-samples collected during the 2010 Consent Order investigation. | Т | |
| V.4 5040 | 2/24/2022 | 221.3 | Change to SDPPP-AOC 11-012(c): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. • Mercury is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Consent Order investigations have not been performed at AOC 11-012(c); no decision-level data are available for this Site. Based on the Site history and Consent Order sampling data, the Site is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedances. | Т | |
| V.4 5041 | 2/24/2022 | 222.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 11-011(a): • Copper is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above the soil BV in 4 of 10 shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) 2010 Consent Order soil samples at a maximum concentration 6.6 times the soil BV. | Т | |
| V.4 5042 | 2/24/2022 | 222.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 11-011(b): • Copper is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above the soil BVs in 2 of 11 shallow 2010 Consent Order soil | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 5043 | 2/24/2022 | 224.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 11-006(b): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for americium-241 and plutonium and uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity. Based on the Site history and Consent Order sampling data, the Site is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedance. | Т | |
| V.4 5044 | 2/24/2022 | 225.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 11-002: • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. No investigations have been conducted at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity. Based on the Site history and sampling data, the Site is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedance. | Т | |
| V.4 5045 | 2/24/2022 | 225.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 11-005(a): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for americium-241 and plutonium and uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity. Based on the Site history and Consent Order sampling data, SWMU 11-005(a) is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedance | Т | |

| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 5046 | 2/24/2022 | 225.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 11-005(b): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for americium-241 and plutonium and uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity. Based on the Site history and Consent Order sampling data, SWMU 11-005(b) is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedance. | Т | |
| V.4 5047 | 2/24/2022 | 225.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 11-006(c): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for americium-241 and plutonium and uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity. Based on the Site history and Consent Order sampling data, SWMU 11-006(c) is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedance. | Т | |
| V.4 5048 | 2/24/2022 | 225.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 11-006(d): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for americium-241 and plutonium and uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity. Based on the Site history and Consent Order sampling data, SWMU 11-006(d) is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedance. | Т | |

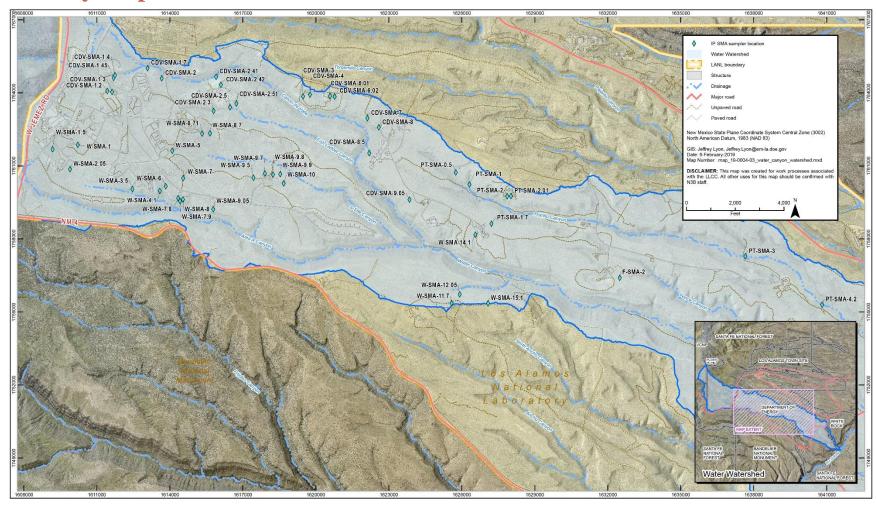
| Amendment | Effective | SMA Number or | | Type of | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|
| Number | Date | Section Number | Description of Changes | Change* | Reference |
| V.4 5049 | 2/24/2022 | 225.3 | Change to SDPPP- SWMU 11-011(d): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for americium-241 and plutonium and uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity. Based on the Site history and Consent Order sampling data, SWMU 11-011(d) is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedance. | Т | |
| V.4 5050 | 2/24/2022 | 225.3 | Change to SDPPP- AOC 11-003(b): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. No investigations have been conducted at this Site. Based on the Site history, AOC 11-003(b) is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedance. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity. | Т | |
| V.4 5051 | 2/24/2022 | 226.3 | Change to SDPPP- AOC 49-008(c): • Aluminum is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at AOC 49-008(c). Aluminum was not detected above BV in shallow Consent Order samples. • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at SWMU-AOC 49-008(c). Shallow Consent Order and RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for americium-241 and plutonium and uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Americium-241, plutonium-238, and uranium isotopes were not detected above BVs or FVs or were detected where FVs do not apply in 7 shallow samples. Plutonium-239/240 was detected above soil BV in four of seven shallow samples with a maximum activity of 19 times the soil BV. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity. Site history and Consent Order sampling results indicate the Site is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedance. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 5052 | 2/24/2022 | 228.3 | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 15-014(I): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. No investigations have been conducted at this Site. | T | |
| V.4 5053 | 2/24/2022 | | Change to SDPPP-AOC 15-004(h): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. No investigations have been conducted at this Site. | Т | |
| V.4 5054 | 2/24/2022 | | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 49-005(a): • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at SWMU 49-005(a). Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for americium-241 and plutonium and uranium isotopes, which are alpha-emitting radionuclides. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha activity. Based on the Site history and Consent Order sampling data, the Site is an unlikely source of the TAL exceedance. | Т | |
| V.4 5055 | 2/24/2022 | | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-026(c2): • Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Consent Order investigations have not been performed at SWMU 16-026(c2); no decision-level data are available for this Site. No investigations have been conducted at this Site. • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. No investigations have been conducted at this Site. | Т | |

| Amendment Number | Effective Date | SMA Number or Section Number | Description of Changes | Type of Change* | Reference |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------|
| V.4 5056 | 2/24/2022 | | Change to SDPPP-SWMU 16-026(v): • Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Aluminum was not detected above soil BV in 1 of 9-10 shallow RFI samples at a concentration equivalent to the tuff BV. • Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above soil BV in 7 of 9-10 shallow RFI samples at a maximum concentration 36.828 times the sediment-soil BV. There are no other outfalls within the SMA and no documented source of copper. • Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Alpha-emitting radionuclides are exempt | Т | |
| | | | from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. Shallow RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or alpha-emitting radionuclides because they are not potential contaminants at this Site. | | |

^{*}T = technical, E = errata.

Attachment 2 Vicinity Map



Attachment 3 Precipitation Network

| Poin Cons | Doto | Total | Intensity | Duration |
|-----------|------------|-------|--------------|----------|
| Rain Gage | Date | (in.) | (in./30 min) | (min) |
| RG253 | 04-17-2021 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 15.0 |
| RG253 | 04-18-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG253 | 04-23-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG253 | 05-03-2021 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 34.8 |
| RG253 | 05-07-2021 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 39.6 |
| RG253 | 05-17-2021 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 19.8 |
| RG253 | 05-18-2021 | 0.27 | 0.09 | 99.6 |
| RG253 | 05-19-2021 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 24.6 |
| RG253 | 05-22-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG253 | 05-28-2021 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 19.8 |
| RG253 | 05-30-2021 | 0.78 | 0.68 | 60.0 |
| RG253 | 05-31-2021 | 0.93 | 0.66 | 129.6 |
| RG253 | 06-02-2021 | 0.34 | 0.29 | 49.8 |
| RG253 | 06-03-2021 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 24.6 |
| RG253 | 06-17-2021 | 0.18 | 0.16 | 34.8 |
| RG253 | 06-19-2021 | 0.1 | 0.09 | 24.6 |
| RG253 | 06-24-2021 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 39.6 |
| RG253 | 06-26-2021 | 0.4 | 0.22 | 94.8 |
| RG253 | 06-27-2021 | 0.7 | 0.37 | 154.8 |
| RG253 | 06-28-2021 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 19.8 |
| RG253 | 06-29-2021 | 0.2 | 0.03 | 94.8 |
| RG253 | 06-30-2021 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 60.0 |
| RG253 | 07-01-2021 | 0.33 | 0.25 | 60.0 |
| RG253 | 07-02-2021 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 39.6 |
| RG253 | 07-03-2021 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 15.0 |
| RG253 | 07-05-2021 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 9.6 |
| RG253 | 07-06-2021 | 0.24 | 0.12 | 54.6 |
| RG253 | 07-11-2021 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 15.0 |
| RG253 | 07-14-2021 | 0.1 | 0.05 | 120.0 |
| RG253 | 07-16-2021 | 0.1 | 0.08 | 39.6 |
| RG253 | 07-17-2021 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 24.6 |
| RG253 | 07-20-2021 | 0.29 | 0.26 | 45.0 |
| RG253 | 07-21-2021 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 24.6 |
| RG253 | 07-22-2021 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 24.6 |

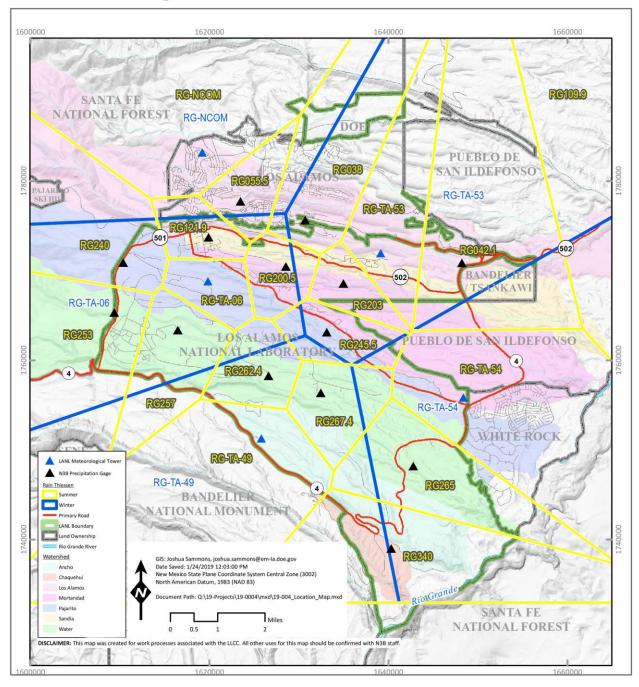
| Rain Gage | Date | Total (in.) | Intensity (in./30 min) | Duration (min) |
|-----------|------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|
| RG253 | 07-23-2021 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 9.6 |
| RG253 | 07-24-2021 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 19.8 |
| RG253 | 07-25-2021 | 0.3 | 0.23 | 60.0 |
| RG253 | 07-27-2021 | 0.56 | 0.34 | 64.8 |
| RG253 | 07-28-2021 | 0.23 | 0.19 | 49.8 |
| RG253 | 08-02-2021 | 0.31 | 0.23 | 49.8 |
| RG253 | 08-03-2021 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 15.0 |
| RG253 | 08-04-2021 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 15.0 |
| RG253 | 08-10-2021 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 24.6 |
| RG253 | 08-12-2021 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 24.6 |
| RG253 | 08-15-2021 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 60.0 |
| RG253 | 08-26-2021 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 30.0 |
| RG253 | 08-27-2021 | 0.1 | 0.05 | 49.8 |
| RG253 | 09-01-2021 | 0.21 | 0.12 | 69.6 |
| RG253 | 09-18-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG253 | 09-19-2021 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 15.0 |
| RG253 | 09-28-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG253 | 09-30-2021 | 1.42 | 0.27 | 360.0 |
| RG253 | 10-26-2021 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 30.0 |
| RG257 | 04-17-2021 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 15.0 |
| RG257 | 04-23-2021 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 9.6 |
| RG257 | 05-03-2021 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 24.6 |
| RG257 | 05-07-2021 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 49.8 |
| RG257 | 05-17-2021 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 15.0 |
| RG257 | 05-18-2021 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 64.8 |
| RG257 | 05-19-2021 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 19.8 |
| RG257 | 05-22-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG257 | 05-28-2021 | 0.1 | 0.09 | 24.6 |
| RG257 | 05-30-2021 | 0.99 | 0.74 | 79.8 |
| RG257 | 05-31-2021 | 0.77 | 0.61 | 90.0 |
| RG257 | 06-02-2021 | 0.31 | 0.17 | 75.0 |
| RG257 | 06-03-2021 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 15.0 |
| RG257 | 06-17-2021 | 0.12 | 0.09 | 34.8 |
| RG257 | 06-19-2021 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 15.0 |
| RG257 | 06-20-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG257 | 06-24-2021 | 0.13 | 0.09 | 49.8 |
| RG257 | 06-26-2021 | 0.43 | 0.29 | 90.0 |

| Rain Gage | Date | Total (in.) | Intensity (in./30 min) | Duration (min) |
|-----------|------------|-------------|------------------------|----------------|
| RG257 | 06-27-2021 | 0.28 | 0.08 | 124.8 |
| RG257 | 06-28-2021 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 19.8 |
| RG257 | 06-29-2021 | 0.21 | 0.03 | 105.0 |
| RG257 | 06-30-2021 | 0.1 | 0.02 | 49.8 |
| RG257 | 07-01-2021 | 0.22 | 0.19 | 45.0 |
| RG257 | 07-02-2021 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 45.0 |
| RG257 | 07-05-2021 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 19.8 |
| RG257 | 07-06-2021 | 0.13 | 0.08 | 49.8 |
| RG257 | 07-11-2021 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 25.2 |
| RG257 | 07-14-2021 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 30.0 |
| RG257 | 07-16-2021 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 9.6 |
| RG257 | 07-17-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG257 | 07-20-2021 | 0.31 | 0.29 | 39.6 |
| RG257 | 07-22-2021 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 19.8 |
| RG257 | 07-23-2021 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 19.8 |
| RG257 | 07-24-2021 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 15.0 |
| RG257 | 07-25-2021 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 30.0 |
| RG257 | 07-27-2021 | 0.57 | 0.49 | 54.6 |
| RG257 | 07-28-2021 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 9.6 |
| RG257 | 08-02-2021 | 0.17 | 0.11 | 49.8 |
| RG257 | 08-03-2021 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 4.8 |
| RG257 | 08-04-2021 | 0.32 | 0.32 | 15.0 |
| RG257 | 08-10-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG257 | 08-12-2021 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 9.6 |
| RG257 | 08-15-2021 | 0.54 | 0.45 | 64.8 |
| RG257 | 08-26-2021 | 0.44 | 0.27 | 79.8 |
| RG257 | 08-27-2021 | 0.26 | 0.17 | 64.8 |
| RG257 | 09-01-2021 | 0.17 | 0.11 | 60.0 |
| RG257 | 09-18-2021 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 9.6 |
| RG257 | 09-19-2021 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 15.0 |
| RG257 | 09-30-2021 | 1.29 | 0.17 | 379.8 |
| RG257 | 10-06-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG257 | 10-26-2021 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 24.6 |
| RG262.4 | 04-17-2021 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 9.6 |
| RG262.4 | 04-23-2021 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 9.6 |
| RG262.4 | 05-03-2021 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 9.6 |
| RG262.4 | 05-07-2021 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 30.0 |

| Rain Gage | Date | Total (in.) | Intensity (in./30 min) | Duration (min) |
|-----------|------------|-------------|------------------------|----------------|
| RG262.4 | 05-17-2021 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 45.0 |
| RG262.4 | 05-18-2021 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 30.0 |
| RG262.4 | 05-19-2021 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 24.6 |
| RG262.4 | 05-28-2021 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 9.6 |
| RG262.4 | 05-30-2021 | 0.46 | 0.21 | 99.6 |
| RG262.4 | 05-31-2021 | 0.58 | 0.46 | 79.8 |
| RG262.4 | 06-02-2021 | 0.34 | 0.2 | 45.0 |
| RG262.4 | 06-06-2021 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 9.6 |
| RG262.4 | 06-17-2021 | 0.36 | 0.34 | 39.6 |
| RG262.4 | 06-24-2021 | 0.14 | 0.09 | 45.0 |
| RG262.4 | 06-26-2021 | 0.43 | 0.23 | 99.6 |
| RG262.4 | 06-27-2021 | 0.35 | 0.08 | 144.6 |
| RG262.4 | 06-28-2021 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 15.0 |
| RG262.4 | 06-29-2021 | 0.24 | 0.04 | 120.0 |
| RG262.4 | 06-30-2021 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 79.8 |
| RG262.4 | 07-01-2021 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 9.6 |
| RG262.4 | 07-02-2021 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 24.6 |
| RG262.4 | 07-04-2021 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 9.6 |
| RG262.4 | 07-05-2021 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 9.6 |
| RG262.4 | 07-06-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG262.4 | 07-11-2021 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 19.8 |
| RG262.4 | 07-14-2021 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 45.0 |
| RG262.4 | 07-20-2021 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 19.8 |
| RG262.4 | 07-23-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG262.4 | 07-24-2021 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 19.8 |
| RG262.4 | 07-27-2021 | 0.3 | 0.26 | 39.6 |
| RG262.4 | 08-02-2021 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 19.8 |
| RG262.4 | 08-03-2021 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 15.0 |
| RG262.4 | 08-04-2021 | 0.27 | 0.27 | 19.8 |
| RG262.4 | 08-12-2021 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 9.6 |
| RG262.4 | 08-15-2021 | 0.52 | 0.4 | 69.6 |
| RG262.4 | 08-22-2021 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 39.6 |
| RG262.4 | 08-26-2021 | 1.23 | 0.9 | 90.0 |
| RG262.4 | 08-27-2021 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 60.0 |
| RG262.4 | 09-01-2021 | 0.17 | 0.11 | 60.0 |
| RG262.4 | 09-03-2021 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 9.6 |
| RG262.4 | 09-18-2021 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 15.0 |

| Rain Gage | Date | Total (in.) | Intensity (in./30 min) | Duration (min) |
|-----------|------------|-------------|------------------------|----------------|
| RG262.4 | 09-19-2021 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 9.6 |
| RG262.4 | 09-28-2021 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 24.6 |
| RG262.4 | 09-30-2021 | 1.19 | 0.18 | 334.8 |
| RG262.4 | 10-26-2021 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 15.0 |
| RG267.4 | 04-17-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG267.4 | 04-23-2021 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 9.6 |
| RG267.4 | 05-03-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG267.4 | 05-07-2021 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 24.6 |
| RG267.4 | 05-17-2021 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 24.6 |
| RG267.4 | 05-18-2021 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 15.0 |
| RG267.4 | 05-22-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG267.4 | 05-28-2021 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 15.0 |
| RG267.4 | 05-30-2021 | 0.24 | 0.11 | 75.0 |
| RG267.4 | 05-31-2021 | 0.56 | 0.41 | 79.8 |
| RG267.4 | 06-02-2021 | 0.11 | 0.09 | 34.8 |
| RG267.4 | 06-06-2021 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 19.8 |
| RG267.4 | 06-17-2021 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 19.8 |
| RG267.4 | 06-24-2021 | 0.14 | 0.09 | 49.8 |
| RG267.4 | 06-26-2021 | 0.5 | 0.34 | 84.6 |
| RG267.4 | 06-27-2021 | 0.41 | 0.09 | 165.0 |
| RG267.4 | 06-28-2021 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 9.6 |
| RG267.4 | 06-29-2021 | 0.18 | 0.03 | 90.0 |
| RG267.4 | 06-30-2021 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 64.8 |
| RG267.4 | 07-02-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG267.4 | 07-04-2021 | 0.39 | 0.38 | 34.8 |
| RG267.4 | 07-05-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG267.4 | 07-06-2021 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 9.6 |
| RG267.4 | 07-11-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG267.4 | 07-17-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG267.4 | 07-20-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG267.4 | 07-21-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG267.4 | 07-22-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG267.4 | 07-23-2021 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4.8 |
| RG267.4 | 07-24-2021 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 9.6 |
| RG267.4 | 07-27-2021 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 30.0 |
| RG267.4 | 08-02-2021 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 19.8 |
| RG267.4 | 08-03-2021 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 19.8 |

| Rain Gage | Date | Total (in.) | Intensity (in./30 min) | Duration (min) |
|-----------|------------|-------------|------------------------|----------------|
| RG267.4 | 08-04-2021 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 15.0 |
| RG267.4 | 08-15-2021 | 0.49 | 0.38 | 75.0 |
| RG267.4 | 08-22-2021 | 0.7 | 0.47 | 84.6 |
| RG267.4 | 08-26-2021 | 1.25 | 0.98 | 94.8 |
| RG267.4 | 08-27-2021 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 19.8 |
| RG267.4 | 09-01-2021 | 0.24 | 0.11 | 79.8 |
| RG267.4 | 09-03-2021 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 30.0 |
| RG267.4 | 09-18-2021 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 9.6 |
| RG267.4 | 09-19-2021 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 15.0 |
| RG267.4 | 09-28-2021 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 34.8 |
| RG267.4 | 09-30-2021 | 1.16 | 0.15 | 339.6 |
| RG267.4 | 10-26-2021 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 15.0 |



Attachment 4 Physical Characteristics

| Canyon | Permitted Feature | SMA Number | Sampler X Coordinate (Latitude) | oordinate Coordinate Area Latitude) (Longitude) (ft²) | | Site Number | Site Drainage Area (ft²) | |
|----------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|--------------|---|---|--|
| Cañon de Valle | V001 | CDV-SMA-1.2 | 1611432 (35.84835) | | | 1892.39 9450.25 | | |
| Cañon de Valle | V002 | CDV-SMA-1.3 | 1611628 (35.848233) | 1764036 (-106.34715) | 2026.82 | 16-017(a)-99 16-026(m) | 0.00 1004.56 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V003 | CDV-SMA-1.4 | 1611746 (35.850131) | 1764727 (-106.346749) | 664,981.13 | 16-020 16-026(I) 16-028(c) 16-030(c) | 29,190.83 116.53 39.35 0.00 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V004 | CDV-SMA-1.45 | 1611691 (35.84985) | 1764622 (-106.346933) | 1049.17 | 16-026(i) | 16.22 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V005 | CDV-SMA-1.7 | 1613090 (35.850996) | 1765040 (-106.342214) | 13,065.32 | 16-019 | 13,062.91 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V006 | CDV-SMA-2 | 1613663 (35.8498) | 1764602 (-106.340283) | 146,055.33 | 16-021(c) | 16,809.77 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V007 | CDV-SMA-2.3 | 1615798 (35.8461) | 1763255 4,401,017.58 13-0 | | | 151,725.99 32,210.20 3775.39 66,547.90 917.51 440.35 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V008 | CDV-SMA-2.41 | 1615900 (35.849967) | 1764662 (-106.332733) | 90,548.26 | 16-018 | 34,642.91 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V008A | CDV-SMA-2.42 | 1616091 (35.849084) | 1764341 (-106.332085) | 35,481.13 | 16-010(b) | 24,021.18 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V009 | CDV-SMA-2.5 | 1616475 (35.846517) | 1763407 (-106.330783) | 1,023,500.26 | 16-010(c) 16-010(d) 16-028(a) | 25,088.91 28,218.90 2122.77 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V009A | CDV-SMA-2.51 | 1616733 (35.846967) | 1763567 (-106.329917) | 102,432.62 | 16-010(i) | 197.47 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V010 | CDV-SMA-3 | 1619475 (35.847767) | 1763859 (-106.320667) | 19,531.45 | 14-009 | 3321.77 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V011 | CDV-SMA-4 | 1619753 (35.847971) | 1763933 (-106.319726) | 7763.15 | 14-010 | 62.24 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V012 | CDV-SMA-6.01 | 1620581 (35.8478) | 1763869. 60,525.00 (-106.316932) | | 14-001(g) 14-006 | 67.47 239.68 | |
| Cañon de Valle | V012A | CDV-SMA-6.02 | 1620774 (35.847745) | 1763751 3576.60 14-002(c) 14-002(d) 14-002(e) | | 294.25 16.61 20.92 | | |
| Cañon de Valle | V013 | CDV-SMA-7 | 1622123 (35.8453) | 1762963 17,000.02 15-008(d) (-106.311733) | | 262.26 | | |
| Cañon de Valle | V014 | CDV-SMA-8 | 1622591 (35.844267) | 1762583 (-106.31015) | 13.23 | | | |

Attachment 4, Physical Characteristics (continued)

| Canyon | Permitted Feature | SMA Number | Sampler X Coordinate (Latitude) | Sampler Y Coordinate (Longitude) | SMA Drainage Area (ft²) | Site Number | Site Drainage Area (ft²) |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Cañon de Valle | V015 | CDV-SMA-8.5 | 1622201 (35.84136) | 1761526 7605.25 15-014(a) (-106.311461) | | | 4.525 |
| Cañon de Valle | V016 | CDV-SMA- 9.05 | 1623846 (35.836117) | 1759616 (-106.3059) | 106,576.00 | 15-007(b) | 12,853.47 |
| Fence | F001 | F-SMA-2 | 1632493 (35.827319) | 1756410 (-106.267673) | 1,747,981.91 | 36-004(c) | 8461.09 |
| Potrillo | 1001 | PT-SMA-0.5 | 1625751 (35.839183) | 1760731 (-106.299483) | 296,295.95 | 15-009(e) C-15-004 | 7622.37 65.85 |
| Potrillo | 1002 | PT-SMA-1 | 1626314 (35.837828) | 1760238 (-106.297583) | 661,860.88 | 15-004(f) 15-008(a) | 28,324.81 4625.75 |
| Potrillo | 1003 | PT-SMA-1.7 | 1627221 (35.833404) | 1758627 (-106.294518) | 82,798.85 | 15-006(a) 15-003 | 24.99 24.99 |
| Potrillo | 1004 | PT-SMA-2 | 1627867 (35.836517) | 1759759 (-106.29235) | 128,520.02 | 15-008(f) 36-003(b) 36-004(e) | 2906.55 641.17 4895.21 |
| Potrillo | 1004A | PT-SMA-2.01 | 1628016.15(35.836535) | 1759766.33(- 106.291838) | 9960.09 | C-36-001 C-36-006(e) | 0.00 1617.18 |
| Potrillo | 1005 | PT-SMA-3 | 1631305 (35.83369) | 1758730 (-106.280741) | | | 5923.58 22,024.19 |
| Potrillo | 1007 | PT-SMA-4.2 | 1640805 (35.824283) | 1755302 (-106.248683) | 46,479,398.93 | 36-004(d) | 4745.91 |
| Water | W001 | W-SMA-1 | 1610221.40 (35.842278) | 1761869.87 (-106.351884) | 257,402.03 | 16-017(j)-99 16-026(c2) 16-026(v) | 0.00 1.56 7.03 |
| Water | W002 | W-SMA-1.5 | 1609178 (35.84177) | 1761686 (-106.355403) | 535,734.95 | 16-026(b2) 16-028(d) | 7.03 7.03 |
| Water | W003 | W-SMA-2.05 | 1609892 (35.839517) | 1760865 (-106.353) | 30,483.41 | 16-028(e) | 7.03 |
| Water | W004 | W-SMA-3.5 | 1612463 (35.837283) | 1760051 (-106.344317) | 82,312.49 | 16-026(y) | 0.00 |
| Water | W005 | W-SMA-4.1 | 1613587 (35.83705) | 1759967 (-106.340517) | 7891.56 | 16-003(a) | 242.83 |
| Water | W006 | W-SMA-5 | 1614101 (35.841617) | 1761625 (-106.3388) | 2,980,044.68 | 16-001(e) 16-003(f) 16-026(b) 16-026(c) 16-026(d) 16-026(e) | 211.80 0.00 2770.92 12,687.20 7240.25 6643.29 |
| Water | W007 | W-SMA-6 | 1613836 (35.837602) | 1760164 (-106.339682) 5874.28 11-001(c) | | 0.00 | |
| Water | W008 | W-SMA-7 | 1614549 (35.838521) | 1760498 (-106.337276) | 16-026(h2) 16-029(e) | 0.00 47.73 | |

436

Attachment 4, Physical Characteristics (continued)

| Canyon | Permitted Feature | SMA Number | Sampler X Coordinate (Latitude) | inate Coordinate Area | | Site Number | Site Drainage Area (ft²) |
|--------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|---|
| Water | W009 | W-SMA-7.8 | 1614347.56 (35.836317) | 1759671.39 (-106.3379) | 33,820.81 | 16-031(a) | 7.03 |
| Water | W010 | W-SMA-7.9 | 1614423 (35.83595) | 1759563 (-106.3377) | 4071.56 | 16-006(c) | 355.82 |
| Water | W011 | W-SMA-8 | 1614541 (35.836126) | 1759626 (-106.337299) | 7809.07 | 16-016(g) 16-028(b) | 312.57 7.03 |
| Water | W012 | W-SMA-8.7 | 1615647 (35.843583) | 1762343 (-106.333583) | 713,083.70 | 13-001 13-002 16-004(a) 16-026(j2) 16-029(h) 16-035 | 129,708.58 136,842.58 602.27 14,230.33 4632.95 1316.58 |
| Water | W012A | W-SMA-8.71 | 1615344.29 (35.843552) | 1762328.76 (-106.334599) | 12,231.38 | 16-004(c) | 335.04 |
| Water | W013 | W-SMA-9.05 | 1615787 (35.83502) | 1759218 (-106.3331) | 23,643.37 | 16-030(g) | 7.03 |
| Water | W014 | W-SMA-9.5 | 1617421.69 (35.838565) | 1760527.55 (-106.327545) | 4608.13 | 11-012(c) | 1911.69 |
| Water | W015 | W-SMA-9.7 | 1617908 (35.83905) | 1760691 (-106.32595) | 6496.57 | 11-011(a) 11-011(b) | 163.16 52.29 |
| Water | W016 | W-SMA-9.8 | 1618242 (35.838938) | 1760647 (-106.324817) | 2067.92 | 11-005(c) | 132.90 |
| Water | W017 | W-SMA-9.9 | 1618535 (35.838983) | 1760663 (-106.323833) | 12,461.62 | 11-006(b) | 1713.60 |
| Water | W018 | W-SMA-10 | 1618681 (35.837933) | 1760282 (-106.323333) | 307,380.35 | 11-002 11-003(b) 11-005(a) 11-005(b) 11-006(c) 11-006(d) 11-011(d) | 6216.09 7483.51 1769.65 1723.32 2115.85 1343.42 96.85 |
| Water | W019 | W-SMA-11.7 | 1625583 (35.82445) | 1755367 (-106.300033) | 312,076.23 | 49-008(c) | 82,834.81 |
| Water | W020 | W-SMA- 12.05 | 1625910 (35.82545) | 1755732 (-106.298933) | 21,318.78 | 49-001(g) | 21,260.17 |
| Water | W021 | W-SMA-14.1 | 162655.51 (35.83215) | 1758174.40 (-106.296763) | 252,723.37 | 15-004(h) 15-014(l) | 612.42 19.27 |
| Water | W022 | W-SMA-15.1 | 1627074.89 (35.824433) | 1755356.33 (-106.2951) | 8058.70 | 49-005(a) | 1736.58 |

Attachment 5 Sampling Requirements and Plan

Sampling and Analysis Requirements

| | | | | | Analy | tical Suite | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Sampling Conditions | Gross Alpha | Ra-226/ Ra-228 | Cyanide | Dissolved Metals | Total Metals | Aluminum | Copper | PCBs | High Explosives | SVOCs |
| Analytical method | EPA 900.0 | EPA 903.0 EPA 904.1 | SM 4500 CN-I | EPA:200.7 EPA:200.8 | EPA:200.7 EPA:200.8 EPA:245.2 | EPA:200.8 | EPA:200.8 | EPA 1668A | SW846:8330 | EPA 625 EPA 8310 EPA 8081B |
| Field prep code | UF | UF | UF | F | UF | F | F | UF | UF | UF |
| Preservation | HNO3 | HNO3 | NaOH, Ice | HNO3 | HNO3 | HNO3 | HNO3 | Ice | Ice | Ice, store some analytes in dark |
| Holding time (days) | 180 | 180 | 14 | 180 | 180 | 180 | 180 | 365 | 7 | 7 |
| Preferred volume (L) | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 3 | 2.5 | 3 |
| Minimum volume required (L) | 1 | 2 | 0.5 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 1 | 0.77 | 1 |
| Shipping container | Poly | Poly | Poly | Poly | Poly | Poly | Poly | Glass | Glass | Amber glass |

UF = Unfiltered.

F = Filtered.

Attachment 5, Sampling Requirements and Plan (continued)

Sampling and Analysis Plan

| Permit SMA Number | SDPPP Section | Station Name | Stage | Gross Alpha | Ra-226/Ra-228 | Cyanide | Dissolved Metals | Total Metals | Aluminum (Filtered) | Arsenic (Filtered) | Copper (Filtered) | Mercury (Unfiltered) | Zinc (Filtered) | PCBs | High Explosives | Dioxins/Furans | Pesticides | SVOCs |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|---------|------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------|-----------------|----------------|------------|-------|
| CDV-SMA-1.2 | 180 | SS100421 | MEx ^a | Х | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | |
| CDV-SMA-1.3 | 181 | SS100422 | CACompD | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-1.4 | 182 | SS130425 | CAM5 | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Χ | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-1.45 | 183 | SS090406 | CAM5 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-1.7 | 184 | SS190430 | CAM5 | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | |
| CDV-SMA-2 | 185 | SS255 | AltCompR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-2.3 | 186 | SS080404 | AltCompR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-2.41 | 187 | SS090407 | CAM5 | Х | | | | | | | | | | Х | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-2.42 | 188 | SS150427 | CAM5-2 | Х | | | | | Х | | Х | | | Х | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-2.5 | 189 | SS090420 | BCComp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-2.51 | 190 | SS090409 | AltCompR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-3 | 191 | SS25605 | CAM5 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | Х | | | |
| CDV-SMA-4 | 192 | SS130424 | MEx | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | |
| CDV-SMA-6.01 | 193 | SS150428 | CAM5 | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | |
| CDV-SMA-6.02 | 194 | SS130423 | CAM5 | Х | Х | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | |
| CDV-SMA-7 | 195 | SS252625 | CAM5-2 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-8 | 196 | SS25630 | AltCompR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-8.5 | 197 | SS180429 | MEx | Х | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDV-SMA-9.05 | 198 | SS090412 | CAM5 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F-SMA-2 | 199 | SS152402 | CAM5-2 | Х | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | |

Attachment 5, Sampling Requirements and Plan (continued)

Sampling and Analysis Plan (continued)

| Permit SMA Number | SDPPP Section | Station Name | Stage | Gross Alpha | Ra-226/Ra-228 | Cyanide | Dissolved Metals | Total Metals | Aluminum (Filtered) | Arsenic (Filtered) | Copper (Filtered) | Mercury (Unfiltered) | Zinc (Filtered) | PCBs | High Explosives | Dioxins/Furans | Pesticides | SVOCs |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|---------|------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------|-----------------|----------------|------------|-------|
| PT-SMA-0.5 | 200 | SS26565 | CAM5 | Χ | | | | | Х | | Х | | | | Х | | | Χ |
| PT-SMA-1 | 201 | SS174821 | AltCompR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PT-SMA-1.7 | 202 | SS134817 | CAM5 | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | |
| PT-SMA-2 | 203 | SS2658 | CAM5-2 | Χ | | | | | | | Х | | | | | | | |
| PT-SMA-2.01 | 204 | SS124816 | CACompC-Inv | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | Х |
| PT-SMA-3 | 205 | SS184822 | CAM5 | Χ | | | | | | | | | | | Х | | | |
| PT-SMA-4.2 | 206 | SS094806 | CAI | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-1 | 207 | SS133939 | CACompC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-1.5 | 208 | SS153942 | CAM5-2 | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-2.05 | 209 | SS093903 | CAM5 | | | Χ | | | Х | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-3.5 | 210 | SS103929 | MEx | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-4.1 | 211 | SS103930 | MEx | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | |
| W-SMA-5 | 212 | SS2528 | AltCompR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-6 | 213 | SS173944 | AltCompR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-7 | 214 | SS153943 | CAM5 | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-7.8 | 215 | SS103931 | S7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-7.9 | 216 | SS103932 | MEx | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | | | | Χ |
| W-SMA-8 | 217 | SS143941 | CAM5 | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | | | | Χ |
| W-SMA-8.7 | 218 | SS103933 | AltCompR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-8.71 | 219 | SS123938 | CAM5-2 | Χ | Х | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-9.05 | 220 | SS093914 | MEx ^a | Χ | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | |

Attachment 5, Sampling Requirements and Plan (continued)

Sampling and Analysis Plan (continued)

| Permit SMA Number | SDPPP Section | Station Name | Stage | Gross Alpha | Ra-226/Ra-228 | Cyanide | Dissolved Metals | Total Metals | Aluminum (Filtered) | Arsenic (Filtered) | Copper (Filtered) | Mercury (Unfiltered) | Zinc (Filtered) | PCBs | High Explosives | Dioxins/Furans | Pesticides | SVOCs |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------|-------------|---------------|---------|------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------|-----------------|----------------|------------|-------|
| W-SMA-9.5 | 221 | SS173945 | CAM5 | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Χ | | | | | | | Χ | | | |
| W-SMA-9.7 | 222 | SS093916 | AltCompR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-9.8 | 223 | SS173946 | MEx | Х | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-9.9 | 224 | SS103934 | CAM5 | Х | | Χ | | | Х | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-10 | 225 | SS25245 | AltCompR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-11.7 | 226 | SS103935 | S7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-12.05 | 227 | SS093922 | MEx | Х | Χ | Χ | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | |
| W-SMA-14.1 | 228 | SS123937 | AltCompR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-SMA-15.1 | 229 | SS093927 | CAM5 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

^a Baseline monitoring was reinitiated in 2020 (where one baseline sample had previously been collected with no TAL exceedances) in order to collect a second sample. AltCompR = Alternative compliance requested.

BEC = Enhanced controls are being built to initiate corrective action monitoring.

CACompC-Inv = Corrective action is complete with a certification that no pollutants are exposed to storm water. Investigation sample being collected.

CAI = Corrective action has been initiated.

- CAM5 = Corrective Action Enhanced Control Monitoring: Two confirmation monitoring samples are collected following completion of corrective action control measures at moderate priority sites within 5 yr of effective date of the Permit.
- CAM5-2 = Corrective Action Enhanced Control Monitoring: Two confirmation monitoring samples are collected following completion of corrective action control measures at moderate priority sites within 5 yr of effective date of the Permit. Corrective action enhanced controls were installed twice at this Site. This is the second round of sampling.
- MEx = Extended Baseline Monitoring: One confirmation monitoring sample is collected to determine if corrective action is required.
- S7 = Alternatives analysis. Permittees are preparing an analysis of alternatives to complete corrective action.

Attachment 6 Additional Compliance Status Details for SMAs/Sites in Corrective Action

| SMA | Site List | Additional Compliance Status Details |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| CDV-SMA-2.42 | 16-010(b) | The Permittees requested this Site be removed from the IP in 2015. There has been no response from EPA. Therefore, this Site was still being monitored in 2017. A sample was collected with TAL exceedances. Enhanced controls were installed in 2021 and the certification of installation of controls was submitted to EPA on July 14, 2021. |
| CDV-SMA-7 | 15-008(d) | Enhanced control measures were installed as a corrective action in 2020 and the certification of installation was submitted to EPA on December 14, 2020. A sample was collected with TAL exceedances on August 26, 2021. As this was the first sample collected after enhanced certification, the Analytical results for this sample were submitted to EPA on November 4, 2021 per Permit Part I.E.1(c). Enhanced control corrective action monitoring is ongoing until collection of a second sample is achieved. |
| CDV-SMA-9.05 | 15-007(b) | Enhanced control measures were installed as a corrective action in 2020 and the certification of installation was submitted to EPA on December 14, 2020. A sample was collected with no TAL exceedances on August 26, 2021. As this was the first sample collected after enhanced certification, the Analytical results for this sample were submitted to EPA on November 4, 2021 per Permit Part I.E.1(c). Enhanced control corrective action monitoring is ongoing until collection of a second sample is achieved. |
| F-SMA-2 | 36-004(c) | A sample was collected with TAL exceedances on August 26, 2021. As this was the first sample collected after enhanced certification, the Analytical results for this sample were submitted to EPA on November 4, 2021 per Permit Part I.E.1(c). Enhanced control corrective action monitoring is ongoing until collection of a second sample is achieved. |
| PT-SMA-2 | 36-003(b) 15-008(f) 36-004(e) | Enhanced control measures were installed as a corrective action in 2021 and the certification of installation was submitted to EPA on July 15, 2021. A sample was collected with TAL exceedances on August 26, 2021. As this was the first sample collected after enhanced certification, the Analytical results for this sample were submitted to EPA on November 4, 2021 per Permit Part I.E.1(c). Enhanced control corrective action monitoring is ongoing until collection of a second sample is achieved. |
| PT-SMA-4.2 | 36-004(d) | In 2021, a second corrective action sample was collected with TAL exceedances. Corrective action was initiated on October 4, 2021 after receipt of the validated analytical data. The Permittees are currently preparing an alternatives analysis for completion of corrective action. |
| W-SMA-7.8 | 16-031(a) | In 2019, a storm water sample was collected from the first measurable storm event after certification of baseline control installation with no TAL exceedances. Extending baseline monitoring was ongoing in 2021 until a second storm water sample with no TAL exceedances was collected per Permit Part I.4.a, to remove pollutants of concern from monitoring requirements for this Site. A second baseline control sample was collected on May 30, 2021 with TAL exceedances. The Permittees are currently preparing an alternatives analysis for completion of corrective action. |
| W-SMA-11.7 | 49-008(c) | In 2021, a second corrective action sample was collected with TAL exceedances. Corrective action was initiated on October 4, 2021 after receipt of the validated analytical data. The Permittees are currently preparing an alternatives analysis for completion of corrective action. |