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EMLA-2021-BF165-02-001

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September 27, 2021

Subject:

Submittal of the 2021 Annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report for the Corrective Measures Implementation at Former 260 Outfall Area

Dear Mr. Maestas:

Enclosed please find two hard copies with electronic files of the "2021 Annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report for the Corrective Measures Implementation at Former 260 Outfall Area." This report summarizes activities completed from August 2020 to July 2021 related to monitoring and maintenance of the Technical Area 16 260 Outfall former settling pond cap; monitoring of the surge bed water levels; monitoring of water quality at select springs and alluvial seep; and monitoring of alluvial groundwater and surface water quality at select locations within Cañon de Valle, S-Site Canyon, Pajarito Canyon, Water Canyon, and Fishladder Canyon.

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Sincerely,

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Enclosure(s):

1. Two hard copies with electronic files – 2021 Annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report for the Corrective Measures Implementation at Former 260 Outfall Area (EM2021-0468)

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2021 Annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report for the Corrective Measures Implementation at Former 260 Outfall Area



Newport News Nuclear BWXT-Los Alamos, LLC (N3B), under the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Environmental Management Contract No. 89303318CEM000007 (the Los Alamos Legacy Cleanup Contract), has prepared this document pursuant to the Compliance Order on Consent, signed June 24, 2016. The Compliance Order on Consent contains requirements for the investigation and cleanup, including corrective action, of contamination at Los Alamos National Laboratory. The U.S. government has rights to use, reproduce, and distribute this document. The public may copy and use this document without charge, provided that this notice and any statement of authorship are reproduced on all copies.

2021 Annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report for the Corrective Measures Implementation at Former 260 Outfall Area

September 2021

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CONTENTS

| 1.0 | INTR | ODUCTION | 1 |
|--------|------------|---|----|
| | 1.1 | Regulatory Context | 2 |
| | 1.2 | Conceptual Model for Transport of RDX and Barium | 2 |
| | 1.3 | Monitoring Objectives | ∠ |
| 2.0 | LONG | G-TERM MONITORING AND MAINTENANCE SAMPLING AND RESULTS | |
| | 2.1 | Sampling | |
| | 2.2 | Results | |
| | 2.3 | Deviations | |
| 3.0 | INSP | ECTION AND MAINTENANCE | |
| | 3.1 | Low-Permeability Cap | |
| | 3.2 | Surge Bed Monitoring Well | |
| 4.0 | | USSION AND CONCLUSIONS | |
| | 4.1 | RDX | |
| | 4.2 | Barium | |
| | 4.3 4.4 | Other Analytes Exceeding their Respective Screening Levels Conclusions | |
| | | | |
| 5.0 | | DMMENDATIONS | |
| 6.0 | | RENCES AND MAP DATA SOURCES | |
| | 6.1 6.2 | References | |
| Figure | | • | |
| _ | : 1.0-1 | Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan locations | 15 |
| • | 4.1-1 | Cañon de Valle segment 1 RDX data record | |
| • | | | |
| • | 4.1-2 | Cañon de Valle segment 2 RDX data record | |
| • | 4.1-3 | S-Site Canyon RDX data record | |
| • | 4.1-4 | Pajarito Canyon RDX data record | |
| U | 4.1-5 | Water Canyon RDX data record | |
| Figure | 4.1-6 | Fishladder Canyon RDX data record | |
| Figure | 4.2-1 | Cañon de Valle segment 1 barium data record | 19 |
| Figure | 4.2-2 | Cañon de Valle segment 2 barium data record | 19 |
| Figure | 4.2-3 | S-Site Canyon barium data record | 20 |
| Figure | 4.2-4 | Pajarito Canyon barium data record | |
| Figure | 4.2-5 | Water Canyon barium data record | 21 |
| U | 4.2-6 | • | |

| Tables | | |
|-------------|---|----|
| Table 2.1-1 | Monitoring Locations, Analytes, and Frequency | 23 |
| Table 2.1-2 | Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan Sampling Program Field Parameters | 24 |
| Table 2.2-1 | RDX Concentrations in Groundwater, Surface Water, and Springs | 25 |
| Table 2.2-2 | Barium Concentrations in Groundwater, Surface Water, and Springs | 26 |
| Table 2.2-3 | Analytes Exceeding Screening Levels | 27 |
| Appendixes | | |
| Appendix A | Field Forms Associated with Sample Collection | |
| Appendix B | Analytical Suites and Results (on CD included with this document) | |
| Appendix C | Inspection Forms | |
| Appendix D | Surge Bed Monitoring Well Transducer Data (on CD included with this document) | |
| | | |
| Plates | | |
| Plate 1 | RDX spatial distribution in Cañon de Valle and S-Site Canyon | |
| Plate 2 | Barium spatial distribution in Cañon de Valle | |

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This "2021 Annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report for the Corrective Measures Implementation at Former 260 Outfall Area" within Technical Area 16 (TA-16) at Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL or the Laboratory) follows the Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan requirements specified in Appendix A to the "Remedy Completion Report for Corrective Measures Implementation at Consolidated Unit 16-021(c)-99" (hereafter the corrective measures implementation [CMI] remedy completion report) (LANL 2017, 602597). This annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report covers the reporting period from August 2020 to July 2021 and typically includes information from two semiannual sampling events, one in August and the second in March. However, the August 2020 event was rescheduled to July 2020 and was reported in the "2020 Annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report for the Corrective Measures Implementation at Former 260 Outfall Area" (N3B 2020, 701053) to replace the event that was postponed in March 2020. From March 1 to March 23, 2020, approvals to use portable electronic devices (PEDs) in the TA-16 area were pending. On March 24, 2020, the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Environmental Management Los Alamos Field Office (EM-LA) transitioned to essential mission critical activities (EMCA) status in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) was notified of the transition to EMCA status on March 31, 2020 (DOE 2020, 700826). As a result of the EMCA status, the March 2020 sampling operations were paused. The second semiannual sampling event was conducted in July 2020 and was reported in the previous report. This report includes data from the March 2021 sampling event only.

The former 260 Outfall area consists of the high-explosives- (HE-) machining building (building 16-260) and associated sumps, drainlines, and troughs that discharged into the 260 Outfall drainage channel. The 260 Outfall drainage channel consists of the outfall, a former settling pond, and the lower portion of the drainage channel leading to Cañon de Valle (Figure 1.0-1). Historically, HE-contaminated water from the outfall entered the former settling pond and drained into the 260 Outfall drainage channel.

Corrective measures were implemented to address HE associated with the 260 Outfall, including Royal Demolition Explosive (RDX) and barium (a byproduct of processing HE Baratol), which are the primary contaminants addressed in the CMI remedy completion report (LANL 2017, 602597) and discussed in this report. Other compounds associated with the 260 Outfall include Her Majesty's Explosive (HMX); 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT); volatile organic compounds (VOCs); metals; and HE byproducts and degradation products. As part of the Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan, other analytes measured include semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), general inorganics, nitrogen-15/oxygen-18 isotopes in nitrate, and radionuclides. Where appropriate, these compounds are screened in accordance with the criteria established by the 2016 Compliance Order on Consent (Consent Order), and any compounds exceeding their respective screening levels are further discussed in this report. Additionally, field parameters (e.g., dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential [ORP], pH, specific conductance, temperature, and turbidity) were collected at select locations, and measurement results are provided.

This report discusses the monitoring and maintenance of the Outfall 260 former settling pond cap; monitoring of the surge bed water levels; monitoring of water quality at Sanitary Wastewater Systems Consolidation (SWSC) Spring, Burning Ground Spring, Martin Spring, and the permeable reactive barrier (PRB) alluvial seep (16-61439); and monitoring of groundwater and surface water (base flow) quality at select locations within Cañon de Valle, S-Site Canyon, Pajarito Canyon, Water Canyon, and Fishladder Canyon.

1.1 Regulatory Context

Long-term monitoring and maintenance activities follow the approach put forth in the CMI remedy completion report for corrective measures at Consolidated Unit 16-012(c)-99 (LANL 2017, 602597). The long-term water quality monitoring activities complement and integrate with the "Interim Facility-Wide Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the 2020 Monitoring Year, October 2019–September 2020" (IFGMP) (N3B 2019, 700451) and the "Interim Facility-Wide Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the 2021 Monitoring Year, October 2020–September 2021" (N3B 2020, 700927) for groundwater and surface water monitoring. Newport News Nuclear BWXT-Los Alamos, LLC (N3B) has implemented the IFGMP in accordance with Section XII of the Consent Order. The Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan was included in the CMI remedy completion report, Appendix A (LANL 2017, 602597). NMED approved the CMI remedy completion report on November 27, 2017 (NMED 2017, 602758).

Monitoring of groundwater from springs (including SWSC, Burning Ground, Bulldog, and Martin), alluvial wells, and intermediate and regional wells in the vicinity and downgradient of the 260 Outfall has historically been conducted as part of the TA-16 260 monitoring group activities conducted under the IFGMP. With the completion of surface CMI activities at Consolidated Unit 16-021(c)-99 and NMED's approval of the "Remedy Completion Report for Corrective Measures Implementation at Consolidated Unit 16-021(c)-99," including the Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan (LANL 2017, 602597; NMED 2017, 602758), the monitoring of surface water, alluvial groundwater, and springs has been incorporated into the IFGMP.

1.2 Conceptual Model for Transport of RDX and Barium

RDX and barium were the primary chemicals of potential concern (COPCs) in alluvial groundwater during the surface CMIs from 1999 to 2010 (LANL 2007, 098192). RDX is the most significant COPC within Cañon de Valle and Water Canyon (LANL 2017, 602597). RDX is a mobile compound that does not sorb strongly to environmental media and is readily transported in water. RDX dissolved in groundwater will partition between dissolved RDX and sorbed RDX. RDX sorbs minimally to tuff and sediment, with greater sorption if organic carbon is present. RDX can be degraded both biologically (i.e., microbial degradation) and chemically (hydrolysis) (LANL 2017, 602597).

A review of the concentrations of RDX detected in alluvial monitoring wells indicates long-term declines. The CMI remedy completion report (LANL 2017, 602597) reported that the majority of detections of RDX in alluvial wells in Cañon de Valle were near or below the screening level of 9.66 μ g/L. There have been higher concentrations of RDX observed in alluvial monitoring wells downstream of the 260 Outfall in the past 20 yr.

Although the majority of RDX concentrations in discharges from SWSC, Burning Ground, and Martin Springs and 16-61439 (PRB alluvial seep) from 2000 to 2020 were above the 9.66-µg/L screening level, overall concentrations are declining, likely because of the RDX source-reduction actions that were implemented at Outfall 260 (LANL 2017, 602597). In March 2021, RDX was detected above the 9.66-µg/L screening value at Burning Ground Spring, Martin Spring, and 16-61439.

The overall long-term decrease in RDX concentrations in shallow water reflects multiple factors, including the elimination of the original outfall source of RDX with cessation of National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) discharges into Cañon de Valle, surface removal activities conducted in 2001 and during the surface CMI in 2009 and 2010, and long-term reduction of RDX from the system from natural degradation processes.

Concentration trends for HE compounds have been variable and range from generally declining to stable for an extended period. The March 2021 RDX sampling results at Burning Ground Spring, Martin Spring, and 16-61439 are consistent with past results. Consistent with the description in the CMI remedy completion report (LANL 2017, 602597), the current concentrations of RDX detected in the springs are considered protective of nearby surface water and alluvial groundwater because the concentrations decrease dramatically as the distance increases away from the source. The objective of long-term monitoring at each spring is to ensure concentrations remain low or stable with time and the regional aquifer is protected.

Barium was targeted for removal in addition to RDX during Outfall 260 source-removal activities. With the cessation of discharge from Outfall 260 to Cañon de Valle, the estimated inventory of barium has been significantly reduced (LANL 2002, 073706); however, elevated barium concentrations in Cañon de Valle alluvial groundwater and surface water persist (LANL 2017, 602597).

Barium mobility is controlled by sorption and the dynamics of surface and alluvial hydrology. Barium continues to be mobilized by fluctuating water levels in the alluvium. Barium is also irreversibly removed from groundwater when barite (barium sulfate) precipitates; however, because witherite (barium carbonate) is also present and dissolves when wet, barium concentrations in alluvial groundwater remain elevated, buffered by the geochemical processes (LANL 2017, 602597).

Barium is more persistent in shallow groundwater within Cañon de Valle and, to a lesser extent, in Martin Spring in S-Site Canyon; however, barium is not likely to migrate to perched-intermediate groundwater or the regional aquifer given its sorptive characteristics, making it considerably less mobile than RDX in oxidizing groundwater. Although barium is well buffered in the near-surface system, natural sorptive processes slowly remove it from the system. Barium is elevated only in the surface and alluvial systems, and its mobility is limited by conditions in near-surface soils and alluvial groundwater. In addition to flushing dissolved barium from pore water and desorbing any reversibly sorbed barium, higher alluvial groundwater levels can dissolve barium minerals, primarily witherite, present in the unsaturated zone (Reid et al. 2005, 093660). Alternatively, declining alluvial groundwater levels will precipitate barium minerals. The presence of barium minerals partially buffers barium concentrations in surface waters and significantly buffers barium concentrations in alluvial waters (Reid et al. 2005, 093660).

Barium concentrations in alluvial groundwater within Cañon de Valle continue to be elevated. Concentrations in spring water are generally less than the 2000-µg/L screening level. Barium concentrations show a long-term decline in alluvial groundwater samples collected from location CDV-16-02656, upgradient of the former PRB, suggesting a diminishing source; however, location CDV-16-611923, upstream of the former PRB cutoff wall, showed a significant spike in barium concentrations after the PRB was installed in 2010. After the cutoff wall was installed, water levels in the alluvium above the cutoff wall rose, saturating sediments that likely contained witherite, which is the mobile fraction of barium. As the witherite dissolved, barium concentrations in groundwater spiked. The elevated barium eventually dissipated after flooding breached the cutoff wall in 2011.

Surface water and alluvial groundwater include a mix of spring water and water from upgradient locations and sources. Barium concentrations at surface water and alluvial monitoring locations have been steadily declining and are currently low and stable with some seasonally driven variability, specifically at Burning Ground Spring and SWSC Spring. Barium concentrations at surface and alluvial monitoring locations are steadily declining, except at CDV-16-02659 and 16-61439, where barium concentrations are above the screening level. At CDV-16-611923 barium concentrations have been declining but are above the screening value, however, since 2020 samples at this location were not able to be collected since the location has been dry.

The CMI performance objectives were to reduce concentrations of barium and RDX in alluvial groundwater to prevent their migration to deeper groundwater. The Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan established performance-monitoring points as follows: the five existing alluvial wells in Cañon de Valle, three existing alluvial wells in S-Site Canyon, two surface-water sampling points along the perennial surface water reach of Cañon de Valle, one surface-water sampling point in S-Site Canyon, and at the springs.

1.3 Monitoring Objectives

Key objectives of the long-term monitoring program include the following:

- monitoring effectiveness of the low-permeability cap and surge-bed grouting to ensure infiltrating water does not encounter and mobilize residual COPCs in the outfall area and underlying shallow vadose zone
- monitoring the long-term trend in COPC concentrations (primarily HE and barium) in springs, surface water, and alluvial groundwater to ensure historically declining and/or stable concentrations persist

2.0 LONG-TERM MONITORING AND MAINTENANCE SAMPLING AND RESULTS

Section 2.0 presents the data collected for this 2021 annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report. The focus of the discussion is RDX and barium, identified as the primary COPCs targeted in the corrective measures implemented at former 260 Outfall. Other constituents are monitored as part of long-term monitoring and maintenance, and sampling results for all constituents monitored in the 2021 long-term monitoring and maintenance program are provided in this report. The results are screened against their respective screening levels, and the constituents that exceed their screening levels are discussed in more detail in this report.

2.1 Sampling

The purpose of the long-term monitoring activities is to assess the long-term effectiveness of the CMI for Consolidated Unit 16-021(c)-99, to monitor the long-term trends in COPC concentrations, and to support continuous evaluation of the conceptual model for the fate and transport of residual COPCs in nearby springs, surface water, and alluvial groundwater.

Sampling of groundwater, surface water, and springs for the TA-16 260 monitoring group is conducted semiannually (LANL 2017, 602406); however, as stated in section 1.0, the timing of the semiannual sampling events was interrupted by PED approvals and COVID-19 restrictions. In the CMI remedy completion report, Appendix A (LANL 2017, 602597), the analytes and sampling frequencies proposed in the IFGMP (N3B 2018, 700000) for alluvial groundwater, surface water, and springs for the TA-16 260 monitoring group were adapted as the long-term monitoring requirements for the former 260 Outfall area. Table 2.1-1 summarizes the monitoring locations (i.e., TA-16 260 monitoring group); parameters measured; and sampling frequencies for the springs, alluvial groundwater, and surface waters that make up the 2021 long-term monitoring program. The suite of compounds measured includes HEXMOD (i.e., RDX, HMX, TNT, and degradation byproducts), per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), VOCs, metals, SVOCs, general inorganics, low-level tritium, radionuclides, and nitrogen-15/oxygen-18 isotopes in nitrate. Table 2.1-2 provides a list of the field parameters and measurement results. Appendix A provides the field forms associated with sample collection.

2.2 Results

This section presents the results for the primary COPCs associated with the Outfall 260 drainage channel (i.e., RDX and barium) and the concentrations measured in the springs, surface water, and alluvial groundwater in Cañon de Valle, S-Site Canyon, Pajarito Canyon, Water Canyon, and Fishladder Canyon. The other constituents monitored as part of the Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan are screened against their respective screening levels, and any exceedances identified are further discussed in this section. All validated analytical results are provided in Appendix B (on CD included with this document).

To present and evaluate the results from the sampling events, the data are organized by canyon, beginning with the most upgradient sample location and moving downgradient within each canyon, as follows:

- Cañon de Valle segment 1
 - CDV-16-02656 (background)
 - ❖ CDV-16-02657r
 - SWSC Spring
 - Burning Ground Spring
- Cañon de Valle segment 2
 - 16-61439 (PRB alluvial seep)
 - ❖ CDV-16-611923
 - ❖ CDV-16-611937
 - Cañon de Valle below MDA P
 - ❖ CDV-16-02659
- S-Site Canyon
 - Martin Spring
 - ❖ MSC-16-06293
 - ❖ MSC-16-06294
- Pajarito Canyon
 - Bulldog Spring
 - ❖ Pajarito below S&N Ancho E Basin Confluence (Confluence)
- Water Canyon
 - Between E252 and Water at Beta
 - Water at Beta
- Fishladder Canyon
 - ❖ FLC-16-25280

As described above, the Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan prescribes the sampling of spring water, surface water, and alluvial groundwater performed in March 2021. The 2021 Long-Term Monitoring

and Maintenance Plan sampling events were performed in March 2021. Table 2.2-1 presents the RDX results by canyon or canyon segment. Barium levels are monitored in filtered samples collected from spring water, surface water, and alluvial groundwater. Table 2.2-2 presents the barium results by canyon or canyon segment.

Analytes, other than barium or RDX, with screening levels were screened against those levels. Any exceedances are discussed in section 4, and Table 2.2-3 presents the analytes that exceeded their respective screening levels.

2.3 Deviations

Sampling at Water Canyon/Cañon de Valle (TA-16 260 monitoring group included) for the second quarter of monitoring year (MY) 2020 was canceled because groundwater field crews were unable to access Weapons Facilities Operations security areas from March 1 to March 23; approvals to use PEDs in the TA-16 area were pending. Then, beginning on March 24, 2020, EM-LA transitioned to EMCA status in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. NMED was notified of the transition to EMCA status on March 31, 2020 (DOE 2020, 700826). As a result of the EMCA status, the March 2020 sampling operations were paused. The second semiannual sampling event was conducted in July 2020, and all data were reported in the previous "2020 Annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report for the Corrective Measures Implementation at Former 260 Outfall Area" (N3B 2020, 701053). The July 2020 event was scheduled to replace both the March and August sampling events for 2020.

Regarding the omission of the polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and dioxin/furan data from the 2020 annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report, the following discussion is provided. When the sampling campaign was implemented in July 2020, following the EMCA shutdown, many of the locations to be sampled were dry or did not have sufficient water to enable collection of a sample. Where there was sufficient water for sample collection in July 2020, PCBs and dioxins/furans were analyzed, but the results are only partially included in Appendix B of the 2020 annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report. While PCB and dioxin/furan analyses were performed on samples collected from Burning Ground Spring, 16-61439, CDV-16-611937, Martin Spring, Bulldog Spring, and Between E252 and Water at Beta in July 2020, the PCB and dioxin/furan sampling results were inadvertently excluded from the 2020 annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report. This information was reported and discussed in the "Response to Draft New Mexico Environment Department's Comments on the 2020 Annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report for the Corrective Measures Implementation at Former 260 Outfall Area, September 2020, LANL-20-064, Dated February 10, 2021," dated March 2021 (N3B 2021, 701345).

3.0 INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

Sections 3.1 and 3.2, respectively, discuss (1) the inspection and maintenance approach for the low-permeability cap on the former settling pond and (2) monitoring of the surge bed monitoring well installed to monitor the effectiveness of the injection grouting.

3.1 Low-Permeability Cap

The objective of the low-permeability cap on top of the former settling pond is to prevent surface water run-on and infiltration into the outfall area and underlying shallow vadose zone that contain residual RDX. The low-permeability cap is inspected semiannually for evidence of settling, cracking, erosion, water ponding, undesirable vegetation growth, and animal intrusion. Each year, inspections are conducted in

March or April to check for damage that may be associated with winter and snowmelt conditions and in September to monitor for damage from summer rainfall runoff.

In the September 2020 inspection of the low-permeability cap, no erosion, cracking, settlement, or ponding water was observed. Although there was no evidence of burrowing animals, two ponderosa pines were removed from the cap, and the slopes were observed to be adequate for water runoff. No maintenance items were identified during the inspection.

In the March 2021 inspection of the low-permeability cap, no cracking, settlement, or ponding water was observed. There was no evidence of burrowing animals, and the slopes were observed to be adequate for water runoff. One ponderosa pine was removed from the cap. No maintenance items were identified during the inspection. The inspection forms used to document the fall and spring inspections are provided in Appendix C.

Storm water run-on and runoff controls are in place to prevent erosion of the low-permeability cap and to prevent runoff and sediment from moving farther down the 260 Outfall drainage channel. Monitoring and maintenance of the storm water control structures at the former 260 Outfall area continue under NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 (Individual Permit or Permit), issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6, on September 30, 2010 (EPA 2010, 213450) and authorizing discharge of storm water associated with historical industrial activities at the Laboratory. Storm water controls installed at the site under the Individual Permit currently include vegetation, earthen berms, curbing, riprap, a rock check dam, and the low-permeability cap; therefore, an additional inspection of the low-permeability cap is performed when these controls are inspected as required by the Permit. An inspection of the storm water control structures, including the low-permeability cap at former 260 Outfall area, was performed on July 22, 2021. The inspection form is provided in Appendix C.

3.2 Surge Bed Monitoring Well

The surge bed monitoring well was installed to evaluate the effectiveness of the grout injected into the subsurface surge bed and of the low-permeability cap by monitoring for the appearance of water in the surge bed. Observations of water levels in the surge bed monitoring well during semiannual inspections have confirmed no detectable volume of water within the well. Additionally, throughout the MY 2021 season, water levels have been monitored by a dedicated in-well transducer; no water has been detected in the surge bed monitoring well. The raw transducer data are provided in Appendix D.

4.0 DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

This section discusses the RDX and barium results from the March 2021 sampling event and how the results compare with the historical trends (January 2001 through January 2021) and support the conceptual model. In addition, this section describes other analytes (e.g., iron, manganese, and boron) detected above their respective screening levels and how these relate to the conditions in the alluvial groundwater.

4.1 RDX

The complete RDX data records for Cañon de Valle segments 1 and 2 are presented in Figures 4.1-1 and 4.1-2, respectively. These figures provide a comprehensive review of the RDX concentrations in waters in each segment and how the RDX sample results compare with the historical data trends. Based on a review of these data, it can be concluded that the temporal and spatial trends and conditions in the surface water, alluvial groundwater, and springs are consistent with the concept that RDX concentrations

are in long-term decline and are still considered protective of the regional groundwater; however, transient increases in RDX concentrations are observed during wet periods.

Plate 1 shows the spatial distribution of RDX across Cañon de Valle since the completion of the CMI. This plate illustrates a steady decrease in RDX concentrations across sampling locations in Cañon de Valle in March 2021. RDX concentrations downgradient of the source and overall long-term continue to decline since the completion of the corrective measures.

The S-Site Canyon RDX data record is shown in Figure 4.1-3, and the spatial distribution of RDX detected since the corrective measures is provided on Plate 1. The Martin Spring water RDX concentrations remain above the screening level, although the sample results are consistent with the conclusion that RDX levels continue to decline over time. Both MSC-16-06293 and MSC-16-06294 were dry during the last sampling event. Plate 1 shows declining levels of RDX across the canyon with no impacts to surface water downgradient of Martin Spring, suggesting the RDX concentration in Martin Spring is a localized condition.

The Pajarito Canyon locations include a spring location at Bulldog Spring and a surface water location at the Confluence. Figure 4.1-4 presents the data record for both locations. Bulldog Spring water RDX concentrations are consistently below the screening level, including the result of the samples collected in March 2021. At the Confluence surface water location, the RDX results are consistent with past data—concentrations are below 9.66 µg/L and support the sharply decreasing trend in RDX concentration.

The Water Canyon RDX data record is presented in Figure 4.1-5. Figure 4.1-5 demonstrates that the samples are consistent with historical results, which indicate RDX is well below the screening level or not detected. Samples from the March 2021 sampling event were not available for Water Canyon at Beta because the location was dry at the time of sampling; however, Between E252 and Water at Beta was sampled and sample results were nondetected for RDX.

Figure 4.1-6 presents the data record for the Fishladder Canyon. In March 2021 results were not available because the location was dry at the time of sampling. However, the historical record indicates no impacts to Fishladder Canyon alluvial groundwater above the RDX screening level.

The sample results support the conceptual model for RDX by demonstrating the following:

- Concentrations of RDX in alluvial monitoring wells continue to show long-term declines.
- Most alluvial wells in Cañon de Valle are near or below the screening level of 9.66 µg/L.
- RDX concentrations for the March 2021 sampling result in water from Burning Ground Spring, and Martin Spring, as well as PRB alluvial seep (16-61439), are above the 9.66-μg/L screening level but are steadily declining.
- The current concentrations of RDX detected in the springs suggest the water is recovering from RDX concentrations and is not impacting alluvial groundwater, as concentrations indicate a dramatic decrease away from the source but may influence surface water RDX concentration during unusually wet years.

The sample results are consistent with past RDX concentration results and do not indicate a change to the conceptual site model. In addition, the monitoring and observations support the conclusion that the low-permeability cap and the stabilized surge bed remedies continue to be effective.

4.2 Barium

Barium concentration data records for the Cañon de Valle segments 1 and 2 are presented in Figures 4.2-1 and 4.2-2, respectively. These figures provide a comprehensive review of barium impacts to each segment since the start of the IFGMP program and a comparison of the sample barium results with the existing data trends. A review of these data indicate that the temporal and spatial trends, and conditions in the surface water, alluvial groundwater, and springs, are consistent with conditions described in the CMI remedy report (LANL 2017, 602597); therefore, these conditions are still considered protective of the regional groundwater.

Plate 2 shows the spatial distribution of barium across Cañon de Valle segments 1 and 2 since the completion of the CMI. In general, barium concentrations at each location are detected above the screening level; however, the barium results support the conclusion that barium levels are declining at each location along the canyon where the barium concentrations exceed the screening level.

In S-Site Canyon, Pajarito Canyon, Water Canyon, and Fishladder Canyon, barium is not detected above the 2000-μg/L screening level, which is consistent with the historical data record as seen in Figure 4.2-3 (S-Site Canyon), Figure 4.2-4 (Pajarito Canyon), Figure 4.2-5 (Water Canyon), and Figure 4.2-6 (Fishladder Canyon).

Based on the sample results and comparison with the existing barium data records, the following observations support the conceptual model:

- Concentrations in springs are less than the 2000-μg/L screening level, except at 16-61439 (PRB alluvial seep) and CdV-16-02659.
- Barium concentrations at both CdV-16-06259 and 16-61439 remain above 2000 μg/L but continue to show long-term decline.
- Barium concentrations in Cañon de Valle show a long-term decline in surface water and alluvial groundwater.
- The other canyons in the Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan sampling program are not impacted with barium above the screening level.

As the sample results are consistent with past barium concentration results and the conceptual site model, no change to the conceptual model is indicated by these results. The barium results are congruent with the RDX results and support the finding of the continued effectiveness of the low-permeability cap and the stabilized surge bed.

4.3 Other Analytes Exceeding their Respective Screening Levels

All the compounds monitored as part of the Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan sampling program were screened against their respective screening levels. Based on these results, iron, manganese, and boron were identified as compounds exceeding screening levels. Table 2.2-3 presents the analytes exceeding their respective screening levels.

During the March 2021 sampling event, iron and manganese exceeded their respective screening levels (1000 μ g/L and 200 μ g/L) with maximum concentrations of 1200 μ g/L and 321 μ g/L, respectively, in one sample collected at CDV-16-611937 (CAWA-21-218613). Alluvial groundwater conditions at sample location CVD-16-611937 were reducing during the sampling event. In March 2021, the dissolved oxygen concentration was measured at 1.49 mg/L, and the ORP was measured at 96.4 mV, indicating reducing

conditions. Reducing conditions at CVD-16-611937 are likely due to the lack of fresh water flushing the groundwater at this location.

One reason for these exceedances is the redox-sensitive nature of these compounds, as localized conditions become more reduced in the alluvial groundwater and the anaerobic bacteria convert iron and manganese into their more reduced (and more soluble) forms. The detection of iron and manganese above their screening levels in March 2021 correlates well with the localized reducing conditions in the alluvial groundwater at this location.

The March 2021 sampling results showed all locations sampled contained iron, with a range from $30.0 \ \mu g/L$ to $1200 \ \mu g/L$ in filtered samples. Iron concentrations did not exceeded $1000 \ \mu g/L$ at any sampling location other than CVD-16-611937.

Boron also exceeded its screening level (750 μ g/L) with a maximum concentration of 1270 μ g/L detected at Martin Spring during the March 2021 sampling event. Elevated concentrations of boron in Martin Spring water are well documented and relate to historical Laboratory releases at TA-16 (LANL 2018, 602963).

4.4 Conclusions

The CMI objectives were to reduce the concentrations of barium and RDX in alluvial groundwater to prevent the migration of these compounds into deeper groundwater. The Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan was implemented to (1) monitor the performance of the CMI in terms of these objectives to evaluate the effectiveness of the low-permeability cap and surge-bed grouting in ensuring that infiltrating water does not encounter and mobilize residual RDX in the outfall area and underlying shallow vadose zone and (2) monitor the long-term trend in concentrations of RDX and barium in springs, surface water, and alluvial groundwater to ensure historically declining and/or stable concentrations persist. The 2021 sampling and inspection program has met these objectives.

5.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results from the March 2021 semiannual sampling event and the inspections of the low-permeability cap and surge-bed grouting addressed in this report, EM-LA recommends that the Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan continue through MY 2022. Sampling and inspection will be continuous to evaluate the effectiveness of the low-permeability cap and surge-bed grouting and monitor the long-term trends in COPC (RDX and barium) concentrations. Alluvial groundwater, surface water, and spring water are anticipated to continue showing stable or declining concentrations of RDX and barium. If the data show a significant increase in COPC concentrations over time, the conditions in the vicinity of former 260 Outfall will be reassessed to identify the cause and evaluate whether additional corrective action is necessary.

Inspections of the low-permeability cap and surge bed will continue on a semiannual basis. If maintenance items are identified, they will be promptly addressed and reported in the subsequent annual report.

6.0 REFERENCES AND MAP DATA SOURCES

6.1 References

The following reference list includes documents cited in this report. Parenthetical information following each reference provides the author(s), publication date, and ERID, ESHID, or EMID. This information is also included in text citations. ERIDs were assigned by the Laboratory's Associate Directorate for Environmental Management (IDs through 599999); ESHIDs were assigned by the Laboratory's Associate Directorate for Environment, Safety, and Health (IDs 600000 through 699999); and EMIDs are assigned by N3B) (IDs 700000 and above). IDs are used to locate documents in N3B's Records Management System and in the Master Reference Set. The NMED Hazardous Waste Bureau and N3B maintain copies of the Master Reference Set. The set ensures that NMED has the references to review documents. The set is updated when new references are cited in documents.

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6.2 Map Data Sources

Hillshade; Los Alamos National Laboratory, ER-ES, As published; \slip\gis\Data\HYP\LiDAR\2014Bare_Earth\BareEarth_DEM_Mosiac.gdb; 2014.

Structures; Los Alamos National Laboratory, KSL Site Support Services, Planning, Locating and Mapping Section; 06 January 2004; as published 29 November 2010.

Unpaved road; Los Alamos National Laboratory, ER-ES, As published, GIS projects folder; \slip\GIS\Projects\14-Projects\14-0062\project_data.gdb; digitized_site_features; digitized_road; 2017.

Paved Road Arcs; Los Alamos National Laboratory, FWO Site Support Services, Planning, Locating and Mapping Section; 06 January 2004; as published 29 November 2010.

Drainage Channel; Los Alamos National Laboratory, ER-ES, As published, GIS projects folder; \slip\GIS\Projects\11-Projects\11-0108\\gdb\gdb_11-0108_generic.mdb; drainage; 2017.

TA-16 260 Outfall, As Published, GIS project folder: Q:\14-Projects\14-0080\project_data.gdb\ polygon\outfall_260

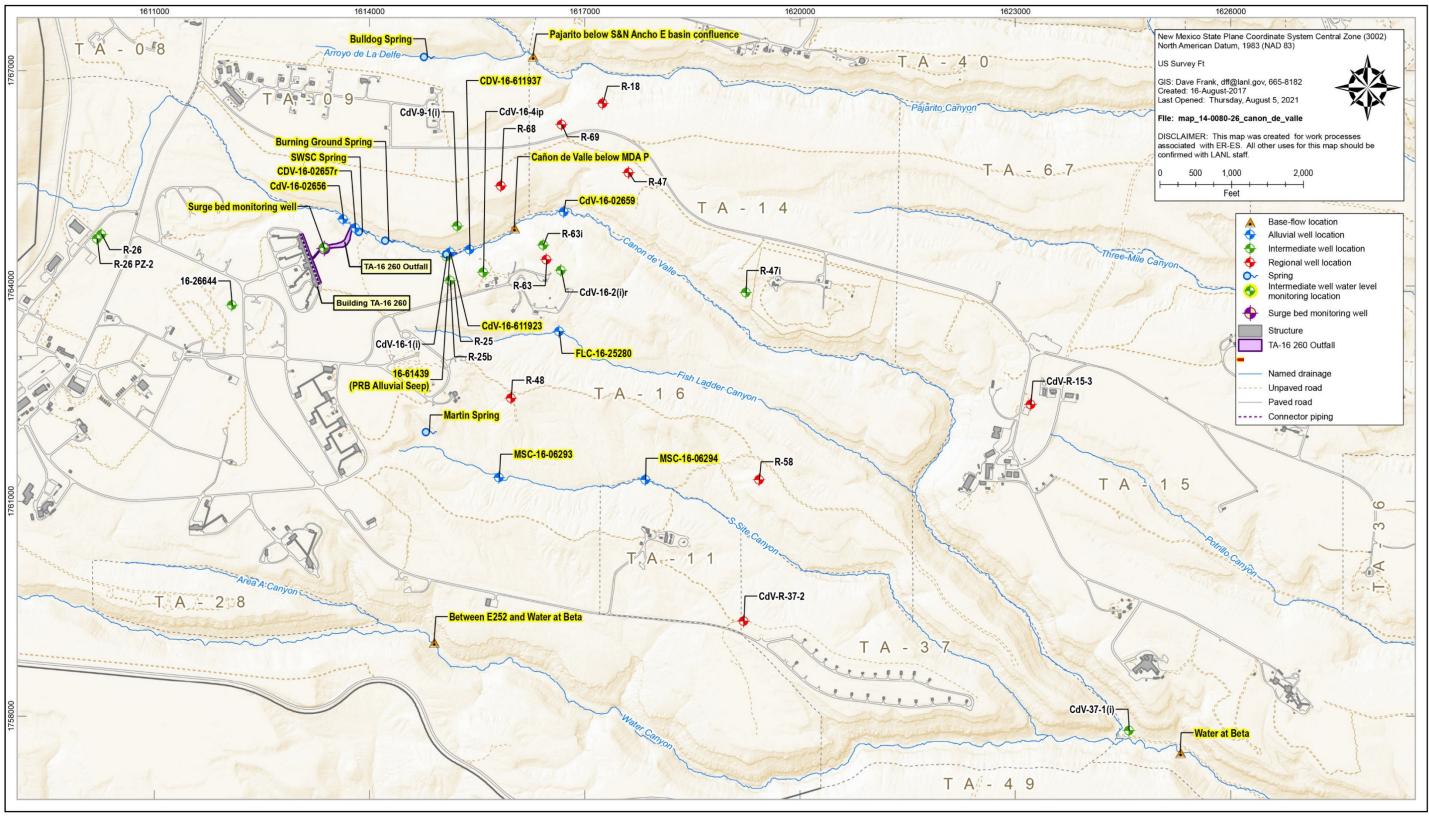
M Wall-PRB, As Published, GIS project folder: Q:\14-Projects\14-0080\project_data.gdb\line\wall_PRB

Connector piping, As Published, GIS project folder: Q:\14-Projects\14-0080\project_data.gdb\line\connector_piping

Tech areas; Los Alamos National Laboratory, Database Connections\GIS.PUB.PRD1.sde\PUB.Boundaries\PUB.tecareas

Tech Areas line; Los Alamos National Laboratory, Database Connections\GIS.PUB.PRD1.sde\PUB.Boundaries\PUB.tecareas_line

PUB.prs_all_reg_admin; Los Alamos National Laboratory, Database Connections\GIS.PUB.PRD1.sde\PUB.Regulatory\PUB.prs_all_reg_admin



Note: Yellow highlights indicate locations of interest in this report.

Figure 1.0-1 Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan locations



2021 Annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report for CMI at Former 260 Outfall Area

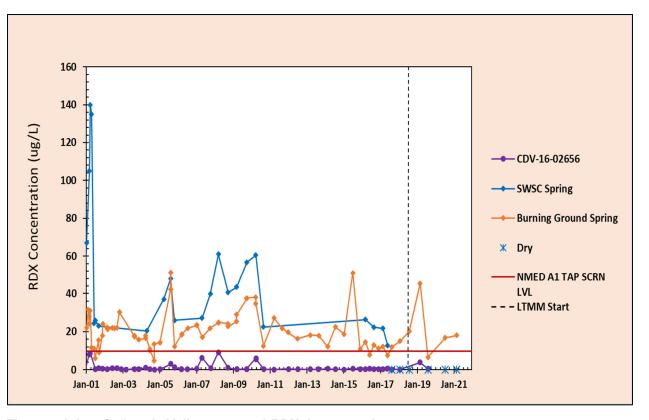


Figure 4.1-1 Cañon de Valle segment 1 RDX data record

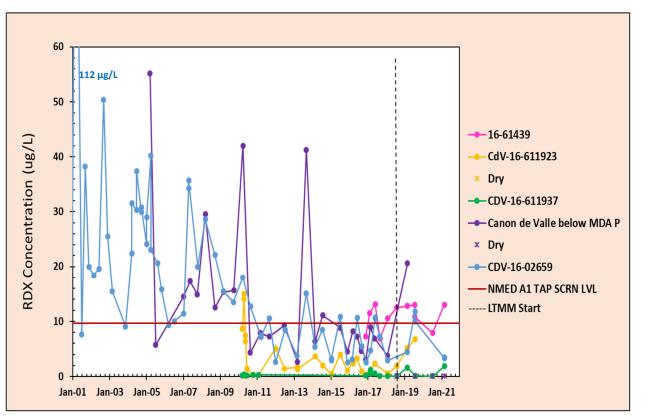


Figure 4.1-2 Cañon de Valle segment 2 RDX data record

16

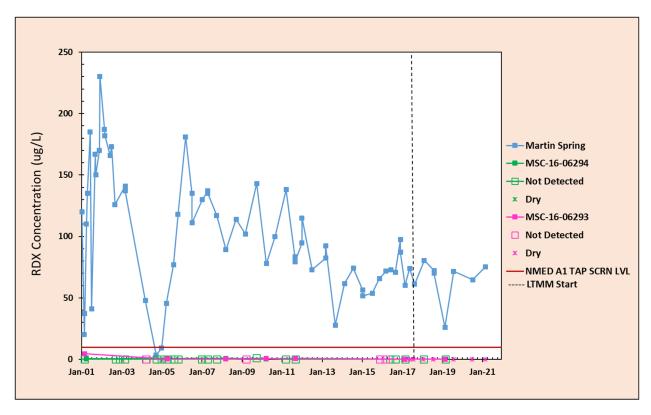


Figure 4.1-3 S-Site Canyon RDX data record

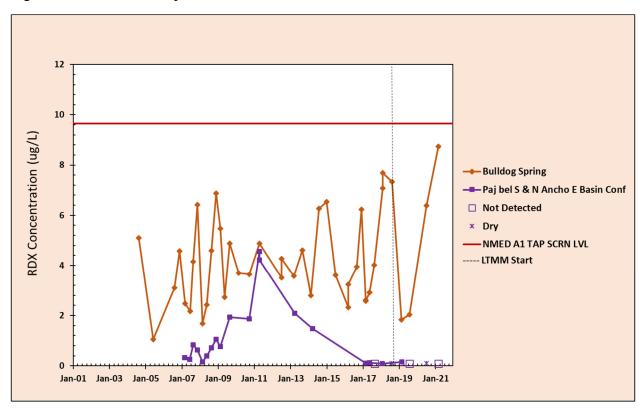


Figure 4.1-4 Pajarito Canyon RDX data record

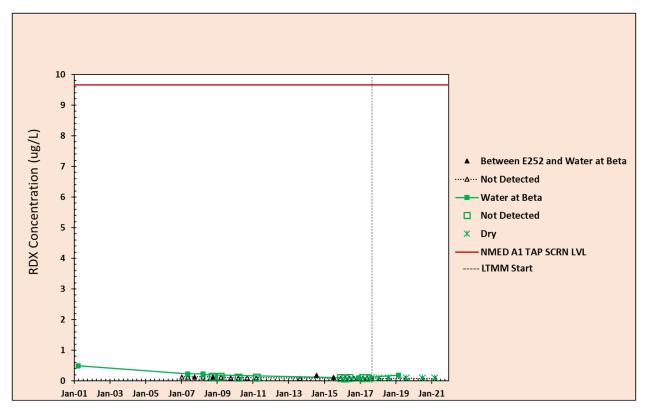


Figure 4.1-5 Water Canyon RDX data record

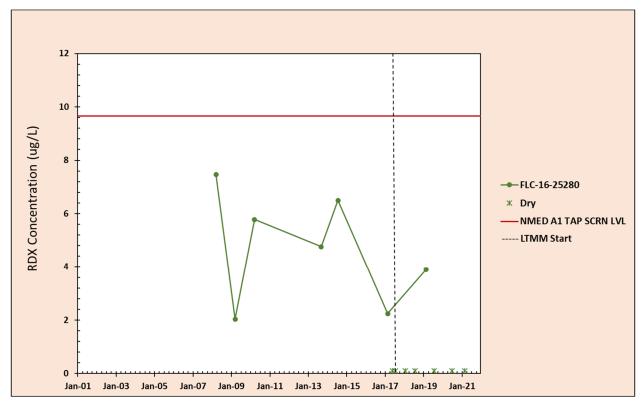


Figure 4.1-6 Fishladder Canyon RDX data record

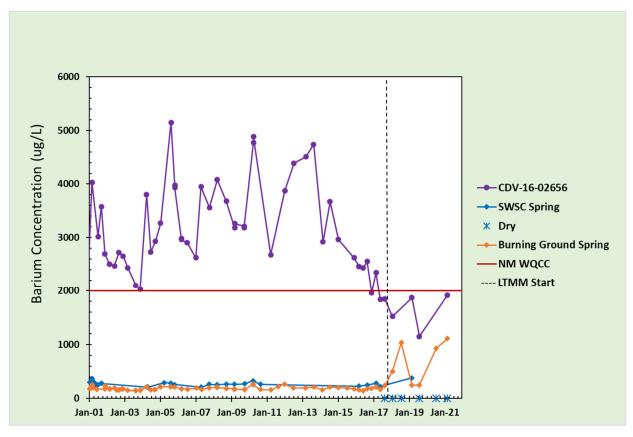


Figure 4.2-1 Cañon de Valle segment 1 barium data record

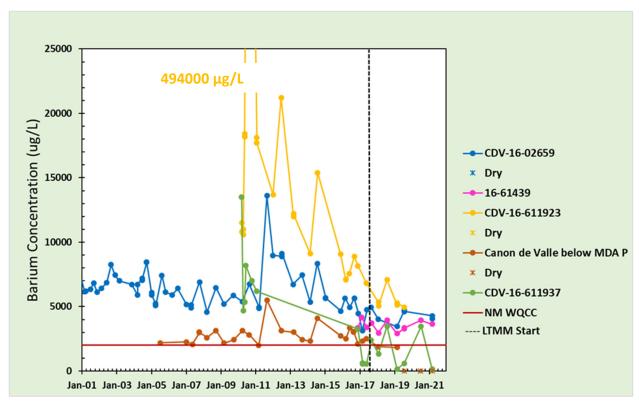


Figure 4.2-2 Cañon de Valle segment 2 barium data record

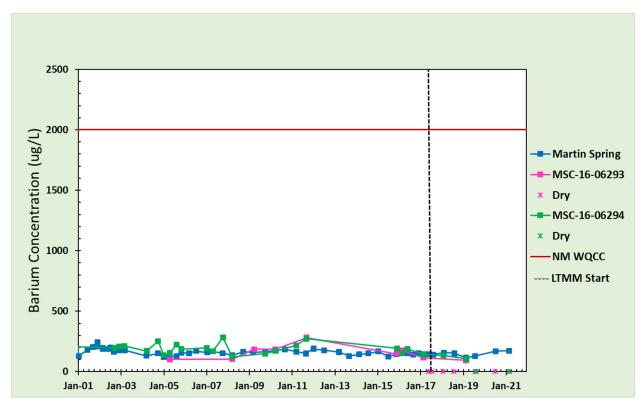


Figure 4.2-3 S-Site Canyon barium data record

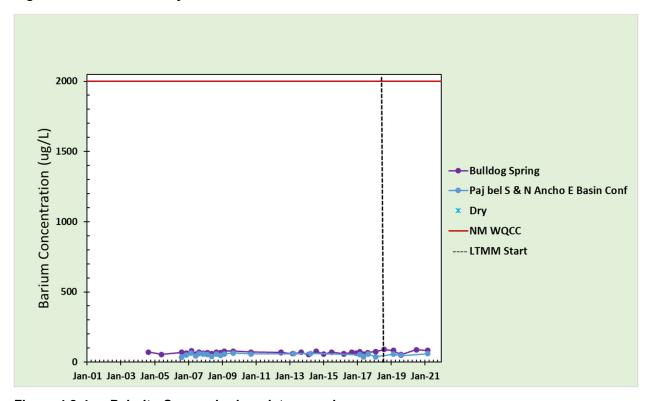


Figure 4.2-4 Pajarito Canyon barium data record

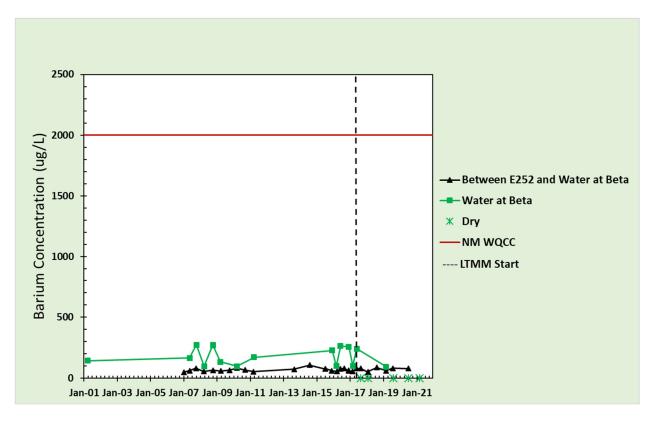


Figure 4.2-5 Water Canyon barium data record

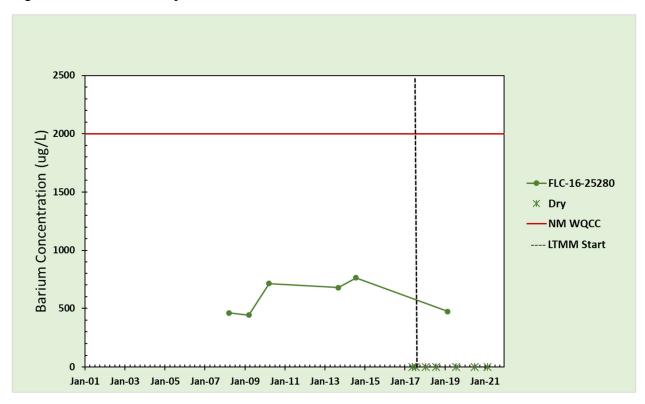


Figure 4.2-6 Fishladder Canyon barium data record

2021 Annual Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Report for CMI at Former 260 Outfall Area

Table 2.1-1
Monitoring Locations, Analytes, and Frequency

| Canyon | Location | Surface Water Body or Source Aquifer | Metals | VOCs | SVOCs | НЕХМОД | Radionuclides | Low-Level Tritium | General Inorganics | 15N/18O Isotopes in Nitrate | PFAS |
|----------------------|--|---|--------|------|----------------|--------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|---|-------|
| Cañon de | CDV-16-02656 | Alluvial | Sa | S | B ^b | S | В | NMc | S | NM | A^d |
| Valle 1 | CDV-16-02657r | Alluvial | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM | Α |
| | SWSC Spring | Spring | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | Α | Α |
| | Burning Ground Spring | Spring | S | S | В | S | В | Α | S | Α | Α |
| Cañon de Valle 2 | 16-61439 (PRB Alluvial Seep) | Spring | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM | Α |
| valio 2 | CDV-16-611923 | Alluvial | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM | Α |
| | CDV-16-611937 | Alluvial | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM | Α |
| | Cañon de Valle below MDA P | Base flow | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM | Α |
| | CDV-16-02659 | Alluvial | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM A A NM NM A NM | Α |
| S-Site Canyon | Martin Spring | Spring | S | S | В | S | В | Α | S | Α | Α |
| | MSC-16-06293 | Alluvial | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM | Α |
| | MSC-16-06294 | Alluvial | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM | Α |
| Pajarito | Bulldog Spring | Spring | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | Α | Α |
| Canyon | Pajarito below S&N Ancho E Basin Confluence | Base flow | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM | Α |
| Water Canyon | Between E252 and Water at Beta | Base flow | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM | А |
| | Water at Beta | Base flow | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM A | Α |
| Fishladder Canyon | FLC-16-25280 | Alluvial | S | S | В | S | В | NM | S | NM | A |
| n/a ^e | Surge Bed Monitoring Well | Surge Bed (Intermediate) | s | S | S | S | NM | NM | S | NM | A |

^a S = Semiannual (two times per yr).

23

^b B = Biennial (one time per 2 yr).

^c NM = Not measured. This analytical suite is not scheduled to be collected for this type of water at locations assigned to this monitoring group.

^d A = Annual.

^e n/a = Not applicable.

Table 2.1-2
Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Plan Sampling Program Field Parameters

| Watershed | Location | Sampling Date | Screen Top Depth (ft) | Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) | Oxidation-Reduction Potential (mV) | pH (SU ^a) | Specific Conductance (µS/cm) | Temperature (deg C) | Turbidity (NTU ^b) | Comments |
|-------------------|--|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Cañon de Valle 1 | CDV-16-02656 | 3/13/2021 | 3 | 4.46 | 137.4 | 6.67 | 320.6 | 4.7 | 4.99 | |
| | CDV-16-02657r | 3/13/2021 | 1.35 | NS ^c | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | Insufficient water for sampling |
| | SWSC Spring | 3/13/2021 | n/a ^d | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | Insufficient water for sampling |
| | Burning Ground Spring | 3/13/2021 | n/a | 8.21 | NM ^e | 6.68 | 309.1 | 9.9 | 0.49 | |
| Cañon de Valle 2 | 16-61439 (PRB Alluvial Seep) | 3/15/2021 | n/a | 8.99 | NM | 6.33 | 274.2 | 6.4 | 9.49 | |
| | CDV-16-611923 | 3/15/2021 | 3.2 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | Location dry |
| | CDV-16-611937 | 3/15/2021 | 3 | 1.49 | 96.4 | 5.88 | 199.9 | 3.5 | 17 | |
| | Cañon de Valle below MDA P | 3/15/2021 | n/a | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | Insufficient water for sampling |
| | CDV-16-02659 | 3/15/2021 | 1.7 | 8.41 | 223.8 | 6.66 | 256.7 | 5.6 | 6.03 | |
| S-Site Canyon | Martin Spring | 3/10/2021 | n/a | 8.14 | NM | 6.84 | 433.4 | 7.4 | 3.76 | |
| | MSC-16-06293 | 3/8/2021 | 2 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | Location dry |
| | MSC-16-06294 | 3/19/2021 | 2.5 | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | Location dry |
| Pajarito Canyon | Bulldog Spring | 3/16/2021 | n/a | 8.92 | NM | 7.51 | 316.7 | 7.6 | 6.43 | |
| | Pajarito below S&N Ancho E Basin Confluence | 3/16/2021 | n/a | 10.66 | NM | 6.62 | 231.7 | 6.7 | 2.46 | |
| Water Canyon | Between E252 and Water at Beta | 3/29/2021 | n/a | 10.24 | NM | 7.43 | 146 | 4 | 5.29 | |
| | Water at Beta | 3/19/2021 | n/a | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | Location dry |
| Fishladder Canyon | FLC-16-25280 | 3/8/2021 | n/a | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | NS | Insufficient water for sampling |

^a SU = Standard unit.

^b NTU = Nephelometric turbidity unit(s).

^c NS = Not sampled.

^d n/a = Not applicable.

^e NM = Not measured. This analytical suite is not scheduled to be collected for this type of water at locations assigned to this monitoring group.

Table 2.2-1
RDX Concentrations in Groundwater, Surface Water, and Springs

| Canyon | Location | Sample | Depth to Top of Screen (ft) | Sampling Date | Field Prep | Field QC ^a Type | Result (µg/L) | NMED Screening Level ^b | Comments |
|-------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Cañon de Valle 1 | CDV-16-02656 | CAWA-21-218596 | 3 | 3/13/2021 | UF° | REG ^d | 0.4 | 9.66 | |
| | CDV-16-02657r | NS ^e | 1.35 | 3/13/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 9.66 | Insufficient water for sampling |
| | SWSC Spring | NS | n/a ^f | 3/13/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 9.66 | Insufficient water for sampling |
| | Burning Ground Spring | CAWA-21-218378 | n/a | 3/13/2021 | UF | REG | 18.1 | 9.66 | |
| Cañon de Valle 2 | 16-61439 (PRB Alluvial Seep) | CAWA-21-218389 | n/a | 3/15/2021 | UF | REG | 13 | 9.66 | |
| | CDV-16-611923 | NS | 3.2 | 3/15/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 9.66 | Location dry |
| | CDV-16-611937 | CAWA-21-218614 | 3 | 3/15/2021 | UF | REG | 1.87 | 9.66 | |
| | Cañon de Valle below MDA P | NS | n/a | 3/15/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 9.66 | Insufficient water for sampling |
| | CDV-16-02659 | CAWA-21-218602 | 1.7 | 3/15/2021 | UF | REG | 3.34 | 9.66 | |
| | | CAWA-21-218616 | 1.7 | 3/15/2021 | UF | FD ^g | 3.44 | 9.66 | |
| S-Site Canyon | Martin Spring | CAWA-21-218385 | n/a | 3/10/2021 | UF | REG | 75.2 | 9.66 | |
| | MSC-16-06293 | NS | 2 | 3/8/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 9.66 | Location dry |
| | MSC-16-06294 | NS | 2.5 | 3/19/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 9.66 | Location dry |
| Pajarito Canyon | Bulldog Spring | CAPA-21-218370 | n/a | 3/16/2021 | UF | REG | 8.74 | 9.66 | |
| | Pajarito below S&N Ancho E Basin Confluence | CAPA-21-218367 | n/a | 3/16/2021 | UF | REG | 0.0889 (ND ^h) | 9.66 | |
| Water Canyon | Between E252 and Water at Beta | CAWA-21-219608 | n/a | 3/29/2021 | UF | REG | 0.08 (ND) | 9.66 | |
| | Water at Beta | NS | n/a | 3/19/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 9.66 | Location dry |
| Fishladder Canyon | FLC-16-25280 | NS | n/a | 3/8/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 9.66 | Insufficient water for sampling |

^a QC = Quality control.

b NMED tap water screening levels are specified in the June 2019 Table A-1 of "Risk Assessment Guidance for Site Investigations and Remediation" (NMED 2019, 700550).

^c UF = Unfiltered sample.

^d REG = Regular sample.

^e NS = Not sampled.

f n/a = Not applicable.

^g FD = Field duplicate.

^h ND = Not detected. The method detection limit is 0.087.

Table 2.2-2
Barium Concentrations in Groundwater, Surface Water, and Springs

| Canyon | Location | Sample | Depth to Top of Screen (ft) | Sampling Date | Field Prep | Field QC ^a Type | Result (µg/L) | Screening Level ^b | Comments |
|-------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Cañon de Valle 1 | CDV-16-02656 | CAWA-21-218595 | 3 | 3/13/2021 | F° | REG ^d | 1920 | 2000 | |
| | CDV-16-02657r | NS ^e | 1.35 | 3/13/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 2000 | Insufficient water for sampling |
| | SWSC Spring | NS | n/a ^f | 3/13/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 2000 | Insufficient water for sampling |
| | Burning Ground Spring | CAWA-21-218377 | n/a | 3/13/2021 | F | REG | 1110 | 2000 | |
| Cañon de Valle 2 | 16-61439 (PRB Alluvial Seep) | CAWA-21-218388 | n/a | 3/15/2021 | F | REG | 3650 | 2000 | |
| | CDV-16-611923 | NS | 3.2 | 3/15/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 2000 | Location dry |
| | CDV-16-611937 | CAWA-21-218613 | 3 | 3/15/2021 | F | REG | 148 | 2000 | |
| | Cañon de Valle below MDA P | NS | n/a | 3/15/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 2000 | Insufficient water for sampling |
| | CDV-16-02659 | CAWA-21-218601 | 1.7 | 3/15/2021 | F | REG | 4290 | 2000 | |
| | | CAWA-21-218615 | 1.7 | 3/15/2021 | F | FD ^g | 4050 | 2000 | |
| S-Site Canyon | Martin Spring | CAWA-21-218384 | n/a | 3/10/2021 | F | REG | 174 | 2000 | |
| | MSC-16-06293 | NS | 2 | 3/8/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 2000 | Location dry |
| | MSC-16-06294 | NS | 2.5 | 3/19/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 2000 | Location dry |
| Pajarito Canyon | Bulldog Spring | CAPA-21-218369 | n/a | 3/16/2021 | F | REG | 82.8 | 2000 | |
| | Pajarito below S&N Ancho E Basin Confluence | CAPA-21-218366 | n/a | 3/16/2021 | F | REG | 60.1 | 2000 | |
| Water Canyon | Between E252 and Water at Beta | CAWA-21-218381 | n/a | 3/29/2021 | F | REG | 47 | 2000 | |
| | Water at Beta | NS | n/a | 3/19/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 2000 | Location dry |
| Fishladder Canyon | FLC-16-25280 | NS | n/a | 3/8/2021 | NS | NS | NS | 2000 | Insufficient water for sampling |

^a QC = Quality control.

^b New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission groundwater standards.

^c F = Filtered.

^d REG = Regular sample.

^e NS = Not sampled.

f n/a = Not applicable.

^g FD = Field duplicate.

Table 2.2-3
Analytes Exceeding Screening Levels

| Canyon | Location | Sample | Depth to Top of Screen (ft) | Sampling Date | Field QC ^a Type | Analyte | Result (µg/L) | Screening Level ^b | Field Prep Code |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Cañon de Valle 2 | CDV-16-611937 | CAWA-21-218613 | 3 | 3/15/2021 | REG ^c | Iron | 1200 | 1000 | F ^d |
| | CDV-16-611937 | CAWA-21-218613 | 3 | 3/15/2021 | REG | Manganese | 321 | 200 | F |
| S-Site Canyon | Martin Spring | CAWA-21-218384 | n/a ^e | 3/10/2021 | REG | Boron | 1270 | 750 | F |

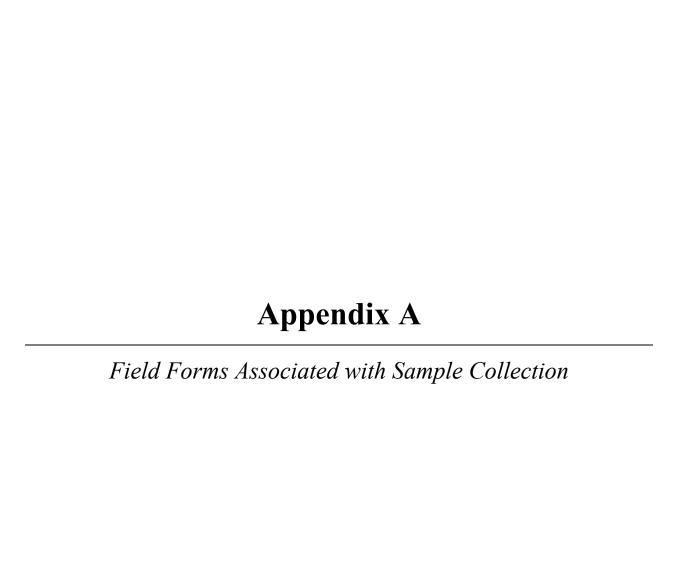
^a QC = Quality control.

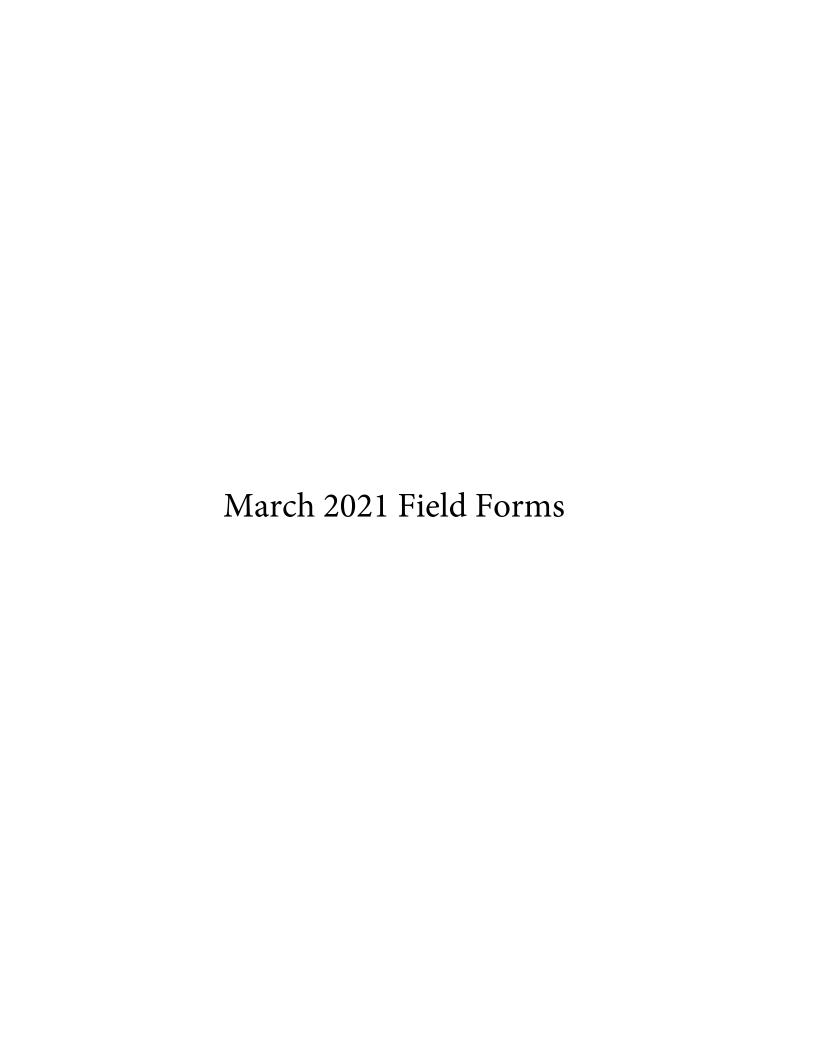
^b New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission groundwater standards.

^c REG = Regular sample.

^d F = Filtered.

^e n/a = Not applicable.





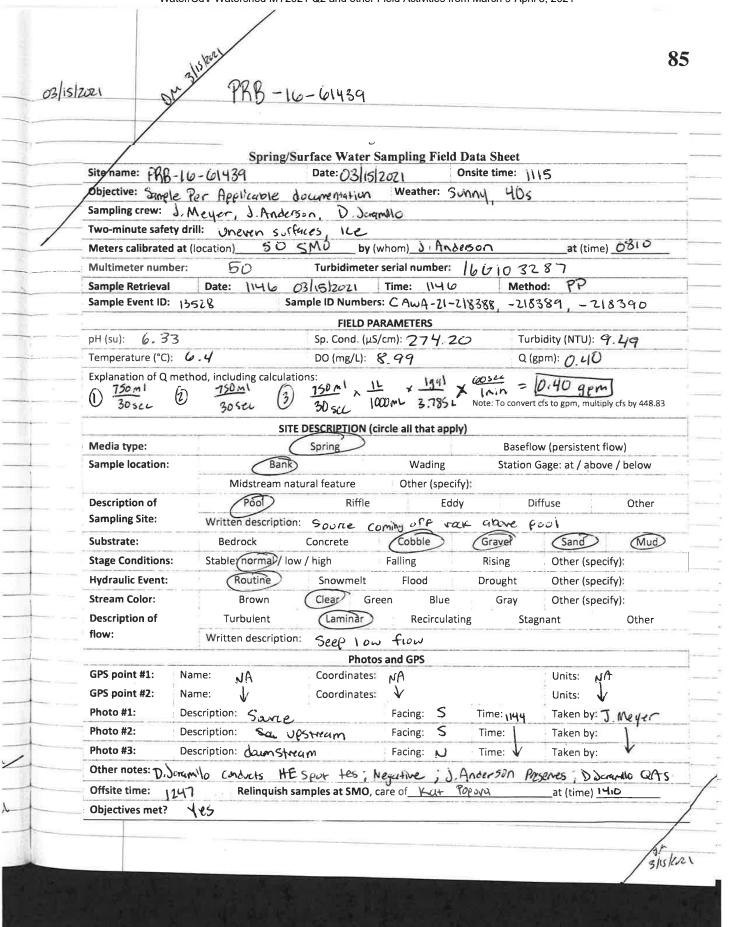
103 E252 & Water Beta 08/29/2021 Spring/Surface Water Sampling Field Data Sheet Onsite time: 0920 Site name: Between E252 & Wake Bean Date: 03/29/201 Weather: Sang 405 Objective: Simple per reference doc. on pg.3 Sampling crew: B Morgan J Meyer A vigil, O Scample, M. Stasmi Two-minute safety drill: Hiking , uneven susfaces by (whom) M. Stastiny at (time) 0800 Smu Meters calibrated at (location) Turbidimeter serial number: 14 6103288 60 Multimeter number: Time: 0930 Method: PP Date: 03/29/2021 Sample Retrieval Sample ID Numbers: CAWA-21 - 218381 21968. Sample Event ID: 13528 **FIELD PARAMETERS** Turbidity (NTU): 5,29 Sp. Cond. (µS/cm): 146.0 pH (su): 7.43 DO (mg/L): 10.24 Q (gpm): 34.11 Temperature (°C): 4.0 Explanation of Q method, including calculations: 0.070 cfs x 447.83 = 34.11 gpm Note: To convert cfs to gpm, multiply cfs by 448.83 SITE DESCRIPTION (circle all that apply) (Baseflow (persistent flow) Spring Media type: Station Gage: at / above / below Wading Sample location: Bank Midstream natural feature Other (specify): Other Riffle Eddy Diffuse Pool Description of Sampling Site: Written description: Same ling midsheum bedock slab Mud Bedrock Cobble (Gravel Sand Concrete Substrate: Stable: normal / low / high Other (specify): Rising Falling **Stage Conditions:** Drought Other (specify): Flood Routine Snowmelt **Hydraulic Event:** Clear Other (specify): Green Blue Grav Brown Stream Color: Other Laminar Recirculating Stagnant Description of Turbulent flow: Written description: Photos and GPS Units: NA NA Coordinates: GPS point #1: Name: Units: Coordinates: GPS point #2: Name: Facing: W Time: 0440 Taken by: J. Meyer Photo #1: Description: Time: Taken by: Photo #2: Facing: W Description: UPSTream Time: Taken by: Photo #3: Description: Facing: Downstream Other notes: A N.91 ; D. Joramilo Prosenes , A. Vigir QAS Conducts HE SPOT test : Negative Relinquish samples at SMO, care of Year Popula at (time) 1いつ Offsite time: 1000 Str 3124112 Objectives met? 425

| 84 3m 21/3/1001 | |
|--|------------|
| 03/13/2021 Borning Ground Spring | |
| | |
| Spring/Surface Water Sampling Field Data Sheet | - |
| Site name: Burning ground Spring Date: 03/13/2021 Onsite time: 0930 | |
| Objective: Sample per documentation on pg.3 Weather: Sunny 40s | - |
| Sampling crew: J. Mayer, H. Meid, D. Japanillo, J. Anderson & NMED (Kevin B) | |
| Two-minute safety drill: Unexan Suffaces Weir hazard Meters calibrated at (location) 50 5 MD by (whom) Melissa Stastmy at (time) | |
| | |
| 20 10101011 1011001 1011001 10100 1010 10 | |
| Sample Front ID: 12/2/7 | |
| 10 G10 328 1 | |
| FIELD PARAMETERS pH (su): 6.68 Sp. Cond. (μS/cm): 3.09.10 Turbidity (NTU): 0.49 | |
| Tomographics (SC). O. O. | |
| 7 J. 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 | |
| Explanation of Q method, including calculations: (1) 0.423 gal (2) 0.423 gal (3) 0.423 gal (5) 5 sec (5.08 gpm) Social | |
| SITE DESCRIPTION (circle all that apply) | |
| Media type: Spring Baseflow (persistent flow) | |
| Sample location: Bank Wading Station Gage: at / above / below | |
| Midstream natural feature Other (specify): | <u> </u> _ |
| Description of Pool Riffle Eddy Diffuse Other | |
| Sampling Site: Written description: | |
| Substrate: Bedrock Concrete Cobble Gravel Sand Mud | |
| Stage Conditions State Conditions | 1 |
| Hudraulic Events | - |
| Stream Color: Prous Clari | |
| Description of | !_ |
| flow: Stagnant Other | |
| 1100 d. Source those pool | |
| Photos and GPS GPS point #1: Name: NIA Coordinates: 14 | |
| GPS point #2: Name: | + |
| Onits: V | - |
| Photo #2: David Sake Facility S Time: 1003 Taken by: 5. Meyer | _ |
| Acres Source racing: 5 Time: 1003 Taken by: | |
| Pacing N Time: 1003 Taken by: | |
| Other notes: J. Meyer Conducts HE spot kst; results Negative; J. Alderson Preserves, J. Meyer QA's JM | _ |
| at (time) 1300 | - |
| Objectives met? Yes | - |
| 3/19/401 | |
| 3/15/1 | |

Appendix E Field Documentation Water/CdV Watershed MY2021 Q2 and other Field Activities from March 9-April 5, 2021 77 N3B-SOP-ER-3002 Document No.: Spring and Surface Water Sampling Revision: Effective Date: 4/15/2019 Page: 15 of 18 Reference ATTACHMENT 1 Page 1 of 1 Spring/Surface Water Sampling Field Data Sheet Onsite time: 0856 Date: 03 10 2021 Site name: Martin Spring Weather: Sunny; High of 48°F Objective: sample documentation on p. 3 Sampling crew: A. Vigil, M. Stastny, B. Morgan Two-minute safety drill: steep slopes, suppery surfaces by (whom) W. Stastny Meters calibrated at (location) Multimeter number: #50 Turbidimeter serial number: Date: 02/10/2021 Time: 0856 0913 Method: Geo Pump Sample Retrieval Sample Event ID: 13528 Sample ID Numbers: CAWA - 21 - 218385; -218384; -218386; -218387 **FIELD PARAMETERS** Turbidity (NTU): 3.76 Sp. Cond. (µS/cm): 4334 pH (su): € . 84 DO (mg/L): 9 14 Q (gpm): 0.24 Temperature (°C): コリ 30 sec 1 min = 0.24 gpm Explanation of Q method, including calculations: 3rd - 0.12 gal 2nd: Oilgal 0.12+0.11+0.12 D.12401 0.12 gal Note: To convert cfs to gpm, multiply cfs by 448.83 30 500 Taken wy graduated cup SITE DESCRIPTION (circle all that apply) Baseflow (persistent flow) Spring) Media type: Sample location: Station Gage: at / above / below Rank Wading (Other (specify): Weir (v-notch) Midstream natural feature Diffuse Other Pool Riffle Eddy Description of Sampling Site: Written description: Below Boulder @ Source (Sand) (Mud Cobble Gravel Bedrock Concrete Substrate: Stable: (normal) / low / high Rising Other (specify): **Stage Conditions: Falling** Routine Flood Drought Other (specify): **Hydraulic Event:** Snowmelt Stream Color: Brown Clear) Green Blue Grav Other (specify): Recirculating Stagnant Other Description of Turbulent Laminar Written description: nla **Photos and GPS** Units: nla GPS point #1: Name: Coordinates: GPS point #2: Name: Coordinates: Units: Taken by B Morgan Photo #1: Facing: N Time: 6943 Description: Sourie Photo #2: Taken by: Time: 0943 Description: Facing: 3 ahove souris Description: Photo #3: Facing: 5 Time: 0943 Taken by: below souvie Other notes: A. Vigil performs HE spot test; negative; Vigil preserves + M. Stastny QAS

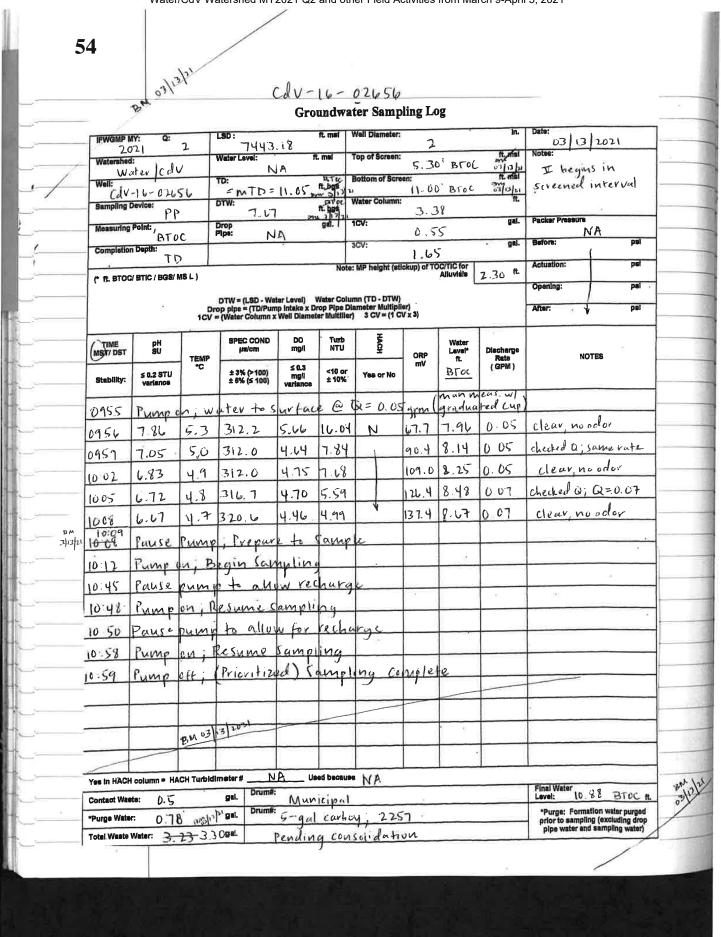
Offsite time: 10:15 Relinquish samples at SMO, care of L. Tower at (time) 11:20

Objectives met? Yes



| 5 | 2 |
|---|---|
| J | J |

| 3/13/2021 CdV-16-02656 | |
|--|----------|
| MST 0700 B. Morgan Conducts H+5 Tailgate @ SMO; | |
| 07.30 M. Stastny calibrates YSI# 60; see logbook TPMC-LA-16-043 for det | tails |
| 0933 Crew (B Morgan, A. Vigil, M. Stastny) on site @ Cdv-16-02656 w | |
| escort F. Munoz | |
| 2-min safety: wind creating changing conditions, hiking uneven te weather: partly cloudy; 30s | rvain |
| Objective: purge + sample Cdv-16-02656 per all applicable SOPs + | |
| ref. documents found on p. 3 of this logbook | |
| 0937 DIW = 7.74' Broc AVG DTW = 7.67' Broc | |
| 0940 DTW = 7.67' BTOC MTD = 11.05' BTOC | |
| 0943 DIW = 7.59' Broc | |
| WC = (TD - DTW) = 3.38' | |
| 2" ID 1CV = (0. 143 gal/+) (WC) = 0.55 gal | |
| 3 CV = 1.65 gel | |
| 0955 Pump on, water to surface @ 0.05, man meas uf graduated cut) | |
| 0956 Flow through cell full, Begin logging parameters on YSI #60 | |
| (file name: CdV 16 02656, data 10: MY2021 Q2), GW Sampling Log + iP | · 11 |
| # 1 (B. Morgan) | αα |
| 1009 Pause pump; prepare to sample | |
| 1012 Pump on ; Begin Sampling (>1 CV purged + parameters stable) | |
| 1045 Pause pump to allow for recharge | |
| 1048 Pumpon; Resume Sampung | |
| 1050 Pause pump to allow for recharge | |
| 1058 Pump on: Resume sampling | |
| - 1059 Pump off; (prioritized) sampling complete | |
| note: K. Reid performs HE spot Test; negative | |
| note: K. Reid preserves samples; J. Meyer GAs | |
| Summary Objective met to purge + sample Cdv-16-02656 per all applicable | |
| Sops + ref. documents found on P. 3 of this logbook. See 7.54-56 | |
| for Gw Sampling Log, compliance checklist + GW Level Field Form | |
| 1120 Crew offsite | |
| 1300 Relingnish Samples to SMO Clo K. Popova | |
| Event 10: 13528 | |
| Sample IDS: CAWA-21-218595; -218596, -218597, -220514 | |
| em 03 13 21 | <u> </u> |
| | |



55 CdV-16-02656 Compliance Checklist cdv-16-02656 Well Name: Date: Discharge Purge Water CV's Purged Comments Calculation Calculated **Drop Pipe** Volume Purged Before Minimum Method Volumes (gal) Volume (gal) (gal) Sampling Purge Met? Drop Pipe: Flow Meter NA none (Y)N 3 CVs: 0.78 NA 1.42 Manual 1.65 Stable for three consecutive readings? Comment: **Parameters** collected at Dissolved Specific рΗ proper Oxygen Conductivity Turbidity intervals? ≤ 0.2 STU ≤ 0.3 mg/l ±3% (>100) < 10 NTU or (HH:MM) Variance variance ± 5 % (≤ 100) ± 10% 10:02 6.83 4.75 312.0 7.68 10:05 6.72 4.70 5.59 316.7 4.46 10:08 6.47 320.6 4.99 Highest: Highest: Median: Median: none 4.75 214.7 5.59 6.83 Median + 3 % Lowest: Lowest: Median + NA% Calculations: 6.67 410 326.20 4.46 Difference: Difference: Median - 3 % Median - NA % 0.14 306,70 0.29 <10 N N N N SOP Comments: Requirements Met? none (Y)Non 03/3/21

| 56 | | 41 | | | | |
|-------------|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | |) r | | | | |
| | / | 16-07 | 2656 | | | |
| kw 03/13/21 | | Groundwa | ter Level Field Fo | rm | | |
| 12 m 03 | PART 1: Well Site Information Well Name | Ja | | | | |
| | LUV-16-02656 | Date: T. 63 13 21 | me onsite (MST) | Activity Manual I F Cable Length(f): | or sampling - | |
| 1/ | Personnel: B Morgan, A, Vigil Telemetry: Ves (No) | M. Startny | _ | NA | Cable SN: | |
| <u></u> | NA NA | | Ves (NS) NA | Memory % remaining | Battery % remaining. | |
| <u> </u> | Connect Time: | Transcuper SN | NA | Log Note Nemory % | Log Note Battery %: | |
| | Water Level (ft) | F (psi) T | IC)E NA | Stop Test Ves + No | Change Descant Yes No NA | |
| | Last Start Date | Data File Name: | | | - | |
| <u>_</u> : | PART 2: Manual Measurements Measuring Point TOO (top outer casing) | T/C (mner) | | (as Sas | | |
| | Time (MST) 0937 | Water Level Meter Sena 7823 | | Notes: | evrous MP Used 🔯 | |
| <u></u> | AM BIOC 7.7 | | | 77 - | | |
| 5_, | Time (MST) 0940 | | 7443 18 MS1 | I Begi Screen | 1 1 = | |
| | and Broc 7.47 | MP Height ft. | 2 30 | Screen | | |
| <u> </u> | Time (MST) 0943 | | 7445.48 | inte | .v v a l | |
| <u></u> | Sight DIN ADME: 7.59 | DTW: - | 7.67 | | | |
| | Time (MST: 0944 | | | | - | |
| | BTOC 11.05 | Reference Level | 7437.81'mst | Zip Tie on Ketim's Grip: | NA - | |
| <u> </u> | PART 3: Replacement Transducer Transducer SN: | Cal pration Date | | New LT PSI Rating | Manufacture Date: | |
| L | Memory % remaining: | Pattery % remain.*⊋ | ή. NV | NA | I NA | |
| L, | Transducer Performance and Programming PART 4: Transducer Error/Drift Acceptance | l | | | | |
| <u> </u> | WL (transducer | PART 5: Programming Programming Time: | & Final Readings | | | |
| | reading (1990) GWE from MM: | New Test Name: | | Time (MST) | Reading | |
| | Difference in value: | Reference Level : | | | | |
| | Error tolerance of transducer | Current Depth | | | | |
| | Notes: | Meas, interva | | | | |
| <u></u> | ☐ Natur Brow Tolerance ☐ Outdoe Error Tolerance ☐ Autdoe Error Tolerance ☐ Autdoe Error Tolerance | Start Date: | | L ii, | | |
| | 15 PSH-2 03/1: 3C PSH-E 07/1 VOE PSH-E 23/1: 50 | 10 DOL1 15 P | and Cinta Van I Va | | | |
| | | [3] | ynch Clocks, Yes 1 No | | DA Date and Inical | |
| | | | | | | - 4 |
| | | | | | * | But O |
| | | | | | | / |
| | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | / | |
| _ | | | | / | | |
| | WEST AND DEVE | | 7 - 50 | WEN | | |
| | | | | | | |



N3B-Form-6156

Groundwater Level Field Form

Groundwater Level Field Form

| PART 1: Well Site Information | | | | - |
|---|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Wel Name : | Date: | Time onsite (MST) | Activity | |
| COV-16 -02657- | 03/13/2021 | 0919 | bw san | elina |
| J. Mycr. S. Ander | an K. Reid | D. Saramillo | Cable Length(ft): | Cable SN: |
| Telemetry: Yes Wo | Pull Transducer. | Yes I No | Memory % remaining | Battery % remains |
| Connect Time: | Transoucer SN | 4m 3/13/221 | Log Note Memory % | Log Note Battery 1 |
| Vister Level (ft): | F (psi) | T (C): | Stop Test: Yes 1 No | Change Desicant |
| ast Start Date | Data File Name: | | | Yes No NA |
| PART 2: Manual Measurements | | | | |
| feasuring Forst: TOC (top outer casing) | (TiC (inner) | Stick-up Measure | | |
| | Water Level Meter Se | sal No | - And | evious MP Used |
| Time (MST), 0920 | 7819 | | Notes: | |
| DTW (# BMP): 7.22 67C | Measure | ements in feet | Dry | |
| Time (MST) | LSD ft. | 7430.22 ms1 | | |
| DTW (A BMP); | MP Height ft. | - 3,64 | | |
| Time (MST) 331/3/7021 | MP Elevation | = 7433.86/ns1 | | |
| DTW (A byer) | DTW: | -7.22 BTIC | sei | |
| TO (A BAP): | Groundwater Elevation (GWE) Reference Level | 7426.64 | | |
| PART 3: Replacement Transducer | | | Zp Tæ on Kelian's Grip: | NIA |
| ransduper SN | Calibration Date | | New LT PSI Rating: | Manufacture Date: |
| femory % remaining: | Barrary % remaining: | | | / |
| ransducer Performance and Programming | / | | / | |
| ART 4: Transduces Error Orift Acceptance | PART 5: Programmin | on & Clark Deadless | /_ | |
| | Turi o. 1 logialitan | ig or rimal readings | | |
| WL (transducer reading) (ft): 31/3/2/11 | Programming Time: | | Time (MST; | Reading |
| GWE from MM: | New Test Name: | • M | | 40 |
| Difference in value: | Reference Level : | 311312011 | | |
| transducer. | Current Depth: | | | |
| Notes: | Weas, Interval: | | | |
| Note that Telegraph | Start Date: | | | |
| Outcome Enter Tolerance PSH-0.037: 3C PSI-087 1: 10C PSH-0.23 1: 1 | Start Tene: 500 PSH1.16 ft. | | | |
| | 2012/00/19 | Synch Clocks Yes I No | | |
| | | | | QA* Date and Inica |

N3B-Form-6156, Rev. 0 Effective Date: 6/20/19

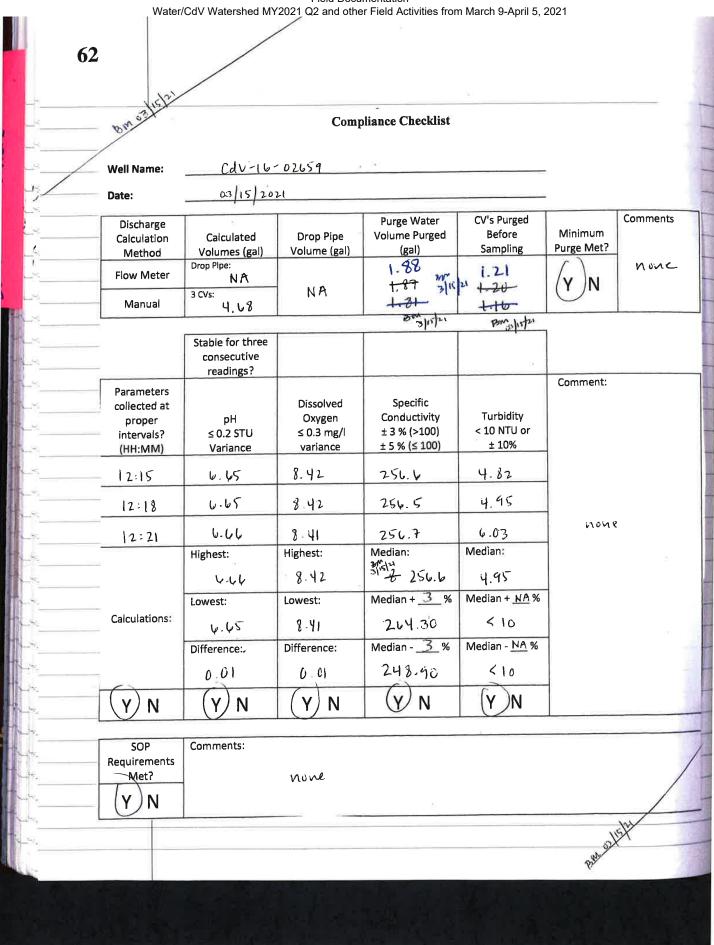
Implementing Procedures: N3B-SOP-ER-3001; N3B-SOP-ER-6001

Page 1 of 1

Water/CdV Watershed MY2021 Q2 and other Field Activities from March 9-April 5, 2021

60 COLV-16-02659 03/15/2021 0700 B. Morgan conducts H+S Tailgate @ SMO 0700 M. Stastny calibrates 451# 60 @ SMO, see logbook TPMC-LA-14-043 for details escort M. Livesay and K. Reid Cdv-12-02659 W note Dalayed start due to burning activities @ Burning Grounds Jev TA-16 ACO 2-min safety: changed conditions due to winds overnight; ICE! weather: sunny 40-50s Objective: Purge + Sample (dv-14-02659 per all applicable SOPs + ref. documents found on p-3 of this logbook 1146 DTW = 8.50' BTDC Water level meter SN: 782342 1149 DTW = 8.50' BTOC MTD = 10.89' BTOL WE = TD-DTW = 2.39' 4"ID 1 CV = (0.653 9"/A) WC= 1.56 gal 3 CV = 4 48 gal 1154 Pump on; water to surface @ Q = 0 07 (man mass of graduated cup)
1157 Flow through cen full; Begin legging parameters on YSI # 60 (the name: (dv 10 02659 MY2021 Q2); GW Sampling Log + iPad # 1 (B. Morgan) 122 Pause Pump; Prepare to Sample 1223 Pump on; Begin Sampling > 1 CV purged + parameters stable Sampling Complete; Pump oft Summary Objective met to purge + Sample CdV-16-02659 per all applicable 50Ps + ref documents. See p. 41-63 for GW Sampling Log, Compliance checklist + GW Level Field Form note K. Reid performs HE Spot Test; negative note: K. Reid preserves Samples; B. Morgan OAS 1325 Crew offsite 1555 Relinguish Samples to SMO Clo K. Popova Event 1D: 13528 Sample 10s: CANA-21-218601;-218602; -218615; -218603; -218614 BN 07 15 21

61 2 Groundwater Sampling Log Well Diameter: 2 7300.50 2021 4.0 03/15/2021 or is u RTOC Top of Screen Water Cdv NA 4.94 I begins in Broc = mTD= 10.29 CdV-16-02659 9.94 Screened interval 8.50 2.39 gal. Packer Pressure 1.56 NA Broc NA 3CV: 4.68 MTD Note: MP height (stickup) of TOC/TIC for psi (* ft. BTOC/ BTIC / BGS/ MS L) ft. 3.24 Opening: DTW = (LSD - Water Level) Water Column (TD - DTW)
Drop pipe = (TD/Pump intake x Drop Pipe Diameter Multiplier)
1CV = (Water Column x Well Diameter Multiller) 3 CV = (1 CV x 3) After: SPEC COND MST/ DST DO HACH pH SU Turb NTU Water Level* ft. Discharge Rate (GPM) ORP mV NOTER ≤ 0.3 ≤ 0.2 STU ± 3% (>100) ± 8% (≤ 100) <10 or Stability: BTOC mg/l varience Yes or No @ d 1156 ater to = 0.07 gpm checked a, same 8.52 1157 7.70 4.3 240.2 858 3.03 202.8 0.07 6.85 256 4 8.50 1200 80.0 0.07 2193 discharge rute 6.70 5.5 2.47 1203 256.6 3.17 8.58 221.9 0.07 clear, no odor 5.5 256.4 8.45 6.43 1206 3.27 222.7 8,58 0.07 Charjead Ci, discharge 5.6 1209 6.64 256.6 8.43 3.84 8.58 0.08 222.1 rate inc. to 0,08 gpm 5.6 256.5 8.42 6.63 4.67 clear no odor 8.58 0.08 1212 223.1 256.6 8.42 1215 5.5 6.65 4.82 8.58 223.1 0.08 5.5 8.42 6.65 154.5 4.95 8.58 1218 227.4 0.08 5.6 256.7 6.64 8.41 6.03 223 8 8.58 1221 0.08 1222 Samp 1223 1311 NA Yes in HACH column = HACH Turbidimeter# Used because NA **Contact Weste:** gai. Municipal 8.58 Brech *Purge: Formation water purged prior to sampling (excluding drop pipe water and sampling water) *Purge Water: carbos; 2258 35 Pending Consciidation



| 577 | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| 23/2/21 | Groundy | vater Level Field f | omi | | |
| We Name | Date. | T me onsite (M3T) | Activity | |] |
| Cdv-16 02650 | 03/15/21 | | Manual I | Measurement | |
| B. Morgan, A. Vigi | , M. Stestny, K. | reid | Cable Length(†) | Cable SNI NA | |
| N/ | Full Transducen | Yes (No) | Memory % remaining | Battery 's remaining. | |
| Connect Time: | Transcucer StV | NA | Log Note Memory % | Log Note Sattery %: | |
| Water Level (ft; | F (ps:) | TICK NA | Stop Testy Yes - No | Change Desigant Yes ' No : NA | |
| Last Start Date | Data File Name: | | | Tres (40 / AA) | - |
| PART 2: Manual Measurements | | NA | =(| | |
| Measuring Point (TOC) Rop outer o | asing: TiC (inner) Water Level Meter Se | Stickp Measu | | revious MP Used K | 1 |
| Tone (MST) | 4-1146 7823 | | Notes: | | |
| System HTOC 2.50 | 1 200 | ements in feet | J Beg | ins In | - |
| Time (MST; 1149 | LSDft | 7300.50 | Screen | ins in ed interval | |
| 3 STOC BIDG 8.50 | MP Height it. | | | | |
| Time (MST) | | = 1303.74 | | | |
| DTW (A bMP) | | 72 8.50 | 1 | | |
| 11414 | | | - | | |
| Time (MST: 1199 | E EVADOR (GIVE) | 7295.24 | Zip Tie on Kelim's Grip | | - |
| PART 3: Replacement Transduce Transducer SN | . | | | NA | 1 |
| Memory *s remaining. | Calistation Date | | New LT PSI Rating | Manufacture Date: | |
| Transducer Performance and Progra | Battery * remaining | | | | |
| PART 4: Transducer Error/Drift Acce | ptance PART 5: Programmin | ng & Final Readings | _/_ | | |
| WE (transducer reading) (ft); | Progamming Time: | / | Time (MST) | Reading | |
| GWE from MM: | New Test Name: | | | reading | |
| Difference in value: | Reference Level | | | | |
| Error tolerance of transducer | 2 Current Deptin | | | | |
| Notes: | Meas, Interval: | | | | |
| I Name Error Tolerance | Start Cate: | | | | |
| ☐ Custoe Error Tolerance 15 PSH-0.03:0, 30 PSH-007 1, 100 PSH- | Start Time: | | | | / |
| 25000 10000 | 2.2. C 300 PSH1.16 FL | Synch Clocks Yes ! No | | | / |
| | | | | 2A Date and Impai | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | /_ | |
| | | | | _/ | |
| | | | /4/ | / | |
| | | | 53/17 | | |
| | | | 2M 0 | | |
| | | | / | | |



N3B-Form-6156

Groundwater Level Field Form

Groundwater Level Field Form

| PART 1: Well Site In | formation | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Well Name : CdV - 10 - | 61923 | 03/15/2021 | Tene onsite (MST) | Activity Cable Length(ft): | el ina |
| Personnel J. Me | yer, D.Jaran | MIC . L. A. | 086200 | Cable Length(ते): | Cable SN: |
| Telemetry: Yes : 1 | No | Pull Transducer. | Yes I No | Memory % remaining | Battery % remaining |
| Connect Time: | | Transquoer SN | | Log Note Memory % Log Note Ba | |
| Water Level (ft): | 111 | FIRST | T (C): | Stop Test: Yes i No | Change Desicant Yes \ No \ NA |
| Last Start Date | 3/15/21 | Data File Name: | | | 133 1 10 1 145 |
| PART 2: Manual Me | 25urements | | | | |
| Measuring Pozs. TO | | TiC (inner) | Stick-up Measure | | |
| The second secon | o reposter casary; | Water Level Meter Se | nal No | - Aunt | revious MP Used 🔼 |
| Time (MST) | 1/10 | 7819 | 18 | Notes: | |
| DTW (ft bMP): | 8.15 btc | Measure | ements in feet | Bul | |
| 7 ms (MST) | 1113 | LSD ft. | 7376.43 | water lev | |
| DTW (A MMP) | 3.15 bt16 | MP Height ñ∟ | - 0.00 | 0.05 4 | ma |
| Time (MST) | 1116 | MP Elevation | = 73760.43 | Sump | |
| DTW (A MMP) | 8,15 bt1C | DTW: | - 8,15 btc | N. | |
| Time (MST). | 15 | Groundwater Elevation (GWE) | 7368.28 | | |
| TO (A bMP): | 3115/2021 | Reference Level | 1000,00 | Zip Tie on Kelim's Grip: | MIA |
| PART 3: Replaceme | nt Transducer | | | | |
| Transduper SN: | | Calibration Date: | | New LT PSI Ratog | Manufacture Date: |
| Memory % remaining: | | Battery % remaining: | | | / |
| Transducer Performan | nce and Programming | | | | |
| PART 4: Transducer E | rroriDrift Acceptance | PART 5: Programmin | on & Final Pandings | | |
| WL (transducer | | | of a carrier recornings | | |
| reading) (社): | | Programming Time: | | Time (MST) | Reading |
| GWE from MM: | | New Test Name: | 10/100 | | |
| Difference in value: | 2 | Reference Level : | 01/3/15/201 | | |
| transducer: | | Current Dented | | | |
| Notes: | | Meas, Interval: | | | |
| INTERNATIONS | | Start Date: | | | |
| Oxerose Enter Tolerance 15 PGH-0.03ft 30 PGH-0 | 97-4 100 PSI-0 23 1, 50 | Start Time: | | | |
| $-\!$ | | | Eynch Crocks: Yes 1 No | | |
| | | | | | QA' Date and Impai |
| | | | | | wa wate ded in |

N3B-Form-6156, Rev. 0 Effective Date: 6/20/19

Implementing Procedures: N3B-SOP-ER-3001; N3B-SOP-ER-6001



N3B-Form-6156

Groundwater Level Field Form

Groundwater Level Field Form

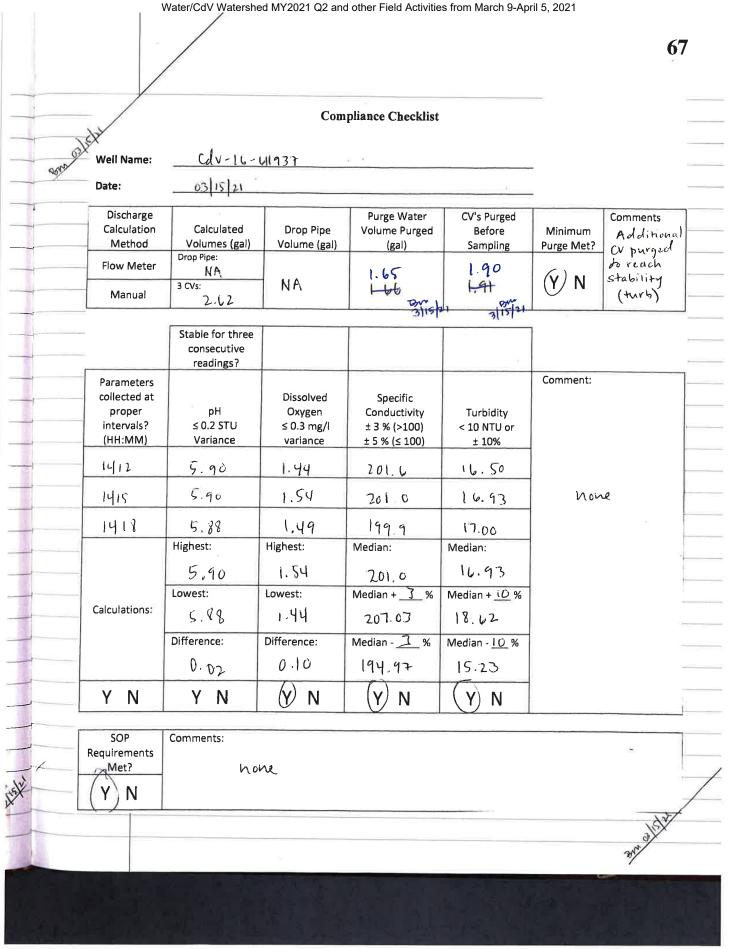
| 'ART 1: Well Site Inf | ormation | | | - | |
|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | -06294 | 03/19/221 | Time onsite (MST) | Activity our Surve | ling_ |
| j. Me | yer, K. Reid | | ·~ | Cable Length(ft): | Cable SN: |
| elemetry: Yes \ N | ٥ | Full Transducer: Yes ! No | | Memory % remaining | Battery % remaining |
| Connect Time: | | Transcuce* SN | | Log Note Memory % | Log Note Battery % |
| Vater Level (ft; | | PTES: | TiCr | Stop Test: Yes / No | Change Desicant Yes ! No : NA |
| ast Start Date | | Data File Name: | | 1 | 100 |
| PART 2: Manual Mea | Surements | | | | |
| Measuring Post TO | | TiC(inner) | Stick-up Measu | red on Site | evous MP Used 1 |
| | The state of the s | Water Level Meter Se | sal No | Notes: | evous MP Used |
| Time (MST) | 105B | 78234 | 2 | | 5% |
| DTW (fcbMP); | 10.55 BHC | Measun | ements in feet | Dry | |
| Time (MST): | 103mm 1101 | LSD ft. | 7288.44 | | |
| DTW (5.6MP); | 10.55 btic | MP Height ft. | -3.67 | | |
| Time (MST) | 1104 | MP Elevation | -7285.37 | | |
| DTW (A BMP). | 10.55 | DTW: | 10.55 | | |
| Time (MST) | 1105 | Groundwater Elevation (GWE) | | | |
| TD (A bMP): | 11.11 | Reference Level | 12. | Zip T∉ on Kettm's Grip: | NIA |
| PART 3: Replaceme | nt Transducer | | | | |
| | | Calibration Date: | | New LT PSI Rating | Manufacture Pate: |
| Memory % remaining. | | Battery % remaining: | | | |
| Transducer Performa: | ice and Programming | | | | |
| PART 4: Transducer E | rror/Orift Acceptance | PART 5: Programmi | ing & Final Readings | | |
| WL (transducer reading) (ft): | | Programming Tyme: | | Time (MST) | Reading |
| GWE from MM; | | New Test Name: | 100 | | |
| Difference in value: | | Reference Level : | 3/9/21 | | |
| Error tolerance of transducer | | Current Depter | ,,, | | |
| Notes: | | Meas, Interval | | | |
| With Envilorance | | Start Date: | | | |
| Cuttoe Emor Tolerance | 00 PGI+C 22 1 50 | Start Time: | | | |
| / | | | Synch Clocks Yes No |) | QAI Date and Initial |
| | | | | | -40 Safe 348 (0.53) |

N3B-Form-6156, Rev. 0

Effective Date: 6/20/19 Implementing Procedures: N3B-SOP-ER-3001; N3B-SOP-ER-6001

| | 65 |
|------------|---|
| 07 15 2021 | CDV-16-611937 |
| note | see p 60 of this leghook for morning activities |
| DST 1346 | crew ousite@ cdv-16-611977 |
| | 2-min Safety: hiking uneven terrain |
| | weather: partly cloudy, 40s |
| , | Objective: purget sample (dv-16-6/1937 per applicable vet deliments |
| | + Sops found on 1. 3 of this logbook. |
| 1349 | DTW= 6.22 1 STIC WI SN: 782342 |
| 1352 | |
| | WC = TD - DTW = 5.36' |
| 2" ID | 1 (V= (0.163 9"/H)(WC) = 0.87 gal |
| | 3 CV = 2. 62 gid |
| 1359 | Pumpon; water to surface & G = 0.08 gpm (man meas, w/ graduted cup) |
| 1400 | Flow through cent full; Begin logging parameters on YSI # 60, (File name: |
| BM 1/15/21 | edv 16 611937, MY2021 RZ), GW iampring Log |
| 1419 1421 | Pause pump; prepare to sample (> 1 CV purged, parameters stable) |
| 14.21 | Pump on , Begin Sampling |
| note: | K. Reid preserves samples, M. Stastny CAS |
| not e | A. Vigil performs HE spot test; negative |
| Summary | - Objective met to purget Sample Caville- 1937 per all annichle |
| | ref. documents + Sors found on P.3 of this logbook. See p. 66-68 |
| | for GW Sampling Log, compliance checklist + GW Level Field Form |
| 1502 | crew off site |
| 1555 | Relinguish Samples to SMO clo K. Popova |
| | Event 1D: 13528 |
| | SamplelDs; CAWA-21-218613; -218614; -218617 |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | 115/2 |
| | 2m 03/15/2 |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Water/CdV Watershed MY2021 Q2 and other Field Activities from March 9-April 5, 2021 υŪ Groundwater Sampling Log Well Diameter: 03/15/2021 7359.59 2021 Water Level: 7356.59 (6.0' BTIL NA I begins in elik bas = mTD = 11.58 7351,59 (11.0' BTIC) screened interval -611937 -Jidant bgs 5.36 6.22 NA 0.87 NA LSD Refore: 2.62 TD psi Note: MP height (stickup) of TOC/TIC for (" 1L BTOC/ BTIC / BGS/ MS L) 3.0 DTW = (LSD - Water Level) Water Column (TD - DTW)
Drop pipe = (TD/Pump intake x Drop Pipe Diameter Multiplier)
1CV = (Water Column x Well Diameter Multilier) 3 CV = (1 CV x 3) After: SPEC COND DÖ mg/l ¥ Turb NTU TIME MST/DST Water Level Discharge ORP mV TEMP NOTES Rate (GPM) ft. ≤ 0.3 ± 3% (>100) ± 6% (≤ 100) <10 or ± 10% ≤ 0.2 STU BTIC Yes or No mg/l variance Stability: 0 = 0.08 grm Pump 1359 brownish color 3.52 43.69 85.9 6.51 0.08 5.9 7.12 206.3 1400 novidor 0.08 26:37 114.9 6.40 2.01 202.5 6.07 4.7 1403 cherred Q, discharge 0.09 rate inc. to 0 09 gpm 23.0 6.67 202,0 1.87 21.01 5.92 42 1406 0.09 129.2 6.72 slightly cloudy brown 3.8 203.8 197 18.60 5.91 1409 ish color, no odov U.75 0.09 27.5 1.44 16.50 1412 3.4 201.4 5.90 V.77 1.54 113.5 0.09 6.93 201.0 5.90 2.6 1415 6.79 0.09 94.4 3.5 1.49 17.00 5.88 199.9 1418 Pause 1419 FOY Prex bump 1421 1451 07 15 21 Used because NA Yes in HACH column = HACH Turbidimeter # MA Final Water Birizi gal. 6.73 DITE Contact Waste: Municipal *Purge: Formation water purged prior to sampling (excluding drop pipe water and sampling water) Purge Water: 2259 carboy: Pending Consolidation 4-44 4.43 981. Total Waste Water:



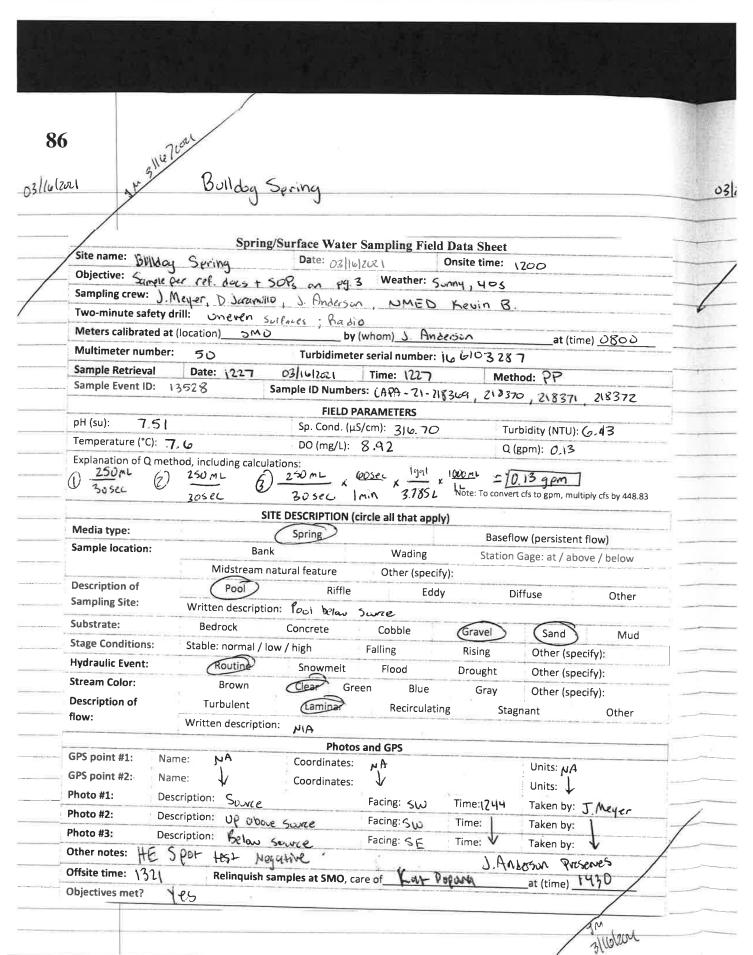
| 68 | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | _ / | | Groundw | ater Level Field F | orm: | |
| \ | | | | | | |
| | Well Name : | | Date 1 | Time onsite (MST: | Activity | |
| 1/5/ | Cdv-16-61 | 1937 | Date. 3/15/2021 | 1346 | | I measurement |
| 3000 S 34 5 7 | Personnel | | | | Cable Length(ft): | Cable SN: |
| 9 | Telemetry Yes No | A. Vigil, K. | Reid, M. Sta! | Yes: (1) | Memory % rema | ining Battery % remaining: |
| 1 | reservedy. Yes . (G | NA | Full Harscore: | NA | membry a terra | ming battery /s remaining. |
| * | Connect Time: | | Transcuser SN | | Log Note Vernor | y % Log Note Battery %: |
| | Water Level (fr) | | | NA TICK NA | Stop Test, Yes | No Change Desigant Yes ' No : NA |
| | Last Start Date | - 1 | Data File Name: | | L | |
| | | | | NA | | |
| | PART 2: Manual Mea | | | 524 - 16 | | C |
| | Measuring Pont. TOC | | TiC (inner) Water Level Meter Se | Stick-up Measure rai No | Notes: | Previous MP Used |
| | Time /MST; | 1349 | 7823 | 42 | | |
| | BW PIN DEM HERMEN | 6.22 | Measure | ments in feet | II | Begins in ened interval |
| | Time (MST) | 1352 | LSDft | 7359.59 | · | |
| | BM STIC PIST A DTW (A BMP) | 6.22 | MP Height ft. | 1610-71 | Scree | enea Interval |
| | 2) State (MST) | 1352 NA | MP Elevation | -7362.59 | | |
| | DTW (A bMP). | NA | DTW: | - 6.22 | 1 | |
| | Time (MST: | 1352 | Grouncwater Eevation (GWE) | 7356.37 | | |
| | 3)15)2 TO (REMP) | 11.58 | Reference Level | 1336.94 | Zip Tie on Kelimi | 's Grip: N.A |
| | PART 3: Replacemen Transducer SN | t Transducer | Cali pration Date | | New LT PSI Rat | |
| | | | | | New CI - SIRA | ing Manufacture Date: |
| | Memory % remaining. | | Pattery % remain "2" | | | |
| | Transducer Performance | | 1 | | | |
| | PART 4: Transducer Er | TOTOrift Acceptance | PART 5: Programmi | ng & Final Readings | | |
| | WL (transducer reading) (ft). | | Progamming Time: | | Time (MS | ST: Reading |
| | GWE from MM. | | New Test Name: | | | |
| | Difference in value: | | Reference Level : | | | |
| | Error tolerance of transducer | | Current Depth: | | | |
| | Notes | \\a_\ | Meas, Interval | | | |
| | With Error Talerance | BW JIST | Start Date: | | | |
| | Outside Entr Tolerance | | Start Time: | | | |
| | 15 PSH3 03th 3C PSHC (| 00 704 22 1 50 | J PS-1,16 ft | Synch Clocks Yes \ No | | |
| | | | | | | QA Date and Initial |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | LaN . |
| | | | | | | 18% |
| | | | | | 4. | 9 |
| | | | | | 95/ | |
| | | | 07) | | /_ | |
| | | | | | / | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Water/CdV Watershed MY2021 Q2 and other Field Activities from March 9-April 5, 2021 58 2021 16-612309 (Surge Bed Monitoring Well) 0902 Crew on site @ 16-612309 03 13 2021 0907 DTW = 22.84 BMC (DRY TD) note Location dry to total depth + well canceled due to insufficient water (CANW) 0920 crew off site 16-612309 see p. 53 for morning activities

Appendix E Field Documentation Water/CdV Watershed MY2021 Q2 and other Field Activities from March 9-April 5, 2021 **59** 16-612309 63/12/21 Groundwater Level Field Form PART 1: Well Site Information We Name: (surge hed monitorme onsite /MST Manual I for Sampling
able Lengthin | Cable SN 03/13/21 16-612309 ing wen) 0902 Cable Length(f) B Morgan, A. Vigil, M Stactny P. Munoz NA NA Telemetry: Full Transcuse "es (No) demoty % remaining ttery is remaining. MA NA NA NA Connect Time: Transcucer SN og Note Memory *. og Note Battery % NA NA NP NA Water Level (ft: Stop Test. Yes (No (psi) Change Besidant Yes (No): NA NA NA NA Last Start Date Data File Name: NA NA PART 2: Manual Measurements T/C (inner) Water Level Meter Seral No Measuring Point TOC (top outer casing: Stick-up Measured on Site Previous MP Used 😡 Notes: 0907 782342 Time (MST) DTW (ft bMP) DRY Measurements in feet 7533 65'msl LSD ft Time (MST) hone, well 2.831 DTW (A MAP) MP Height ft. IS DRY to TD. =7536.48 mil Time (M3T) MP Elevation 22.84 (dry DTIS A BMP DTW: DRY TD at Grouncwater Time (MST) 0907 Elevation (GWE) Reference Level TO (TEMP) 12.84 Ltic 7513. 64 ms) Zip Tae on Kellim's Grip: NA PART 3: Replacement Transducer al pration Date New LT PSI Rating Manufacture Date Memory % remaining Battery % remain ng Transducer Performance and Programming PART 4: Transducer ErroriOrift Acceptance PART 5: Programming & Final Readings WL (transducer Progamming Time reading) (ft). Tirre-MST: Reading New Test Name 3WE from MM. Reference Level Difference in value Error tolerance of Current Dept transducer Meas Herva 03/13 Without Error Tolerance Start Date BM Start Time Synch Clocks Yes I No 03/13/21

87 S+N Ancho E Bisin Confluence 03/201/16 Spring/Surface Water Sampling Field Data Sheet Site name: Pas, below S+N Ancho Date: 03/10/2011 Onsite time: 1100 Objective: Sumple per applicable ioRs + Dolomans Weather: Sunny 40s Sampling crew:) Meyer, D Jurgmillo, J. Anderson, NMED Kevin B. Two-minute safety drill: Hiking Hazards, wild Fe Meters calibrated at (location)_ 50 SMO by (whom) S. Anderson at (time) 0800 Multimeter number: 50 Turbidimeter serial number: 10010 3287 Sample Retrieval Date: 03 14 12021 Time: 1120 Method: PP Sample Event ID: 13528 Sample ID Numbers: CAPA - 21-218 366 218 367, 218368 **FIELD PARAMETERS** pH (su): Sp. Cond. (μS/cm): 231. 70 6.62 Turbidity (NTU): 2.46 Temperature (°C): 6.7 DO (mg/L): 10.66 Q (gpm): 4 49 Explanation of Q method, including calculations: 3" modified Parsnell flume OUS GHT 0010 CSS = 0.010 CFS x 449.83 = 4.49 9 PT Note: To convert cfs to gpm, multiply cfs by 448.83 SITE DESCRIPTION (circle all that apply) Media type: Spring (Baseflow (persistent flow) Sample location: Bank Wading Station Gage: at / above / below Midstream natural feature Other (specify): Description of Pool Riffle Eddy Diffuse Other Sampling Site: Written description: NA Substrate: Bedrock Concrete (Cobble) Gravet (Sand Stage Conditions: Stable normal / low / high Falling Rising Other (specify): **Hydraulic Event:** Routine Snowmelt Flood Drought Other (specify): Stream Color: Brown Clear Green Blue Grav Other (specify): Description of Turbulent) Laminar Recirculating Stagnant Other flow: Written description: Stream Slow / Algea Rich Photos and GPS GPS point #1: Name: Coordinates: Units: GPS point #2: Name: Coordinates: Units: Photo #1: Description: Facing: ~ Time: 1/25 Taken by: 1 Meyer Photo #2: Description: Facing: W UPStream Time: Taken by: Photo #3: Description: Facing: SE Taken by: Other notes: HE Spot test: Negative J. Ancerson Preserves: J. Meyer QA's Offsite time: 1150 Relinquish samples at SMO, care of Kat Papara Objectives met? 460

2 Michel

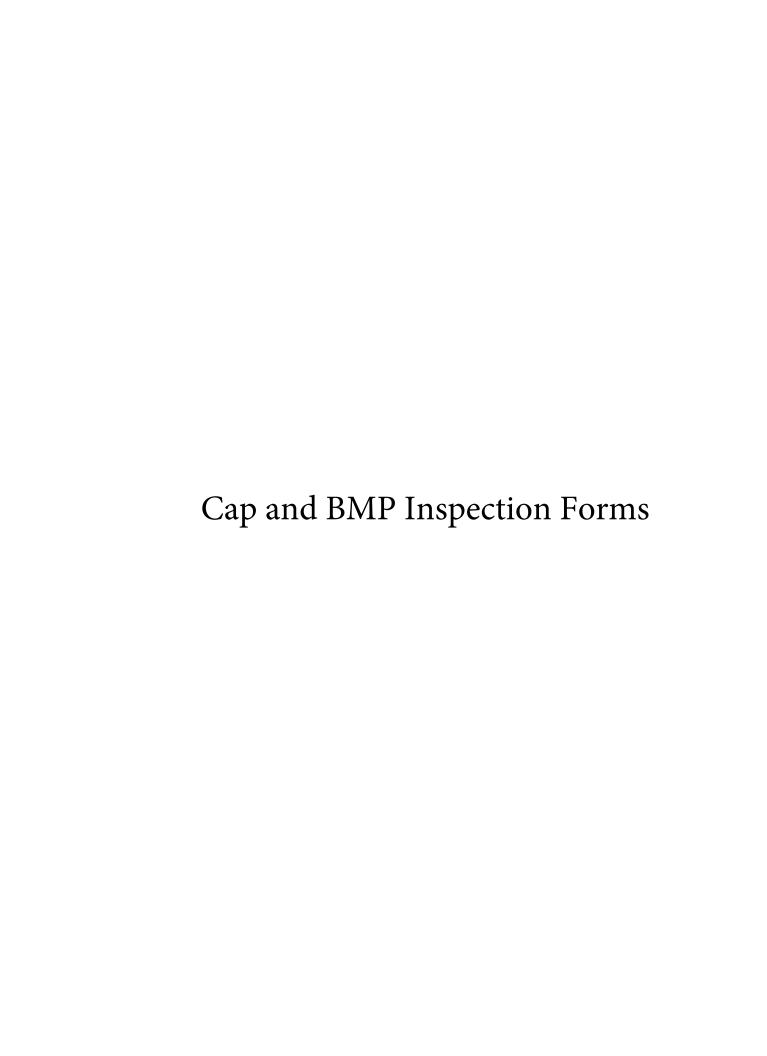


Appendix B

Analytical Suites and Results (on CD included with this document)

Appendix C

Inspection Forms



Inspection Report Corrective Measures at Consolidation Unit 16-021(c)-99

| ate/Time: 9-17-2020 | Repo | ort Nu | mber: 6 |
|---|---------|---------|--------------------------------|
| weather: 55°F clear | | | |
| Personnel: <u>Callb Cyafi</u> Hishley Kowalewski Robert Seminario | | | |
| Low-Permeability Cap | Inspec | tion | 7.00 |
| | Yes | No | Comments |
| Is there evidence of new settlement? | 103 | X | Comments |
| Is there evidence of cracking? | | X | |
| Is there evidence of erosion/rutting? | | X | |
| Is there evidence of ponding? | | X | |
| Is there evidence of burrowing animals? | | Х | |
| Is there evidence of undesirable vegetative growth? | | X | |
| Are the slopes adequate for surface water drainage? | A | | |
| Is there evidence of soil movement/slope instability? (example: cracks in the soil running parallel to the slope or soil sloughing) | | A | - 2 panderosa pines growing |
| Are there any additional conditions during the inspection Signature: Ask Signature: | ns that | t requi | re attention? |

Inspection Report Corrective Measures at Consolidation Unit 16-021(c)-99

| ate/ ilme: | 04/08/2021 / 4:30 pm | Repo | ort N | umber: 7 |
|---------------|--|--------|-------|---|
| Weather: | Partly cloudy 66° F | | | |
| ersonnel: | M. Adam Ullom | | | |
| _ | | | | |
| | Low-Permeability Cap | Inspec | tion | |
| | | Yes | No | Comments |
| Is there evid | lence of new settlement? | | х | |
| ls there evid | lence of cracking? | | х | |
| Is there evid | lence of erosion/rutting? | | х | |
| Is there evid | lence of ponding? | | х | |
| Is there evid | lence of burrowing animals? | | Х | |
| Is there evid | dence of undesirable vegetative growth? | | Х | Removed small Ponderosa saplings from Site. |
| Are the slop | es adequate for surface water drainage? | | х | |
| | dence of soil movement/slope instability? ks in the soil running parallel to the slope or soil | | х | |

ASB Los Alamos



Work Order BMP-87277

Ind Permit BMP Insp & Maint Printed 8/4/2021 - 12:10 PM

Maintenance Details

Requested: 7/21/2021 9:36:16 AM **Procedure:** Post Storm Control

Measures Inspection Form

(N3B-SOP-5002 CMI)

Last PM: 6/30/2021

IP Rain Event on July 20, **Project:**

2021 (P-BMP-6088)

Reason: IP Rain Event on July 20, 2021

Special Instructions: Route 4, V006-13-0006-177-CDV2-R8.

Target: 8/3/2021 🗎 IP Priority/Type: Normal / Inspection ₽ RG257 **4** V006

♣ CDV-SMA-2

Contact: Phone:

| # | Description | Meas. | No | Yes |
|------|---|-------|----|----------|
| CONT | ROL MEASURE REVIEW | | | |
| 20 | Established Vegetation [V00602040013] Is BMP Operating effectively on arrival? If no, describe existing or installed backup control. | | | V |
| 30 | Established Vegetation [V00602040013] Is maintenance, modification, repair, or replacement recommended or conducted at inspection? If yes, identify maintenance type (repair, replacement, or modification) and describe the maintenance recommendation. | | × | |
| 40 | Earthen Berm [V00603010006] Is BMP Operating effectively on arrival? If no, describe existing or installed backup control. | | | V |
| 50 | Earthen Berm [V00603010006] Is maintenance, modification, repair, or replacement recommended or conducted at inspection? If yes, identify maintenance type (repair, replacement, or modification) and describe the maintenance recommendation. | | × | |
| 60 | Earthen Berm [V00603010007] Is BMP Operating effectively on arrival? If no, describe existing or installed backup control. | | | V |
| 70 | Earthen Berm [V00603010007] Is maintenance, modification, repair, or replacement recommended or conducted at inspection? If yes, identify maintenance type (repair, replacement, or modification) and describe the maintenance recommendation. | | × | |
| 80 | Earthen Berm [V00603010008] Is BMP Operating effectively on arrival? If no, describe existing or installed backup control. | | | V |
| 90 | Earthen Berm [V00603010008] Is maintenance, modification, repair, or replacement recommended or conducted at inspection? If yes, identify maintenance type (repair, replacement, or modification) and describe the maintenance recommendation. | | × | |
| 100 | Earthen Berm [V00603010009] Is BMP Operating effectively on arrival? If no, describe existing or installed backup control. | | | V |
| 110 | Earthen Berm [V00603010009] Is maintenance, modification, repair, or replacement recommended or conducted at inspection? If yes, identify maintenance type (repair, replacement, or modification) and describe the maintenance recommendation. | | × | |
| 120 | Earthen Berm [V00603010010] Is BMP Operating effectively on arrival? If no, describe existing or installed backup control. | | | V |
| 130 | Earthen Berm [V00603010010] Is maintenance, modification, repair, or replacement recommended or conducted at inspection? If yes, identify maintenance type (repair, replacement, or modification) and describe the maintenance recommendation. | | × | |
| 140 | Rip Rap [V00604060003] Is BMP Operating effectively on arrival? If no, describe existing or installed backup control. | | | V |
| 150 | Rip Rap [V00604060003] Is maintenance, modification, repair, or replacement recommended or conducted at inspection? If yes, identify maintenance type (repair, replacement, or modification) and describe the maintenance recommendation. | | × | |
| 160 | Rock Check Dam [V00606010002] Is BMP Operating effectively on arrival? If no, describe existing or installed backup control. | | | V |
| 170 | Rock Check Dam [V00606010002] Is maintenance, modification, repair, or replacement recommended or conducted at inspection? If yes, identify maintenance type (repair, replacement, or modification) and describe the maintenance recommendation. | | × | |

| 180 | Rock Cap [V00608020012] Is BMP Operating effectively on arrival? If no, describe exi installed backup control. | sting or | | V |
|----------------|---|------------|----------|----------|
| 190 | Rock Cap [V00608020012] Is maintenance, modification, repair, or replacement recommon conducted at inspection? If yes, identify maintenance type (repair, replacement, or modification) and describe the maintenance recommendation. | nmended | r | п |
| MAP F | REVIEW | | | |
| 210 | Have you changed the location of a BMP on the Site Map? | | p | I III |
| 220 | Have you ammended the Site Map in any other way? | | p | |
| SMA a | and SITE REVIEW | | | |
| 240 | Is there evidence of floatable waste, floatable garbage, or floatable debris within the SN could be discharged to receiving waters? | /IA that | | |
| 250 | Is there evidence of dust generation or evidence of off-site vehicle tracking of raw, final materials or sediments? | or waste | r) | |
| 260 | Is there evidence of the introduction of raw, final, or waste material to the SMA? | | <u> </u> | |
| 270 | Has there been a significant increase in erosion potential at the SMA since the last insp | | į. | |
| 280 | Industrial or sanitary wastewater treatment at 16-260 [16-021(C)] Has there been a increase in erosion potential at the Site since the last inspection? | n | p | . – |
| 200 | increase in erosion potential at the ofte since the last inspection: | | | 100 |
| | nan Romero 7/22/2021 | 11 | OT Hrs 0 | 0 |
| | lo, Maurice 7/22/2021 | <u>·</u> 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | · | | | |
| .abor | | | | |
| | Report | | | |
| Compl Repor | 7/22/2021 leted: 8:20:52 AM | | | |
| _ | 7/22/2021 leted: 8:20:52 AM | | | |

Appendix D

Surge Bed Monitoring Well Transducer Data (on CD included with this document)